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THE NEWTON ENTERPRISE.

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CONSUMPTIVE Use Piso's Cure for Cough, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Pain, Tightness in Chest, Fever, Night Sweats, Loss of Flesh, Loss of Appetite, Diarrhœa, Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. 50 cts. HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. 15 cts. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

The Sun FOR 1891.

Some people agree with The Sun's opinions about men and things, and some people don't, but everybody likes to get hold of the newspaper which is never dull and never afraid to speak its mind.

Democrats know that for twenty years The Sun has fought in the front line for Democratic principles, never wavering or weakening in its loyalty to the true interests of the party it serves with fearless intelligence and disinterested vigor. At times opinions have differed as to the means of accomplishing the common purpose; it is not the The Sun's fault if it has seen further into the mill stone.

Eighteen hundred and ninety-one will be a great year in American politics, and everybody should read The Sun.

Daily, per month	$ 0.50
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SENATOR GORMAN ON THE TIMES.

SPEECH IN U. S. SENATE DECEMBER 8.

We stand today, Mr. President, upon a financial volcano. We have heard discussion as the starving Indians, but we take no note, it appears, of the fact that the great agriculturists of the land are meeting and resolving that there is danger, trouble, if not starvation and oppression among them. The labor of the country appeals through every channel it can to this Administration and this Congress to stay the awful wreck that is threatened. The faces of the bankers and the merchants are blanched with fear. No man can tell whether tomorrow or next day every bank in the great centers of commerce will not be closed by the suspension of payments.

In the midst of such a state of affairs we, who I said came here flushed with victory, had hoped that the majority party, you who control the committees, you who shape legislation, would have given us the opportunity to confer with you and aid you to devise measures to prevent, if we can, the great disaster that is now impending. But the Senator from Massachusetts brought forth his political measure on the second day of the session, and has continued to keep it before this body day by day and hour by hour, refusing even the usual time of adjournment from Friday to Monday, depriving every man in the minority of the opportunity for want of time to go to your Administration and to your leaders on that side of the Chamber and tender you our support in efforts to restore confidence in the commercial community. Those of us who have business interests, who have the opportunity to feel the pulse and know what is moving, have given what short time we have had out of this body listening to these people.

Mr. President, I heard one delegation in the presence of my distinguished friend from Ohio and the Senator from North Carolina representing the tobacco interest of the country, who came here to to tell us that the fatal omission of a clause in the last tariff bill, dropped out by a clerk, overlooked in our haste to leave the city, was about to wreck that great interest unless it was repaired. Instead of giving them attention we take the whole week ascertaining how we can restrict the rights of freemen, and fail to do this act of justice to correct a state of things which if permitted to go on may wreck a great business interest of the country.

Mr. President, read the great papers of the city of New York today. They tell you that the Secretary of the Treasury, taking the only action that is authorized within the law, has come again to the relief of the country by offering to buy $5,000,000 of bonds; but that is a mere drop in the bucket He has exhausted himself. He has paid out from the Treasury $100,000,000 for bonds, and the $100,000,000 have di appeared. The banks have less money now than they had before the payment of the $100,000,000; and this action of his, this circular of yesterday or the day before, amounts to nothing, we are told, unless Congress shall take action; it will not stop the panic. But if the Senator from Massachusetts is to be followed, the answer must go to the country, "Let the business affairs take care of themselves; we urge and urge only as the panacea for all these troubles an election bill."

Mr. President, publicly, as I have said in private, while I am not authorized to speak for anybody, I think I can safely say for every Democrat in Congress that we fully appreciate the great impending trouble. In the twelve weeks left of this session we are prepared to join you in laying aside every measure that is merely partisan in its character, and we will, as patriots, aid you in framing such legislation as may stop or tend to stop this trouble.

It would not be fair to say that the trouble lies at your door altogether. There are possibly causes operating beyond party; I believe there are; but you are in the majority for the moment in both Houses of Congress and in the executive branch. The appeal comes up to us to meet this exigency. We are ready to do it, to join you unless you continue to press, to the exclusion of these important matters, your merely partisan propositions.

Now I beg of the Senator from Massachusetts to lay aside for the moment this bill which the country, as we think, has pronounced against; let it go, and let us take up the matters that every class of our fellow citizens are looking for us to consider.

If you do not, if you persist in the course that has been marked out by the distinguished Senator from Massachusetts, the responsibility must rest with the party in power. The discussion of this measure, if you persist in it while bankruptcy and ruin go on, if the Senator from Massachusetts forces the consideration of a partisan measure which is intended to strike at a section of our country, he has the power to do it, but when he goes back to his home in Massachusetts he will find that the merchants and the bankers, the men of affairs, the farmers and the laborers, will tell him that you are attempting to arraign, and possibly destroy, a section of our common country that today, and for two months past, has sustained them. But for the products of that section of the country south of the Potomac, but for the fact that the cotton crop was being moved, there would not be a bank in Massachusetts able to pay its depositors. The only thing that has saved us from our gold all passing out, is the fact that we have been able to draw upon the cotton crop and the oil shipped hence. You may hasten the wreck, you may speed the time when this distress will be universal. So be it, Mr. President, if you will. Again we tender to you our earnest endeavors to stay this panic and save our common country.

AN INCOME TAX.

News and Observer.

The propriety of an income tax is generally admitted, but it has sometimes been questioned whether it is expedient for the Federal government to exercise its power in this regard. It brings the power of the general government to bear directly on individuals in a way that has been deemed undesirable by many statesmen.

An income tax was passed during the war, and after being amended at various times, was repealed in 1871. At first incomes under $600 were exempted, and then the exemption was raised to $1,000. In 1865 incomes under $5,000 were taxed five per cent., and larger incomes at ten per cent. The former yielded in 1866 $26,000,000, and the latter $34,000,000, making a total of $60,000,000; the next year the five per cent. tax yielded $31,000,000 and the 10 per cent. tax $25,000,000.

This decline in the receipts from large incomes led to making the rate uniform at five per cent., and $32,000,000 was realized. The tax was repealed in 1871. Only 250,000 persons gave in any income tax, the exemption being up to $1,000. It would seem that a good many were forgetful, while doubtless many evaded giving in the right amount. We think an exemption of $1,000 is about right, and that the tax ought to be graduated so as to make very large incomes pay at a heavier rate than moderate ones; say one per cent. up to $2,000; two per cent up to $5,000; five per cent. up to $10,000, and ten per cent. beyond that. Such a tax would bring at least a hundred millions of dollars, and it would be a just method of reaching men of fortune who now contribute but little to the support of the government

IRBY ELECTED TO THE SENATE.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 11.—On the fourth ballot in joint session J. L. M. Irby was elected U. S. Senator to succeed Wade Hamptom. The vote stood: Irby, 105; Donaldson, 10; Hampton, 42.

John Laurens Manning Irby was born at Laurens, S. C., Sept. 10, 1854. He attended the University of Virginia and afterwards Princeton. Leaving there he read law for three years under Judge McIver, but practiced his profession only two years Since then he has resided on his plantation and farmed successfully near Laurens. He took part in the memorable Hampton campaign of '76. When he entered the political arena four years ago he at once became a prominent leader, at the same time giving proper attention to his farm. He esposed the cause of the farmers' movement and was an ardent admirer of Tillman.

OUR VERY BEST PEOPLE

Confirm our statement when we say that Dr. Acker's English Remedy is in every way superior to any and all other preparations for the Throat and Lungs. In Whooping Cough and Croup, it is magic and relieves at once. We offer you a sample bottle free. Remember, this Remedy is sold on a positive guarantee. For sale by J. C. Simmons, Druggist.

PREDICTED BOOM FOR THE FARMERS.

Mr. John W. Bookwalter, of Ohio, capitalist and manufacturer, and a close observer of economic questions, said in a late interview:

"Now I make the prediction that the next boom in the United States is going to be in farm lands. I had the foresight several years ago to buy a large quantity of land in Kansas and Nebraska—the very States which have been swept over by this protest against the McKinley bill. My argument was that we had taken up nearly all the good lands. That is so much the case now that there is, literally speaking, no more great West to occupy. The only way we can add to the productive lands of the United States hereafter is by reclaiming the swamp lands or by irrigating the desert and dry lands. Both of these processes are very slow and very expensive. The natural land has been taken up, and if in large quantities that means a subdivision into small quantities, and with the subdivision must ensue higher prices of land."

Mr. Bookwalter took out a pencil and began to demonstrate to the following effect: "We are now able to export a surplusage of breadstuffs and other food enough to supply only 5,000,000 people. All the rest that is raised out of the ground is consumed by our 63,000,000 or more of Americans. At the present rate of the increase of our population, and considering the stoppage of the supply of new land, we shall, in six years, eat ourselves everything that we raise in the country. This is so inevitable that there is going to be an increase of the farming population; it is going to pay hereafter to be a farmer. When we have no surplus to export, the world still desiring to partake of our crops, the prices must go higher, and I think that the farmer, after having had a few years of low prices, is going to have good rates speedily. They are a little better now than they have been, and he feels encouraged. This occupation of the soil extends also to the cattle ranches, of which there are fewer than there were. In short the country is settled up, whereas for about 20 years we have been rushing upon new land, breaking up too much soil and making the competition too great among the farmers."

HOW SHOULD XMAS BE CELEBRATED.

In a late exchange we find the following timely observations concerning the celebration of Christmas:

No proof is needed that Christmas ought to be observed and duly celebrated.

But how is the day to be celebrated?

There is a strong tendency to secularize this day. The world has hold of it and is trying to make a worldly thing of it. With many it is a day of frivolity and frolic. It is devoted to dancing and drinking and gluttony and carnal indulgences. Such riotous conduct is not a worthy celebration of Christmas.

How then ought it to be celebrated? Why, recognize the fact that unto you is born this day, in the city of David, a Savior, which is Christ the Lord, and receive him and honor him as your Savior. Worship him in your homes and tell the children about him and the great deliverance which he has wrought. Let all be made acquainted with the great gift of God, which is the ground of all the day's gladness, and all learn to rejoice in him as their redeemer and Lord, for whose sake all other gifts that gladen us are bestowed and to whom all praise belongs. Let old and young rejoice together in the Lord of righteousness, and tell to others that the blessed Savior has come who delivers from sin and death. Then we shall properly celebrate Christmas by joining the angels in their song: "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace, good will toward men."

DO NOT SUFFER ANY LONGER.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Acker's English Cough Remedy, and will refund the money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct. Sold by J. C. Simmons, Druggist.

The seat of sick headache is not in the brain. Regulate the stomach and you cure it. Dr. Pierce's Pellets are the Little Regulators.

THE PROPHETIC GOOSE-BONE.

IT SAYS COLD WEATHER, AND SO DO THE CRAB SHELLS

Horace Johnson, of Middle Haddam, on the Connecticut river, who prophesied the great blizzard, and so made more than local fame for himself as a far-seeing weather prophet, a dispatch from New Haven says, is out with his prognostication for the winter now at hand. He has been so successful in his predictions of late that he is accepted by Middlesex county people as a better authority than even David A. Dadoll, the Connecticut almanac maker, Mr. Johnson says we shall have a bitter cold and protracted winter.

He is convinced of this by reason of his having made a close study of the hay and grass crops, the shell of crabs and other things, and he finds that all foretell a much severer winter than we have had for some time. The crab shells, he says, are remarkably thick, showing that these creatures have been fortified by Dame Nature for a long siege with the cold in the muddy bottoms of our rivers this winter. He has found several squirrels with triple extra fur. He also sees that coons and rabbits are much fatter than usual. All this indicates that the animal world is ready for the cold. Mr. Johnson has been able to observe all the signs of a severe winter except getting a satisfactory goose-bone forecast, and he is willing to stake his reputation on what he has seen.

Wilbur Stillman, of Voluntown, who is a Window county weather prophet, on the other hand, has read the goose-bone satisfactorily, and says that it also shows that we shall have a cold winter. The goose-bone is accepted by the many Windom county people as the best authority on the weather. Mr. Stillman's bone was taken from a goose that had a strain of wild blood. The goose was hatched in May, consequently the bone is considered to possess all the requirements to make it valuable for the weather test.

There is a row of dark spots about the sharp keel of the bone. These indicate the probable temperature. The darker spots the colder the winter is sure to be. The spots this year are very dark. Mr. Stillman says he has read the bone closely, and finds that cold "snaps" will be frequent, and there will be but few days when running water will not freeze. The coldest weather will occur during the latter part of January. There will be a "green" Christmas to fatten the church-yards. Mr. Stillman says the coldest day of winter will be about January 20th. February will be a month of heavy thaws, ending with extreme cold. There will be late heavy freshets in March. The spring will be a backward one.

Mr. Stillman has conclusive proof to himself that his prognostications are correct in the fact that some of the forest trees, which he studies closely, have remarkably heavy bark this year, and the shells of clams and mussels seem to him to be unusually thick.

AN IOTA.

When you see the common expression, "Not an iota of it," do you stop to figure out what the supposed quantity of an iota is? Not having time to spare in waiting for the readers of "Notes for the Curious" to reply to this question, we will play the Persian and give the answer without being asked for it. An iota is the smallest letter of the Greek alphabet, corresponding favorably with our letter i. It was derived from the Hebrew jod and the Syriac judh, and employed metaphorically to express the merest trifle. The expression "not a single iota" is one of the several metaphors which have been used for ages, and, as above mentioned, was derived from the alphabet, as when alpha omega, the first and last letters of the Greeks, are employed to express the beginning and the end, as in Rev. i, 2, where we read: "I am Alpha and Omega, the first and the last." And, again, as "One jot (jod) or one tittle (point or dot) shall in no wise pass from the law."

Some curious examples of the use of letters, as metaphors may be found in the works of Lightfoot and Wetstein. We often hear of a person having a "stigma upon him." A stigma was formerly the brauding iron used by the Greeks for marking their criminals. It was in the shape not unlike a small figure five (5), and was usually applied upon the forehead, cheek or back of the hand, where it would not fail to be noticed.—Exchange.

ALLIANCE NEWS.

SANDFORD, Fla., Dec. 11.—President Polk, of the National Farmers' Alliance, has named Friday, February 6th, 1891, and Washington, D. C., as the time and place for holding the first meeting of the National Legislative Council, which is composed of the National President and all the Presidents of all State Alliances.

An important action, taken during the closing moments of the late convention, was the adoption of a resolution with reference to the support of all the Alliances. The policy of the Alliance will be to withhold all support from newspapers which do not conduct an Alliance department or at least publish Alliance news regularly. This arrangement does not compel the support of Alliance measures or an advocacy of Alliance demands on the part of those news papers in their editorial columns, but does compel a certain degree of friendlinesson their part and amounts to an absolute boycott of all newspapers which do not come up to the terms of the resolutions.

At Oviedo this afternoon the excursionists were entertained in Foster's orange grove with a barbecue and picnic dinner. There was speaking by President Polk, Congressman elect Livingston, Dr. Macune, Mrs. Annie L. Digas and Mrs. Vickery, of Kansas.

HIS DAUGHTER SUFFERED FROM ECZEMA.

My daughter suffered for five years with an attack of Chronic Eczema, that baffled the treatment of all the best practitioners. I then concluded to try a course of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) She began to improve from the first dose, and before she had completed the second bottle the irritation had disappeard, and she is now well and enjoying unexcelled health. These are plain and simple facts, and I will cheerfully answer all inquiries, either in person or by mail.

V. VAUGHAN, Druggist,
Sandy Bottom, Va.

IT IS THE BEST.

I have used Swift's Specific for cleansing the Blood of impurities, and find it to be the best in the market. It not only purifies the blood, but is a most excellent tonic, and builds up the general health promptly. J. MUNDAY, Litchfield, Ill.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Atlanta, Ge.

The Bible warns us against "the deceitfulness of sin," and there is a good reason for the warning. Sin always promises more than it performs, and always allures its victim into that which is sure to be an evil to him. The simple truth is that sin is notoriously and habitually a liar, and this fact every one at least finds out who makes sin the chosen companion of his life. It will surely lead him to his own ruin.

The correctness of the maxim "nothing succeeds like success" is well exemplified in Aye's Sarsaparilla. The most successful combination of alteratives and tonics, it always succeeds in curing diseases of the blood, and hence its wonderful popularity.

AWFUL TRAGEDY.

FOREST CITY, N. C. Dec. 10.—The most awful tradegy that ever occured in this county took place today at R. R. Haynes, nine miles distant. Eighteen months ago Holloway Walls married Miss Eva Haynes, sister of R. R. Haynes. They moved out West and lived together some eight or nine months when domestic troubles caused them to part. Mrs Wall returned here to her mother's. Nothing was heard of Wall until today when he came to Forest City, hired a conveyance and went to see his wife. They met near her mother's. Wall drew a pistol and shot her dead, shooting her three times. Her brother Wayne came to interfere and Wall shot him through the lower bowels and fled. Parties followed him some two miles and found him lying by the roadside dead. with a bullet through his own heart. The community is greatly excited over the tradegy.

DR. ACKER'S ENGLISH PILLS

Are active, effective and pure. For sick headache, disordered stomach, loss of appetite, bad complexion and billinusness, they have never been equaled, either in America or abroad. Sold by J. C. Simmons, Druggist.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE FIRST SYMPTOMS OF DEATH.

Tired feeling, dull headache, pains in various parts of the body, sinking at the pit of the stomach, loss of appetits, feverishness, pimples or sores, are all positive evidence of poisoned blood. No matter how it became poisoned it must be purified to avoid death. Dr. Acker's English Blood Elixir has never failed to remove scrofulous or symbilitic poisons Sold under positive guarantee. Sold by J. C. Simmons, Druggist.

The Massachusetts and Southern construction Company, which is building the road, goes into the hands of a receiver also. It is said the road owes McDonald, Shea&Co. nearly $500,000. Tate will take possession at once.

The Kansas Alliance State Committee has instructed the Gonnty Alliances to take a vote on their choice for United States Senator, such vote, in the aggregate, to guide the new Legislature in the election of a Senator. This canvass is to be made and reported at headqurters not later than Jan. 1.

THAT TERRIBLE COUGH

In the morning, hurried or difficult breathing, raising phlegm, tightness in the chest, quickened pulse, chilliness in the evening or sweats at night, all or any of these things are the first stages of consumption. Dr. Acker's English Cough Remedy will cure these fearful symptoms, and is sold under a positive guarantee by J. C. Simmons, Druggist.

The Richmond, Va., Board of Aldermen, has by a two thirds vote decided to give the Confederate Memorial Literary Society the use of the Jefferson Davis mansion for a museum of war relics. This was the Executive mansion of the Confederacy.

The harsh, drastic purgatives, once deemed so indispensable, have given place to milder and more skilfully prepared laxatives; hence the great and growing demand for Ayer's Pills. Physicians everywhere recommend them for costiveness, indigestion, and liver complaints.

Sidney Ann Wiltbite, of Sedalia. Mo., is 106 years old, weighs 250 pounds, and has not seen a well day for forty years. In her youth she was a slave to George Boone, a brother of Daniel Boone.

A WONDER WORKER.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it and is to-day enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest Trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at T. R. Abernethy's Drugstore.

"Alarm Fritz" is not a very dignified title to apply to Emperor William of Germany, but that is the name he is known by in the German army on account of his habit of arousing garrisons in the middle of the night. The tars in the navy are no more careful of his dignity, since they refer to him as "Gondola Billy."

Kate Field once delivered a lecture in New York of such interminable length that many of the audience left before its close. This so annoyed the fair lecturer that she ordered the janitor to lock the doors. Last Sunday Miss Kate lectured to the inmates of the Ohio penitentiary, and not a man left the room while she was talking.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

Have the tools ready—God will find the work.—Kingsley.

My liveliest delight was in having conquered myself.—Rousseau.

Give what you have. To some one it may be better than you dare think.—Longfellow.

A holy act strengthens the inward holiness. It is a seed of life growing into more life.—Robertson.

The chains of habit are generally too small to be felt till they are too strong to be broken.—Johnson.

You can never regret saying a kind word or doing a loving act; you may bitterly regret having done neither.

Habits are to the soul what the veins and arteries are to the blood—the courses in which it moves.—H. Bushnell.

Welcome the cross of Christ, and bear it triumphantly; but see that it be Christ's cross, and not thy own. —Wilcox.

Love is the refreshing water; the law is the channel for it to flow in, and the spring is the bosom of God. —McCosh.

We might as well attempt to bring pleasure out of pain, as to unite indulgence in sin with the enjoyment of happiness.—Hodge.

I wonder many times that ever a child of God should have a sad heart, considering what the Lord is preparing for him.—Rutherford.

Whether true or false, the Jewish and the Christian religons must be deemed the most wonderful things of which there is any account in the annals of the race. They are upon any supposition possible, marvelous; and if not from God, they are hardly less marvelous. The rational solution of their existence is that of their divine origin.

Jesus on one occsaion spoke of himself as having been sealed by "God the Father." What he meant is that God the Father had authenticated his mission to this world, and placed upon it the signet of his own authority. He did so when Jesus was baptised, and he did so on the Mount of Transfiguration. He did so by the miracles wrought by the hand of Jesus. What Jesus did was proof that he came down from heaven.

A PLEASANT OUTLOOK.

News and Observer.

It seems to us, as it does to the Charlotte Observer, that the announcement made by the Progressive Farmer, that it does not uphold any one in the violation of a pledge, should quiet all uneasiness in regard to Sentor Vance's election. Fears have been entertained there might be opposition to Senator Vance, but now we think those apprehensions will subside and the public mind will be entirely at rest on the point. It goes without saying that it gives us great satisfaction to think so. Indeed, it may be said that the plain and unequivocal manner in which the Progressive Farmer has met the matter, will give great satisfaction to to the people of the State. Brother Cade remarks:

"Most certainly the Progressive Farmer does not never did, and never will, advise any member of the Legislature, or anybody else to disregard a pledge to do anything. If any man pledges himself to vote for Vance, and violates his pledge, he will show himself unworthy of any man's confidence."

And the people will applaud these sentiments and will heartily commend the Progressive Farmer for this utterence, for it insures harmony and will removes all fears of wrangling and dissensions and of that bitterness which attends disappointment.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria