The bill to authorize the public treasurer to endorse the bonds of the Neuse River Naviga | the House to the bill concerning salaries and tion Company was read the second time and indefinitely postponed.

The Bill regulating fishing in Tar and Palmico Rivers was read and rejected.

River passed its third reading.

The resolutions in relation to the Seaman's Friend Society, at Wilmington, passed their The bill supplemental to an act establishing the county of Harnett was read the second time and passed. The House of Commons having returned the

bill in relation to the public printing with a sub- an act passed at the present session of the Genstitute, providing that a public printer be elected on the second day of the session,

Mr. Laton moved to refer it to the Committee by ayes 26, noes 7. on the Judiciary. Lost. Mr. Graham moved to strike out the first secthe House concurring, the joint resulution fix-ing the day of adjournment be rescinded, and tion and substitute the provisions of the former that the two Houses adjourn on Saturday next

law lamt Mr. Graham then moved to postpone till at 12 o'clock, which was rejected by ayes 15,

Monday, Lost, The Senate then concurred in the amendment

of the House by Ages 19, Noes 16. Mr. Haughton introduced a bill supplemental to and explanatory of an act entitled an act concerning revenue, passed at the present session of the General Assembly, which passed its first

and second reading.

Mr. Buggs introduced a bill explanatory and amendatory of an act passed at the present ses sion, entitled an act concerning revenue, which passed i a three readings.

The Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

SATURDAY, Feb. 10, 1855. The House came to order at the usual hour Mr. Hill moved to take from the table the re solution confining each speech in debate to if-teen minutes, and amend, by striking out "fit-teen," and insert "ten." The motion to take up pressuled. Mr. Bixter moved to lay it on the table. Ayes and noes demanded. Ayes 23, Nues 55. The amendment to insert "ten" pre vailed. The resolution, as amended, was adop

Mr. Shipp moved to suspend the rules and take up a bill for the establishment of Graham County. Befused.

Mr. D. F. Caldwell offered a resolution to postpone the subject of Banks and currency till the next General Assembly. Mr. Jenkins resolutions, the Senate took a recess. manded the ayes and noes. Ayes 81, Noes 14 Mr. A. D. Headen moved to suspend the rules and take up the Gulf and Graham plankroad bill. Refused.

Mr Gilliam moved to make the Plymouth Bank bill the special order for three o'clock .-Refused.

Mr. Winston, a resolution, that the bill to recharter the State Bank be made the special or-Bynum, Winston, Mann, and S. A. Williams. der for 12 o'clock to-day, and that no other On motion of Mr. Phillips, the consideration of the remaining Revised Statutes was proceed bills be considered, until that, and the bill to recharter the bank of Cape Fear, are considered. J. H. White moved to lay that resolution ed with. The bill concerning salaries and fees was taken up and read the third time. Mr. Phillips moved to insert all that was stricken on the table. Mr. Baxter demanded the aves and nows. Ayes 54, Noes 42. out, on the second reading, except the increased fees of Comptroller and Constables. Mr. Mar-Leave of absence was granted to Messrs Cook

and Johnson. The b.ll to charter the Bank of Wilmington -untimished business of yesterday-was taken

up for further consideration. The question before the House was an amendment offered by Mr. Baxter.

Mr. Baxter rose to protest against the resolution restricting debate. He thought it unfair, when questions of so much importance as Banks and currency are to considered, to pass such a resolution. He said he would express his views to the public through another channel, since he could not do so in the House. He made a few general remarks on the subject of Banking and said, for the reasons above stated, that he would not enter into any discussion. Mr. Shepherd replied, but was called down

by the ten minutes rule. Mr. Singeltary moved to suspend the rule. The chair ruled that it could not be suspended. He then moved to suspend all the rules. A slight discussion arose. Mr. Singeltary withdrew his motion.

Mr. D. F. Caldwell replied to some of Mr. Shepherd's remarks. Called down under the rafe. Mesars. Steele, Dargan, Winston and J. II. Headen, each, consumed the allotted time, in discussing the merits of the question. The last named gentleman proposed to postpone the consideration of this question till next Monday. Mr. J. G. Bynum followed. The motion to postpone was withdrawn. Messrs. Norment and Barringer made some remarks. Mr. Baxter again spoke of the difficulty of debating this question under the restriction of the ten minutes rule, and made some very important statements with regard to the management of businers in the State Bank. Mr. Jenkins followed. Mr. Phillips moved to suspend the rules. The ayes and noes were demanded. Ayes 33.

Noes 53. Refused. The question before the House was the a mendment proposed by Mr. Baxter to the Wilmington Bank bill. Mr. Baxter demanded the ayes and noes. Ayes 6. Noes 61. Mr. Bixter offered another. Before the discussion, which ensued, was terminated, the hour arrived for taking a recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The discussion on the Wilmington Bank was continued.

S. A. Williams offered an amendment to Mr. Baxter's, that the bank pay a tax of one share in forty instead of one in theenty, (Mr. Bax-The aves and noes were demanded. readings. Ayes 48. Noes 42. The amendment, as amended, was rejected by 49 noes to 41 ayes. Mr. Outlaw offered an amendment by which charges against certain officers of a branch of future Legislatures may tax individual dividends. Adopted.

Mr. D. F. Caldwell offered an amendment, re-serving to the State the right of taking stock to charges, which Mr. Baxter preferred. During one half the amount of that taken by individ- the discussion which ensued, the hour arrived uals. During the discussion on this amend- for taking a recess. ment, the hour arrived for taking a recess.

NIGHT SESSION.

The House met at 7 o'clock. The following bills passed their final read-

A bill to incorporate the "Carolina city co." A bill in favor of the Haywood Mining and Manufacturing co.

A bill concerning the Lunatic Asylum. A bill concerning the county of Wilson. A bill to amend the charter of the town of Salisbury.

A bill to incorporate the Pasquotank and Perquimans plankroad co. A bill authorizing the Literary Board to lend ten thousand dollars to the Asheville Female

Institute. Amended by inserting "five," in place of "ten," and passed. A bill authorizing the construction of a toll-

bridge over the Roanoke river, at the town of A bill to incorporate the Lawrence Hotel co. Passed after some discussion. Mr. Mordecai

said this was the first intimation he had of this bill and it gave him great pleasure to support it. A bill to amend the charter of the town of Greensboro. Mr. Sharpe moved to take up the bill to es-

tablish the county of Graham. Refused. A bill to emancipate Lewis, a slave. Mr. Bogle moved to take up the bill to estab-

lish Alleghany co. Refused Two or three other bills of a private character passed. forty of which were of a public character, and

At 64 the House adjourned.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Feb. 12th, 1855. Mr. Biggs presented a resolution instructing the Secretary of State to have the revenue act the Senate on the table. The ayes and noes printed and distributed immediately, which were demanded. Ayes 30, noes 54. printed and distributed immediately, which passed its three readings.

The resolution in relation to the commission- liquor

ers of the Lunatic Asylum was read the second and third times and passed.

The resolution in relation to the public treasurer (allows the treasurer \$1,000 for the nego- demanded the ayes and noes. Ayes 25, noes tiation and sale of State bonds,) passed its sec- 46.7

and and third readings. 1 / 11 17 #

The bill to incorporate the Alamanoe and THI RALLICH REGISTER. and third readings.

The bill supplemental to and explanatory of

era! Assembly, entitled an act concerning the

revenue, was read the third time and passed,

Mr. Haughton introduced a resolution that

The resolution in relation to the Farmer's

Bank of North Carolina was read the second

the Solicitor of the first circuit be instructed to

prosecute those guilty of violating the provis-

AFTERNOON SESSION.

A number of engrossed bills from the Com

Mr. Fisher introduced a biil supplemental to

an act passed at the present session of the Gen-

eral Assembly, entitled an act to incorporate

the South Yadkin Navigation Company, which

passed its three readings.

The resolution in relation to the Farmer's

Bank coming up, Mr. Graham offered a subst

March. Lost. Ayes 6, Noes 32.

the resolution passed.

adopted by Ayes 19, Noes 15.

journal was dispensed with.

passed their final reading :

concurred in.

noes 29. Adopted.

a very large majority.

Rejected.

Rejected.

Mr. Person moved to postpone until the 1st of

Mr. Graham's amendment was adopted and

The resolution instructing the public Treasu-rer to receive in payment of public dues no bills

of a less denomination than three dollars was

After the passage of several private bills and

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The House met at the usual hour, and, o

motion of Mr. J. Q. Bynum, the reading of the

tin moved to amend by striking out the salary

of the Superintendent of Common Schools .-

An act concerning the Revised Statutes.

Ayes and noes demanded. Ayes 44. Noes 46

The following acts (part of the Revised Code)

A bill concerning Pilots. Mr. Gilliam offer

d an amendment to strike out "the same sum'

and insert "half the sam." Considerable dis

cussion ensued. The ayes and noes were de

manded. Ayes 63. Noes 30. Mr. Stubbs of

A message from the Senate was received

transmitting the bill concerning Cherokee lands,

Mr. Patterson offered a resolution relative to

The unfinished business of yesterday (Bank

Mr. Singeltary offered an amendment, tha

ne loan shall be made to any subscriber or

stock, until half the capital stock is actually

paid in. Ayes and noes demanded. Ayes 62

The other branch of the amendment, that n

aves and noes demanded. Ayes 32, noes 57

the tax from thirty to fifty cents on shares .-

loans to ten thousand. Rejected.

motions of the above character.

Mr. Singeltary offered another, restricting

An amendment offered by Mr. Phillips was

Great confusion and uncertainty in the House

accepted. The bill passed its second reading.

as to what it should next do. Several motions

to take up various bills were rejected. The

ayes and noes demanded three or four times, on

The House continued debating what it should

do, until the hour for taking a recess arrived.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Raleigh Railroad passed its second and third

A resolution concerning the Wilmington and

The various Bank questions occupied all the

NIGHT SESSION.

THE POLLOWING BILLS WERE ACTED UPON.

making its application general, was adopted.

A message was received from the Senate, pro-

posing a joint select committee to reconsider

the time for adjournment sine die. A discus-

sion arose on the question to concur and the

ayes and noes were demanded by Mr. Yancy.

A bill to incorporate the Greensboro Mining

A bill to incorporate the McDowell and Yan-

A bill to incorporate the Virginia and North

A bill to prevent the sale of spirituous li-

quors to slaves. During a discussion which

ensued on this bill, a message was received

from the Senate, concurring in a proposition

to rescind the resolution to adjourn on Wednes-

day next, and substituting Saturday next, the

Mr. Outlaw, from the committee on the sub-

ten bank bills. It was the opinion of the com-

mitree that the House could not adjourn before

Mr. Baxter moved to lay the message from

The question then was the passage of the

On motion, the House adjourned.

Carolina Agricultural Society. Indefinitely

The committee on the part of the House

cy turnpike Co. Amended and passed.

The House come to order at 7 o'clock.

The bill passed its final reading.

Ayes 57, Noes 36. Concurred in.

Messrs. Outlaw and J. G. Bynum.

and Manufacturing, Co. Passed.

postponed.

Saturday.

the time of adjournment, which was rejected.

of Wilmington,) was taken up. The question

fered an amendment. Ayes 29. Noes 52.

Monday, Feb. 12, 1855.

mone of a private nature passed their several

Pending which, the Senate took recess.

third readings.

one of the charter.

The Senate concurred in the amon "Ours' are the plane of fair, delightful peact, Unwarped by party rape, to live like brothers." The resolution to repeal an act authorizing Josiah C. Watson to exect a dam across Neuse

RALEIGH, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 14, 1855.

THE LEGISLATURE. The two Houses of the Legislature have reseinded their joint agreement to adjourn tomorrow, (Wednesday,) and fixed upon Saturday as the period of adjournment. It is doubtful whether the important business, remaining to be transacted, can be consummated by that

The various questions connected with our Banking System, it will be seen, by reference to the proceedings of that Body, are at present engrossing the attention of the House of Commons, and create no little excitement. It is next to impossible to predict what action, if any, will be had upon this most important matter. Certainly it is a subject which should be approached with that calm, unprejudiced deliberation, and that studious regard for the interests of the community, befitting its mag-

We are pleased to say that the Bill increasing the salary of the Governor to \$3000, and that of the Treasurer and his Clerk, has passed both Houses and is a law.

SUPREME COURT.

The following are the decisions delivered in the Supreme Court, since our last notice:

By Nass, C. J. In Otey v. Hoyt, from Pitt, reversing the judgment. Also, in State v. Moss, from Mecklenburg, affirming the judgment. Also, in Streater v. Bank of Cape Fear, from New Hanover, in equity, dismissing the

By PEARSON, J In Freeman v. Mebane, in equity, from Bertie, overruling the demurrer. Also, in Kiser v. Kiser, in equity, from For. sythe, dismissing the bill. Also, in Nelson v. Hughes, in equity, from Besufort, dismissing tricksters, they made a still more humiliating ex-The following gentlemen are the Committee on enrolled bills for the week: Messrs. J. G.

By BATTLE, J. In Turnage v. Green, from Pict. Also, in Holt v. Clapp, in Equity, from Alamañoe, dismissing the bill with costs. Also, in Halsey v. Haughton, in Equity, from Perquimans, injunction to be made perpetual.

MILBURNIE MILLS.

We have been shown some specimens of per manufactured at the above Mills, recently erected on an extensive scale on the Neuse, six miles North-east of this City. The paper is of an excellent texture, well calendered, and of superior whiteness, and affords the most pleassing indication of the ability of the company to give satisfaction to all customers.

The affairs of the Company are under the management of an association of intelligent and energetie gentlemen, who will be wanting in no with certain amendments, which the House

THE REVENUE BILL.

However objectionable some of the features before the House was on an amendment. The of this bill may be to individuals, here and there, aves and noes were demanded; ayes 23, noes it is a matter of congratulation that the Legislature has fixed upon a scheme of taxation, that will prove adequate to the demands that will be made upon the Treasury, during the next two years. Appropriations made, money must be raised to meet them, and it is the part of manly independence and true wisdom to Director or other officer shall be loaned in the aggregate more than five thousand dollars,devise the full means by which this may be

We shall take an early opportunity of pubishing the material portions of the Bill.

Mr. Baxter offered an amendment increasing A travelling correspondent of the " New York Express," writing from Raleigh, draws Mr. Baxter offered another, increasing the the following graphic sketches of some of the tax from thirty cents to one dollar. Adopted by distinguished members of our State Senate :

> " Having met here and conversed with some of the most distinguished men of the State, and, through the politeness of members of both branches of the Legislature, occupied a seat in the lobpies of the Senate and House at different times, I | State. had the opportunity of judging, to some extent, of their ability as parliamentary debaters.

The Hon. W. A. Graham, formerly Senator to Congress from this State, and subsequently Secretary of the Navy during Mr. Fillmore's Administration, is the Senator from the county of Orange so fruitful in great men, having at one period both Senators in Congress, three Judges of the Supreme Court of the State, and several Circuit Court Judges. Mr. Graham is so well known to the public, that it would be a work of supererogation to speak of him in any other way than as one of North Car-

rest of the Afternoon Session. Mr. Baxter's olina's noblest sons. The Hon. John H. Haughton, from the county the State Bank created a very warm discussion. of Chatham, is also a Senator of the present Gene-Mr. D. F. Caldwell offered a resolution that a ral Assembly, and I discovered, in the short time I have been here, that he stands prominent as a debater, clear and logical. He at all times meets the expectations of his best friends, and recently, I understand, upon the Convention question, he delivered a speech in the Senate, which, for its powerful argument, clear deduction and irresistible conclusions, places him in the rear of no one.

I had the pleasure also to see and hear the Sen ator from Guilford, the Hon. John A. Gilmer, who has a wide reputation as a speaker, and, indeed, very justly; his powerful voice, his reasoning, his A bill to pay tales jurors in Alamance and sloquence, and oftentimes his keen saroasm, proother Counties. On motion, a similar bill for ducing a thrill through the body, electrifying in its Warren Co. was taken up. An amendment, effect.

cendant than any I have seen in North Carolina, is the Hon. Kenneth Rayner, of whom I spoke in my last letter, and I do no more than justice to him to say that, without detracting from those already mentioned, Mr. Rayner, in talents, is the equal of any man in the State, and should it appear that more is said of him than others, it must be ascribed to the fact, that although he has always occupied a high position at home and abroad, that recent events, purely American, have placed him more conspicuously, not only before the people of this State, but the people of the United States."

The late severe weather at the North, accompanied by Snow Storms, has deranged the transmission of the mails all over the country, particularly in the North and West. On / FRENCH SPOLIAGION BILL.-It is seriously apthe Illinois Central Railroad, last week, a trainf prebended, that President Pinnen, following was still frozen up near Decatur, and the the example of Mr. Pols, will veto this meawretched passengers suffered not only for lack sure of justice and right, which has lately pasof fuel, but for want of food, and, shocking to sed both Houses of Congress. We hope that relate, were compelled, by the bitter necessi- there is no foundation for the rumor. ject of adjournment, reported that there were ties of their condition, to eat dogs to keep from on the Speaker's table three hundred bills- starving!

In various other quarters much suffering has been experienced. The Northern newspapers are filled with accounts of the extent of suffer ing caused by the storms, especially to Railroad passengers and stage drivers.

The "Albany Evening Journal" in its following compliment to the Demogratic members of the Legislature:

"It is due to the Demogratic members of the Legislature, to say, that no active part as a public speaker against ther branch of the Legislature, to say, that no active part as a public speaker against the measure repealing the Missouri Comprosition came from them."

The measure repealing the Missouri Comprosition came from them."

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The measure repealing the Misso

A SAME A PART AND A MORNING TO A

THE ELECTION OF SEWARD. THE AMERICAN PARTY IN NEW YORK.

"Albany Hagiston/ (Whig house)

ing organi) of Coursey 7th, includes in the

was secured by the vilent treachery that ever marked a political contest. Men who were plas-tered with pledges all over against the return of

Mr. Seward-who could no more have been elec-

They were not blind to the fact that a great revo-

ution had taken place in the public mind in re-

gard to the return of Mr. Seward to the Senate.

They admitted that the history of the special e-lections in Orleans and in the Twenty-ninth Sen-

tion in every Senate district, and of nine out of every ten of the Assembly districts, next fall. And yet, in the face of all this, influenced by some

mysterious agency, they negatived the popular

Men like Speaker Littlejohn, with a fatuity that

amounted almost to the sublime, stood up in their places, and, while, by their own showing, they vio-

lated obligations the most solemn, gloried in their

shame-whining about impositions upon their

simplicity, about being the victims of crafty

hibition of themselves by becoming the instru-

ments of still greater tricksters, men of a thou-

whom they pretended to have been betrayed.

Fawning and thattery overcame alike their princi-

when they have used them for their purposes,

and avowed friends of Mr. Seward from the be-

respect them, for they have violated no pledges,

betrayed no trust, abandoned no friends, falsified

But Mr. Seward is elected. And what then

sess or defeat in this election will have no bear-

sweep right on as before, increasing in volume

We have now come to the parting of the ways,

can party, leads to the right; that of the frag-

mentary remains of the old organizations, fused

into an agglomerate of opposition, leads to the

the Legislature, it has not been so with the peo-

people are laboring under no such delusion. -

this great American movement forward to success-

would a straw thrown to the winds. A tempora-

ry triumph, secured by such instrumentalities,

will not for a moment check the overwhelming

march of revolution that is sweeping over the

Mr. Seward is elected, and again we ask, wha

istence, entered the arena against the strongest

opponent that could possibly be found, the most

formed-itself indisciplined, unskilled in strategy,

defeat even arose future victories. It proved

American character that could not be overcome-

that it could neither be seduced into submission

nor conquered by power. That same element ex-

its still, and will conquer now, as it did then. The

course of the American party will be enward and

upward in the future as in the past, and the

election of Mr. Seward will not advance or retard

At elections held recently in the towns

of Hillsboro', Milton, Wadesborough and Wash-

ington, in this State, for town officers, the Know

Nothing candidates were chosen by large ma-

INCREASE OF SALARIES: - A bill has passed the

House of Representatives, at Washington, and

will doubtless pass the Senate, "regulating the

salaries of the District Judges of the United

States." Among other items, it provides that

the yearly salary of the District Judge in North

Carolina shall be \$2500, instead of \$2000, as at

The "Weldon Herald" nominates that

gallant and gifted Whig, DAVID A. BARNES, of

Northampton, as a candidate for Congress, in

the District at present represented by the Hon.

ELECTION OF SENATOR IN ILLINOIS.

NALMETER & WHITE.

its final 'riumph a single hour."

inscrupulous combinations that could possibly be

next, for twenty years to come.

o unscrupulous craft than those by

entiment, and disobeyed the popular will

We have been favored with the subjoined letfollowing dependent upon the recess reselection. ters to an esteemed friend from distinguished sources at the North, which we take great please of the traiter Seward to the United States Sen agree in laying before our readers. We wish to disabluse the public mind of the moustrous impressions which Mr. Wise and the Jupic pressure, with almost frantic efforts, striving to make upon the public mind relative to the American purry—and we feel an additional apprecianing these letters at the present time, in as We give them for the gratification of the public curiosity, which seems to be highly, ex cited as to the modes by which the election was "An election for a United States Senator was held yesterday by the Legislature of the State of New York, which results in the return of Wm. H. Seward by a majority of six. This result was not surprising to any. It would have been a prodigious fact, if the American party, as yet scarcelly a year old, should have succeeded in defesting a candidate who is beyond all question the strongest man of all the old organizations—a man who gathered to his supports a stronger hand of an account of the strong gless which supports a stronger hand of an account of the strong gless with clean hands. They did all they could be selected in this or any other State. His friends were untiring, and unscrupulous as they were untiring. in their gallant exertions by an enemy who was ring, and unscrupulous as they were untiring. They were old in intrigue; skilled in all the arts in the field with all his forces before the new and appliances which command success. They were familiar with political factics, had possesscombatants could gather sufficent strength for ion of all the party strings that they had been pull- are determined to continue the war and dispute ing with entire success for years. They were the every inch of ground until they retrieve the formost cunning and artful men of the State, who tunes of the day and crush the legions of Aboesitated in the use of nothing, however corrupt, litionism. With a confidence unshaken, and a duplicity however vile, to secomplish their purcourage undaunted, they will fight on in the great cause which they have enlisted in. We succeeded by a bare majority of two in the Scu-ate and four in the House. Even this lean triumph

INTERESTING LEPTERS

No. 6, BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

have not time nor room for further comments

at precent, and will now let them speak for

themselves -Pet. Intelligencer.

ted to the Legislature, had their constituents sus-pected their future action, then they could have rolled back the current of Magara-world for him. Every member of the Legislature knew, and most of them acknowledged, that they were January 17, '55. DEAR SIR :- Your favor of the 15th is before me. . I can assure our friends in Virginia that we are fully alive to the importance of defeating and most of them acknowledged that they were giving a broad negation to the popular will doing violence to the sentiments of their constituents. Gor. Seward, and we are exerting ourselves to the utmost to secure a victory. Our friends, however, should remember that our Senste, which has an equal voice with the Assembly, was elected one year ago last November, and that in that body Mr. Seward started with a clear majority of 7 out of 32. It is very difficult to overcome such a majority in so small a body. ate district would be the history of the elec-

Truly yours, &c. DANIEL ULLMAN,

NEW YORK, Feb. 1, 1855.

DEAR SIR :- I have just received your letter of the 30th ult., stating that "the effort is now being made by Mr. Wise, in all his harangues before the people, to create the impression that the Know Nothing Order is no other than an anti-slavery party in disguise," and asking my views on the subject. I hasten to reply, although thereby deprive myself of the opportunity to liscues this unwarranted aspersion of a great and patriotic movement as fully as the occasion demands.

ples and their numese, and, breaking all the ties of fratermization, they went over to those who, From an early and intimate association with the American pary, I can safely pronounce the will throw them, like worthless weeds, away. We charge of Abolitionism against that Organization have no controversy with that portion of the whig in the North to be utterly and entirely false. I party, that was, who have been the constant, open do not know what may have been said by the Rev. Mr. Clarke, of Bostor, in the sermon alginning. They stood upon principle as they un-derstood it, and however we may differ from them in regard to the propriety of his election, we can luded to, nor do I know whether he is recognized as a member in good standing of any American Organization, but I am well aware that political Abolitionists, especially those pulpit politicians who, unmindful of Christ's rebuke no prefession, proved traitors to no principles. We to those who asked, "Master, is it lawful that give them credit for integrity of purpose, and can respect, however we may differ from, them in we give tribute unto Casar or no?" degrade their holy calling by mingling in party strife, have attached themselves in some instances to the American party, as they have to the Demo Those who suppose that the great American party was organised simply in opposition to Mr. Seward made a great mistake. To that party, he, as well cratic or Whig parties, to secure their own unhallowed purposes. That our Organization itrather with the principles he professed. If he and Union, I proudly and defiantly assert .stands in the way of its progress, it will stride The men who have adopted the Farewell Adright on over him or sweep him away. His sucdress of George Washington as their political text-book can never be traitors to their country

ing on the future. The American sentiment will nor to any portion of it. and growing in power. As the election in the that the most prominent Abolition newspapers thenty-ninth district resulted in its triumph, so in this State, such as the Albany Journal and will that of every other district next fall, and the N. Y Tribune, are arrayed in deadly hostility to the so called Order of Know Nothings, and that the impossibility of using the Order to propoint which has not been before reached. The mote the political views of their Magnus Apollo. path of American men, who make up the Ameri-William H. Seward, has given rise to a spurious Organization, which, though regarded by us a "small porato" affair, created, for a time, among our friends abroad, serious apprehenleft. If the savor of the ancient fleshpots has sions of a split in New York. If Mr. Seward been too strong for professed American men in is beaten in the Senatorial contest next week his defeat will be owing to the efforts of the ple. If those men have, in the blindness of their infatuation, mistaken the death throes of the levi-Order; and I predict that if any member of the athan for returning and invigorated vitality, the New York Legislature, who has been hitherto affiliated with the American movement, votes They are awake, and in earnest, and will carry for William H. Seward, he would hereafter and ful consummation, and the election or defeat of

forever be spurned and repudiated by the Organization Mr. Seward will no more alter the future, than In conclusion, I have no words to express my detestation of the political trickery which attempts to prejudice a great political cause for base and selfish purposes; and I beseech my brethren of the South to discredit the false and slanderous report, and to spurn the demagogues who originate or give currency to it. Your then! This American party, only a year in ex-American brothers of the North offer you their hand, in fraternal regard for the common welfare of our whole country—they demand of you no sacrifices, and they wish to infringe none of your rights-they desire to bury in oblivion the against the veterans of thirty years' experience slavery question, with the memory of all the in party tactics and political intrigue, and yet on heart burnings it has occasioned, and to leave the first trial came within six votes of overthrowing these hitkerto invincible opponents. At the it where the Constitution leaves it-and they battle of Bunker Hill the Americans were driven promise sacredly to regard the rights of the from the field. They failed to achieve a victory, States. They do ask, however, your earnest but their courage in re isting the tried veterans | co-operation in their labors and sacrifices to of a hundred battles, fresh from the fields of their preserve our dearly bought institutions from fame, gave a prestige of success that achieved at the dangers of foreign aggression, and domestic last the triumph of the revelution. From that treachery, so that our linked arms may bind indissolubly our sacred Union! that resistance to wrong was an element of the

You are at libert to make what use you think proper of this hurried epistle. I am, with respect,

Very truly, yours, JNO. W. BRYCE.

DAMMING FISH .- An amusing debate occurred on the 5th inst., in the North Carolina Logislature, on a bill to repeal an act authorizing a Dr. Watson to erect a dam across Neuse river. One of the members, Mr. Mordecai, was very hard upon the dam. He considered the fish of the Neuse river badly treated by that dam, the floodgate of which had been constructed in such manner that they could'nt possibly come up the river. Their rights had been interfered with. and handreds of valiant "horny-heads" were now crowded up against that dam, to be caught by pin-hooks. This horrible dam had spread pilious fever, death and destruction from the lower end of Johnston to the upper end of Wake. and the only possible use of it was, to enable Dr. Watson, or his heirs, to stop shad and sell them at high prices.

Mr. Mordecai added, that he stood up for the rights of his constituents, who wanted the dam torn down, and whom he was so ready to serve that if they called upon him at midnight to aid them, he "would rise and flap his wings."-Some of his fair constituents he saw in the gallery, and he knew that if they had a voice on the floor, they would endorse what he had said. and say, Go it Mordecai! He thought the House ought to pass the measure, but if the House thought differently, he did'nt care a dam.

It is gratifying to know that Mr. Mordecai hereafter go if with a perfect looseness. Richmond Dispatch.

DECLINATION OF MR. BRECKENRIDGE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 .- It is stated that the Hon, Mr. Breckenridge declines the post of SPRINGFIELD, February 8 .- The election of Minister of Spain. The continued illness of United States Senator has resulted in the Mrs. Breckenridge, it is said, has induced him

pastor

ATTO IT I TO IL TO

One glance soon told the tale to me.

And Love we know will ever fee. To gase upon the young and fair! How can Love say he doth not care.

To win the gent beside him!

And if he lies let him beware,

Lest some worse fate betide him!

LATE FROM EUROPE.

The American mail steamer Atlantic has arrived at New York with London and Liverpool dates to the 27th ultimo. Wegive a summary of the news:

Lord John Russer, has resigned, and a general dissolution of the English Ministry is threatened. The other English news is not important: The Vienna conference will not meet until the middle of February. The public feeling in England it is said, is tending towards peace. Russia Interprets the four points thus: First the abolition of the Russian protectorate over Moldavia and Wallachia, those Provinces being placed under

the guarantee of the five Powers; second, the free navigation of the banube; third, a revision of the

navigation of the Manube; third, a revision of the treaty of 1941, to attach mere completely the existence of Europe; fourth, a collective guarantee of the five Powers for the consecration and observance of religious privileges of the different caristian communities, without distinction of any form of worship. No change tatel occurred in affairs at Schastepol. No general battle had taken piace. The Russians had made two mostles had made two posters. had made two sorties, but, as usual, they were repulsed with considerable loss. Large, minferce-ments were reaching the Alles. General Liveauss had again advanced his outposts to Tokermays with forty thousand men, and eighty thousand are said forty thousand men, and eighty thousand are said to be at Perekop, on their way to the Crimes. A letter from Odessa, of the 19th, says that the Bussians will shortly assume the offensive. Letters state that the French division had gained the flag-staff battery, and only awaited a favorable opportunity to blow it up. The Bussians had repaired and reoccupied the Quarantine Fort. The last of the Turkish convoys left Varna for Balakiava on the

A despatch from Manscattors, dated the 17th; and published at St. Petersburgh on the 20th, was to the following effect : "The siege operation! not advance; two successful sorties were made on the 13th and 15th; we sook tourteen French and English prisoners; and the Allies lost a considers. ble number in killed."

Sickness continued to increase in the camps the Allies. The weather had been cold but was milder at the latest date. Menschikoff is reported to have said of his troops "that they might rest, for Generals January, February, and March would fight their battles far better than they could."

LIVERPOOL FEBRUARY 26 .- The sales of cotton for the week were 37,000 bales. Orleans, fair, 53-8; Orleans middling, 51-8; upland fair, 52-8; middling, 5. The market opened with a good demand but fell off at the close. Flour has been in moderate request. Western canal 42s. 6d.; Ohio 46s. Corn, yellow, 46s.;

GLENN'S TRUE VERBENA WATER .- This delightful perfume, prepared by a chemical process, from the hot house plant, LEMON TRIPOLIA, is confidently recommended to the Ladies in particular, on account of its refreshing and delightful odor. It contains all the fragrance of the plant itself in a concentrated form, and will be found says useful for removing the languer occasioned by growled exertions to make their enterprize eminently as any other individual man, is as nothing. In self, however, is pure, both in principle and practice rooms, de. Also, as a delicious perfume for the than the Extracts, and yet equally good, and a pleasant change for the Rau de Cologne.

Also, Glenn's Musk Toilet Water, Glenn's Citronella Water, Gionn's Rose Geranium Water For I need scarcely call your attention to the fact | Sale in Raleigh by P. P. PESCUD, Draggist and Chemist.

LIPPITT'S SPECIFIC.

Dysentery, Diarrhosa, and Summer presenting this justly celebrated Medicine t the public, we make no rash assertions of its micacy, nor is any hope held out to the afflicted

which faces do not warrant: This remedy having been, for years, used in this lace, for the cure of the above diseases, and those ppertaining to the same class, the Proprietor has en induced to offer it on a more extensive scale, with a view to lessen the amount of human suffering. I have never known it to fail, when the Directions were strictly adhered to.

Many useless nostrums have been palmed upon the public, and I hesitated for some time, until thoroughly convinced of its effect.

Certificates

Extract of a letter received from S. J. CARROLL: BALTIMORE, Jan. 10th. 1953.

WM. H. LIPPITT, Esq., -Dear Sir: -I have no hesitation in saying that your Specific is one of the best Medicines extant for Dysentery, Diarrhora, &c. You possibly may recollect my case; if it has esemped your memory, I will give you briefly the facts. I had tried everything that I had seen used, but with little success. And after using enough to start twenty-five Homeopathic M. D's., I began to despair, when you kindly offered me your invaluable Medicine, which sured me effectually.
Yours truly, S. J. CARROLL.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 14, 1853.

WM. H. LIPPITT, Esq. Dear Sir :- I have used your specific in two cases in my family for Dysen-tery. In one, a spoonful effected a complete cure in the other, three had the like effect.
Respectfully, &c., THOS. LORING,

Ed. Commercial. HARRELL'S STORE,

NEW HANOVER Co., N. C., Oct. 10, 1864. WM. H. Lippirr, Esq., - Dear Sir: It is with plea sure I state that I have used your Specific for the cure of Dysontery, Diarrhusa, &c., and have found t to produce the desired effect in every case I tree it, after the usual remedies have failed. I recommend it with confidence to the public.

Respectfully, &c., J. B. SEAVEY, M. D.

SAVANNAH, GE., Dec. 26, 1841. MR. WM. H. LIPPITT, - Dear Sir: It is with plea sure I acknowledge the wonderful effects o Medicine for curing Diarrhosa or Bowel Complaint, as I am antished it was the means, under God, of saving the life, first of my child, and then of my brother. As my brother was given up by one of the most eminent physicians in this piace, Drs. Richardson and Wregg; and when I consulted the latter, as to the propriety of trying it on him so low, he said I might, to satisfy myself that I had left nothing untried, but he did not think that med scine would be of any use to him. But, thank God, he was inlittaken, as we saw the saintary effects in 24 hours, and in ten days he was able to be out

I remain yours, very truly and gratefully,

WM. BAILY,

Prepared and sold by WM. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington, N. C. For sale by WILLIAMS & HATWOOD, and PESCUD, Raleigh, N. C. For sale by W. H. MOORE, Galdsbere', N. C.

REPORT OF THE NORFOLK MARKET. PORWARDED TO THE " REGISTRE," BY A. M. MePHEE?ERS & CO. Nezrolk, Peb. 10, 1865.

Flour—The market is more firm to day, and we note sales of S. F. a \$9 \ a 9 \; Extra 10 a 10 \; Cora in demand—sales to day of White a \$6 \; Mixed 83c \; Yellow 90c—tending upward.

Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of Sales of fair 8c \; Choice loss \$1 \; Cotton—Sales of Sales of Sal Staves R. O. \$38; W. O. 60; Pipe leading 50; (in demand.)

The said of Blance materials in my

WILMINGTON MARKET. WILMINGTON, Feb. 10th., 1864

MARKET.

75. Cook, M. to Bl; Whest, 1 25; Oats, 62. Ides; per to—Dry, So.; Green, 3 to 4 Bemarks.—We note an adtive business week is the produce market. Prices of all kinds steady, without much change.

Bacon is selling at 10 to 100 etc. per lb.

Cotton is something lower. Sales pri mipally et Cotton is something lower.

In Salisbury, on Wednesday sight last, from a short but severe stack of Pneumonia, Maxwell Chambers, Ear, aged seventy-fre gears.

In Mound Prairie, Hempeteed county, fremess, on the 5d of January, him. Mary M. Moore, wife of Stephen Moore, Est., aged 12 years. She was the aidest daughter of Gen. Alexander Gray, of Randolph county M. C. and the mother of twelve children, seven of whom survive to mourn her loss. Previous to the Fall of 1853, she was a resident of Hillsborough, N. C., at which time she removed with her family to Hempstead county, Ar ansas.

> W. P. ELLIOTT. General Commission and

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILMINGTON & WELDON & N. C. R. B THROUGH PREIGHTS.

Hag f Supt 's Office W. & W. R. H.
Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 10th, 1858.

TREEGHTS from
Wilmington or
any Station on the

Feb. 18, 1855.

Fob. 18, 1855.

Bellread, 1815 miles; from Baleigh to Portsmouth.

Va 1764—difference 45 miles.

Freight on a barrel of Flour; from Orange to Wilmington is 29 conts ican than it is from Orange to Portsmouth.

Paust. Winebrener & Co. No. 45, Norte SED STREET, ABOVE MARKET. PHILADELPHIA.

RE now opening their Spring Stock of MARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c. the country, which they offer at the lowest prices

count for cash, per funds. Peb. 13, 1855. Im 13 Payetteville Observer copy to amount of

WILL BE SOLD at the Court House Door, in the city of Raleigh, on Monday, the first day of February court, two LIKELY NEGRO MEN.

DROPOSALS FOR A LOAN TO THE COUN TY OF CRAVEN —In accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly incorporating the Atlantic and North Carolina Rullroad Company," the County of Uraven has subscribed to the Cap ital Stock of said company one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

of the County.

By the order directing the issue of said bonds, they will bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, at the "Merchant's Bank of Newbern," or at the "Fulton

terest simple and easy.

The security upon which the said bonds will be based will be the real estate and taxable polls of the County of Craven. The passent accessed each value of the real estate of the Dounty is one million one hundred and nine thousand, eight hundred and twenty two dollars, and the number of taxable polls is three thousand five hundred sher of taxable polls is three thousand five bun-Proposals for said loss will be received; and all

other necessary information upon this subject will be furnished by the subscribers, on application to GEORGE GREEN, Agents for GEO. S. STEVENSON, Craven County

NORTH CAROLINA COPPERS MINE.—By virtue of a Deed in Trust, excepted by the President and Directors of the North Carolina Mining Company to the undersigned. Trusts for certain purposes therein contained, and stay registered in the Register's Office of Guifferd County, N. C., I will sell at public sale, for east, on the princes, also miles South of Greensbore', on Thursday, the 27th of February, 1850, theveluable property known as the North Unroline Copper Mine, containing about 100 mrss, together with all the Mining Satures. Engines, Horses, Faggons, &c., &c.

tinued from day to day until all is seld.

JAMES SLOAN, Trustee.

Agency at Washington City.

(lette of North Carolina.) FILL prosecute claims of every description before Congress, the several Executive De-nartments and Public Offices. Particular attonpartments and Punis Outcos.
ties will be given to Claims for PENSIONS and

warding Merchant

any Station on the William on the Marth Carolina R. R., and also from any Station on the N. C. R. R. to willinington or other points on the N. L. R. R. to Wilnington or other points on the W. R. R., will be transhipped and forwarded from Goldsboro — free of charge for transhipment, &c.

By the 15th of March next, arrangements will be made by which Goods and produce from the interior for shipment from, or to be sold in Wilnington, and also from See for the interior, will be delivered or received on the Company's wharf and forwarded free of charge for wharfage writers, age.

Feb. 18, 1855.

HABDWAREL

TRAMS .- Six months credit or six per cout.

\$3 and charge this Office.

Terms made known on the day of sule. Pebruary 18, 1866.

In order to meet the instalments which may be due, and which may hereafter become due on said subscription, the said County proposes to nego-tiate aloan or loans, to be secured by the bonds

Bank of New York," at the option of the holder, These bonds will be redeemable on the first day of July, one thousand sight hundred and seventy-four, and not before, without the consent of the holder. The bonds will be issued with Coupons attached, which will render the collection of the in-

The Trustee deems it unnecessily to give an extended description of this property, or the property and all persons that may desire to examine the property and underground operations that every facility will be given either by himself or the Superintendant on the property.

JENNINGS PIGOTT and JNO, W. HANCOCK