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To You
 I wish to say that I now have on hand and am constantly receiving a nice line of reasonable dry goods, notions, hats, caps, clothing, shoes, groceries, etc., that I am selling very cheap for cash. I am located near Newton Cotton Mills. Come to see me and I will do you right.
 Yours Very Truly,
 Joseph Gemayel.

WANTED AGENTS.
 The Confederate Soldier in the Civil War, contains 500 pages 12 x 16 inches, and over 1,100 large Battle-scenes, Portraits, Maps, etc. The greatest and largest War Book ever published, and the only one that does justice to the Confederate soldier and the cause he fought for. Agents wanted everywhere to sell this book on our new and easy plan. Many of the best and gentleman agents who are at work making from \$50 to \$200 per month. Veterans, Sons and Daughters of Veterans, and others interested are requested to send for a beautiful illustrated descriptive circular (free) and terms to agents. Address: Courier-Journal Job Printing Co., Louisville, Ky.

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 For the speedy and permanent cure of better, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eczema and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and burning almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, nose pimples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.
 Dr. Cad's Condition Powders for babies are the best for all infant ailments and verminage. Price, 25 cents. Sold by
WANTED!
 New cut and skins, such as skunk, muskrat, mink, racoon, opossum, etc. by the provisions Fur Co., Providence, R. I. Wanted Buying Agents.

CASTORIA
 For Infants and Children.
 The Kind You Have Always Bought

RETROSPECTIVE AND BY WAY OF REMINDER

Words of sober reasoning that no one can deny or be offended at
 Statesville Landmark.

A great many men in North Carolina went off from the Democratic party a few years ago and joined the Populists in the sincere belief that they were doing the right thing. We do not refer to those who had in view the loaves and fishes, but the other and far larger element, composed of those who had really been brought to believe that President Cleveland was the enemy of the people and that public affairs in the State were not going as they should. It is almost needless to say that they were mistaken in both instances: President Cleveland never meant other than what was best for all the people and time will vindicate him—there is no trouble about that. As for State matters, no government was ever more justly, benignly, economically or efficiently administered than in North Carolina by the Democratic party, and all men whose minds are open to reason can see by comparison now how immeasurably better it was than the government they have had since.

Upon these two propositions hang all the law and the prophets—by which we mean to say that upon these revealed truths rest the hope that the Democratic party will carry the State this year. No man can say with truth that McKinleyism is in any particular an improvement upon Clevelandism. The most that our people know of a President is through his appointments of Federal officers, and it cannot be contended that those of McKinley's appointments are better than those of Cleveland's. On the contrary, in the eastern part of this State can be counted up a troop of colored postmasters, while the collectorship of the most important port in the State—that of Wilmington—is held by a negro. If it were chosen to go into the matter of Federal legislation it could be shown that national taxes are higher under the Republicans than they were under the Democrats, and this without reference to the war expenses. We make no point upon these. The war came and it has to be paid for, and it would be unjust and unpatriotic to seek to make political capital out of it. But the taxes were increased before there was a war or any prospect of one.

If an honest man cannot contend that conditions have improved, so far as government is concerned, under a national Republican administration, how much less can he argue that they are better in the State under fusion rule. The record of fusion is a record of broken promises, higher taxes, extravagance, scandal, corruption and inefficiency. These are not idle charges. There are facts to sustain every one of them. The fusionists told the people that salaries and fees were too high and there were too many offices, and that if they were given power all these should be reduced. No salaries or fees have been reduced and the number of offices have been multiplied. Who denies this? The tax rate has been raised instead of being lowered, and in proof of this we cite the journals of the Legislature. An army of useless attendants is imported into Raleigh from every part of the State at each session of the Legislature, thus vastly increasing the expenses of that body and without any corresponding benefit. In support of this we again refer to the public records. Scandal? What could be more scandalous than the facts developed more than a year ago in regard to the relations between the physician in charge of the criminal insane department of the penitentiary at Raleigh and female inmates of that department? Corruption? Governor Russell has himself said that the administration of the penitentiary by John R. Smith was so corrupt and scandalous that he was compelled to remove Smith and put him into another office—one in which he would be powerless for either good or evil. The last charge we made in the foregoing enumeration was of inefficiency. It is not necessary to touch more than one depart-

ment of government in order to establish this. There is no branch of administration that affects the people so nearly in relation to their rights of life, liberty and property as the judiciary, and we assert without fear of successful contradiction that at no time since the war—and we do not forget the reconstruction period of 1868-'69, either—has North Carolina had as weak a lot of judges and solicitors as she has today; and if the Democratic judges and solicitors now in office are succeeded after November by the men whom the fusionists have nominated and will nominate for their places, the character of the public service will be lowered by just so much more.

In this arrangement we have not thus far included the Governor, the Senator, the Treasurer and others, who, in the midst of a vicious and malignant warfare were caught with free passes in their pockets. No more have we told of the promises to restore "local self-government" to the people by giving them the opportunity to vote for their magistrates and county commissioners, followed by the stripping of the magistrates of their right to sit with the commissioners in the levying of taxes and the transference of the other of the highest of the county business, and leaving them with no duties beyond that of the merest reference to the operations of the penitentiary which has been made to the public since the retirement of Mr. Leazar, the last Democratic superintendent. A report is long overdue, and when, recently, a citizen addressed to the present superintendent a respectful request for certain information, to which he was entitled, about this institution, his request was denied and he was assailed in an open letter, in the newspapers, with vile calumny, heaped upon himself and his party. It ought not to be forgotten that fusion has given us a Governor who keeps the executive office equipped, after the manner of a frontiersman, with a revolver and a shotgun, and that a few weeks ago when a visitor called upon him to introduce a stranger in Raleigh, the Governor of North Carolina fell upon this visitor with abuse and epithets, opening a drawer in his desk and fingering a revolver the while. How members of the State Board of Agriculture pocketed unearned money by protracting their sessions from day to day, charging the State \$7 per day for per diem and expenses when the business might be transacted in as many hours as days are charged for, has been told within the past two weeks by a member of that board who has just resigned from it in disgust.

Time would fail us to complete the record of incompetency, corruption and shame to parts of which we have made allusion in this article. Such other facts relating to their government as the people are not informed upon, they will be put in possession of in due time, and we depend upon their virtue, intelligence and appreciation of self interest to register, in November, such a verdict as the facts warrant. The people of North Carolina have not meant to go wrong; they have simply been misled and mistaken. It is human to err, and through our own errors do we all often learn the highest wisdom. The appeal this year is to men of all parties and of no party to unite in the effort to bring to an end this reign of crime and scandal, and to put North Carolina again upon the ground on which they placed her in 1876 and where they held her until 1894, when their evil genius got the ascendancy of them and induced them to undo the good work which their own hands had wrought.

TO CURE A COULD IN ONE DAY
 TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets
 All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. For sale by T. R. Abernethy.

GREENVILLE NEGROISED

A Statement of facts by Ex-Governor Jarvis Showing how Greenville was seized to Turn it over to Negro Rule.
 Wilmington Star.

RALEIGH, August 6, 1898.
 W. H. Bernard, Esq.,
 Dear Sir:—In response to your request for an account of how the town of Greenville was turned over to the negroes by the Republican-Populist-Fusion Legislature I submit the following statement of facts:

The county of Pitt has a population of about thirty thousand people and is one of the finest agricultural counties in the State. Greenville, its capital town, has a population of about three thousand people and is a growing, prosperous town. A majority of its voters are white men, and if the people were left to select their officers by any fair or usual method they would be certain to choose competent white men.

The town, however, is the home of one of the leading Republicans of the State, and being under obligations to the negroes he planned to have it turned over to them. And here is the way it was done: The fusion Legislature of 1895, adopting his plan, divided the town into four wards. The boundaries of these wards were so turned and zigzagged as to put a majority of negro voters in the first and third wards, and a majority of the white voters in the second and fourth wards. The first ward is shaped very much like a large broad-axe, with a very long handle and, the third ward is like the letter V. The next step in that devilish plan was to confer upon each of the wards having a majority of negro voters the right to elect two councilmen each, and to restrict the white wards to one councilman each.

At the town election in May, 1897, the negroes availed themselves of the power given them by the Republican-Fusion Legislature and took charge of the town. They elected four negro councilmen while the white people could elect but two. Thus we had a Board composed of four negroes and two white men. This Board elected a white Republican mayor, a white chief of police, a negro assistant policeman for the day, a negro night policeman for the night, and a negro clerk for the Board.

The taxable property of the town is near three-quarters of a million dollars. The Board of Councilmen levy the taxes and order the expenditures. It may be interesting to know how those who levied and spent the taxes ranked as taxpayers. One of the negro councilmen paid 84 cents as taxes on property, another 63 cents and the other two nothing. So the four negro councilmen, who controlled the Board paid \$1.47 taxes on property for the support of the town. The white Republican Mayor paid 43 cents on property and the white Republican Chief of Police did not do quite so well, he paid only 30 cents. The negro clerk paid nothing and the negro night watchman nothing. The negro assistant policeman paid \$5.75. The nine men who control the town, levy its taxes and spend the money, paid all together \$7.75 and leaving out the assistant negro day policeman, the other eight paid \$2.20. The revenues of the town from May, 1897 to May, 1898, was about \$5,500, of which about \$2,800 went to pay salaries and fees of office or place holders. The white Republican mayor and the white Republican chief of police were both indicted at September term, 1897 of Pitt Superior Court for gambling. They confessed their guilt in open court at January term, 1898, and were re-elected to the same offices by the negro Board of Councilmen in May, 1898. The mayor has since resigned to enter the Internal Revenue Service and a better man, a Populist, has been elected in his place, but the town is still in the control of the negroes, as they again elected four negro councilmen at the town election this year and these negro councilmen have in turn elected the same number of negro officials with one exception.

There are numerous instances in which towns have been divided up into wards to keep the

towns out of the hands of the negroes, but this is the first instance, of which I have any knowledge, where white men deliberately divided up a town into wards for the purpose of turning it over to the negroes.

For one to properly appreciate the real condition of things in Greenville it is necessary for him to go there and see for himself. But for the forbearance of the white people, trouble might have come long ago. They have fully determined to be patient and forbearing and to appeal, as they are now doing, to their white brethren throughout the State to send men to the next Legislature who will undo this great wrong and wipe out that infamous act of 1895.
 THOS. J. JARVIS.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of Diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave it relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it obtained relief it could not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs, Stumpson, Gilmer Co., West Va. For sale by T. R. Abernethy, Druggist.

A little which has been honestly secured is better than great riches secured through dishonesty.

An Entertaining Druggist
 There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than T. R. Abernethy who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

Of all teachings, that which presents a far distant God is the nearest to absurdity. Either there is none, or he is nearer to every one of us than our nearest consciousness.—George MacDonald.

How to Look Good
 Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alternative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at T. R. Abernethy's drug store, 50 cents per bottle.

The distinction between Christianity and all other systems of religion consists largely in this, that in these other men are found seeking after God, while Christianity is God seeking after men.—Thomas Arnold.

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THE TERMS OF THE PROTOCOL

Spain relinquishes all Claims of Sovereignty Over and Title to Cuba, and Cedes Porto Rico and other Spanish Islands in the West Indies and an Island in the Ladronees to the United States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—An official statement for press publication, setting out the provisions of the peace protocol, was read and approved at the cabinet session to-day. It was prepared by Secretary Day, the purpose being to make it public immediately after the required signatures had been affixed to the protocol. It does not give the text of the document, but details its main points and provisions, which are as follows:

1.—That Spain will relinquish all claims of sovereignty over the title to Cuba.
 2.—That Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies, and an island in the Ladronees, to be selected by the United States shall be ceded to the latter.
 3.—That the United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines.
 4.—That Cuba, Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies shall be immediately evacuated and that the commissioners to be appointed within ten days, shall within 30 days from the signing of the protocol, meet at Havana and San Juan, respectively, to arrange and execute the details of the evacuation.
 5.—That the United States and Spain will each appoint not more than five commissioners to negotiate and conclude a treaty of peace. The commissioners are to meet at Paris not later than the 1st of October.

6.—On the signing of the protocol, hostilities will be suspended and notice to that effect will be given as soon as possible by each government to their commanders of its military and naval forces.

As soon as the peace protocol was signed, the President sent for Secretary Alger, Secretary Long and General Corbin, and by his direction orders to cease hostilities forthwith were sent to Generals Miles, Merritt and Shafter, to Admirals Dewey and Sampson, and military commanders generally.

The order sent to General Merritt to suspend hostilities was as follows: "Adjutant General's Office: WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12, '98. Merritt, Manila: 'The President directs that all military operations against the enemy be suspended. Peace negotiations are nearing completion, a protocol having just been signed by representatives of the two countries. You will inform the commanders of the Spanish forces in the Phillipines of these instructions. Further orders will follow. Acknowledge receipt.'"
 "H. C. COBBIN, Adj. Gen."

"By order of the Secretary of War."
 The orders sent to Gen. Miles and Gen. Shafter were identical with the above save as to names.

As the order states, further instructions will be sent to each general. General Merritt will be directed to confer with the Spanish commandant at Manila to carry out the terms of the protocol and to occupy Manila immediately. General Miles will put himself in communication with the chief authority in Porto Rico for the purpose of having the Spanish forces turn over San Juan and other points to him preparatory to evacuation. Owing to conditions in Cuba the orders to General Shafter to be sent hereafter will be much different than those to the other generals. The Navy Department is also preparing orders to all commanders on lines similar to the War Department order.

The President has issued the following proclamation:

Whereas, By a protocol, concluded and signed August 12, 1898, by William R. Day, Secretary of State of the United States, and his Excellency Jules Cambon, ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the republic of France, at Washington, respectively representing for this purpose the government of the United States and the government of Spain, the United States and Spain have formally agreed upon the terms on which negotiations for the establishment of peace between the two countries shall be undertaken, and
 Witness, It is in said protocol

agreed that upon its conclusion and signature, hostilities between the two countries shall be suspended and that notice to that effect shall be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces:

Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, do, in accordance with the stipulation of the protocol, declare and proclaim on the part of the United States, a suspension of hostilities, and do hereby command that orders be immediately given through the proper channels to the commanders of the military and naval forces of the United States to abstain from all acts inconsistent with this proclamation.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, this 12th day of August, in the year of our Lord, 1898, and of the Independence of the United States the 123rd.
 WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
 By the President,
 WILLIAM R. DAY, Sec. of State.
 A copy of the proclamation has been cabled to our army and navy commanders. Spain will cable her commanders like instructions.

The Negro Draws the Color Line

C. R. Aycock at Greenville.
 I was recently going from one town to another and a young negro man was driving for me. I asked if he could tell me why he voted the Republican ticket? "Cause dis my color," was his reply. Then I asked him what he thought a white man ought to do? The negro stammered that "seems to me sah dat he orter vote de Democrat ticket, 'cause dis his color." There you have the situation exactly. No one draws the color line so closely as a negro himself. Let a negro vote the Democratic ticket and his race cuts his acquaintance and has nothing to do with him. The negroes are going to stand together and vote the same way. Can white men afford to do less?

Populists Coming Home

Whiteville N. C., Aug. 9.—After listening to the speeches made in Whiteville last week by Messrs J. D. Bellamy E. W. POU, C. M. McCann and B. F. Aycock telling of the condition of the State many who have been staunch and influential Populists said they were done with it. If the conditions continue to improve as they have started out Columbus will go Democratic by a good majority. The good women of the State as a rule are Democrats and they are becoming aroused. A man in Columbus county wrote his mother some time ago to come to see him. She replied: "No son I can never go to your house as long as you vote with a party that put negroes in power over white people."
 The son said:
 "Well if it has come to the pass that my mother can't respect me because of my party affiliations it is time for me to quit that party and I am done with it and I will return to the Democratic party, the white man's party."

The Skinner-Butler Fight

Raleigh Post.
 Representative Hodges of Beaufort county was here yesterday. Mr. Hodges is an ardent supporter of Congressman Skinner. All the love that he bears for Senator Butler cooled off at the session of the Legislature in '97. Mr. Hodges declared that the Populists of the First District would renominate Congressman Skinner. He figured his majority at 8,000. Hodges says Butler is backing E. A. Moyer and that he only has a small following in the district. C. C. Fagan the Populist Representative of Martin was here and he declared that Skinner would be renominated almost unanimously.

Protocol

The protocol that has been arranged between the Administration and the French Minister representing Spain is an informal statement of interpretation of the preliminary agreement for peace. Originally a protocol was a small sheet of paper on which the terms of a document given at the beginning of it. It is derived from the Greek, protos, first and kollis, glue.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



Judge Hobson Will Accept
 MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 13.—A despatch from Greensboro, Ala., says that when Judge Hobson yesterday opened the letter from Washington announcing his appointment as Postmaster at that place he was the most astonished man in the State. His friends, without consulting him, had urged the President to appoint young Hobson's father to the place, and Mr. McKinley appeared to find pleasure in accepting the suggestion.
 Judge Hobson will accept the place. He was the Democrat Pro-teme Judge of his county for sixteen years, but joined the Populists and lost his office. He returned to the Democratic party in 1896 and has since been an enthusiastic Democrat.

Helon Keller the deaf, dumb and blind prodigy, rides a tandem.

The Earl of Minto the new Governor General of Canada Viscount Melgund was Military Secretary to Lord Lansdowne when he was Governor General of Canada.

Dr. Parker an eminent English physician advises sufferers from neuralgia not to drink tea but to partake freely of coffee into which the juice of a lemon has been squeezed.

The Duke of York is sitting regally to Sargent that he may figure in the great picture of the House of Lords which Sargent is painting. It is said that no royal personage in the world has sat for his portrait so few times.

The late Frances E. Willard has been added to the list of notable women whose portraits are to be carved in the grand stairway of the new Capitol at Albany. The others are Susan R. Anthony Clara Barton Mary Pipher and Harriet Beecher Stowe.

The Duke of Devonshire owns the greatest curiosity in England. It is known as the weeping tree. This imitation tree is made of copper and is so dextrously contrived and cunningly painted that at a careless glance one does not distinguish it from a real tree. It creeps water on tourists who wander near its shade.

Capt. Jas. A. Duffey,
 OF TOLEDO, OHIO,
 The Great Railway Remedies Told What Dr. Miles' Remedies Have Done For Himself and Wife.



Dr. Miles' Remedies require constant vigilance, steady nerves, a clear head and active brain. "A year ago," writes Capt. Duffey of 211 Orchard St., Toledo, Ohio, "I overworked myself, was in such a condition sleep was impossible. I was so nervous I could not lie in bed; my arms and limbs twitched and my system seemed completely exhausted. I began using Dr. Miles' Remedies and the fourth bottle restored me to health. Mrs. Duffey has suffered for sixteen years with heart trouble. Had tried every remedy without avail, until she took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure two years ago. For the past year she has been free from the trouble." Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee. Free bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.
 DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

