THE RALEIGH REGISTER,

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 19, 1855.

☞ Mr. HENRY M. LEWIS, Montgomery, Alabama, is our General Traveling Agent for the States of Alabama and Tennessee, assisted by C. F. LEWIS, JAS. O. LEWIS and SAMUEL D. LEWIS.

Mr. C. W. JAMES, No. 1 Harrison Street, Cincinnati, Ohio, is our General Collecting Agent for the Western States and Texas, assisted by H. J. THOMAS, S. W. RAMSAY, WILLIAM H. THOMAS, THOS M. JAMES, C. M. L. WISEMAN, A. L. CHILDS, and Dr. WILLIAM IRWIN. Receipts of either will be good.

Mr. ISRAEL E. JAMES, No. 182 South Tenth Street, Philadelphia, is our General Traveling Agent, assisted by WM. H WELD, JNO. COLLINS, JAMES DEERING, J. HAMMITT, R. S. JAMES, THOS. D. NICE, R. W. MORRISON, E. W. WILEY, WM. L. WATERMAN, ALEX. H. CARSON, E. MUSTIN, BEN. F. SWAIN, T. ASHMAN, and P. DAVIS.

THE LOUISBURG CONVENTION,—THE FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

It is very generally rumored that the Convention of delegates of the American party, which assembled in Louisburg, on Monday last, nominated JAMES B. SHEPARD, Esq, of this City, as their candidate for Congress in this District,—composed of the counties of Wake, Warren, Johnston, Nash, Orange, Granville and Franklin.

The reported composition of the Convention, together with the nomination of Mr. SHEPARD, at once give the lie direct to the oft repeated assertion of the locofoco press, that the new organization is "a Whig concern." It is said that upwards of one hundred and fifty delegates were in attendance, of which number a considerable majority were formerly Democrats! Mr. SHEPARD, it is well known, has heretofore been a most decided, firm and unwavering Democrat, —having been several times elected to the Legislature of the State by his party; and in 1846, he was *their candidate for Governor* of the State!

If it turn out to be the case that Mr. SHEPARD is the nominee of the Louisburg Convention, we shall not hesitate to give him a cordial support. He possesses the finest qualities of head and heart,—is an able and accomplished debater and a chivalrous gentleman. He will not fail, we believe, to expose and denounce, in proper terms, the corrupt designs, imbecile character and anti-American tendencies of the present Administration, with which all good men are thoroughly disgusted.

But more,—when we "*know*" more.

THE FIRST DISTRICT.

Col. ROBERT T. PAINE, of Chowan, has been selected as the American candidate for Congress in the District at present represented by the Hon. H. M. SHAW. The American party will have in Col. PAINE an able and dauntless exponent of their principles and views.

It will be remembered that Dr. SHAW wrote, some time back, a most bitter and denunciatory letter relative to "Know-Nothingism." '*Sam's*' turn comes now, and he proposes to relieve the Doctor of Congressional honors and restore him to the occupation of pill-making and phlebotomy.

THE FIFTH DISTRICT.

We learn that EDWIN G. READE, Esq., of Person County, is the American candidate for Congress in the Fifth District, in opposition to the Hon. JOHN KERR. A public discussion took place between the two gentlemen at Roxboro' on Tuesday last, we are informed.

RALEIGH AND FAYETTEVILLE.

We are gratified to learn that exertions are being made to induce the Post Office Department at Washington to authorize the new and enterprising contractor (D. G. McRae, Esq.,) to put *four horse coaches* on the route between this place and Fayetteville. Such an improved mode of communication is every way demanded by the closely allied interests of the two towns.—It will certainly contribute greatly to the travelling patronage of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. We commend the matter most earnestly to the prompt and favorable notice of our citizens.

THE NEXT EUROPEAN NEWS.—Much anxiety is evinced for the arrival of the next Steamer, as the result of the bombardment of Sevastopol will probably decide the seige. It was expected that the assault would be made after five days' firing, but ten days have not rendered it practicable. The best report from the Allies is that their fire is superior to that of the Russians, and that some advantages have been gained over the exterior defences. Meantime, the guns of the beseigers are getting strained, and there are rumors that their ammunition is falling low. It is said that the government has received intelligence which it withholds from the public, and naturally the worst construction is put upon the news that is suppressed.

TRUE.—The "Norfolk Beacon," alluding to Mr. RANSOM's resignation of the office of Attorney General, remarks: "To our knowledge, three Attornies General in succession have resigned before the expiration of their term, viz—Messrs SMANLY, MOORE and RANSOM. They were all whigs, though; we have not heard of a locofoco's resigning, but, when we do, our readers shall know it."

☞ We are requested to state that Gen. SAMUEL F. CARY will deliver a Temperance Address in the Temperance Hall, on Market Square, this evening, (Saturday,) at 8 o'clock.

He will also speak in the Capitol Square on Monday morning next, at 11 o'clock. Seats will be prepared. Gen. C. will speak at the Methodist Church on Monday night next. The public generally are invited to attend the delivery of each and all the above Addresses.—The high character of the speaker as an able and popular lecturer will doubtless call together large audiences.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—The Annual Convention of the P. E. Church in this Diocese commenced its sessions in Warrenton, on Wednesday last. A large number of the Clergy and Laity are in attendance. The Convention sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. HUSKE, of Fayetteville.

SOCIAL HALL.—We are placed under obligations to Mr. IRONMONGER, of "Social Hall," the new and elegantly fitted up Restaurant on Fayetteville Street, for a dish of Crabs, prepared in superior style.—as, indeed, every thing else is said to be at that establishment.

THE AMERICAN PARTY OF NEW YORK.

It was stated, in a telegraphic dispatch, in our last, that the American Convention, recently assembled at Syracuse, had expelled a member for uttering sentiments of disloyalty to the Union. We have since been put in possession of the Conservative, National, Constitutional resolutions adopted by the Convention. The following is the platform, and it commends itself to the cordial acceptance and approbation of every Southern heart:

1. Americans shall rule America.
2. The Union of these States.
3. No North—No South—No East—No West.
4. The United States of America as they are, one and inseperable.
5. No sectarian interference in our legislation or in the administration of American laws.
6. Hostility to the assumptions of the Pope, through the bishops, priests, and prelates of the Roman Catholic church, here, in a republic sanctified by Protestant blood.
7. Thorough reform in the naturalization laws.
8. Free and liberal educational institutions for all sects and classes, with the Bible, God's holy word, as a universal text book.

The Convention in New York, too, adopted enthusiastically the Third Degree of the American party, which we publish below, accompanied by some comments of the "Richmond Penny Post." It will be seen that the "Post" admits it be the genuine obligation which members of the Degree have to assume, and we therefore ask to it the earnest and undivided attention of our readers,—begging them, at the same time, to recollect that it is stigmatized by the Abolitionists as the "cotton" or "*nigger*" Degree; because it enjoins the preservation of the Union and the protection of the rights of the South:

THE UNION, OR THIRD DEGREE.

We publish below the third degree of the American party, exposed by some perjured villain, or purloined by an unprincipal thief. We are glad that such a rascal has existed, and much good may his rascality do our opponents. It puts a final quietus upon the calumny of our adversaries, that the American party is Abolition. This is its third degree, and it proves, what we have always asserted, that AN ABOLITIONIST CANNOT BE A MEMBER OF OUR ORDER. A gentleman who participated in the formation of this degree and the obligation is now in the city, and tells us it was formed *for the express purpose of keeping out the abolitionists*. We publish it with great pleasure, and the only regret we have in the matter is, that the scoundrel was not smart enough to *expose* it long ago. Read it, all of you, and say can an abolitionist be a member of the American party! No! no! no! will be the unanimous response.

We also publish, in connexion with the degree, the comments of the Abolition Leader; of Cleveland, Ohio.—We invoke the slave-holders of Virginia to pause before they join the mad crusade of the Abolitionists against the American Party:—*Penny Post.*

[From the Cleveland (Ohio) Leader, May 9.]

KNOW NOTHING THIRD DEGREE.—It is known to all Know Nothings, and many outsiders besides, that a new Know Nothing ritual has been adopted, in which there is a change of signs, signals, grips and pass-words, and that a new degree has been added. For one or two months past the county deputies have been busy introducing it into the various Councils. The "new work" costs each subordinate lodge $12. This sum is charged to meet the heavy expenses of the "big bugs" and to defray other demands.—The obligations of the first and last degrees do not differ materially from those in the old work; but the new Third stands out unique and peculiar. The Pittsburg Gazette, of Thursday, published the whole genuine ritual—the pass words and signs excepted—from which we copy.

We have often alluded to the pro-slavery character of the new degree, and now have the confirmation of it in black and white before us. The great mass of the Know Nothings of this city have not yet taken it, and that they may not be entrapped in the dark to take an obligation stultifying their political sentiments, we place before them the oath they will be required to take. And here let us ask them, and all honest man, what question has ever disturbed the peace, or endangered the perpetuity of the Union, save the Slavery question? Under the pretext of "preserving the Union," the members are really sworn to "put down Anti Slavery agitation." And as to the description of adjustment or all "political discontents of differences," which they are sworn to procure, what is it but more compromises of the Fillmore and Fugitive Slave Law? Every rational man understands what the originators of this degree were after when they invented it. We all know the grand object was to ignore and crush out Northern opposition to slavery aggression, under the old pretext of saving the Union. The Slaveholders who cooked up the degree, with the aid of New York Silver Greys, have but one interpretation for it, and that is, a dagger with which Anti-Slavery men are expected to commit political suicide, under the delusion that they are saving the Union!

We should also call the special attention of those who have seen "Sam," but have not had a sight at this last wrinkle on his brow, to that part of the oath which binds them to support only Third degree members of the Order—none but orthodox Union savers—for office, and ask all honest men, in or out of the Order, wherein this degree is less pro slavery than the locofoco Baltimore Patform of '55, upon which General Pierce was nominated, or the Whig platform, which killed General Scott and his party.

From the Pittsburgh Gazette, 26th ult.

NEW WORK OF THE KNOW NOTHINGS—THE OBLIGATION OF THE THIRD OR PRO-SLAVERY DEGREE. You, and each of you, of your own free will and accord, in the presence of Almighty God, and these witnesses, with your hands joined in token of that fraternal affection which should ever bind together the States of the Union—forming a ring, in token of your determination that, so far as your efforts can avail, this Union shall have no end—do solemnly and sincerely swear (or affirm) that you will not under any circumstances disclose in any manner, nor suffer it to done by others, if in your power to prevent it, the name, signs, pass words or other secrets of this Degree, except to those whom you may prove on trial to be brothers of the same Degree, or in open Council for the purpose of instruction; that you do hereby solemnly declare your devotion to the Union of these States; that in the discharge of your duties as American citizens, you will uphold, maintain and defend it; that you will discourage and discountenance any and every attempt coming from any and every quarter, which you believe to be designed or calculated to destroy, or subvert it, or to weaken its bonds; and that you will use your influence, as far as in your power, in endeavoring to procure an amicable and equitable adjustment of all political discontents and differences, which may threaten its injury or overthrow. You do further promise and swear (or affirm) that you will not vote for any one to fill any office of honor, profit or trust of a political character, whom you know or believe to be in favor of a dissolution of the Union of these States, or who is endeavoring to produce that result; that you will vote for, and support for, all political offices Third or Union Degree members of this Order, in preference to all others; that if it may be done consistently with the Constitution and laws of the land, you will, when elected or appointed to any official station, which may confer on you the power to do so, remove from office or place all persons whom you know or believe to be in favor of a dissolution of the Union, or are endeavoring to produce that result; and that you will in no case appoint any such persons to any political office or place whatever. All this you promise and swear (or affirm) upon your honor as American citizens and friends of the American Union, to sustain and abide by without any hesitation or mental reservation whatever. You also promise and swear (or affirm) that this, and all other obligations, which you have previously taken in this Order, shall ever be kept sacred and inviolate. To all this you pledge your lives, your fortunes and your sacred honors. So help you God and keep you steadfast! [Each one shall answer, "I do."]

ITEMS OF THE DAY.

"HISSES."—These may be heard in the galleries of the Massachusetts house, and no longer on the floor. Hiss is expelled. The story of Joseph and Potiphar's wife is supplanted by that of Joseph Hiss and Patterson's (Billy's) wife. Hiss, however, is not magnanimous, but announces his intention of proving one hundred and eighty of his associates guilty of adultery. What wholesale immorality for the modern Athens!

A LIGHTNING EXPLOIT.—Now that the new telegraph is in operation from Balaklava to Varna, the headquarters of the allies in the Crimea are within one hour's distance of Paris and London. Should Sebastopol be taken, the citizens will lose no time in knowing it; but, as Mrs. Glass says, "Catch your fish before you cook them!"

SUNNYSIDE.—Washington Irving has recovered from his late accident, and is in New York superintending the publication of his "Life of Washington," to be issued from the press of Putnam. Genial old fellow! Genial old writer! Long may he be spared among us, to make one spot of literature whereon grows the luxuriant Anglo-Saxon bearing Addisonian fruit a veritable *Sunnyside*.

IN AND OUT.—Mr. Dudley Mann, it seems, is no longer a member of the "Kitchen Cabinet" at Washington. He is a gentleman of talent, but unfortunately he is one of those who conceive that intrigue is a necessary part of diplomacy; and under the present *regime* at the federal capitol, he found intrigue so abundant that his own was inconveniently superfluous.

The great clock for the Houses of Parliament was, by the contract, to have been fixed by February last, but the tower is not yet ready for it. The dials are to be twenty-two feet in diameter, and will be the largest in the world, with the minute hand. Every half minute the point of the minute hand will move nearly seven inches. The clock will go eight and a half days, and strike only for seven and a half, so as to indicate by its silence any neglect in winding it up. The mere winding up of each of the striking parts will probably take two hours. The pendulum is fifteen feet long. The wheels are of cast iron; the hour bell is eight feet high and above nine feet in diameter, weighing from fourteen to fifteen tons. The weight of the hammer is four hundred pounds.

Chloroform, used so frequently to ease the pains of the suffering, is now very often employed to ease the plethoric of their surplus cash. In Iowa, a man was recently robbed of $800 by the application of chloroform. Some ingenious scoundrel thrust through the windows rolls of paper saturated with this soporific, which so lulled the senses of the inmates as to allow the thief to make an entrance without being heard. Being in, he applied cloths wet with chloroform to the faces of the sleeping husband and wife, and then found the money hid between the straw and feather beds.

A gentleman recently at the Post Office in Albany observed a considerable list of letters which were advertised as being detained in consequence of omission on the part of the writers to pre-pay the postage. This gentleman thinking what a sad disappointment this forgetfulness would occasion, with perhaps some pecuniary injury also, paid the whole bill, amounting to $2 94, and sent the little missives upon their journeys to relieve many an anxiety and gladden many a heart.

The vastness and extent of this country is illustrated by the fact that while the inhabitants of New Orleans are luxuriating on strawberries grown in the open air, the people in Maine have snow three feet in depth in their forests.

They [the Know Nothings] have our permission to be as mean and miserable as they please.—*Democrat.*

Wouldn't it be quite enough for you to give them your permission to be mean, without encouraging them by your very striking example?—*Louisville Journal.*

Ingenuity seems to be abundant enough in the United States. Since the year 1836, no less than 12,000 patents have been granted. During the first quarter of the year 1855, the number granted was 500.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—The slander suit of Birch against T. H. Benton was decided in the Henry county Circuit Court, on Friday last, after a trial of four days, by the rendition of a verdict of $4,000 damages for the plaintiff. The case will be carried to the Supreme Court.

The East Tennnessee and Georgia Railroad will be completed by the first of June, when Knoxville will be in direct communication with Charleston, Savannah, Augusta and Nashville.

The latest folly enjoined by the goddess of fashion upon her abject devotees, the ladies of New York, is the wearing of the bonnet ribbons four feet long. The bonnets, meanwhile, continue to recede from public observation. They have long been invisible to the naked eye of the wearer; and they now threaten to run entirely to ribbon.

LARGE PRICE.—Fanny Fern has been engaged, by the proprietors of a New York paper, to write a tale, for the enormous price of one hundred dollars a column.

HON. EDWARD BATES, of Missouri, is nominated for the next Presidency by the Galena (Ill.) *Advertiser*. The St. Louis *Intelligencer* seconds the choice.

SAM IN ALABAMA.—Sam is making his marks *fast* in this State, and is now believed to have about 25,000 voters in his ranks.

DAMAGES FOR A DOG BITE.—At the present term of the Supreme Court in Springfield, Mass., Lucinda C. Nevers, of Longmeadow, recovered $5,249 34 of Samuel C. Booth, for injuries sustained by the bite of defendant's dog.

GOVERNOR ARRESTED.—Gov. Winston, of Alabama, was recently arrested at Eutaw, for disturbing the court. It seems that the Governor got into an animated conversation with some of his friends, in which his voice unwittingly rose to a pitch that disturbed the court.

DECIMAL MEASURES.—Notices have been given in the British Parliament of a motion for a decimal coinage, and to unite in a Congress to establish a uniform decimal system throughout the world—a most important and desirable object, worthy of and due to the spirit and intelligence of the age.

EX-PRESIDENT FILLMORE arrived at Montpelier, Vt, a few days ago, and was met by a large number of citizens, with a band of music. He was called out in a brief speech, which, it is said, elicited much applause.

WHAT IN A NAME?—They have funny names for newspapers out in Iowa. The three daily papers published at Keokuk are called respectively, *The Gate City, The Morning Glory* and *The Keokuk Nig and Tuck.*

Reports concerning the sugar crop, from all quarters of Louisiana, are of a most deplorable character. The long drought has been so severe, that the plant cane is completely dried up, leaving not the first sign or prospect of its ever going to seed; and the ratoon cane, for the most part, is equally as unpromising. It is thought, in some sections of the State, that the growing crop will not turn out as much cane as will be required for next year's seed.

ST. LOUIS HUSBANDS.—A man in St. Louis had his wife arrested and tried for disturbing the peace. The Judge fined her three dollars, when the husband complained loudly that the fine was not greater,—forgetting, or not knowing, that *he* was to pay the money. The court required him to be silent, and he refusing, was fined $10. He swore terribly, when he was fined another $5. He had only money enough to pay his wife's fine and his own first fine, and for the other was sent to jail.

WEATHER AND HEALTH AT NEW ORLEANS.—The hot weather begins to be oppressive at New Orleans, and many of the inhabitants are preparing to leave their business and the city for the summer. The Picayune urges the necessity of immediately adopting quarantine regulations. At present the city appears to enjoy good health.

WHAT IS BAGGAGE?—In a recent suit in New York, the question came up, whether a gold watch is an article of wearing apparel to be deemed baggage. The Superior Court decided it is an article of wearing apparel, and when not carried about the person, but in a trunk, while travelling, is to be deemed baggage.

FACETIOUS.—The editor of the Grenada Republican having been peremptorily called upon by a neighboring editor to say whether he belonged to the "Know Nothings," or not, replies as follows: "We belong to no Know Nothing Society, nor ever did. We have taken no oath stronger than this: that we never will eat corn bread when there is wheat bread on the table, unless we like the corn bread best. 2nd, that we never will drink whiskey when there is brandy on the table, unless we like the whiskey best."

MASONIC.—A grand Congress of the Masonic Fraternity of the world is to take place in Paris on the first of June, to take into consideration the condition of Masonry over the Globe, and to adopt, for the benefit of the order, whatever may be appropriate and lawful. Lodges of the Order are expected to be present. It will undoubtedly be a notable occasion.

DODGING.—There are divers and sundry devices concocted to evade the provisions of law—the prohibitory liquor laws which have been enacted from time to time furnishing their full quota. In New York State, according to the recent law, the ardent may only be sold in the "*original packages.*" In view of this fact, it is proposed to make those original packages contain but one "horn." If this suggestion is carried out, the "rignal" will be as anxiously demanded as it was by Mr. Weller, of Pickwickian notoriety, when the attempt was made to arrest him for debt.

CROPS AND POLITICS IN VIRGINIA.—A very intelligent and observant gentleman, just returned from a tour through several portions of Virginia, informs the Baltimore Patriot that the growing crop, generally speaking, presents a highly promising appearance. Rain is considerably wanted in some places, but thus far the Wheat does not appear to be injured, except slightly by the fly. If the usual quantity of rain should fall, the indications are that Virginia will yield an abundant harvest.

The same gentleman states that political matters are runing to a very high pitch. The people are everywhere excited, and seem totally absorbed in the canvass. The American party, as it is termed, seems sanguine of triumphant success, whilst the friends of Mr. Wise are wholly unable to calculate results. Even in the strongest democratic regions, there is uncertainty and doubt upon their side.

COMPULSORY VACCINATION.—A bill is before the Massachusetts Legislature, which makes it compulsory on parents, guardians, overseers of charitable institutions, prisons, the selectmen of towns, and mayors and aldermen of cities, &c., to see that all persons who may come under their charge are duly vaccinated; and any neglect of this duty shall be punished by a fine of five dollars for each and every year of such neglect.

Paris, we learn, is about to be favored by the presence of Lola Montez, who, it is said, is married for the ——? time. The present worse half is, it is said, a gold digger, whom the Comtesse de Lansfeldt picked up at Grass Valley, and whose millions she proposes to dispose of in the French capital; this done, the gold digger will doubtless be disposed of in his turn—*que ne nous regarde pas.*

THE VALUE OF FREEDOM.—John Adams concludes a letter of April 26, 1777, thus: "Posterity! you will never know how much it has cost the present generation to preserve your freedom! I hope you will make good use of it. If you do not, I shall repent in Heaven that I have ever taken half the pains to procure it."

LIKE MASTER, LIKE MAN.—The Richmond Enquirer has caught Mr. Wise's trick of imprecation, and swears like a parrot in a forecastle. "So help us G—," roars the Enquirer, "we will triumph!" Well, let's see you triumph!

Boston Atlas.

REDUCTION EXTRAORDINARY.—A merchant in Wilmington, Vermont, having sunk his shop floor a couple of feet, announces in the Sentinel that, "in consequence of recent improvements, goods will be sold *considerably lower* than formerly."

A SOUND OBJECTION.—The Concord Statesman objects to a candidate for the Presidency, because, in the event of his election, his message would probably make from fifty to seventy-five columns of solid brevier.

ANTI KNOW NOTHING MOVEMENT.—The "Sag Nichts" secret convention, which assembled at Columbus, Ohio, on Thursday last, adopted the Democratic State ticket, with the exception of the candidates for Governor, Attorney General and Auditor.

HOW FORTUNES ARE MADE.—A gentleman has lately purchased three lots of ground at Keokuk, Iowa, from ex Governor Seymour, of New York, for the sum of ten thousand dollars. This property, it is said, could have been bought in the year 1850 for $300.

A German, who had left his wife and child at South Natick, about three years ago, recently returned to find her married to another German. The poor woman had supposed the first husband to be dead. She loved them both, especially the latter, who is quite young, but was finally persuaded to return with the first to St. Louis. The parting was an affecting scene. The greatest sufferer was the young man left behind in tears. He begged his predecessor and successor, for God's sake, to "treat her well."

PRODUCE is high enough everywhere, but in Nova Scotia nearly every article of the kind seems to have reached famine prices. On the 5th inst. flour was selling at Halifax at sixteen dollars a barrel. When we consider that Canada raises a large surplus of breadstuffs, this is somewhat extraordinary.

GEORGIA.—The Cassville Standard says: It is the merry month of May, and the weather is as dry as a powder horn. Wheat has not suffered a great deal yet, but if the weather continues dry a week longer, that crop will be a very short one, while the oat crop will be an entire failure. Altogether the prospect is a gloomy one—no corn in the country at any price, and every possibility that the next crop will be alarmingly short.

Bachelors are not entirely lost to the refinements of sentiment, as will be seen by the following toast, offered by one of the much abused fraternity at a celebration:

Ladies: Sweet briars in the garden of life.

THE BIGGEST SORT OF A RASCAL.

Of all the grand rascals we have recently heard or read, G. Hubert Sanders, Esq., the great California swindler, is about the greatest. A correspondent of one of our New York exchanges touches him up in the following style:

"G. Hubert Sanders was one of our wealthiest citizens—certainly the most extravagant. He drove a span of sorrels before a light buggy in the morning, a span of blacks to a handsome rockaway in the afternoon, and in the evening he sported a carriage and spanking pair of bays. His office hours were shortened "from 8 to 5" down to "from 10 to 2," but between those hours he was always in his office, save at lunch hours, when if any of his distinguished family were "down shopping," he would escort them to the ice cream saloon, and the skill of the catering *artistes* was often taxed to their utmost in providing dainties for them.

On one occasion, last year, when strawberries first appeared in the market, it is said that himself and Mrs. Wheeler ate the moderate allowance of $100 worth each, at one sitting. The stories now told of his lavish expenditures would fill an octavo. About two weeks ago the eldest daughter was married to a gentleman of Sacramento. Another magnificent and costly entertainment was given on the occasion. Young wife hunters mourned that there were no more daughters in the family, so that they too might form a matrimonial alliance with so distinguished a set. Their *soirees* outshone those of all others. To be invited to Sanders' was the zenith of bliss to all cod-fishdom. But time works wonders. The mutations of human life are beyond the power or the predictions of man.—Last week G. Hubert Sanders was arrested on a charge of forgery, and was released upon giving bonds in the sum of $10,000 for his appearance at court to answer the charge. His son-in-law and his partners were his sureties. That evening he fled and has not been found nor heard of. The following day forged mortgages and deeds were discovered in his office, upon which he raised over $300,000.

In one instance he actually mortgaged a man's own property to him for $4,000, and, strange to tell, the poor fellow never discovered it till the news of the forgeries were two days old.—To some he gave mortgages upon the highway, the boundaries and descriptions being given in the usual style. He also drew mortgages upon property of Bolton P. Banon, John Parrott, Sam Brannan, and other of our wealthy men, who never had a dollar upon their estates. All those he conveyed to his victims, who paid him their money, gave him his commission, and went away confident in the security that held their funds. One great cause why he was enabled to continue his frauds so long undiscovered, is the fact that nearly all of his sufferers are French, who do not understand our language, and who were ignorant of the legal procedure in such cases. Every day, so far, has brought to light some new act of his villiany.

Of all our splendid rascals, Sanders has proved himself the chief. His new system of robbery is entitled to the first rank in the Patent Office of rascality—and old style forgers, such as Monroe Edwards was, must not hope for the distinguished reputation that is so richly merited by Sanders, Meiggs and Schuyler."

STIRRING NEWS.—The contents of the European mail, which reached this city, last evening, are of a much more important character than the foreshadowings by telegraph, from Halifax, led us to believe. The breaking up of the Peace Conferences at Vienna, coupled with the vacillating and now very suspicious attitude of Austria, and the barren results, so far, of the bombardment of Sebastopol, had produced a feeling of marked depression both in London and Paris.—The puplic mind is preparing now for war on the most extended scale,—war that will at once bring into play all the resources of the belligerents. As a great step to that end, we have the positive assurance that the Emperor of the French will set out for the Crimea at an early day. Another is, to compel Austria to draw the sword, either for or against the Czar. Already a courier was on his way from Paris for Vienna, with despatches from the Emperor for M. Drouyn de l'Huys.

These despatches are described as decided in their tone, and the French Plenipotentiary is instructed to call upon the Cabinet of Vienna to declare categorically whether it means to fulfil its pledges, and "to take the part that becomes it as a great power against the common enemy, now that Russia has rejected the propositions of the powers." The demand is said to be made in terms which admit neither of evasion nor delay.

The Austrian Government, meanwhile, is manifestly not blind to the crisis. To use a Yankee phrase, she is getting ready to face the music,—in issuing a decree for a new levy of eighty thousand men.

In view of these events—present and prospective,—the war, bloody as it has been already, is nothing to what is coming. The drama is just beginning.—*N. Y. Express.*

A New York paper, in a fit of revolutionary enthusiasm, says, "Hurrah for the girls of '76." No, no—say we—hurrah for the girls of 17!

"ORNITHOLOGY."—Although birds in general do not suffer from colds in their heads, yet the smaller variety are liable to *hawk* and the domestic fowls to *spit.*

GLENN'S TRUE VERBENA WATER.—This delightful perfume, prepared by a chemical process, from the hot house plant, LEMON TRIFOLIA, is confidently recommended to the Ladies in particular on account of its refreshing and delightful odor.—It contains all the fragrance of the plant itself in a concentrated form, and will be found very useful for removing the languor occasioned by crowded rooms, &c. Also, as a delicious perfume for the handkerchief, and will be found much cheaper than the Extracts, and yet equally good, and a pleasant change for the Eau de Cologne.

Also, Glenn's Musk Toilet Water, Glenn's Citronella Water, Glenn's Rose Geranium Water For Sale in Raleigh by P. F. PESCUD, Druggist and Chemist.

MARRIED.

On the 8th inst., in Chatham county, by Rev. A. W. Lineberry, William M. Johnson, M. D., Associate Editor of the Age, to Miss Mary E., daughter of Wm. Albright, Esq., of Chatham.

On the 8th May, by the Rev O. A. Darby, Dr. Wm. M. Richardson, of Wadesboro', to Miss Martha E. McRae, of Richmond county, N. C.

☞ Fayetteville and Wilmington papers please copy.

In this city, on the 14th instant, by the Rev. N. F. Reid, Mr. A. J. Partin, of Petersburg, Va., to Miss Elizabeth Bain, daughter of William T. Bain, of this city.

DIED.

At his residence, in the County of Franklin, N. C., on the 19th of April, Mr. George W. Stamper, aged 53 years.

List of Letters,

REMAINING in the Post Office, at Raleigh, from the 14th of April to the 14th of May.

A		Jackson, William A	
Avers, Mrs Mary A		Jones, Miss Elvira T	
Amis, Miss Mary J		Jordan, Miss Clara	
Adams, Quinton		Jones & Royster Messrs	
Allen, Mrs Aley S		Johnson, Leroy	
B		K	
Bohrer, Augustus	2	Kluge, Eugene	
Branton, Mrs Ellen A		Kilkelly, Mrs M G	
Barber, J W		L	
Browning, S R		Lee, Wellington S	
Brown, N L		Langdon, S G	
Baker, John H		Laws & Tate, Messrs	
Bodrey, Mrs Bethey		Langdon, Elias	
Brasier, Burel		M	
Burtt & Richardson, Messrs.		Martin, John	2
Barbour, Joseph		McCullers, Edwin	
Bishop, George W		Marye, Mrs Martha	
Beckwith, M A		McRae, John R., Assi't Engineer	
Betts, Mrs Lucy J		Moring, Henry	
Bell, J A		Morrow, E G	
Booker, Paschal		Metts, James	
Ballard, John W		Manly, Polly or Daniel James	
Bland, Mr		N	
C		Nowell, Miss L A	
Crockett, George W		Frances	
Cofer, William W		Norwood, Miss Sallie H	
Chilly, John		Nichols, Henry W	
Coplin, Miss Betsy		O	
Carpenter, Stephen		O'Neal, Simeon	
D		P	
Dodge, Wm M	2	Phillips, Miss Martha R	
Driver, Miss Martha A		Palmer, John L	
Devereux, Mrs Frances		Pittman, Mrs Sallie C	
Denton, P F & Dillman D W Messrs		Perry, Willis	
Dettman, Christian		Perry, Doct Wiley	2
E		Pool, J H	
Emmons, Eben'r Prof		Price, Mrs Nancy	
Emmons, Jr, E		R	
English, Mr Infant Drummer		Ruffin, James H	
Exum, Miss Kate		Ransom, Matthew	
Exum, Miss Cathrine	2	Richardson, H M	
F		Ransom, M W	
Fleming, John M		Ragan, John	
Francis, Peter		Ray, Thos	
Felts, Lewis		S	
Foster, James T		Stedman, David P	
Freeman, Dr John H		Salmonser, Wm H	
Fleming, Mrs Jane C		Stephens, Mrs Martha	
G		Sutherland, M A	
Giles, Matthew		Schrenkeissen, Mr	
Green, Gen T J		Smith, R H	
Gouch, Daniel		Stone, John T	
Gunter & Pearson, Messrs		Smith, E D	
Geormand, John		T	
H		Tate, Robt	
Hudson, Miss Jane L		U	
Haughton, T C		Utley, Miss Sarah Ann	
Howell, B N		D	
Haughton, Charles T		Ulrick, W T	
Hicks, Wm J		V	
Hardie, Miss Louisa Y		Velvin, Mrs Clara	
Harrison, John W		W	
Hicks, Jackson		White, Edy	
Howerton, Wm M		Williams, Ed A	
Hunter, Miss Martha		Williams, Simon or Orrin	
Hill, Nelson		Wellons, Mrs Harriet J	
Haswell, Presly R		Wright, William T	
Harriss, Wm H		Williams, Duncan	
Hordon, E L		Willson, Joel V	
Hall, Jas H		Willson, Arthur	
Herndon, Richard		Walton, Mrs Cyntha or Bryan	
J		Williams, Josiah	
Jones, K & Son	2	Williams, Gen S A	

Persons calling for any of the above letters, will please say they are Advertised.

WM. WHITE, P. M.

May 14, 1855. 39

ATTENTION, "OAK CITY GUARDS."

YOU will meet at the Baptist Grove this (Saturday) evening, the 19th inst., at 5½ o'clock, for Drill.

By order of the Captain,
C. H. THOMPSON, O. S.

May 18, 1855. 1t

Hats! Hats! Hats!
McGEE & WILLIAMS,

HAVE in Store a large and well selected assortment of HATS, for the Spring and Summer wear, for men, boys and children, consisting of

Leghorn,	Canada Straw,
Panama,	Palm Leaf,
Manilla,	China Pearl,
Campeachy,	Alboni Jockey,
Maricaibo,	Wide Awake,
Pedale Straw,	Shanghai.

ALSO, superb Moleskin Hats of the latest style.

May, 1855. 40

Notice

THE Stockholders of the North Carolina Copper Company are requested to meet at the office of John A. Gilmer, Esq., in Greensboro', N. C., on the 25th instant, for the purpose of accepting and organising under the new charter.

JAMES SLOAN, Trustee.

Greensboro', May 17th, 1855. 40-td.

Letter and Foolscap Paper.

200 REAMS Good White Letter Paper; price $2 a Ream; worth $2.50.
200 Reams Good Blue Letter Paper. Price $2 a ream; worth $2.50.
200 Reams good white Foolscap paper. Price $2 a ream; worth $2.50.

For sale by H. D. TURNER, N. C. Book Store.

Raleigh, May, 1855. 40

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A LARGE assortment of every shade and variety, and at very low prices. Call and examine at McGEE & WILLIAMS.

May, 1855. 40

FANS, FANS, FANS.

WE have received a large and choice supply of FANS, comprising many varieties, from the most superb Chinese down to a sixpence Palm leaf. Call at McGEE & WILLIAMS.

Raleigh, May, 1855. 40.

Gazetteer of the United States,

EDITED BY T. BALDWIN AND J. THOMAS, M. D. With a new and superb Map of the United States, Engraved on Steel. Above 1200 pages, 8vo.

The publishers take pleasure in announcing the completion of this, the most elaborate, comprehensive, and perfect Gazetteer of the United States, that has ever issued from the press. In its preparation, no considerations of expense or labor have been allowed to interfere with a work designed to be as perfect as possible in every department, and in all of its details. Nor have the successive issues of other Gazetteers, hurried through the press to claim the market, tempted the publishers to offer their book before all the ample Census (of 1850) and other material in the hands of the Editors were fully digested and accurately arranged.

When this Gazetteer was first announced, 800 pages, or, at the most, 600, were designed as the limit of the book. But so vast was the amount of matter accumulated by the personal labors of the Editors and their assistants, as well as though the active efforts of several thousand Correspondents in all parts of the United States, the work has swelled to near 1300 pages. The amount of new matter which it contains, all of a recent character, is very large, and in many instances embracing Statistics and Populations to 1854. This gives it an intrinsic value over every other work of the kind in existence.

The only complete and thoroughly reliable Gazetteer of the United States yet published!

For sale by H. D. TURNER, N. C. Book Store.

Raleigh, May 18, 1855. 40

BANK OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.—The general meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, in Raleigh, on the first Monday in July next. As the question of acceptance of the Charter granted by the last Legislature will then be considered, a punctual attendance, either in person or by proxy, is earnestly requested.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

Raleigh, May 19th, 1855. 40-td.

A CURE FOR ALL!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

CITIZENS OF THE UNION,—You have done me the honour as with one voice, from one end of the Union to the other, to stamp the character of my Ointment with your approbation. It is scarcely two years since I made it known among you, and already, it has obtained more celebrity than any other medicine in so short a period.

THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

38, Cor. of Ann and Nassau streets, New York.

ASTONISHING CURE OF SORE LEGS, AFTER NINE YEARS STANDING.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. J. W. Langley, of Huntsville, Yadkin County, North Carolina, U. S. dated November 1st, 1853.

READ HIS OWN WORDS.

TO PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,

Sir:—It is not my wish to become notorious, nether is this letter written for the mere sake of writing, but to say, that your Ointment cured me of one of the most dreadful cutaneous diseases that flesh is heir to, and which was considered by all who knew me, to be entirely beyond the reach of medicine. For nine years I was inflicted with one of the most painful and troublesome sore legs that ever fell to the lot of man; and after trying every medicine I had ever heard of, I resigned in despair all hope of being cured; but a friend brought me a couple of large pots of your