THE RALEIGH BEGISTER.

"Ours' are the plane of fair, delightful peace, Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers."

RALEIGH, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAR, 14 1855. 1

THE OSTEND DOCUMENTS. The documents detailing the proceedings of Messrs. Soule, Buchanan, and Mason at Ostend, with the subsequent instructions from the Sec retary of State, [which we published in our last issue,) are now but little more than subjects of curious inquiry, because the temper of the public mind in regard to the acquisition of Cubs has so entirely changed, that we feel comparatively but a slight interest in the measures that were then taken to unite the last insular possamion of the Spanish crown to our country .-We are now happily freed, (as the " Baltimore American" well remarks,) from the popular excitement in regard to the subject which noisy demagogues had so well succeeded in raising as to inoculate the government with their own fever of acquisition. But though this condition of the public mind will divest the Ostend Conference of much of the importance it would otherwise have possessed, and entirely prevent the injurious influence its doctrines of aggrandisement and national dishonesty might then have exercised, we imagine that the conservative and intelligent mind of the country will deeply regret that the history of our coun-try is stained by a proceeding so utterly inde-So far, we have only the official history of this

remarkable gathering, and whilst it substantially shows that the affair was a reality, authorized by an official order, there is evidently much yet to be learned through other and more private sources, before we can thoroughly understand the entire aspect of the subject. Mr. Marcy undoubtedly directed the Ministers to meet together and to consult upon the subject of Cuban annexation, but we may question whether a Statesman usually so cautious and considerate as his course has proved him to be, expected that the affair was to assume the proportions and publicity which the three Ministers gave to it. As we read his note, he merely directs an informal meeting of the three Ministers for the purpose of comparing notes and maturing opinions, the results of which were to be communicated to him. He may reasonably have supposed that this would be done as quietly, and with as little pomp and ceremony as possible. He was not sufficiently aware, however, of the fact that it was impossible for Mr. Soule to move at all, much less upon any important occasion, without such a blast of trum pets as would call the attention of all the world and the most was made of it by outside conferences, by mysterious whisperings, and the asty claim a connection with the United States

But much as Mr. Marcy may have been annoved at the circumstances under which the miration for his bold self reliance, and the many prised at the spirit and sentiments of the advice ground to have hoped that the conservative and of their colleague, and have given to the document which met their united approval a character that would not have caused their countrymen to blush at its wild schemes of colonial conquest or to deplore its manifest injustice to a fee. ble friendly power.

GEORGE Law, of New York, has replied | Such is the reward of a public servant! to the letter of the Know Nothing members of the Pennsylvania Legislature, inviting him to become a candidate for the Presidency. He defines his position very frankly. He opposes sectional agitation; considers the American endeavored to band together citizens of foreign ly sufficient to defray government expenses .the treasury impolitic, causing frequent convulcurrency and every branch of business. His tariff views, it is supposed, will not give him any great popularity in Pennsylvania with the Know-Nothings.

The census of four districts in Kansas has been completed, showing a population of suchusetts next; Illinois next; then Ohio; other States being but sparsely represented. Mis-Southern States respectively. Arkansas is hardly represented at all, though it was supposed are but four slaves and fifteen free colored pers us in the four districts reported. The majority of the inhabitants are farmers, though every industrial occupation, and a pretty good share of the professions, have their representatives .-Mechanics appear to be abundant, lawyers nu- ardor and affection. The embrace took place among the Catholic clergy of Kentucky, was

725,000. The export of grain from the single port of Odessa in the year 1852, was to the value of \$28,135,000.

The latest intelligence from Havane affords proof that the apprehended revolt has come to nothing, and that the blookade, and the m ry law, and the aid of foreign fleets, which had been resorted to, were founded chiefly upon the alarming attitude of this government as represented by our diplomatists abroad. The Spanish yoke is thus rendered much more grievous to the Creoles by the jealousies entertained by the Spanish government of American designs on Cubs. The same circumstance renders Cuba a dear "jewel" to keep - the revenue from it being entirely expended in its protection.

It is said that when Sir CHARLES NAPIER returned to England, and presented himself at the Admiralty, he was ushered into their presence, and the first Lord rose and offered the Admiral his hand. Sir CHARLES put his behind his back, and gruffly said, "I didn't come here to shake hands with Sir James GRAHAM, but to report to the Admiralty that I had returned

THE REWARD OF A POLITICIAN.

The late session of Congress has ended, and most of those who composed it have gone to mingle with the masses and realize the conviction of their political mortality. They will find the difference between a position of influence and a private station very obvious, for a certain sort of court paid to them by lobby members and claimants, applicants for office, and elerks of Departments, will be transferred as an incident to those upon whom the imposition of the popular hands has impressed a fresher and more fragrant blessing. To the wise man, who reach es the end of his appointed political term, this makes little difference. If he has voluntarily withdrawn from Congress, he has other and more consoling enjoyments. To those who have met the sullen wrath of an offended constituency, it only remains to say that "the people gave and the people have taken away," as they have an undoubted right to do with the representation of their own interests.

We cannot avoid this moralizing when a single circumstance are our eye. On Sunday morning the clerk defed the name of Mr. Benton. This gentleman protested with violent gesticulations against thing his name. He said he was an ex-member, and the session to day was a libel on the Sabath. (Confusion.) The Speaker pro tem. (Mr. Orr) said the gentleman is out of order. Mr. Benton. I'm not a member, sir.

The Speaker. Then, if the gentleman is not member, the door keeper will put him out .-Laughter, and exclamations of pretty good; that's the talk.')

Such is the fate of a man who, with all his eccentricities of mind and temper, has overcome more personal obstacles, and gained, singlehanded, not only without, but against, political combinations, a higher reputation as a scholar, a reasoner, and a legislator than any other of his day. A cloud of personal obloquy overhung the early part of his public career. It never abated his industry or extinguished his ambi-tion. He toiled and fought. He vindicated or cousoled himself for the maledictions of his en-mies by intense and varied study, or by an unwearied devotion to his family and friends .-Death has come upon his unrelenting mission to take the fairest or the feeblest of his name, or has struck down upon whom he had natural- to out wood for gabions and fuel, along the sides such convenient fuglemen as Sanders and Sic. perhaps with the consolation of the Christain, They have frequently come across the Cossack such convenient fuglemen as Sanders and Sichels, the affair would be bruited to the world with all the parade that it was possible for active imagenations and ready wits to invest it.—

It was in fact a great card for "young Europe," and the most was made of it by outside confersional and the most was made of it by outside confersional and the most was made of it by outside confersional and the consolation of the Christain, but he accompliation of the Christain, but he has endured it with the resolution of an unconquerable will. It is opinions, rarely popular, have become odious. He has striven with them, a kind of good fellowship has sprung up between our allies and the men of the Christain, but he has endured it with the resolution of an unconquerable will. It is opinions, rarely popular, have become odious. He has striven with the pickets, and as it is our interest not to provoke unconquerable will, the people, and has sprung up between our allies and the men of the Christain, but he has endured it with the resolution of an unconquerable will. It is opinions, rarely popular, have become odious. He has striven with them, a kind of good fellowship has sprung up between our allies and the men of the Christain, but he has endured it with the resolution of an unconquerable will. The strive with them, a kind of good fellowship has sprung up between our allies and the men of the Christain, but he has endured it with the resolution of an unconquerable will. The strive with them, a kind of good fellowship has sprung up between our allies and the men of the Christain, but he has endured it with the resolution of an unconquerable will. The strive with the resolution of an unconquerable will he has strive with them, a kind of good fellowship has sprung up between our allies and the men of the Christain, but he has endured it with the resolution of an unconquerable will he has strive with them, a kind of good fellowship has sprung up between our allies and the men of the christain. centrie, impracticable, but it has been courageous. We have neither sneers nor thistles for semblage at Ostend of all the diplomatic at his grave. He has manifested little discretion, taches and loungers who could by any possibili- no conciliation, no disposition to compromise. He has warred against reason and against odds; he has fallen. But whilst we have always condemned his doctrines, nor ever approved his course, we could not withhold the tribute of ad-

excellent and moral qualities of his nature. But, swept from his seat by a popular hurricape, he returns, and what is the farewell which emanated from the three M nisters. Had which this distinguished and venerable States-Mr. Souls alone been consulted, nothing less man receives? Mr. Orr, whose political repucould have been expected, but there was good tation is limited to the honor of having compiled a speech and published it upon the mutual admiration system-that system under which well balanced minds of Messrs. Buchanan and a dozen members listen to each others' written Mason would have curbed the ultra-filibusterism sermons, congratulate each others' efforts, request each other to "write out for publication the very elogent and forcible views just delivered," and theu subscribe reciprocally to pay for printing his speeches. Mr. Orr, raised to the brief authority of representing the Speaker, whilst he signs a bill or smokes a cigar, tells this gallant and hoary-headed old warrior that "the door keeper will put him out!" and others as discourteous as himself applaud the insult!

Louis Napoleon's Habits when in New Your -We find the following paragraph in the New York Times. "A puff of a dentist, formerly of this city, is movement second only to the Declaration of In- going the rounds, to the effect that on secasion dependence; censures demagogues for having of a late presentation of Americans at the Tuilleries, the Emperor of France recognized said dentist as the man who pulled a tooth for him birth, according to their national or religious in New York, nearly twenty years ago. A corcreeds, and advocates a tariff that will yield on- respondent, who professes to know the dental history of Louis Napoleon in this country, writes He considers a tariff which yields a surplus to us that the only teeth extracted from the head of the illustrious exile, during his sojourn in this country, were drawn from him by virtue of an sions, periodical bankruptey, and ruin to the instrument commonly known as a poker, at that time in the hands of an abandoned female. whose character and history are familiar to the police authorities of New York. How our correspondent knows he does not say."

Col. Z. B. Vance, who has faithfully. zealously, and with an ability, for so young s man, in the highest degree creditable to himself, 1,300. It is stated that of the voters, Missouri represented Buncombe Country in the late Genfurnishes by far the largest population; Mas- eral Assembly, returned a few days ago to his home; and is prepared, as we have no doubt he and given place to a splendid block of stores. can do satisfactorily to all, to give an account of and most of the audience, like the lamented his stewardship. We have heard no complaints souri furnishes nearly all the slave State emi- made of Mr. Vance's course in the Legislature; grants, not more than a score being from other on the coutrary, we have heard many expressions of entire satisfaction, and from some of those politically hostile, at his Legislative re-"Well done, thou good and faithful ser she would pour in a flood of settlers. There vant," is his congratulatory reception in his " Mountain Home."-Ashevile Spectator.

Theatre, a few evenings since, the audience were | Kentucky. He was educated in Bairdstown, the balcony stalls embrace each other with great studies in Baltimore. He held a high position merous, preachers profuse, and doctors plenti- during an entr'acte, and consequently was re- for several years President of St. Joseph's Colmarked by almost every body present. The lege, and subsequently Vicar General. He parterre laughed and applauded. "Bis! Bis!" was a zealous and pious clergyman, and with-The public debtof the Empire of Russia is they cried in delight—but the couple apparently in the circle of his church was much beloved perceived nothing, and were innocently won-dering at the sudden uproar, when the commisa nount to only \$24,260,000. The brandy motheir immediate departure. But it is my
Senate, on Saturday night, in executive session,

Senate, on S nepoly pays an additional sum of \$58,870,000; wife!" said the mari. "Impossible!" was the direct taxation \$36,125,000, and indirect \$38,."

Wife!" said the mari. "Impossible!" was the direct taxation \$36,125,000, and indirect \$38,."

Senate, on Saturday night, in executive session, seeded to depart, out taxation studently back in \$24 to 2.c. Mo. Candles 104 to unanimously adopted a resolution expression seeded to depart, out taxation studently back in \$24 to 2.c. Mo. Candles 104 to unanimously adopted a resolution expression seeded to depart, out taxation studently back in \$24 to 2.c. Mo. Candles 104 to unanimously adopted a resolution expression in the deep regret of the body at the retirement of finger in his mouth, and compelled him to discovered by the deep regret of the body at the retirement of the deep Boston Post.

The Banner of the Cross, an Episcopal paper, published at Philadelphia, says that Gerard Hallock, once a clergyman himself, and now one of the editors and proprietors of the New York Journal of Commerce, resides in New York Journal of Commerc AN EDITOR WHO KERPS HIS OWN PARSON .-

New York, March 1, 1855.

Gentlemen:—I have just received, through the Hon. Mr. Hibbard, M. C., at Washington, your joint letter dated the 24th ultimo, in which you say to me that, in some recent political address, delivered in your neighborhood and in your presence, the Speaker declared substanially, that in the last Presidential canvass-

Bishop Hughes, of New York, proposed to General Scott to sell the Catholic vote, who hesitated to reply; when the proposition was made to General Pierce, and accepted, and a Jesuit was placed at the head of the Post Office De-

That Bishop Hughes' demands were assented to by the party to whom he first proposed, ex cept that he demanded a Cabinet officer, upon which you hesitated; and the proposition made to Gen. Pierce, and he assented.'

And your letter to me is thus concluded Believing the statement to be false and base ly calumnious of the fair fame of yourself and the other distinguished gentlemen implicated thereby, we would respectfully request of you to inform us at your earliest convenience whether the statement of Mr. - so far as relates to you, is true."

I hasten to say that the statement or statements I have quoted from your letter, as above, are, in respect to myself, ABSOLUTELY FALSE, and I have no doubt they are equally so in respect to my political friends and opponents in the canvass alluded to.

> I remain, gentlemen. With great respect, Your ob's servant, WINFIELD SCOTT.

WAR PLEASANTRIES.

The Sebastopol correspondent of the Times writes, January 31: "To-day a spy walked through some of our trenches, counted the guns, and made whatever observations he pleased besides, in addition to information acquired from the men with whom he conversed. He was closely shaven, and wore a blue frock coat buttoned up to the chin, and he stopped for some time to look at Mr. Murdock, of the Sanspareil, "bouching" the guns, or putting new vents into them. Some said be was like a Frenchman; others that he "looked like a doctor." No one suspected that he was a Russian, till he suddenly bolted away down the front of the battery towards the Russian pickets, under a sharp fire of musketry, through which he had the singular good luck to escape

Strict orders have been issued, in sonsequence of this daring act, to admit no one into the trenches or works without a written permission from the proper authorities, and that all persons found loitering about the camp shall be arrested and sent to divisional head-quarters for exam-

On the other hand, our spy who was sent out some time ago to report on the candition of the army towards the Belbek has returned, and states that he went as far as Simpheropol, that the enemy are in some force along the route, but that the cavalry is in a miserable condition, and that their horses are lying dead by hundreds all over the country.

I stated some time ago that the French have been in the habit of sending out working parties through our lines, towards the valley of Baidar. ly relied to perpetuate it. He has borne this, of the romantic glens which intersect the high

in command ordered them not to be touched .-On the same day a Chasseur had left his belt and accourrements behind him in the ruined Cossack picket-house, and naturally gave up all hope of recovering them, but on his next visit he found them on the wall untouched.

To requite this act of forbearance, a French soldier who had taken a Cossack's lance and pistol, which he found leaning against a tree, has been ordered to return them and leave them in the place he found them.

The next time the French went out, one of the men left a biscuit in a cleft stick, beckoning to the Cossacks to come and eat it. The following day they found a white loaf of excellent bread stuck on a stick in the same place, with a note in Russian, which has been translated for them in Balaklava, and to the effect that the Russians had plenty of biscuit, and that, though greatly obliged for that which had been left for them, they really did not want the same left for them, it would be acceptable.

The sentries on both sides shout and yell to each other, and the other day a Russian called out, as the French were retiring for the day, "Nous nous revenons, mes amis-Français, Anglais, Russes, nous sommes tous amis." I fear the cannonade going on before Sebastopol, the echoes of which reach the remote glades distary on the assurance, and must have rather tested the sincerity of the declaration.

TIME'S CHANGES .- The Hon. William Jack-(Mass.) stated in a lecture upon rail roads, delivered before the Massachusetts Charitable Mechanic Association, at their rooms in Pearl street, on the evening of the 12th of January. 1829, that "the commissioners upon the survey of a route from Boston to Albany had come to the conclusion that the number of passengers annually passing over the road would be 23,000. and the amount of goods passing between the two points would be but little short of 30,000 tons, and the nett earnings of the road would Yet the lecturer lived to see the number of passengers annually transported upon the Worcester and Western roads to be 2,206,161, and the number of tons of merchandise transported upon the Western road alone to be 355,053 tone, and the nett income of both roads to be \$1,077,069. The building in which the commissioner's conclusion was announced has been demolished. lecturer, have passed from the shores of time "to that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveller returns."-Boston Transcript.

DEATH OF A CATHOLIC BISHOP -The Right Rev. Ignatius Aloysius Reynolds, aged 59 years, died on Tuesday last at Charleston, (S. C.) of which diocese he had been the Catholic A FRENCE IMPOSSIBILITY.—At the Gymnase mong the earliest emigrants from Maryland to startled by seeing an amorous couple in one of but completed his literary and ecclesiastical

ion, and his retirement from the Senate is a lose to the country.—Norfolk Herald.

From the New York Herald. NEW SCHEMES OF DISUNION.

OUR SAN PRANCISCO CORRESPONDENCE. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6, 1855. etounding News from the Pacific Coast—Grand Project of an Lidependent Western Hepublic— Details of the Plan of Operations.

I hasten to lay before you, in advance of all publicity, a scheme which is now advancing, under profound secreey, among a goodly number of our most respectable and influential cirizens. I have no time to comment, but give you the plan, as it has been revealed to me, without any injunction of concealment. A new republic is to be formed, consisting a

first of ten States, three to be comprised within

the present limits of the State of California. three in Oregon Territory, two in Washington Territory, and two from the western portions of Utah and New Mexico. The basis is to be a confederated government, similar to yours on the Atlantic side. The great railroad is to be abandoned, and every obstacle thrown in the way of its construction; while the argument at the hustings is to be made to the people that the government at Washington have refused the road to the people of the Pacific. The question of slavery is to be abjured and disclaimed until the plan is so far executed that there can be no retraction, after which the Southern four or five States will adopt slavery. The first convention is to be imposing in mambers, and especially so in the distinguished talent of its members. You need no information as to the number of ex Senators, ex-Congressmen, ex Governors and ex-Judges who swarm in our midst, panting for one more good old fashioned political chase The President, Senators, representatives and

cabinet ministry are all to be chosen by the direct vote of the people. The naturalisation laws are to be fixed on a severe basis. The act of independence is to be simultaneous with a well planned and decisive seizure of the United States reserves; with whatever of moves bles or live stock they may sontain. The Sandwich Islands are to be guaranteed their independence, and the United States are to be

appealed to in a tone of friendly good bye. Here you perceive an opening for all the prominent politicians—a field for the military and naval aspirants-a call for powder mills and ordinance foundries. You may also guess how readily such a severance will be graciously received by England, France and Spain. leave the subject with you, without comment. Visionary as it may seem, it is not a fancy sketch; fall it may, but it is now a purpose of deep interest with the parties concerned. The first public movement will be either a society or a convention, for the purpose of forming new party, to be called the Pacific Railroad party, to draw off citizens from al! old party alliances. Through this medium the Wash ington government is to be proscribed, and proved to be practically inadequate to our ne-cessities. It is to be shown that we send our gold away, and receive no governmental pro-tection in return, and that as we now virtually govern ourselves, we might as well have the

eredit of it abroad. The conspirators will be startled when they see this letter in your columns, and will begin to heave the lead to find their soundings.

ELECTIONS. AUBURN, March 6 .- The Knew Nothings elected their mayor here to-day by 200 majority.

Oswego, March 6.—The mayor's election here

Know-Nothing candidate. DETROIT. March 6 .- Returns of the mayor's election in this city indicate that Ledyard

(dem.) has a majority of about 600 votes. Boston, March 6 .- Town elections were held throughout this State yesterday. Of the 50 heard from the Know Nothings have carried

tion at Newport, Kentucky, resulted in the de- It is believed by those who knew her, that it feat of the American ticket.

RASCALITY OF A HEN.

A Spanish hen, which was a great favorite with her mistress, was accustomed to be fed with a dainty meal every time she laid an egg. Chicky soon found this out, and would go to her nest and ait there a few moments, and then come forth chuckling as loud as if she had performed a great feat, and for a day or two got her reward : but on no egg being found on several occasions, it was suspected that Mrs. Chicky was playing false, and her usual feed being withheld, it was found that for two or three times together on the same day she it; but if the French had bread to spare like would repeat the dodge of going and sitting for a short time on her nest, and then come forth chuckling as loud as she could for her expected reward. . Poultry Chron.

tien brig Abeona, recently arrived at Liverpool, that on the 4th of September last, about 5 P. tinctly, must have furnished a strange commen- M., in latitude 38° S., longitude 13° E., while In a few seconds it receives an impression from directed to it by the breken action of the water. which otherwise was smooth all around. The son, who died on Tuesday last at Newtown, animal was discovered protruding its head above water to the length of about thirty feet, at an a white stripe or streak down each side. At a military officer who was present during the about six feet from the termination of the streaks. Whole harangue. Upon hearing himself severcask. The creature kept its eyes shut, but its pleader: eyes were plainly visible. At the point of contact with the water the body seemed about as large as the long-boat. The general color was amount to a sum exceeding \$60,000 a year."— black, but under the jaw was a quantity of loose skin, like a pouch, of a lighter color than the rest of the animal. While under observation he dipped under water three times, remaining submerged about a minute each time. From the broken action of the water at different points, it seemed as if protuberances similar to those on the back existed on various parts of the body. From the best conjecture that could be made its whole length was computed at 180 feet.

NOVEL MODE OF ROBBERY-SECRETING A BANK NOTE IN A QUID OF TOBACCO. - Washington Wilbur, driver of a stage for the Mesers, Halated. while in a drinking saloon in the lower section of the city, this morning, displayed a \$5 bank note on the Iron Bank, of Fell's village, New Haven, which he desired small bills for. The note was passed from the hands of one to ano Bishop for eleven years. His parents were a ther of sharpers present, and finally was "nowhere"-not to be found. Mr. Wilbur, being very certain that he saw it in the hands of one William Teelin last, left the place and made complaint at the First District station house .-Capt. Sayles proceeded to the place with Mr. W, and a general search of all present was ordered him to strip. This was done, and a close search made, but without finding the missing bank note. Teelin was told to put on his Senator Badger, whose term has expired. This gorge a huge chew of tobacco, which, upon being compliment to the distinguished Senator from separated, the identical bank note was found North Carolina is well deserved, and reflects nearly imbedded in the narcotic weed! Teelof the ablest and soundest statesmen in the Unination, committed.—Albany Allas, March 2.

We understand that the number of stuthe Know Nothings.

The Whigs of Gaston county have nominated in the marked James A. Caldwell, Esq., of Lincoln County, as a candidate to represent their district in the next Congress.

The Know Nothings.

The Whigs of Gaston county have nominated in the marked James A. Caldwell, Esq., of Lincoln County, as a candidate to represent their district in the next Congress.

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The Whigs of Gaston county have nominated in the marked County, and we note an advance of 2 cts, has formed a copartnership with J. M. Carliele, matters there are about to take an up-hill tendency. Rev. Drury Lacy, the President sleet, with sales of 80 casks at 39 cts. per gal.—with sales of 80 casks at 39 cts. per gal.—with sales of 80 casks at 39 cts. per gal.—with sales of 80 casks at 30 cts. Per gal.—with sales of 80 c

SHARP SATINGS.

By Reub. Nason, of the Prarie News.

Mr. Forney has been trying to get some \$20,
000 more than belonged to him, for public printing. We have had Galphinism, and Gardnerism, and this we suppose in Porneyiem.

An old bachelor, on seeing the words "families supplied" over the door of an oyster saloon stepped in, and said he would take a wife and A RUSSIAN WINTER,-The New York Mirror says : "It enous Russian day and night in

the Orimea." So it would seem, if we take the amount of slaying into consideration. Queen Isabelia has presented the Pope with magnificent tiara, in honor of the late decision respecting the immaculate conception. It is difficult to form a conception of anybody who

prime at \$21. Common to fair lots \$1 85 to \$1 could have greater interest than the Queen of Spain in anything immaculate.

"An old maid is an old boot, of no use with out its fellow."-Exchange.

Why an old maid should be compared to s boot, we don't know, unless that whoever tries it on is sure to put his foot in it.

Remarkable Occurrences on the 22d Feb. 1732, George Washington born ; that was before our 1847, Battle of Buena Vista commenced ; we

spera unable to attend 1853, Landed in Mobile, for the first time could not perceive that our arrival created any remarkable sensation.

DEATH OF A MISER.—On Saturday, Hannah Hall, a spinster, aged 65, distinguished by her miserly habits, closed her miserable career at Sheffield, leaving to the Girl's Charity School of that tewn between £6,000, amassed by a life of penury. In 1812, about which time her father died, she received a legacy of £100 from \$100. Flour, per barrel—Superfine, \$7.75 to. Feathers, per lb. 45 to 47. Corn, and the father died, she received a legacy of £100 from \$100. Flour, per barrel—Superfine, \$7.75 to. Feathers, per lb. 45 to 47. Corn, and the father died, she received a legacy of £100 from \$100. Flour, per barrel—Superfine, \$7.75 to. Feathers, per lb. 45 to 47. Corn, and the father died, she received a legacy of £100 from \$100. Flour, per barrel—Superfine, \$7.75 to. Feathers, per lb. 45 to 47. Corn, and the father of the fathe DEATH OF A MISER .- On Saturday, Hannah under her grandfather's will. It was immediately after the acquisition of this sam of money that Miss Hall first manifested those penurious habits for which her subsequent life was remarkable. Her penury led her thus early in her career to discard soap as an unnecessary appendage of her toilet, and she boasted that she had not used any for 30 years. Her only income was the interest on £100, and her own earnings by making farm laborer's smock-frocks but she contrived not only to live out of this, but to save money. In connection with another woman she commenced a system of lending money out at interest, through the medium of Guinea Clube, and this proved so profitable that in five or six years she was able to commence leading on mortgage of small lots of cottage property. The shutters of the lower rooms of her house

were barricaded, and she lived alone in the garret a miserable and wretched life, but every ear increasing her habits of penury and hoard er than part with her money, had no objection increasing practice. 'As a man he possesse to-day was very exciting. The Know-Nothing candidate was defeated by 500 majority.

and patches." On her feet she usually were a gentleman "sans peur et sans reproche." TROT, March 6 .- Griswold (dem.) was elected one bonnet for more than thirty years. Summayor to day by about 200 majority over the mer or winter she wore pattens and carried an umbrella. Her habits were very filthy. On a search being made at the house of the deceased. three wills were discovered, all in her own hand writing, and another drawn up by a solicitor in 1849, in all of which she left her property to the charity school. There were also found mortgaged deeds, Midland Railway shares, debenture bonds of the Manchester, Sheffield and Lincolnshire Railway, and bank-CINCINNATI, March 6 .- The municipal electer's deposit notes; in all amounting to £4,400. will ultimately be found that she died worth from £6,000 to £7,000. These securities were are embraced among the numerous Laws; and found secreted in bundles of rage, tied up in all those who think they have a claim are respectold shirts and some of the more portable ones, fully invited to call and have their claims invessuch as the bank deposit notes-were packed away in pieces of rags, inside old shoes, &c .-In one box she had accumulated between 50 and 60 pieces of soap of different kinds, evidently the contributions of friends anxious for her sanitary improvement. The interment took place at St. Phillip's Church, and drew together some thousands of people. - London Times, Feb. 15.

THE CRYSTALOTYPE -The Post says: The they appear of record. orvstalotype is a new method of printing, not by type and press, nor steel nor copper-plate, but with the unerring hand of nature, by the agency of light. The process is this : A preparation of iodine and silver is caused to adhere THE SEA SERVENT.-It is reported by the Bri- to the glass surface. Thus prepared, it is submitted to the action of the camera obecors in the same manner as the daguerreotype plate. the ship was under a light wind and in smooth | which can be printed, by the action of the sunwater, a sea monster of great size and singular light through it, up n chemically prepared pasppearance was descried. Attention was first per, an unlimited number of proofs, rivaling in beauty the finest engravings.

An Explanation .- In addressing a jury upangle of sixty degrees to the horison. His head on one occasion, the celebrated Mr. Jeffrey found was about twelve feet long, and was marked by it necessary to make free with the character of which were presumed to be its jaws, there was al times spoken of as "the soldier," the son of a protuberance on its back like a small water- Mars, boiling with indignation, interrupted the

> "Don't call me a soldier, sir, I am an officer." Mr. Jeffrey immediately went on: "Well, gentlemen, this officer, who is no soldier, was the sole cause of the mischief that has

An individual last night, slightly under the influence of "lawful drinks," while pursuing his weary homeward way, fancied that he saw the moon, and a little old-time sentiment uprising in him, he thus addressed the supposititious queen of night:

" Roll on silver moon, And make a ten-strike among the stars if you can, but be sure that you don't roll off."-Ex.

REPORT OF THE NORFOLK MARKET, FORWARDED TO THE "REGISTER," BY A. M. MCPHEETERS & CO.

Flour. - The market is without much animation, the supply being fully equal to the demand. We ed to, and quote S. F. \$9\frac{1}{2}; Extra, 9\frac{1}{2} to 10; Family, 10\frac{1}{2} to if desired. 01. Corn.-There is a spirited demand for Corn and sales have been made at 81 to 82c. for mixed, 82 to 83 for white and 871 for yellow. Staves in good demand—R. O. Hhd \$37 to 38; W. O. made without success, until Capt. S. determining in good demand—R. U. Hild 60; W. U. to be certain that Teelin did or did not have it, nominal 7th to 7th for fair to prime. B. E. Peas. nominal 74 to 74 for fair to prime. B. E. Peas. sales 76c, White Beans 1,40. Lime Thos. 1.15 to 1.18. W. C. 1,25 to 1,81. Groceries -N. O. Su-

WILMINGTON MARKET,

WILMINGTON, March 10, 1855.

NuRFOLK, Mar. 10, 1555.

Turpentine.-We have no further transactions to report on yesterday. To-day we note the sale of 50 bbls. at 2,50 for yellow dip, and 1,60 for hard, per bbl, of 280 lbs.

Rosin. -- We havehalth yesterday or to-day. 1800 ACT ATTE WAY Tar.—We note a further advance of 5 cts. per. bbl., with sales to day of 229 bbls. at 2,55 per Corn .- Two cargoes, in all 2,900 bushels ed this morning, and retailing from vessel at 90, ets. per 56 lbs. Cotton. -Sales to-day of 22 bales m middling fair, at 81 cts. per bl. - (MER.)

> PETERSBURG MARKETS. PETERSBURG, March 10, 1855

Tobacce. - The market was rather better to-day with a good demand. We quota lugs at \$42 to \$55 and \$6. Leaf from \$61 to \$111. Sales mostly at \$8 to \$94. Wheat .- The market is active, with sales of

Cotton .- Small sales continue to be made at ? for prime lots. Corn.-We quote sales of about 500 bushels a 81 c. The market is not active.
Flour.—Sales of Extra Superfine at \$9 50 to \$9 75, Country Superfine \$9 to\$8 25. Family \$11 to

Bacon-Virginia hog round 94 cts. Western side 8\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 7\(\frac{1}{2}\). Common 85 cts. per bushel. Guano.-The stocks are small. We continue to quote Pernyian at \$40 per ton of 2000 lbs., and Mexican \$35 do. do. Salt.-Liverpool fine in lots \$1 90 from stere. 95 a \$2.- [DEM.]

PAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

Bacon, per lb, 9 to 10. Cotton per lb. 74

Green, 3 to 4. Remarks. The Cotton market is depressed and quotations not easily obtained. Corn is in good demand at \$1 05 to \$1 10. No change price of Bacon ' Flour is in better demand 75 and \$8 for super-supply light. Spirits Tur pentine without change-sales at 88 cents per gailon, with rather better feeling. Raw do. \$1 10 to \$2 25. (CAR.)

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, Feb'y 9th, 1855, at the resi lence of Col. F. T. Leak, by Rev. B. H. Capers. Mr. C. C. Terry of Richmond co., N. C., Miss Hatchie F. Leak of Tippsh co. Miss.

At Shreveport, Louisiana, on the 12th Janurv. 1855, after a brief illness of (as was suposed by his physicians) yellow fever, John W. of wealth. Coals she never bought, and frequently she sat for days together in the depth of winter without fire. Miss Hall, although six years. The deceased was a lawyer of abilshe would literally starve berself to death rath- ity, and at the time of his death had a good and to a good dinner at any other person's expense, an eminent degree all those high qualities which and during the last ten or fifteen years of her marked him as a gentleman of spotless characlife, she followed out a system by which she ter. He was modest, gentle, generous, and secured herself a good dinner and tea every day brave. Few men have lived in any community in the week, except Sunday, free of charge. - more universally loved or died more generally This class of friends she propitiated by prom- and sincerely regretted than was the subject of ises to remember them in her will. To none this notice. The writer of this feeble tribute of these persons, however, has she left more to his memory knew the deceased from his boythan £10. Her attire was a "thing of shreds | hood, and can truly say of him, that he was

NOTICE! U. S. LAND AND PENSION AGENCY.

TNO all those for whem I have collected Land Warrants, less than 160 acres, I have the number and particulars of said warrant, and, by calling on or writing to me, I can get each one an increase of pay; and to all the Soldiers who rendered 14 days' service in any of the war since 790, they, or their widows, or minor child or children, are entitled to land. They will do well to call at this Agency. I have the rolls for the State of North Carolina.

Also, all Widows of the Revolutionary War are entitled to land. Wagon Masters and Teamsters tigated.

My terms are no charge, unless I succeed After 15 years' experience, I flatter myself that I understand my business, and all the numerous laws in such cases. Give me a call, and have your claims investigated before it will be forever Enlisted Soldiers, having located lands in Illi-

nois and Missouri, I will pay the highest cash prices for them. I have the number, Townships and locations of several hundred in whose name The highest cash prices paid for land warrants.

Office opposite Lawrence's Hotel, at the Ex-ess Office. J. H. KIRKHAM. press Office. Raleigh, N. C., March 12, 1855.

SPRING TRADE! MARCH, 1855.

We are now prepared at our New Store, Nos. 78 and 80, Sycamore Street, Opposite Messrs. McIhoaine, Son & Co.,

10 offer to Merchants of Virginia and North Carolina, the most commanding Stock of FOREIGN A ND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS One of our firm will remain in New York during he present month, and attend the Auction Sales,

thus placing us daily in possession of many styles of goods much below regular prices. MERCHANTS VISITING THIS MARKET would do well to give our Stock an examination,

before buying elsewhere. STEVENSON & WEDDELL Petersburg, Va., Mar. 18, '55.

A Card. OCTORS HAYWOOD and HINES, having formed a partnership, for the purpose of prac-MEDICINE AND SURGERY,

offer respectfully their professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County. OFFICE OVER HATWOOD and Scort's Drugstore, on Fayetteville Street. ED. BURKE HAYWOOD, M. D.

PETER EVANS HINES, M. D.

Bricks | Bricks ! ! Bricks ! ! ! THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING MADE PERmanent arrangements for carrying on the

Raleigh, March 13, 1855.

Raleigh, March 12, 1855.

BRICK-MAKING business on an extensive scale, are now prepared to contract for the delivery, durthe ensuing season, of from one to two million of Bricks of the best quality and at such prices at will defy all competition. Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to, and bricks delivered at either of the Depota, GEO. T. COOKE & CO.

For Sale!

ELEVEN SHARES of Cape Fear Bank Stock.
Apply to W. H. JONES, Cashier March 13, 1855.

100 Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, about the DENNIS. Said negro is about 5 feet, 8 inches high, dark-complexioned, quite stout, and has W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

The above named reward country, confinement in any jail in the country.

W. G. BTRICKLAND. Wake co., Peb. 5, 1855. 2 m.-11

Hats, Hats. YUST to hand two cases Extra Motaskin Moder & WILLIAMS.

100 Negroes for Sale ! IN WARREN COUNTY, R. C. the 22nd day of February next, and solutioning from day to day, until the whole is sold, my VALUABLE PLANTATION, situated in the County of Warren, North Carolina 4 miles from Rilgeway depot, between the Raleigh & Gaston and the Roanoke Valley Reilroads, one mile from each, containing about One Themsand Acres of land, adapted to the production of the finest Wheat and Tobacco. A crop of wheat has been seeded, abundantly fertilized with Guano, together with a crop of winter cats.

The improvements embrace a large and commodious dwelling, with suitable furniture, Household and Kitchen, and the necessary out houses, Granary, Baras, Stables, &u., the stock of Horses Mules, Cattle and Hoge, Plantation Utensilis of all kinds, and one of St. Clair's improved power Threshing Machines. I shall likewise sall at the same time and place,

same time and place, 100 VALUABLE NEGROESA WITT

comprising some excellent mechanics, such as car-penters, brick and stone mesons, and the best field penters, brick and stone masons, and the best field hands, many of whom have been for the last few years employed in the cultivation of cotton on my plantation in the south, several house servants, cooks, washers, ironers, etc. All of these negroes were either raised by myself or purchased for my own use, and, I hasard nothing in saying, comprise altogether the likeliest slaves ever before offered for sale in this country, almost all of them being young and consisting chiefly of able bedied men, boys and girls.

At the same time and place, I shall hire out 15

At the same time and place, I shall hire out 15 At the same time and place, I shall hire out 15 or 20 likely servants, of whom some are good house servants. I shall also expose at public sale if not previously disposed of, on Saturday, the 24th of February, on the premises, my large, new 8 story Brick House, my residence in the town of Warrenton, containing two scree. I shall sell, also all my Household and Kitchen Furniture, ambracing a number of the most coatly and superb articles of Parior, Drawing-Room, and Chamber Furniture and amongst them a new and magnificent Rose Wood Plano.

At the same time and place, I shall also call the new and convenient House, just completed, and never occupied, situated immediately opposite my. Residence, and containing three stories, and comprises, likewise, two acres, all well enclosed and beautifully laid out in Garden, Yard, Flower-Garden, &c. Also, two acres of unimproved lots, situated in a high and beautiful part at the town, and all enclosed and ready for building. I have also two Carriages, one new and the finest article, and a match of excellent Horses. and a match of excellent Horses.

TERMS:—For the Real Estate, Bonds, with undoubted security, at one and two years, bearing interest from date. For the Negroes, a credit of twelve months with interest from date, or, if the Purchaser prefer, Cash. For the other property, SIX MONTHS' credit will be given,—the notes, in all cases, bearing interest from date.

NATH'L T. GREEN.

Warrenton, N. C., Jan. 29, '55. wad.

I have arrived with my NEGROES

ROM my Plantation in the South, having been detained by low-water on the route, on which account the sale, which was first advertised to take place on the 22d of February, was in my absence postponed to the

22d OF MARCH.

The Negroes are here now, and the Sale will certainly take place on the 22d of March instant, as advertised. N. T. GREEN. Warren County, N. C., March 5, '55. 19 td

50 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, about the last or June, my boy HIN-TON. Said boy is about 22 years old 64 or 6 feet high, light complexion; marks not recollected. I purchased said boy of J. C. Moore; he purchased him of Demsey Soral, in this county. I will give the aove reward for his delivery to me, or for his con-

inement in any jail so that I can get him. W. R. NELSON. Rogers' Store, N. C. Nov. 8, 1854. tf-89

SCOTT'S LITTLE GIANT IN TOWN !!

THE little Monster has at last arrived, and may be seen daily in the rear of the Far-mers' Hall. On feed days, (Tuesdays,) it is a perfect wonder to see it masticate Corn-cob, and all at the rates of 10 bushels per hour. Admission free. JAMES M. TOWLES, March 5, 1855.

OLDSBOROUGH STEAM, GRIST, AND TFLOURING MILLS .- The Subscriber has mlarged his establishment in Goldsboro', and is now prepared to grind Wheat as well as Corn, on a more entensive scale. One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Bushels of Wheat and Corn will be required to keep the mills in operation for the current year, for which the highest market price will be paid. The farmers of this county and the counties along the line of the N. C. Rail Road and the interior will find it to their advantage to call on or address me at the Mills before selling, and thus build up a market in this State for their Wheat and a manufactory of our own flour. Constantly on hand a fresh supply of superfine Family Flour, Meal, Homony, Horse feed, Cracked Corn and Husk. Also, Lime and Hair. Wheat

Mr, Lynn Adams, of Raleigh, is authorized to purchase Wheat for the above mills.

D. L. BURBANK.

Goldsbore', September 8, 1854. wif 78

and Corn ground on tell.

Notice.

Having duly qualified, at February court, as Administrator of the late Mrs. Caroline Hines, all persons indebted to her are requested to make payment, and all persons having accounts. to make payment, and all persons having accounts against her to present within the time prescribed by law.

PETER E HINES, Administrator. 10-4t.

Postponement. THE SALE OF THE NORTH CARO ENA Copper Mine, in Guilford county, is postponed to Tuesday, the 27th March proximo.

JAMES SLOAN, Trustee. 27, 1855. 18—td. Greensboro, Feb. 27, 1855. TEW MAP OF NEBRASKA AND KAN-SAS TERRITORY .- Showing the location of the Indian Reserves secording to the treaties of

1864. Compiled by S. Eastmans, Capt. U. S. Army, from actual surveys. For sale by H. D. TURNER. C. Book Store. Raleigh Nov. 1854

CLAUDIUS B. SANDERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SMITHPIRLD, NORTH CAROLINA,

WILL attend the Courts of Johnston, Wayne and Nash. VINTER OATS.—A new supply in 2 bushel bags, just received at the Farmers Hall, Also, Clover, Herds, and Orchard Grass Seed.

JAMES M. TOWLES. ARDEN SEED,-A full supply of Garden T Seed, warranted fresh, just received at the rug Store of HAYWOOD & SCOTT.
Feb. 8, 1854.

THE AMERICAN ALMANAC and Repository of useful knowledge, for the year 1855, for sale W. L. POMEROY.

FANS! FANS!

very full jaws.

It is suspected that he is lurking about (if not actually employed) below Smithfield, in the turpentine country.

Charles above named reward will be given for his williams a HAYWOOD. SILE and open-straw Bonnets and Infants' Hats W. H. & R. S. TUCKES.

OREGON PEAS.—A small supply in store and ...
See sale by WILLIAMS & HATWOOD. PRIOS REBUCED. Liredell on Executors.