le Journal - Patriot NUMPENDENT IN POLITICS whilished Mondays and Thursdays at North Wilksebore, N. C. D. J. CARTER and JULIUS C. HUBBARD Publisher SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One Year Six Months .75 Four Months .50 Out of the State \$2.00 per Year Entered at the post office at North Wilkes-born, N. C., as second class matter under Att of March 4, 1878. THURSDAY, NOV. 30, 1939

Thanksgiving

This is the date set apart for Thanksgiving and in an editorial way we wish to call attention to the occasion.

The first home makers who migrated from Europe to make their homes in this country had harvested their crops and they set apart a day to thank God for their lives and for the harvest. That was the beginning of Thanksgiving.

Their crops were grown under the most hazardous of circumstances. They first had to clear the land and while cultivating the growing crops they found it necessary to have guns nearby in case of attack by Indians or by wild animals.

Yet, those hardly pioneers, who had certainly earned what they had made, reverenced the Great God who gives all good gifts and set apart a day to give thanks for life, food, rainment, and such other bare necessities as they had been blessed with.

How much more thankful ought we to be today. The harvest has been plenti-ful, in fact there has been more food grown than will be needed. Crops have been produced with less than one tenth of the labor necessary then and at no bodily risk to the producers.

In addition to the harvests, we have many more things to be thankful for in this age of complex living. We have the greatest civilization ever known to the human race. We have learned much and have made use of the knowledge obtained. No longer is it necessary to risk life and limb daily to earn a living.

Today we live with comforts which would have been unbelievable to the early settlers.

But above all we should be thankful for our country which guarantees freedom for every individual just so long as the exercise of freedom does not infringe on the rights of others.

We should be thankful that we have the right to worship God as we choose.

There should be gratitude in our hearts because we can elect our own rulers, who must operate under the established law of the constitution, and that we can make our own laws.

The many conveniences, comforts and luxur'es which we now enjoy should make us grateful and we should observe this day in gratitude for our many blessings. The least fortunate of us today have much more to be thankful for than did our forefathers on the occasion of their first harvest.

Today should be a day for joy, but let us in our celebration of the occasion be sane in order that tomorrow may not be a day of sadness as a result of our actions today.

Just why some people pick a day like Thanksgiving to get into trouble is diffi-cult to understand. The day is set apart as a day of thankfulness and appreciation and does not suggest riotous living and debauchery.

Light Of Freedom Those who used to forecast that if war broke out in Europe sentiment in this apparently mistaken. All the evidence in-dicates that the great bulk of our citizens are grimly determined that this time we shall stay out—and that, irrespective of shall stay out—and that, irrespective of Damoeratic party's anti-new deal-our sympathies, Europe's quarrels are not ers and help build a united front the is a Catholic and comes from

ours. Certainly there is reason in this point of view. For if the war goes on for years to ing, by appointing a man of mid-a bitter and exhausted end, all that is best die-road or moderately right ecoin Europe will be submerged, perhaps for nomis tendencies for whom his generations. It is here, in the Western foes within the party could show hemisphere where there has been no ma- a genuine enthusiaam conspicujor war for three-quarters of a century, that the fruits of civilization must be protected and nurtured and developed. We have many big jobs to do at home in these unpredictable times. And the biggest of those jobs is to see that the light of freedom, which has been extinguished in so shown that the President's four much of the world, is kept burnring here past appointments, reinforced by undimmed.

Going Too Far

According to news reports, employes of the utility company which serves the city of Asheville went on strike Tuesday night and the city was plunged in darkness.

Not knowing the merits of the employes side of the controversy, yet we do not hesitate to say that the move was drastic. Throwing a modern city in darkness may hind it, too. cause critical situations. It may have been that there were emergencies in homes and hospitals where light was highly impor-tant and it must be remembered that that is that in such appointments a evil ones love darkness better than light. duty rests upon the President to linesmen, Warehouse Men, Auto-In other words, darkness is the criminal's give the country's economic and mobile mechanics, X-Ray Techparadise.

It is understood that the employes were striking for a closed shop. Perhaps it is important to their interests that they have a closed shop. We do not argue that point. Yet we contend that the matter involved was not of sufficient importance to throw a city in darkness.

Borrowed Comment

THE NEW FRONTIER

(From the Flint, Mich., Journal)

meant the man or woman who went out ty a lift. to the frontier, the wilderness, to settle new land and pave the way for further colonization. There is no such frontier in this country now and the modern pioneer is one who explores in other directions.

We are in an industrial, commercial and financial country now and the pioneering is in other activities. The National Association of Manufacturers recognizes that situation through its new plan for prizes to outstanding inventors and research work ers which will be awarded in 1940, the year of the 150th anniversary of the founding of the American Patent System.

"The pioneer on the modern frontier," says the association, "of science and technology likewise ventures into the unknown and conquers it. He pushes forward man's knowledge of the useful arts and sciences and turns the new knowledge into productive uses.'

That is what we want and need now.

TOMORROW

(Delco)

He was going to be all that he wanted to Tomorrow. No one should be kinder or braver than Tomerrow. A friend who was troubled and weary, he knew-who'd be glad of a lift-and who needed it, too-on him, he would call and see what he could do---Tomorrow. Each morning he stack up the letters he'd write--Tomorrow And thoughts of the folks he would fill

with delight— Tomorrow. It was too bad, indeed, he was busy to Tomorrow.

THE JOURNAL-PATRIOT, NORTH WILKERBORO, N. C.

Court Vacancy Affords Chance To Soothe Foes Of New Deal

for 1940.

He could do so, some are urgously lacking in their attitude toward previous appointees.

And, the argument runs, the President could make such an appointment at no cost to himself, for he already "has his court." Recent terms of the court have Associate Justice Stone, have sol-

idly entrenched the "liberal interperation" of the constitution upon which Mr. Roosevelt has insisted. To urge that the appointment

be guided by considerations of party welfare is, of course, to put such an important presidential chore as the making of the Supreme Court upon a coldly practical basis. But the proposal has more idealistic argument be-

This is derived from a view which has received fairly widespread acceptance in the past. It such trades as Aeroplane Mechanconstitutional viewpoints representation on the court. Such a naming of the late Associate Justice Cardozo, both new deal mainstays in the battle over the constitutionality of Roosevelt legisation several years ago.

So, it is argued that by his four appointments and the presence of Stone on the bench, the President's viewpoint is adequate-

come to give the other side a that good stands of clover on his Once upon a time the word pioneer, break-and thereby give the par- farm cannot be obtained without an adequate program of liming

and no westerner on the court at

present. Murphy could be confirmed with votes to spare, it is conceded, but only after a rough reoper ing of the party wounds which were inflicted originally by the

court reorganization bill of 1937. ed with \$15.83 in September. Such a development would surely shatter the surface harmony of the party which has continued without serious damage since the ber. neutrality truce ended.

Men Wanted For Service In Army

The Army recruiting sergeant, who is in charge of local recruiting in Winston-Salem, has just received a new quota for mer in the Army. Openings for enlistments are: at Fort Bragg, N. C., Panama Canal, and the Hawailan Islands. Men may enlist now for Air Corps, Infantry, Field Artillcent.

ery, Coast Artillery, Quartermaster, Corps, Medical Department, the 64 hosiery and knit goods es-Engineers, and Chemical Warfare Service, In the Army service, men have the opportunity to learn

ics. Radio Operators, Telephone and many other trades as there are more than 54 trades that can be learned in the Army. Men between the ages of 18 to 35 years are eligible for enlistment in the army, and those who are interested should apply at once to Sergeant G. B. Anderson, who is in charge of the Recruiting Station in the post office building,

Winston-Salem.

Experience has taught Sam Owens of the Gloucester comly represented and the time has munity in Transylvania county

Month Payrolls Show Increase Raleigh, Nov. \$1.-Pay rolls and jobs increased generally in North Carolina in October as com-

pared with September, Labor Commissioner Porrest H. Shuford reported today. Pay rolls reached \$2,449,715 weekly, up 4.1 per cent from heptember, and workers numbered 152;436, an increase of 2.6 per cent., in 1.016 establishments reporting conditions.

The average weekly pay check for October was \$16.07, compar-

The survey covered the week ading October 15, and the similar mid-month week of Septem-

In 234 cotton mills 74.029 workers got \$1,032,435 for their October weekly pay roll, an increase of 3.6 in workers and 4.3 per cent in pay roll over September. The only divisions to show a higher percentage increase in workers were the 37 lumber mills, whose 3,790 workers represented a 6.3 per cent increase, and retail stores, where 4,349 workers in 196 establish-

ments was an increase of 4.1 per The best'pay roll gain was in tablishments, where 23,081 workers, an increase of 1.3 per cent

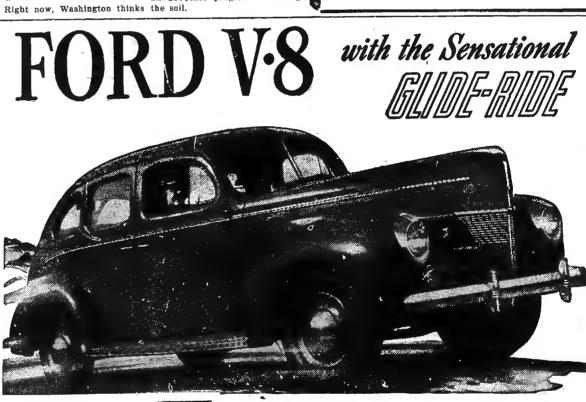
CREOMULSION for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronc



Sell your cattle at the Wilkesboro Livestock Market. Plenty of buyers and good demand for all kinds of cattle. You can't do better; you might do worse. Bring your cattle early.

SALE DAY EVERY MONDAY.

Wilkesboro Livestock Market R. P. RILEY, OWNER BETWEEN THE WILKESBOROS



totaling \$446,378, an inc S.S per o

ployed in the cotton, ey and knit goods, and "other m ifications increased in over September, as did en in "other nonmanufact retail and wholesale cla

tions. Employment decrea TOK: listed in printing and publishing, silk and rayon goods, tobasco, insurance and brokerage, laundries and dry cleaning, and mines and quarries classification.

Total pay rolls increased in 10. of the 14 classifications.

GRAINS

This fall has seen farmers of Johnston county turning more than ever to the growing of small. grains, reports Assistant Farm Agent R. M. Holder.

Relief At Last For Your Cough

Creomulsion relieves prompty be-cause it goes right to the said of the trouble to loosen germ lades rights for soothe and heal raw, tonder, many ed bronchial nuccus mentioned No matter how many medicines for have tried, tell your druggies to sell you a bottle of Creomulanon with the understanding that you are to like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back

Holiday Trade

The Christmas holiday shopping season is here.

And we want to call attention to the fact that North Wilkesboro merchants are well prepared to take care of the demands. We would, if possible, discourage any persons from going elsewhere in the hope of getting better merchandise or services for less money, because a trip for those objectives would be just so much time and travel wasted.

We have had occasion to make a pre-liminary survey of stores here and find them well stocked with merchandise of the holiday season. We have also observed that there are no price increases and this is indeed good news in view of the fact that prices of raw materials have advanced.

But when these merchants find it neces-sary to replenish their stocks you will find that the price tags have bigger figures. Since the outbreak of the war materials made into merchandise you buy in the stores have advanced in prices and this advance will necessarily be passed on to the consumer.

But, as has been pointed out in previous articles in this newspaper, the early shoppers will escape the price advance and on substantial purchases the savings will be worthwhile.

Holiday trade this year is going to be over than at any time in ten years. By tying early you will escape the biggest on in mercantile history.

The greatest of workers, this man would have been-Tomorrow. The world would have known him had he ever seen-Tomorrow. But, in fact, he passed on, and he faded from view, and all that he left here when living was through, was a mountain of

things he intended to do-Tomorrow.

TEACHING THE TRADES

(Concord Tribune)

Connecticut has decided to do some-thing about its unemployment problem. Governor Raymond E. Baldwin announced the prospects of immediate jobs for those unemployed who successfully complete 200 hours of intensive training in some one of the trades.

This state, like most of the others, was faced with the problems of young men and women who have never had any experience and never held any jobs and who are today trying vainly to find work. The governor also took into consideration the fact that many older workers, out of work for months or years, may need a little brushing up. The general idea is to cut down the unemployment list by asking the jobless to go to school for a few weeks.

It is expected between 2,000 and 3,000 new jobs in the Hartford area alone will open by the time the first classes are ready to step out of "school." Any effort to tack-le the unemployment problem is a step in the right direction and should be watched by other states with keen interest.



LEADS IN BEAUTY.—The most advanced styling in the field. Rec-ognized by style authorities and the public as the year's most beautiful low priced car!

LEADS in RIDING COMFORT-The sensational GLIDE-RIDE achieved in the 1940 Ford V-8's gives you smoothness."softness".lurarious comfort ... you never dreamed possible in a low priced car.

LEADS IN PERFORMANCE-Ford is the only low priced our with the fine car' performance of a powerful V-8 engine. Smoother and so much more FUN to drive! Finger-Tip Gearshift on steering post.

LEADS IN ECONOMY - In the famous \$15-mile Gfimore-Yesemite Road Run held this year, the Ford V-8 showed the best gas mileage among all leading low priced cars. Owners report oil is sel-dom, if ever, added between changes:

LEADS IN VALUE -- Ford has al-ways been the BIG VALUE in the low price field. Built to give good service and long service at low cost, the 1940 models give you more for your money than ever Before. 22 Important Improvements-Roomier, Quieter, more Comfortable cars. Get the facts and you'll get a Ford!

don't forget we'll give you the best trade on your car.

Yadkin Valley Motor Co -FORD-SERVICE NORTH WILKESBORO, N. C.