# THE RALEIGH REGISTER.

Onrs' are the plans of fair, delightful peace; Unwarped by party rage, to lice like brothers."

# RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 3, 1853.

We shall be able, in our next issue, to announce definitely the time agreed upon by the Executive Committee for holding the next Whig State Convention.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

On Tuesday last, William Tinney was arraigned and tried upon an indictment charging him with secreting and embezzling a letter which came in the mail to Green Spring P. O., Orange county, in which office he was employed as clerk. It appeared in evidence that Edwin M. Holt mailed a letter at Graham, in Alamance, on the 30th of May last, addressed to C. T. Haigh & Son, Fayetteville, containing a check drawn on the Cape Fear Bank, in their favor, for \$206.10; which letter and check never reached the place of destination. The prisoner appeared soon after in Fayetteville, and presented the check to the younger Mr. Haigh for endorsement, whose suspicion being awakencd, the prisoner was arrested. Meantime, an examination was made of the P. O. at Green Springs, and among the effects of Tinney, the letter which had contained this check was found, still enclosing another check for near \$700. The evidence against him was full and complete. The prosecution was conducted by R. P. Dick, Esq., the District Attorney, and verdict of guilty.

drieks, indicted for uttering and passing two lows: counterfeit coins purporting to be gold quarter eagles, was entered upon. The prisoner being unable to employ counsel, J. G. Shepherd and B. Fuller, Esqs., of Fayetteville, were appointed by the Court to conduct his case. It appeared in evidence that, in May 1853, the prisoner came to the store of T. S. Martin, in Hentsville, Yadkin county, and, for the purchase of goods, tendered the two coins, which were at once detected, and his arrest followed. On searching his wallet or saddle-bags, a paper bundle, containing what amounted to \$271, of these spuri ous coins, was found, a large number of which were produced in Court. The evidence was very duce him, either in your presence or in company, strong against the prisoner; no witnesses were called on his behalf; and the case was submitted to the Court without argument, under the charge of his Honor, Judge WAYNE. The jury, after about five minutes deliberation, found the pay a fine of \$2500, and to imprisonment and confinement at hard labor for 10 years. The next case taken up was that of Smith &

Colby vs. the President and Directors of the Western Rail-road Company. B. F. MOORE, Esq., of counsel for plaintiffs, moved for a continuance of an injunction heretofore granted by Judge Potter, against the sale, by the President and Directors, of the Stock held in said Company by the plaintiffs, and proceeded to read an affidavit, on the part of the plaintiffs, which set forth the manner in which the injunction was obtained, and which gave the reasons why notice of the application for an injunction had not been served upon the President and Directors. When the Company was formed, under the Charter granted by Act of Assembly, it appears that individuals subscribed for stock to the amount of 936 shares, or \$93,600. and that Smith & Colby, of New York, sub scribed the balance, being 4064 shares, or \$406, 400-being more than 4-5th of the whole stock The Company being organized; a President and Directors appointed; one per cent, having been collected; surveyors being appointed, and surveys made; the location and terminus of the road was left to the stockholders, and not to the President and Directors; who refused to defer to the wishes of a large majority of the stockholders, in these respects, and declared their stock forfeited in default of the payment of a large instalment, for which the Company had no use, and which was only intended to oppress the plaintiffs in this action. The bill recited the particular proceedings of the Board, with which the public are already acquainted; and concluded by averring that the injunction was issued by Judge Potter, on the 3d of November. only to restrain the collection of an instalment of 5 per cent. declared by the President and Directors due on the 5th of November.

sive rule of the minority, owning barely one-

Judge BADGER was then heard in behalf of tration,—that is to say, its real fee! the Defendants, and against the continuance of provisions of which inhibited them from grant- istration under such circumstances. ing an injunction, in any case, where sufficient notice of the application had not been given to the adverse party. In this case, no notice what- cember numbers of Harper and Putnam, both

Mr. J. G. SHEPHERD then read the answer iled in this cause to the bill of the plaintiffs; which set forth the facts involved, and was of considerable length.

JUDGE WAYNE delivered the opinion of the Court. He examined in detail the various argunents presented in the bill and answer, as well s the points made by the opposing counsel :nd, referring to the terms of the charter, its

designs, and extended views, as liberally granted by the Legislature, indicated the opinion that the interests of no portion of the stockholders could be separated from those of the others; that all were equally bound by the action of the of the Corporation; and went into a general in the organic law of representation, made not

Mr. Moore then, on behalf of Smith and Colby, gave notice that, on the next day, he should move for an appeal from this decision to portant particulars, and the slightest provocathe Supreme Court of the United States.

On Thursday, the Court met at 11 o'clock. Wm. Tinney was again brought into Court, and the ties. We expressed the opinion that the Eng-Judge delivered his opinion, overruling a mo- lish are, perhaps, wiser than we, in a single tion made by his Counsel for an arrest of judg | particular, which causes the sapient editor to ment, and proceeded to pass sentence upon the indulge in a burst of patriotic indignation, prisoner-that he be imprisoned and confined which is truly refreshing. "The English," he at hard labor for 10 years.

Mr. Moore warved his motion for an appeal in the case of Smith & Colby vs. Western Raii Road Company, and the bill was dismissed without prejudice.

The Court then adjourned.

CLERK OF THE HOUSE.

The organs of the Administration indicate that Forney is to be continued in his present position of Clerk of the House of Representatives, if his election can be secured by Government influence. It is one of the ill omens of the times, that a man so notoriously corrupt and unprincipled is in high favor with "the powers that be." His infamous letter to George Roberts, the prisoner was defended by Gov. Graham in which he was guilty of something like "suband Bartholomew Fuller, Esq. The jury -re- o nation of perjury," in the Forrest Divorce case, mained but a few minutes out, and returned a may have escaped the recollection of our readers, and we therefore subjoin an extract, by On Wednesday, the trial of Penuel Hen- way of refreshing their memories. It is as fol-

"On this evidence, with the other confirmatory proofs, he (Forrest) intends applying to our Legislature for a divorce, but you are now in a position to serve him in a manner he never will Jamieson, now playing at New Orleans. If you don't know him, you can, as the editor of a leading daily paper, soon make his acquaintance.— What Forrest now desires, to clinch the nail, is, to obtain in some way an admission from Jamieson. I named you to him as a safe, steady, and intelligent friend, and he will never farget what ever you may do for him, in this, to him, most vital matter. He suggests that you might institute intimate relations with him, and then into admit, as a thing to be proud of, his connection with Mrs. F. He is fond of a glass, and possibly, in a convivial mood, might become comgame too small for Forrest, and any admission he may make may be important only as aiding an injured man in getting relieved from a bateful bond. Can you manage this thing, my friend? It will require skill and caution, and if successful will warmly endear you to Forrest. He is nearly crazy at the idea of being placed in his present position, but he will spend half he is worth to be relieved from it. This matter must se kept secret. Above all, do not name me in connection with it. Excuse me for troubling you in regard to it. My ardent attachment to glorious Forrest must be my excuse. Now. won't you help to relieve him?

It would help in the matter, probably, to know that John Green, the actor, now in New Orleans, is the warm friend of Forrest, and may know Jamieson well. You can use your own liscretion in letting him know the facts, and in-

This infamous epistle, written with the view of blasting the reputation of a woman, came out only a few weeks after Furney's election as Clerk of the last House. If it had come out be freely talked of in Washington, when the letter appeared, and, although no movement to that effect was made, his fate, as an aspirant for poitical honors, was regarded as sealed. But this Administration, being engaged in the business of "washing dirty linen" for all sorts of political offenders, could not refuse that of Forney, and honor of a party which upholds such men power? Does the support of this unprinciled suborner of perjury involve the vital question of "organization?" and must be therefore re-elected at all hazards, in order to maintain the integrity of the Democratic party?"

## THE HARMONIOUS DEMOCRACY.

Senator Weller, of California, is out with a letter decidedly "bard" in its characteristics .-He has no faith in, nor fellowship with, the Mr. Moore followed the reading of this affi- Barnburners, and although he says nothing didavit by a very able argument in its support. - | rectly about the Administration, we cannot fail He enforced its many points with strength and to perceive evidence of his deep dissatisfaction. earnestness, and pressed upon the Court the Gen. Pierce and his Cabinet can expect little equity which should protect his clients, who support from Mr. Weller, and we shall be greatowned so large a majority as 4-5ths of the stock | ly surprised if he is not openly arrayed in oppoin this Company, from the absolute and oppressistion. Senator Bright, of Indiana, is also "hard," and will be found to be, what is known as, an "independent" supporter of the Adminis-

the Injunction—and he contended that its dis- Hunter, of Virginia, are not among the disaf- breast will sympathise with the gallant Turks. solution was almost imperative upon the Court. feeted. With their high-toned professions of They are fighting for freedom, nationality, and The proceedings of the Stockholders, or of the honor and devotion to principle, it is impossible the religion of their fathers. They deserve President and Directors, had but little to do that they can affiliate with an Administration success, and, backed by England and France, by some friend. Among the "Resident Graduwith this cause—yet he argued that the latter which is in alliance with renegade Preesoilers they cannot fail to secure it. We rejoice to see had not transcended their powers, under the and Abelitionists of every stripe, while the Com- Christianity spread by legitimate means, but Charter: for, after the President and Directors promise Democracy are repudiated. The si- we have no faith in the Apostles of the Sword. were appointed, under the 2d, 6th and 9th sec- lence of Gen. Cass is ominous, and even Doug- Russia is Christian in name, but, practically, is been remaining at Harvard for the last six tions of the Act of Incorporation, they had the last is suspected of disaffection. Foote, of Mis- heathen to the core. Turkey is Mahomedan months, preparatory to the entering upon their read that article, will appear as certainly not to power of controlling the location, construction, sissippi, has been openly warred upon by the by profession, but its government is tolerant of and terminus of the road, and the general right Administration, on account of his labors in be- other religions, and many millions of Christice of these two Professorshps, as set forth by of deciding upon all such things as, in their opin- half of Union and Compromise; and Howell tians are subject to the Sultan and prefer his the Faculty in the last Catalogue ion, the interests of the Company might require. Cobb, of Georgia, has been "stabbed under the mild government to the intolerant bigotry and "School for the application of Science to the Mr. B. also contended that this injunction had fifth rib," for the same reason, with a "how art despotism of Russia. been granted in direct violation of the Act of thou, my brother" on the lips of the assassins. Congress whi h conferred upon the District It is of course out of the question to suppose Judges the power to grant injunctions, and the that men of spirit will support such an Admin- ed the Democratic nominations for Senators in

We are indebted to POMEROY for the Deever had been given, though all the defendants of which magazines sustain their well-carned he immediate vicinity of which the Judge retions, which, owing to the improvements in wood engraving, are as perfect as the most fastidious connoisseur could desire.

We have also received a copy of an address. delivered by our former townsman, Dr. Wm. M. of every shade should now unite, for the purpose McPHERTERS, before the Medical Department of securing success! of the St. Louis University. Its subject, " The legitimate end of Professional Ambition," is him, accord to the Author.

" HIGH-TONED FEDERALISM." The "Standard," under the above caption, recently gave way to all sorts of editorial contortions and grimaces, excited by some casual remarks of ours, relative to the stability of officers to whom they had delegated the powers | legislative character. We proposed no change

examination and exposition of the law as appli- the slightest reference to the English rotten cable to this subject. The Judge remarked, borough system, which the "Standard" lugs that no more fruitful subject of controversy ex- in by the neck and shoulders, as Sancaro did isted, in this country, than the powers and so his proverbs, and, in fact, never thought of tion of these Corporations. The judgment of that or any other abuse which has existed unthe Court was, that the Injunction be dissolved. der the English system of government. But the editor's memory, like ther of DAME QUICKLY, is filled with an endless concatenation of unimtion is sufficient to bring down a torrent of invective against all manner of English enormisays, "are more aristocratic than other people," "but that they are 'wiser' than those illustrious sages who formed our constitution, we have yet to learn." Now, if this were not a very pattry and contemptible piece of demagogueism, which it is, it would argue a degree of stupidity, which would disgrace the dullest fladgeling of young democracy. Dogsersy wrote bimself a dolt, with less reason than might the editor of the "Standard," if the above is to be considered an honest inference from our remark. Did the editor, being a lawyer, never hear English judicial decisions quoted in our Courts of law? And is he not aware that those decisions, when not inconsistent with our constitutions and statutes, are taken to be authoritative expositions of law? Why may we not quote English example, then, as well as the

Judges of our Courts? We proposed no change of law or constitution whatever-we merely spoke of the probable benefits of the introduction of an English usage, which the Constitution of the United States admits of. We gave no countenance to the idea that a State might be represented by a citizen of another State, but, on the contrary, forget. The person who wrote to Mrs. F., and qualified our remarks, so as to make it clear in whose company she was detected, is George that we meant nothing of that kind. The 'Standard' falsely throws out the intimation that we countenance the idea that Mr. Badger,

for instance, should be continued in the Senate by Massachusetts. It is only necessary for the readers of that journal to refer to the short extract, which is copied from our article, to see the disingenuousness of the imputation. Neither did we advise any change in our State Constitution, so that a county might be represented by a citizen of another county. By the way, it is singular that the Editor of the " Standard" is municative. No harm will come to him; he is the only man in the whole Union who has been run as a candidate by a constituency of which he is our readers, that the democracy of Hertford are unable to say. Certain it is, he has done more to introduce the English usage than any man in America, although he was signally defeated for the time !

But for the disgust we naturally feel in witnessing these exhibitions of demagogueism, we should be disposed to congratulate the editor of the "Standard" upon finding a "mare's nest." He has been in a desperate state of mind for some time past, in consequence of the disreputable character of the Administration, of which he is the feed attorney; and it cannot be denied the place which he disgraces. We have been pearance ever since the New York "difficulties" informed that the subject of his expulsion was occurred. What a relief, then, to his jaded spirits, must be the cry of Federalism and British gold! He really seems to breathe freer, and to flatter himself that he is out of the woods; but we shall be constrained, by a sense of public duty, to undeceive him.

Speaking of British gold, does it not argue even, blotted and blotched as it is. What has it, in the face of the fact, that the "London the "Standard" to say in behalf of the morality Times," the great organ of English Toryism. congratulated Europe on the election of Gen'l Pierce ?- and in face of the fact, that the Austrian Consul at New York, Belmont, bought a foreign mission of Gen'l Pierce or his friends, at the price of thirty thousand dollars, paid down before the election, for votes? Is it the organ of such a party which can afford to allude to the subject of British gold?

Finally, can the "Standard" point out any great evil which can result from the usage to which we have referred? When a constituency shall choose to elect a man not living among them, to represent them in Congress, they will do so freely; and would the "Standard" deny them the exercise of a privilege which the Constitution guarantees? This is the head and front of our offending." Let demagogues make

FOREIGN.

The last arrival from Europe, it will be seen, brings the most cheering accounts of Turkish We shall be greatly surprised if Mason and victories over the Russians. Every generous

> Congress from that State, by electing Mesers. Benjamin Fitzpatrick and Clement C. Clay, Jr.

"A BOSE BY ANY OTHER NAME WILL SMELL AS swast .- The "Boston Post," the Administration organ for the State of Massachusetts, insists that, since Coalition has exploded, Democrats

WILLIAM A. STRONG, Esq., has essumed treated with that ability which all, who know the Editorial coatrol of the Goldsboro' "Republican and Patriot."

Telegraphed for the Petersburg Intelligencer. ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC. FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29. The Atlantic arrived at her wharf last night, ringing a large number of passengers and four days later news, having sailed from Liverpool, Nov. 15. Her news is important both in political and commercial point of view.

The mails are said to contain the details of recent affair at Oltenisted, which resulted in a brilliant Turkish victory. It is reported that twelve hundred Russians were killed and

The Turks, numbering nearly one hundred thousand, were across the Danube. The Russian Commander, Gortschakoff, had received orders to act on the offensive.

The Turks had captured eight guns at Olten-The fourth regiment of Poles in the Russian service it is said were disaffected towards the Czar, and had favored the passage of the enemy across the Danube. They gate no alarm whatever when they saw the Turks crosand the Anglo French fleet was in the sea of Marmora.

ping from 22nd of October. Neutral flags are French officers stationed there, than any other Count Nesselrode's diplomatic circular had been published and excited strong remarks rom the French and British press.

Turkey it is said will have nothing to do with amendments to the Vienna note, but insists on an entirely new treaty to settle her course in future. Klasta had received command of all troops

on the Danube in the Turkish service. The Circussians continue to have success in FRANCE.-Napoleon expresses himself strong-

ly in favor of active operations to aid the Turks. ENGLAND. - The British Government evidenty vaccillates. PRUSSIA.-Prussia has notified the Powers of perfect liberty of action in Eastern affairs.

Austria professes neutrality. MARKETS.

the departure of the Canada have amounted to 5.000 bales. Flour had advanced 6d. Wheat was better.

Corn not so firm. SECOND DESPATCH.

It was announced that the Sultan had placed imself at the head of the army. The latest dates from Vienna were to Monday, the 8th. The Russian commander had moved forward to Olennitza with 24,000 men, mostly infantry.

On the 11th he met the Turks and a pitched battle ensued. The Russians were compelled ever read. He notices New Orleans, Savannah, to retreat a second time in great disorder to and other cities, giving the reader, no doubt, a

island opposite Guirgero. Shortly after rein- out injury, if not profit. forcements arrived, when the island was retaken by the Turks who held it. The Czar has summarily discharged all the English operatives from Russian navy yards.

FURTHER.

Passengers, who came over in the Atlantic report that Lord Aberdeen was about to resign and make way for a more war-like ministry. The Herald has a letter from our Consul at voted for Mr. Holden, a citizen of Wake, for London, Mr. Saunders, stating that the Porte the Legislature, some five or six years ago, in had notified Austria she must either withdraw opposition to Mr. Rayner! Whether it was his trality guaranteed by France and England, or her troops from the frontier and have her neuill success on that occasion which has set him she will declare war against her and march an so violently against the English practice, we army into Hungary under the Generalship of Kossuth.

Kossuth's agent has been openly received at Constantinople.

MILTON'S DRAMATIC POWER.

Milton's dramatic power has been greatly underrated. It seems to us only inferior to Shakspear's. He has divided the general angel or fiend element into a variety of finely individualized forms, and he has adapted the language to the character of each. He has done this in spite of the somewhat unwieldy nature of his style. Byron has often been accused of masking himfore the election, ne could never have obtained that his columns have worn a whipped-dog ap- Harold is Byron musing; Lara, Byron murdering: Manfred, Byron writhing in remorse: Cair Byron speculating; and Don Juan, Byron pursuing love adventures. But no such charge can be brought against Milton. He can be identified neither with Michael nor with Satan neither with Raphael nor Belial; neither with Gabriel nor Moloch. Nor can any of these b confounded with one another. Michael, Raphael, Gabriel, Abdiel, Uriel, are all holy, hap py, powerful, brave : but how different : Michael cool effrontery in the "Standard" to allude to is the strong angel; Raphael, the eloquent; Gabriel, the wise; Abdiel, the faithful; and Uriel, the watchful. Satan, Moloch, Belial, Mammon Beelzebub, are all fallen, eloquent, bold; all in torment, hate, and hell; but distinct as are columns of different architectures. Satan is the infernal egotist; the pronoun "I" begins every sentence of peculiar pride, and the favorite exclamation of his anguish is "Ah me !" Moloch is rash and desperate, and his fury vents itself in rugged laconics, in gasps and howls of hatred.

Belial is the subtle, far revolving fiend, and his elequence is fluent and sweet. a stream of sugared poison. Mammon is the down-looking demon, and his words, like his thoughts, seek the centre. Beelzebub's speeches, like his character, are calm, measured ; his talk is just thinkng made audible, and has, withal, a cast of grave, terrific irony, which he fears not to apply to his fellow-fiends when he says-

"Thrones and imperial powers, offspring of Heaven, Ethereal virtues! Or these titles now Must we renounce, and changing style, be called Princes of hell? And again :

"Advise if this be worth Attempting ; or to sit in darkness here,

We counsel the man who would be an orator to read, not Demosthenes, Fox, Burke, Grattan, and Webster, but to give his days and nights to the speeches of the Halls of Pandemonium. Gilfillan.

ates," we observed the names of Charles Phillips, A. M., Prof. of Civil Engineering, and in

Charles Phillips, Professor of Civil Engineer-Benj'n. S. Hedrick, Professor of Agricultural

THIS SCHOOL proposed for their attainment. It is expected to afford to the general student instruction in the Mathematical, Chemical and affiliated sciences, as used in supplying the various wants of society, as well as ample opportunities of preparation for the professional labors of Engineers, Artizans, Miners, Chemists and Farmers."

Mr. Williams, formerly of the Fakir of Siva's Troupe, will give an Entertainment in this City, on Saturday night, at Odd Fellows' Hall. Our citizens will do well to attend.

Uni. Magazine.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

Just on the heels of Prof. Silliman's prosy, scientific book of travels in Europe, we have this interesting record of a journey to the West India Islands, and the Southern and Western parts of the States. Envious cities may rant, respectable old gentlemen with white chokers may turn up their noses, yet, as long as Mr. Willis (that is, N. Parker Willis) writes, he will have readers. His pleasant off-hand style, intermingled, now and then, with sentiment and wit, at once captivate the general reader. The present volume contains letters written from Bermuda, St Thomas and other places of interest. The descriptions of the dark damsels

him on this point : " I will commence my letter, I believe, with introducing you to a belle of sing. The Turkish fleet was in the Black Sea, a new color, my Hon. friend and myself having just been presented to a jet-black young lady who 'is in the best of society at Fort Royal, Russia lays an embargo on all Turkish ship. and who is said to be more admired, by the young lady on their visiting list. Of that city of ten thousand inhabitants, Mademoiselle Juliette Celestine, we were assured, is quite the fashionable young lady most attended to.

"M'lle Juliette is about nineteen, and as plump as Hebe-her original model from nature apparently just perfected. Her skin, though black as ebony, is fine-grained and lustrous, and her shoulders (there was no denying) quite beautiful. The gorgeous-colored Madras tur-ban covered her forehead to the eyebrows, and, with a long sweep of twisted gold over the cheek, concealed the hair-the lace hem of her snowy chemise being the next downward interruption to the lines of rounded ebony. Her features are strictly African-the lips full, and the Turkey and Russia, that it will reserve to itself | nose of that degree of flatness which is only affectionate. Her eyes would have been beautiful, if there had been anything white in the neighborhood, with which to contrast them; but black eyes on such a ground were 'coals to Cotton was favoring buyers. The sales since | Newcastle. They had one fine quality. however; they had never been contracted with a suspicion, or an attempt to understand anything that did not speak for itself, and they were, consequently, as tranquilly open as the cups of two water-lillies."

There now, you Broadway beauties, what do you think of that? Mr. Willis never said half as much for you in earnest, as he has said about this black gal. The reason is, you are too fond of cassimere, and that don't suit Mr. W. The author gives us, also, a sketch of a visit to the Mammoth Cave, in Kentucky, which, is very pleasant,-in fact, the most graphic we have Bucharest, having lost 4,000 men-the most re- correct view of those places, as regards appearance; and, on the whole, it is a pleasant book, On the 9th the Turks were driven from an over which the reader may spend an hour, with-

For sale by W. L. Pomeroy.

FOR THE REGISTER. MR. GALES :- Will you permit me to express, through the columns of your paper, my obligations, as a member of the North Carolina Bar to William Eaton, Jr., Esq., for his admirable "Book of Practical Forms?" It supplies a want that has been most painfully and embarrassing wants me to be a minister.' ly felt by the Junior members of the profession in this State; and with them, it should be a vade mecum, until they shall become perfectly familiar with the concise, and, at the same time, clear and comprehensive, Forms of Mr. Eaton. I hope it will not be considered offensive in me to suggest, that the older members of the Bar will also do well, in their practice, to make fre- fast horses." quent reference to its pages. Its explanatory notes and references to authorities are invaluable. For the benefit of Clerks and other officers of Courts, I will remark that they will find it of inestimable value to them, in the discharge of their duties. There is a neatness and beauty, as well as perfection, about it, that would give character to the records of our Courts. Mr. Eaton well remarks that, "the reputation of the Won't that be high?" State must depend in a considerable degree upon her jurisprudence, and North Carolina has been injured abroad by the slovenly manner in which her records have been made up, notwithstanding she has been blessed with an able, pure, and upright administration of public justice. and has given birth to some of the most learned lawyers and accomplished advocates in the Union. Our judicial proceedings ought to assume a more technical and business-like form. Dr Story truly observed, many years since, that exemplifications of American Judgments may pass, nay, do already pass to England, and it ought to be our pride to know that they will not be disgraced under the inspection of the sober benches of any Inn of Court. Every patriotic citizen ought to desire that our records may be kept in such a style, that exemplifications of them, when sent abroad, may reflect no dis-

credit upon the legal tribunals of the State." Mr. Eaton's Book is the Book for the profession in North Carolina. It is just such a Book as we might have expected from the great legal learning, the untiring industry, and acknowledged accuracy of its accomplished author. No

lawyer should be without it.

Nov. 28, 1853.

JUSTITIA.

To the Editor of the Register: Sir,-I our correspondent, who signs himself a Native North Carolina, will, in a future number of the Register, give a somewhat longer, fuller, extract from Dr. Mitchell's article of Oct. 5th, it will be apparent to your readers, how unjust the representations of that correspondent are and how ridiculous the insinuations they are intended to convey.

The inverted commas serve especially to mark a quotation and cannot be honestly used, with a reference to any particular volume or writing attached, unless the words given are actually in that volume or writing. When this is not the case, the effect, and most commonly the purpose is, to mislead and deceive.

But the inverted commas are frequently employed also to distinguish one's own statement of the opinions, or arguments, or representations of other people; and honestly and properly so employed, provided a distinct intimation is given, or it is in any way made perfectly clear at the time, that the words included in the commas are our own, and not intended to be an exact copy of what has been uttered in express terms read that article, will appear as certainly not to have been intended for a quotation, as if the words, "this is not a quotation," had been printed acress its face. There was no intention to deceive, and no one was deceived.

MR. EDITOR: -The long sought for coal at Egept has been found, and Dr. Mitchell can no longer shake his incredulous head and call Benjamin Fitzpatrick and Clement C. Clay, Jr.
to the vacant places. They are both of the senot prepared to set forth the details of its organiant between the south side of Deep River. The indefatigation and a south side of Deep River. The indefatigation and a south side of Deep River. was a candidate for re-election, was a Union advised of its precise aims, and of the means of this discovery, on Saturday night last,—having gone down 360 feet and 3 inches, before he got it, 2 miles south east of this pit. Another 5 foot vein of coal was found, being still farther from the River, on its south side, and upon lands of other persons ;-se that Dr. Mitchell ean, with truth, now say, he has taught his classes that valuable coal deposits were upon this Deep River. A LOOKER ON.

The accepted and betrethed lover has lost the wildest charms of his maiden in her acceptance of him. She was heaven whilst he pursued her as a star-she cannot be heaven if she stoops to such a one as he. - Emerson.

FOR THE REGISTER. Health Trip to the Tropies, by N. P. WILLIS. -- CHARLES SCRIBNER, N. Y.

MR. GALES: A number of prominent gentlenien have been mentioned in your own, and other Whig papers of the State, as suitable persome to receive the nomination for Governor, at the hands of the next Whig Convention. Most of these are men who would lend strength and dignity to any cause, and I would not disparage them, or prejudice their claims, in asserting very decided preference for GEORGE DAVIS, of New Hanover, over any other person whose name has been mentioned in connection with the nomination.

Mr. Davis is known to your readers as a gentleman of fine talents and attainments, of the highest character, and as a good conservative Whig, who has never swerved from the path of duty, and whose fealty has never been doubted. Eloquent and argumentative before the people, he would make an available candidate; clearof Martinique have, no doubt, caused bim to headed, honest, sincere, and of spotless characget a good many parlor lectures, tinged with a ter, he would adorn the office of Governor, and little jealousy, since his return home. Hear be a cause of just pride to the State of North Carolina. A BERTIE WHIG.

A WOLF IN SHEEP'S CLOTHING. The Milton Chronicle states that the Rev. Mr. Baring, of the Methodist denomination, who was stationed last year on the Caswell Circuit, was recognized at the Conference last week as a convict of the Georgia penitentiary, whose real name was Angel. He is charged with being a Baptist preacher in Wilmington, North arolina, in 1846, with subsequently kidnapoing negroes, and landing in the Georgia pententiary, where he served out his time, and altering his name to Baring (after the great Bankers of England, with whom he claimed relationship,) returned to North Carolina, and taught

The charges, it is said, were made known to him, when he said he could disprove them; but it seems the Angel left the Conference abrupt y, and took flight to Milton, where he reported that he had been superannuated, and was going to Cuba, for his health. He will undoubted ly paim himself off upon some other community, as one called to preach the gospel; for he is an able and eloquent man, and will not hesitate, if the above statements are well founded, to pursue his unholy work in a field more remote from his incarceration. Now, if Mr. Angel should ever prove his angelic nature-should he ever mount on angel's wings and soar above the slanderers of the world, we will take great pleasure in doing him justice. But circumstances are very much against him .- Rich. Dis.

The late Methodist Conference, held in this ity, passed an order to refer this matter to the Presiding Elder of the Wilmington District, who was instructed to give Baring (or Angel) notice, and cite him to trial; so that he might have a fair opportunity to clear himself if he could:-Whilst all thought him guilty of imposition, it was decided to be nothing but proper to give him a fair chance to vindicate his character, if he could .- Star.

KOSTA COMING.

BOSTON, Nov. 29. The harque Sultana was spoken to-day, twenty miles east of Cape Ann. She has on broard the renowned and illustrious? Martin Kosta .-She will arrive to morrow.

An Overheard Conversation - "Jo, when u grow up, do you mean to be a lawyer, or keep a confectionary store ?" "I havn't made up my mind, Tom, but ma

"Oh, don't be a minister, Jo, for you can't go to the circus then." "I know that, Tom. but a minister, ma says, is the best profession. You know how Mrs. Lovegrew adores Rev. Mr. Prettyface, and wouldn't you like to be adored, Tom?" "Perhaps I should, but then you can't drive

"Oh, yes, you can; ministers drive fast horses now-a-days, and besides that, Tom, when they have a bilious attack, the worshippers send them on a foreign tour; then they get remembered in wills, and often have nice presents, and ma says it won't be long before every minister has his country seat, and a townhouse, and a collegian to write his sermons .-

Tom acquiesced, and the juveniles indulged

in another game of marbles. The Richmond Whig, referring to the fact that Virginia emigration is lately directing its course to the undeveloped regions of the State, instead of going almost exclusively to the new States of the West, speaks in the following terms :- "It is estimated that Virginia has furnished no less than 335,000 emigrants to other portions of the Union-more, perhaps, than any other State. She has truly been the mother of til the money is paid. States, having contributed largely to the population of Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri and Ohio, together with a very respectable representation in the South and Northwest."

Mr. John M. Botts has been appointed Chairman of the Auxiliary Committee for the State of Virginia, of the Clay Monumental Association of Kentucky, and invites the people of Virginia to subscribe for the purpose of erecting a monument over the grave of Mr. Clay.

MARRIED.

On the 23d ult., at Wake Forest, in the Col lege Chapel, by Prof. Wm. T. Brooks, Mr. Waverly Anderson, of Va., to Miss Fannie J. Ligon, of Forest District, youngest daughter of Tolbert Ligon, Esq.
In Christ's Church, Newbern, on Wednesday

morning last, by the Rev. William N. Hawks, Mr. Charles Batre, of Mobile, Ala., to Miss Mary E. P. Forbes, daughter of Stephen B. Forbes, Esq., of this place.

APOLEON AND HIS MARSHALS, by Head. ley. Some one has the first Vol. belonging to me, -please return it. W. H. JONES. December 2nd, 1853.

University.

THE Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees of the University of North Carolina will be held at the Executive Office, on Monday, the 12th of December.

CHAS. MANLY, Sec'y. Raleigh, December 2, 1853.

Oxford Male Academy. J. H. HORNER, Principal. T. J. HORNER, Assistant.

THE next session will open on the 9th of January, and close on the 2d of June. Tuition in the Classical Department, Do do English do \$12 50 and \$16 Board in the family of the Principal, \$10 per nonth ; do in the village, \$9 per month. Oxford, Granville, N. C.

TUST received at PROCTER'S Ribb'd Cotton Drawers, Double breasted Merino Under-Shirts, a superior article. 40 doz. Dress Shirts and Collars.

December 2d, 1853.

I. PROCTER. Dec. 2, 1353

DAXTER'S PATENT OIL PICTURES. cession wing of the party. Mr. Clemens, whose term expired with the last Congress, and who term expired with the last Congress, and who to desire a simple and of the means of the property of scape, &c. A new lot just received by SIMMONS & WHITMORE. Petersburg, Dec. 2, 1853.

> MASONIC. THE GRAND LODGE of North Carolina will convene in this City, on Monday evening, the Officers of Subordinate Lodges are requested to attend in person, or cause proper delegates to be appointed, in obedience to the constitution and general regulations of the Grand Lodge.

WILLIAM T. BAIN,

Grand Secretary. Raleigh, Oct. 14, 1858.

Splendid Lottery--- Dec., 1858. GREGORY & MAURY, Managere (Successors to J. W. Maury & Co.)

\$35,000 ! Lettery for the benefit of the State of Delaware, Class 299 for 1853. drawn at Wilmington, Del., Saturday, Dec

17, 1853 66 Ne Lottery-12 drawn Ballots. SPLENDID SCHEME. 10,000 5,000

\*\*C. &c. &c. &c. C. &c. Tickets, \$10—Halves, \$5—Quar. \$2,50. Certfs. of Pkg's of 22 whl. tickets, \$110 00 de do 22 half do 55 00 22 quarter do. 27 50 Orders for Tickets and shares and Certificates of

Packages in the above spendid Lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and an account each drawing will be sent immediately after it is over to all who order from me. P. J. BUCKEY, Agent, Wilmington, Delaware. Wanted Immediately, BALES COTTON, for which the high-

200 est market price will be paid. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER. Wholesale Stationery Warerooms. WM. A. WHEELER & CO.,

13 & 15 Park Row, (DIRECTLY OPPOSTE THE ASTOR HOUSE,) NEW YORK CITY. Fall Importations,

FRESH GOODS. HE Subscribers have now in store, just received from Europe, a most extensive and carefully selected stock of STAPLE AND FANCY STATIONERY, comprising every variety of ENG-LISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN GOODS. They have also on hand the most complete assortment of American Cap, Letter and Flat Paper, to be found in the United States.

They are sole Proprietors of Whitney's Patent Air-Tight Inkstand, and Agents for sale of Hadley & Field's Writing Fluid, and furnished at a much Buyers who consult their own interest, will not purchase before examining their goods.

WM. A. WHEELER & CO.

Sept. 20, '23. Music.

uation as a music Teacher. He has been en. gaged in that business for a number of years here, in the South, and formerly at the North. A moderate salary would be accepted. For further particulars address : JULIUS L. KERN. Summerville, Cumberland, co., N. C.

HE subscriber is desirous of obtaining a sit-

Watches and Jewelry. WE have just returned from New York WE have just returned from New York and Philadelphia with much the largest stock of Jewelry ever before in Raleigh. It is too large to enumerate-we have-The very finest gold and silver Watches Breastpins, Ear-rings and Finger-rings

Fine Razor Straps and Knives Silver and plated Ware Clocks and Watches Perfumery Extracts and Fancy Goods Pistols and walking Canes Call and see our Jewelry, at reduced prices and

less per cent. than we have heretofore sold at. We are determined to do a large business. PARMER & RAMSAY.

NOTICE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity of Person county, I shall proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 13th day of December next, one tract of land lying in Orange county, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Henry Malone, Richard Hinsley and others, centaining two hundred and fifty acres, more or less, sold for the benefit of the heirs at law of Jonathan Murphy, deceased.

A credit of twelve months will be given. The purchaser will be required to give bond with good security; the title will be retained un-Any person wishing a desirable situation will do

well to examine the land, before the day of sale. JOHN BRADSHER, C. M. E. Roxboro', Person co., N. C., Nov. 22d, 1858.

The Stages

EAVE Raleigh and Salisbury, every Sunday and Wednesday, at 7 A. M., after the arrival of the Cars from the North, (at the former place)

and arrive at each end at 7 P. M., next day, via Ashboro', Pittsboro', Haywood, &c. The Road is stocked with good Three Horse Teams, and Troy built Coaches. Fare through \$8 JAS. M. WADDILL, Contractor. Dec. 18, '52.

A GRADUATE of the University, who has been engaged some years in teaching, wishes to procure the charge of a preparatory school. For further particulars, Sept. 27, 1853. wif-79 DECEIVED this day, and in store, Prime English and Pine Apple Cheese.
W. H. J. R. S. TUCKER.

DEADY MADE CLOTHING .- To close out a large lot of Blanket Over-coats, will sell at

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER. Nov. 8, 1853. UM AND CORDIAL DROPS .- Fig. Marshmallew, Jujube and Liverwort paste, of various flavors, just received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD. Nov. 8, 1853. LPACAS MERINOS .-- Black and colours at A real bargains may be found at the Bee Hive. J. SMITH & CO.,

Proprietors. Norfolk, Oct. 11, '58. DAUPHIN COAL.—120 Tons Dauphin Coal, nut size, suitable for burning in Stoves.

For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE, Portsmouth, Va. Nov. 15, 1853. TUST RECEIVED at C. B. ROOT'S, on Fayetteville Street, (old stand,) a splendid stock of Juns, Rifles, Pistols, Pewder Flasks, French and American Caps. Also, Hardware of nearly every description-such as Cutlery, Pocket and Table

Knives, Scissors, and Razors, of the most superior Raleigh, Nev. 1, 1853. Notice. THE Subscriber requests all persons indebted to his Establishment to come and settle the same

JOHN KANE. N. B. A fine Billiard Table for sale. July 8th, 1858. FRUIT.

J. M. TOWLE'S.

24 BOXES best Layer and Bunch Raisins, in whole, half and quarter boxes, i bbl fresh Currants, 2 boxes Lemons, 2 Bbl Northern Apples, Bordeaux Almonds, Pecan Nuts, Walnuts, Palm Nuts, &c., &c. At F. MAHLER'S & CO. Nov. 15, 1853. RICE.—A tierce of Fresh rice, very nice in J. M. TOWLE'S