DIDEPENDENT IN POLITICS

Published Mondays and Thursdays at North Wilkesboro, N. C.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES: One Year Bix Months Four Months Out of the State \$2.00 per Year

Entered at the port office at North Wilkes-boro, N. C., as second class matter under Act of March 4, 1879.

MONDAY, SEPT. 9th, 1940



The Spoken Word

I am the Spoken Word. I am the one thing you cannot do without. You need me in public life, in business, in social intercourse. With right treatment, I am your best friend. Misuse me, and I become your relentless enemy . . . Choose me with care, and I gain your positions, make you wealthy, secure you fast friends. I can bring you to prominence, make you a leader in the affairs of men. You can use me to sway the minds of others to your views. By my aid you can sway the minds of others to your views. By my aid you can strike terror into the hearts of your enemies, soothe the minds of the infuriated mob, strengthen the respect and affection of your friends. With my help you may become the master of situations and of all who oppose you. My power, if properly employed, is limited only by the stars. I am a mighty ally-I am the Spoken Word. Entrust me with messages, and I am as faithful and swift as Mercury. I will convey your sympathy to those in trouble. I will penetrate quietly into the inmost depths of the broken heart, and breathe into it new life and hope. I will carry your finest thought, your most delicate fancy, your noblest aspirations, your tenderest message, to the minds and soul of your friend. Or send me to your battle-fields, and I will restore your faltering troops and lead them on to victory. I am an invaluable courier-I am the Spoken Word. But if you destort me, if you abuse me and mar my beauty, I become your most dangerous enemy. You lose the respect of your fellow-men; you lose your power of expression, the power which can lead you to honor and fame . . . Send me on careless missions, and I assist your enemies to defeat your plans and ambitions. I give them power to overcome you and to cause your friends to desert you. I am a power that can make you or break you. I am the Spoken Word."

The message above was written in 1919 by Edward Tyron Miller, a nephew of H. H. Morehouse, of this county.

It is one of the finest jobs of putting words together that we have ever seen in our limited editorial experience. Every phrase is vibrant with meaning and clad with eternal truth. It is worth memorizing, and more important-it is worth living by each day.

Warning Signs

Paraphrasing Abraham Lincoln's famous utterance, Ronald Hocutt, director of the Highway Safety Divisionn, said this week that "you can ignore some warning signs all of the time, and all warning signs some of the time, but you can't ignore all warning signs all of the time."

The safety director made this comment after looking over a report which showed that 13 North Carolinians were killed and more than a score injured during the first six months of this year as smashing into bridge abutments, overpasses and under-

passes. "There is no conceivable excuse for accidents of this nature," said Hocutt. "It is true that a good many highway bridges stupid enough to waste bombs on targets in this state and some overpasses and un- like those if he can help it. derpasses are dangerously narrow, but every single one of them is plainly marked. not accurate enough for any bomber to be It will take lots of time and money to widen all these bridges and underpasses, and lever. He may aim with clean conscience meanwhile it is up to motor vehicle operators to pay attention to the signs the State home or the First Methodist Church gets has erected to call attentiton to these haz-

ards." Hocutt stated that every one of the 60 highway bridges and underpasses into which automobiles smashed during the first half of this year were plainly indicated by large warning signs. These signs read "Danger-Narrow Bridge," or "Slow

-Underpass Ahead," or some such warning message.

"You just can't continually ignore warning signs without eventually coming to when hell breaks grief," Hocutt declared. "My advise to Navy is drivers is to read and heed every highway down by the water's edge and warning you see. Ninety-nine times out of backing up the Navy, is the Coast a hundred you might be able to ignore a Artillery. But the Coast Artillery sign without meeting with an accident, but metal at ships at sea, it is equipp you never know which time is the hun-ed with powerful anti-aircraft

The Living Suffer

The late Will Rogers, who had an as tonishing gift for touching on the foibles and weaknesses of us humans, once wrote this: "If a man doesn't believe in life insurance let him die once without any. That will teach him a lesson."

All of us have observed what happens to the families of men who have tried that. In a tragically large number of cases, the guns towed by fast heavy trucks result is want and privation. Widows guns on rail lines. All these difmust work when they should be enjoying ferent regiments also include ana happy old age. Children must go without ti-aircraft units for their own adequate education. Homes are lost-and long-laid plans for the future are irreparably destroyed.

Borrowed Comment

FRANCE, GUINEA PIG

(Reidsville Review)

Who says France under the new constitution will not be a requblic?

It is Marshal Petain speaking, with plaintive defiance.

What France will be, no one knows. It is not a republic today.

The American people have considerable sympathy for France. That sympathy began when Frenchmen and France helped the struggling colonies to gain their liberty. True the debt of Lafayette was generally regarded as paid in full in 1917-1918. But Americans have liked the spirit of Frenchmen and of France.

There is today and there always will be in the United States a sympathetic interest in the French people. But that does not imply a similarity sympathetic interest in any particular government under targets out at sea, with great ac-which they be forced to live at any given curacy and speed. Since it may which they be forced to live at any given moment. The American people are bound to watch intently the development of the enemy's ship, and since the target the Petain-Laval experiment in France.

Certainly France is no republic today. The whole country is now under the German heel. Nothing can be done without the approval of the German invaders. True, they disclaim interest in or responsibility for the French government. But it is clear that it is not an independent into account the effect of the state for the first six months of government. Therefore it cannot be a republic, for a proud independence is the first requisite of such.

As to what France may become: Petain said "the international capitalist system is outmoded . . . the base of our new state must be work, the family, and the fatherland." Well, those last three are bases of any state. As to capitalism, it may be possible to organize a state without private property and individual initiative, and retain freedom-all we know is that it has never been done.

No present French official holds office by the votes of his fellow citizens. Is that the mark of a republic? No one may hold office in France unless born in France of a French father. Is that a democratic restriction? The new French constitution provides state regulation of religion, the family, youth, speech and the press. Is that liberty?

France may, as the marshal suggests, become again a republic. But it isn't now, and foundations have been laid for something quite different. What is built on those foundations we shall see.

AUTOMATIC ATROCITIES

(Thomasville Tribune)

In sending to the United States pictures of churches, hospitals, schools, and humble homes bombed by the enemy, both Britain and Germany try to stress the brutality of the other.

It is useless. Everybody knows by now this much about aerial warfare:

1. No bomber, British or German, is

2. The plain fact is that air bombing is sure what he will hit when he pulls the at the munitions dump, but the worker's the bomb.

War, and those who have resorted to war, must bear the blame for the death of these innocents. the destruction of these treasurers. Atrocity propaganda, when the "atrocities" are the blind and inevitable result of war that is waged today, is not going to get anybody anywhere

lob. Right behind, in fact right guns and is prepared to use them for protection of civilian and production centers.

So the Coast Artillery is split into two main parts, the harbor defense and anti-aircraft. Some of the harbor defense regiments are organized to man the big fixed guns in our coastal fortifications Others operate the railway cars also large calibers, which can be moved up and down the coast readily to welcome any approaching force. Other regiments have for harbors that don't have fixed protection.

Weapons of The Coast Artillery

The Coast Artillery employs a variety of weapons. There long range 12, 14, and 16-inch guns. These are used for fixed harbor defense and can shoot an armor-piercing shell weighing over a ton for more than 20 miles. They have 6, 8, and 10-inch caliber guns and 12-inch high-firing mortars, for use against ships not big enough to deserve the best. There are also rapid-fire 3 to 6inch guns for protecting mine fields in the coastal waters, stopping fast enemy torpedo boats and making things nasty if the enemy tries to land forces.

The motor-drawn units have a 155 mm. gun, which is practically the same as the field artillery gun and can hurl a 95 pound projectile some 10 miles. The railway units use 8-inch to 14-inch guns and 12-inch mortars mounted on special railway cars.

The Coast Artillery also lays fields of electrically controlled submarine mines which can be exploded from shore as hostile ships pass over them.

Coast Defense Systems Our coast defenses are based on elaborate systems for locating take a half minute for a big shell to travel from the gun to the may have moved from where it there, the coast artillery has to figure out where the ship will be may be a half mile ahead of where the ship was when the shell started. In figuring this out, the artillery officer has to take wind, temperature, the earth's this year,

the earth's rotation; in fact, eve rything but what the captain had or dinner the night before. All this calculation has to be made in a couple of seconds, therefore our harbor defenses sontain ob servation stations, plotting rooms searchlights, and elaborate communication equipment so that the men who man the guns know where the ship is going to be when their shell arrives on the cene. Nineteen harbors in continental United States have these permanent installations, Many more are being built up, while at the same time our mobile coas artillery is being readled for ac tion along the front.

Anti-Aircraft Division of Coast Artillery In contrast to the heavy wear

one of the harbor defense units of the coast artillery are the light, fast-moving guns of the anti-aircraft units. The problems are somewhat the same, but anti-aircraft batteries must attack and and D. S. Coltrane, assistant to smack down a target that flies the Commissioner of Agriculture several hundred miles an hour, will be chairman of the demon-anywhere from the end of the stration program. gun's muzzle to the height of four miles. Anti-aircraft batteries must also be able to move to new firing positions in protecting the army, and to be where the enemy airplanes are protecting the cities. Therefore, there are few fixed anti-aircraft guns at vital agent, presiding. points: all the rest are motorized and can move on highwaysguns, searchlights, fire director and all, and they can move at high speed—more than hundred miles in a single day, and get there in time to fill the air with flying explosives before dark.

The present standard weapon of the coast artillery anti-aircraft is a 3-inch gun that heaves a 13-pound projectile against en emy planes up to four miles altitude. This gun will be replaced shortly by the 90 mm. 13-inch (gun) which has a more rapid fire and shoots nearly six miles straight up. About that level the enemy pilots are so busy trying to keep warm that they have little opportunity to do much bombing. The shells have time fuses which are fixed to burst when the shells climb to the midst of the enemy airplanes. They do not have to make a direct hit on an airplane destroyer. These shells follow the bad neighbor policy.

Anti-Aircraft Works Like

In the ad of Lerner's Department store last Thursday the was by the time the shell gets price of \$4.95 quoted on ladies coats should have read \$5.95 up to \$29.95. The Journal-Patriot when the shell gets there. That regrets the error, and gladly prints the correction.

Twenty-one persons were killed in 12 auto-train accidents in this

Crowd Expected For Farm Event Agriculture and N. C. Repert

8,000 farmers, their wives and others are expected to attend the 24th annual field day at the Coastal Plain Station, at Willard Thursday, September 12, to hear outstanding speakers and view agricultural research progress or

Speakers will be J. M. Brough ton of Raleigh, Democratic nominee for Governor; Lt.-Col. G. W. Gillette of Wilmington, U. S. Army district engineer; Col. W. Harrelson, Dean of Admin-Istration, State College and James H. Clark of Elizabethtown. Com missioner of Agriculture W. Keri Scott will introduce Broughton.

State Senator Roy Rowe wil preside as chairman for the day

ager of the N. C. Cotton Growers Cooperative Association and Jack Fisler of Ivanhoe, Sampson county, will be speakers on the women's program with Mrs. Estelle T. Smith, State College distric

Exhibits by State College Ex tension Service and U.S. and State Departments of Agriculture specialists will include grading, egg grading, dairying. horticulture. poultry, zoology mail fruit and truck crop d. seases and nursery. A farm ma chinery and railway express exhibit will also be included.

D. H. Boney of Teachey will to superintendent of contests. Field trips will be made under the supervision of Dr. Chas. Dear-

ns, assistant director in charge The event is sponsored by the U. S. and N. C. Departments of

ent Station. Ada, get attention and respice

Low Prices Every Day NO DISCUISE

Yes, this is a Prescription pharmacy. That fact is immediately evident asyon step across our threshold. We have no quarrel with and cast no disparagement upon any other type of mercantile establishment. But since we special line in drugs—and in the proper compounding of prescrip-tions, we naturally empha-size this point.

But the professional at-

ere so apparent here mosphere so apparent here does not mean that you pay a higher price. Actu-ally, because of our large volume and low overhead, it costs no more—and per-haps less—to have us fill ur prescriptions

Don't play with dynamite— (trying to treat ailments you don't know about) but consult your physician and let him diagnose your case. Then bring us the prescription to be filled at money-saving prices.



DRUG STORE

Fountain Phone 300

Prescription Dept. Phone 350 Two Registered Druggists on duty at all times—C. C. (Charlie) Reins and Palmer Horton.

Low Prices Every Day



Have you seen this Chart at Gulf Stations?

IT SHOWS THE TREMENDOUS **IMPROVEMENT** IN**GULF GASOLINES!**

Good Gulf is now boosted to its all-time high...will make your motor perform better than ever before. Gulf No-Nox is now (as always) a truly superior fuel . . . exceeds by far North Carolina specifications for premium gasoline. It is, even more than former-

THIS CHART, we hope, will I give you a better picture than could a thousand words of the recent amazing improvement in Gulf gasolines. It is based on a scientific test of gasoline quality today -a test that is used by many of our competitors, as well as by ourselves. The chart shows the fair comparative measure of step up in both GOOD GULF and GULF NO-NOX . . . a step up which is no intengible "engineering triumph" but one which may be enjoyed by you . . . in your car!

in your neighborhood. . . .

Better try these Better Fuels

