THE RALEIGH REGISTER.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 26, 1862

THE LATEST NEWS.

☞ We learn that a dispatch was received in Raleigh to-day (Tuesday), which states that there had been a fight at Fredericksburg, and that Lee had repulsed the Yankees.

THE NEWS.

A despatch from Port Hudson states that a fleet of 30 Yankee vessels has just arrived at that city. Its destination is not known.

The stores destroyed at Manassas last week were burnt by nine Confederate scouts, whose approach being discovered by the Yankee pickets, caused the speedy retreat of Seigle's whole command towards Washington. The scouts were supposed to be the advance of Jackson's corps.

A despatch from Wilmington, dated Monday the 24th, says that the schooner Harkaway, Capt. Capinau, eleven days from Nassau, with five hundred and fifty sacks of salt, has arrived ther safely.

The Exchange Hotel in Richmond was sold on Monday to Robert A. Lancaster and others for $101,000.

FROM FREDERICKSBURG—THE SURRENDER OF THE TOWN DEMANDED.

We present this morning such particulars as have reached us of the condition of affairs around Fredericksburg, which, within the past week, has been made the chief theatre of army operations. Early last week it became apparent that the main body of the enemy's forces were in the vincinity of that town, and the fact was developed that Burnside intended a movement from that quarter upon Richmond. It is needless to allude to the movements of our own army consequent upon these developments, and imprudent to speak of the preparations made to arrest the threatened advance of the enemy. On Friday a demand was made upon the Mayor for a surrender of the place, and allowing *sixteen* hours for the removal of the women and children.

The Mayor and Council replied requesting a longer time for the removal of the women and children. A conference was then held with the Yankee officers which resulted in an extension of the time for the removal of the women and children, and others not connected with the defence of the place, until 12 o'clock Sunday. The work of removal was at once commenced and rapidly prosecuted, the trains arriving at Richmond on Saturday afternoon, being filled with those thus suddenly deprived of their homes. Whilst the train which left Fredericksburg about noon on Saturday was leaving the depot, the agreement entered into was broken by the faithless enemy by firing several shells at it, one of which exploded in close proximity to it.

Our latest advices from the town state that up to 1 o'clock Sunday the shelling had not commenced.

GENERAL JOHNSTON'S COMMAND—THE ARMY IN THE WEST CONSOLIDATED.—It is stated that General Joseph E. Johnston has been appointed to take command in the West. The armies in the West, including those in East and Middle Tennessee and the army of the Mississippi, will be consolidated under his command; and his Department will be known generally as the Western Department.

General Polk left yesterday for the West.—*Richmond Examiner, of Friday.*

FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

MOBILE, Nov. 20th.—A letter in the "Advertiser and Register," dated Abbeville, 15th, says:

The army has been on the *qui vive* for a week past, anticipating an attack from the enemy. To day information was received that the abolitionists have retired some distance. From their movements, it is difficult to conjecture whether they meditate an attack upon Pemberton's army or not. It is certain they have advanced their forces from Jackson, Bolivar, and a portion from Corinth, to Lagrange and Grand Junction. At the latter place Gen. Grant has established his headquarters.

Our army occupy a position of great natural strength, are well fortified, and have been manifesting great impatience to advance upon the invading force. It is not thought probable that the enemy will hazard an engagement.

LATER FROM NASSAU—LOSS OF A STEAMER.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 19.—Nassau dates to the 12th inst., have been received. They bring accounts of the loss of the steamer Kelsie, fifty miles off the coast. She was run into, abandoned, and soon after sunk. She was one of three light draft steamers built expressly on the Clyde to run the blockade. One, the Jiona, was sunk in the Clyde. The other having not been heard from is also supposed to be lost.

Admiral Milne's command of the North American and West India station has been extended one year longer.

ATTACK UPON FORT McALLISTER.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 20.—The Savannah papers of this morning say two Abolition gunboats and one mortar boat attacked Fort McAllister, Genesis Point, on the Ogeechee River, yesterday morning. After a fierce engagement the boats retired. Our loss is three men slightly wounded. The works are still in perfect order.

FROM FREDERICKSBURG.

The only news of importance from Fredericksburg yesterday is that the enemy sent over a flag of truce, accompanied by General Patrick, with a communication for the authorities, but as the train left for Richmond shortly afterwards, its purport has not transpired. The Federal officer was referred to General Lee. In the situation of affairs at Fredericksburg there has been no change since our previous report. We are informed that our pickets have occasionally indulged in conversation with those of the enemy across the river, but a stop has been put to this practice.

A report was brought from Gordonsville last evening that the Yankees had left Fredericksburg and gone to Port Royal, Caroline county, for the purpose of taking their gunboats to some other point. There is nothing in our advices to confirm this statement, although it was the opinion of some persons at Fredericksburg on Thursday, that there was a movement in the direction of Aquia Creek.

THE LATEST.

At a late hour last night, we received information that the communication from Burnside to General Lee was a demand for the surrender of the town by 9 o'clock Saturday morning, and that it would be shelled in the event of a refusal. We have not learned the purport of the reply.

The Fredericksburg Herald of yesterday says that on Tuesday and Wednesday the Potomac river was covered with vessels of all sizes and kinds, mainly of the transport order. That these vessels were intended to carry off the army is an opinion entertained by many. Enough of the army will be left over the river though to "keep up appearances." The writer adds—"We shall not be surprised if, by Saturday night, the main bulk of Burnside's force is well on its way to their new destination, though, of course, this is conjecture to a great extent." The Herald says, however, that others entertain a different opinion in regard to General Burnside's movements, and insist that Fredericksburg will be the base of his operations.—*Richmond Whig.*

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.—THURSDAY, Nov. 20.—In the Senate on Thursday, after the announcement of the standing Committees, the following bills, &c., were introduced:

By Mr. Woolley, that the committee on the Judiciary enquire into the expediency of establishing an additional judicial circuit. Adopted.

By Mr. Sharpe, that the committee on Finance be instructed to enquire into the expediency of levying a tax on all dogs, except such as shall be considered necessary to their owners.

By Mr. Lassiter, that the General Assembly approve of the course of Governor Vance in regard to the clothing of our troops, and that North Carolina is yet ready to make any sacrifice, whether of blood or treasure, to secure her independence.

By Mr. Mathews, in regard to the present condition of N. C. Troops; provides that should the Confederate Government fail to properly clothe our troops, it becomes the duty of the State authorities to see that their wants are attended to.

By Mr. Lassiter, a bill to prevent speculation; Provides that all persons speculating in articles of clothing shall be taxed 25 per cent. on their net income.

By Mr. Lassiter, a bill to amend the 9th and 12th sections of ch. 101 of the revised Code.—The bill provides that all white males, &c., between the ages of 16 and 50 instead of 18 and 45, as heretofore, shall be required to work on the public roads.

By Mr. Lane, a resolution to prevent the distillation of grain. Continues the operation of the ordinance of the Convention on the subject until the termination of the war.

By Mr Lane, a resolution that the Military Committee prepare and report by bill or otherwise what measures are necessary to protect Eastern North Carolina from the public enemy—adopted.

By Mr. Faison, a bill to secure the property of married women. Provides that in addition to the real estate, one-half of the personal rights attaching to such persons shall accrue to them as well after as before marriage.

Mr. Wright moved a reconsideration of the vote adopting the rules of order and to amend by abolishing the Military Committee—adopted.

Mr. Sharpe introduced a bill to repeal an act of the last Assembly, known as the "Stay Law."

Mr. Young, a bill to amend the charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Railroad. Relates to the internal management of road.

A message was received from the House proposing to elect an Engrossing Clerk at 12 m, today. Concurred in, and ordered that a message should be returned stating such concurrence, and that Mr. W. A Huske of Fayetteville, and W. H. Joyner of Franklin, were in nomination.

Also, a message transmitting the documents accompanying the Governor's message with proposition to print. Concurred in.

Mr. Hall recommended the appointment of Mr. Thos. G. Miller, as a justice of the peace, for New Hanover county. Concurred in.

Mr. Ellis introduced a bill to provide clothing for N. C. Troops. It provides more efficient measures for clothing N. C. Troops. Ordered to be printed.

The hour appointed for the election of an Engrossing Clerk, having arrived, an election was held in both Houses, resulting in the election of Mr. Huske.

Mr. Lane introduced a bill to amend the 13th Section 105th Chapter Revised Code. Increases Sheriff's bond to $50,000 in all cases where deemed expedient for the public good.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—The standing Committees were announced by the speaker, and then the following bills, &c., were introduced:

Mr. Waddell, to refer certain portions of the Governor's private communication on yesterday relating to patrols, to a special Committee.—Adopted.

Mr. Glenn, requiring patrol duty from militia officers. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Kerner in favor of John Fisher.

Mr. Amis, to appoint a committee to enquire into the expediency of establishing a State Printing Office

Mr. Beall, to authorize the Governor to employ slaves upon the State defences. To be printed and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Lyles, to incorporate the Macon Leather Manufacturing Company. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Cowles, to abolish the office of State Geologist.

Mr. Walser, to prohibit Sheriffs, Constables, &c., from selling property for specie until the Banks resume specie payments, and permitting the tender of Confederate currency.

Mr. Avera, to authorize fifteen magistrates to hold County Courts in Johnston County.

On motion of Mr. Waddell, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to enter into an election for one engrossing clerk at 12 o'clock.

A message was received from the Senate concurring in the above and nominating Messrs. Huske and Joyner.

The House proceeded to vote, and the committee appointed to superintend the election reported that Mr. Huske had received 104 votes; Mr. Joyner 30 votes, and declared Mr. Huske of Fayetteville elected.

Mr. Foy, in moving the proceedings of a meeting of the citizens of Onslow be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, made a statement of the outrages committed by the enemy in Onslow county, arresting citizens and dragging them from their homes. He stated that the people of Onslow anxiously looked to the Legislature for military protection, and were willing to make any sacrifice of money and provisions to be relieved from their present distressing situation.

On motion of Dr. Love the House adjourned to 11 o'clock to-morrow.

SENATE.—Friday, Nov. 21.—The Speaker announced some joint standing Committees. The following bills, &c., were introduced and appropriately referred:

Mr. Ellis presented a memorial from the citizens of Columbus county, asking the Legislature to clearly define the crime of extortion, and praying that adequate punishment may be inflicted for the same.

Mr. Smith, of Macon, introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of paying pensions to disabled, and the widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, until the same are provided for the Confederate Government.

Mr. Shipp introduced a bill to modify an Act passed at an extra session of the Legislature, entitled a bill to change the jurisdiction of the Courts and the rules of pleading. (Repeals several sections of the act.)

Mr. Taylor, of Chatham, a bill repealing the 76 sec. 34 chap. Revised Code—(Substitutes a very stringent section in lieu thereof, relative to gaming generally.)

Mr. Ramsey, from the Committee on claims, reported back to the Senate a resolution in favor of Phil. D. Smith; recommending its passage.—The resolution then passed its second reading, and on motion of Mr. Smith, of Anson, the rules were suspended and the resolution passed its third and last reading in the Senate.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a resolution to refer so much of the Governor's message as relates to raising ten regiments, as a reserve for State defence, to the Committees on Military Affairs. Adopted.

Mr. Ellis introduced a resolution, making sundry inquiries of the Quarter Master General for this State.

On motion of Mr. Ramsey, leave of absence was granted to the Senator from New Hanover. (Mr. Hall,) for three days.

On Mr. Simpson's motion, the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Mr. Mann, of Pasquotank, was appointed on the Joint Committee on Military Affairs, vice Mr. Donnell, excused.

Mr. Riddick, representative from Perquimans county, appeared and was qualified.

On motion of Mr. Burgin, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to raise a Joint Committee to consider so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the taxation of staves.

The following bills were introduced and adopted:

Mr. Bryson, a resolution requiring the Committee on Military Affairs to consider the propriety of sending a commission of three to visit sick and disabled soldiers in camp, to ascertain their wants, that step may be taken for their, relief.

Mr. McKay, a resolution instructing an inquiry the Judiciary Committee, into the expediency of fixing a scale of prices for articles of prime necessity.

Mr. Manning, a resolution instructing an inquiry by the Finance Committee as to the propriety of relieving from taxation persons whose property has been destroyed by the public enemy.

Mr. Bryson, a resolution that the Committee on Military affairs consider the propriety of granting pensions to disabled soldiers and the families of soldiers dying in service.

Mr. Peebles, a resolution referring so much of the Governor's message as relates to State defences to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Lyle, a resolution in favor of Joseph Welch. Referred to the Convention on Cherokee Lands.

The following were read the first time and appropriately referred:

Mr. Shepherd, a bill to authorize the payment of salaries to Judges whose circuits are in possession of the enemy. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Mann, of Pasquotank, a bill to amend the 9th section of the 53d chapter Revised Code.

Mr. Bryson, a bill to authorize the Agent for the sale of Cherokee Lands to refund the purchase money in certain cases.

Mr. Shepherd, a bill to authorize the President and Directors of the Literary Fund to elect a Treasurer, and prescribe his duties.

Mr. Headen, a bill authorizing the Magistrates of Chatham County to levy a tax for working the public roads in said county.

Mr. Brown, a bill to amend the charter of the Western Plank Road Company.

Mr. Burgin, a bill to establish the 7th Judicial Circuit.

The House adjourned.

SENATE.—Saturday, Nov. 22.—In the Senate the following resolution were introduced:

By Mr. Ramsey, a resolution referring the different subjects of the Governor's message to appropriate Committees. Passed and ordered to be printed for information of the Committee.

Mr. Jarratt, a resolution requesting the Governor to communicate to the Senate, information relative to the number of troops furnished by this State to the Confederate Army, the number that had been raised by conscription, and any information he may have as to the number of troops now within the limits of the State. Passed and referred.

On Mr. Murrill's motion a resolution introduced by him a few days since was taken from the table and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The following bills were introduced and passed their first reading:

By Mr. Lane, a bill relative to hired slaves, (provides that in case of death the liability for hire ceases.)

Also a bill regulating the Administration of Insolvent Estates. Ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. Ellis, a bill concerning Salt. (Appropriates $500,000 for the manufacture of the same, and authorize the Governor to appoint four Commissioners to carry out the purposes of the bill.) Referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Copeland, a bill instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to take into consideration the propriety of reporting a new bill for the government of the State Militia.

Mr. Russ introduced a resolution authorizing the Governor to lay an embargo on all the prime necessities of life, the product of the State, that are now being taken out or may hereafter be attempted to be taken out of the State during the existence of the war.

Mr. Russ's resolution elicited a good deal of debate, and was amended, passed and sent to the House. It was there amended and passed its final reading, and returned to the Senate, where it also passed its final reading in the following shape:

Resolved, That the Governor be authorized to lay an immediate embargo on all articles of clothing, Wooden Shoes, Leather, Cloth of any kind, Cotton, Hogs, Cattle, Salt, or any other article of prime necessity, except articles held by properly authorized agents of this, and the Confederates States and any other State of the Confederate States. And this Resolution shall have the force and effect of Law for the space of thirty days from and after its passage.

During the session, messages were received from the House of Commons proposing to go into elections for Comptroller of State, a Solicitor for the 7th circuit, and also for 1st circuit in the order in which they are named. They announced that C. H. Brogdon, Esq., was in nomination for Comptroller, and that A. S. Merrimon, Esq., of Buncombe, for Solicitor for 7th circuit, and Jessee J. Yeates, Esq, of Hartford, for the 1st circuit.

Each of the above gentlemen were elected by a unanimous vote. A message was also received from the House transmitting a message from the Governor, with the report of the Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum. Ordered to be printed.

The Speaker announced Messrs. Brown, Lane and Jarratt as the Senate branch of the Committee on the verbal communication of the Governor.

On motion Mr. Adams of Guilford, the Senate adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—The following resolutions were read and appropriately referred:

Mr. Logan, a memorial and resolutions from King's Mountain Baptist Association, deprecating the conduct of extortioners and speculators.

Mr. Waddell introduced a resolution empowering the Governor to employ slaves on works of public defence, authorizing impressment in certain cases. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Greene, in favor of John Blaylock.

Mr. Russ, in favor of Benjamin Fitzrandall.

Leave of absence was granted to Messrs. Perkins, Cobb, Dunn, Avera and Albritton.

Mr. Fowle, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the bill to incorporate the Macon Leather manufacturing Company, recommending its passage, with an amendment which provides that said Company shall charge, during the war, no greater profit than seventy-five per cent., on pain of forfeiture of charter and indictment as for misdemeanor. The amendment was adopted and the bill passed its second and third reading.

Mr. Fowle, from the same Committee, reported back a bill concerning sheriffs; recommending that it do not pass. Laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Love, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to go into an election of Solicitor for the Seventh Judicial District, and nominating A. S. Marrimon.

At 12 o'clock the House went into an election for State Comptroller. Mr. Brogden was unanimously elected.

The bill authorizing the Governor to purchase provisions was read. On motion of Mr. Fowle, an amendment was adopted authorizing the appointment of storekeepers with fixed salaries to distribute the provisions.

On motion of Mr. Shepherd, the appropriation was raised from two to five hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. Waddell offered an amendment that persons in a state of destitution should receive their provisions free; it was adopted, and afterwards gave rise to a debate in which Messrs. Cowles, Fowle, Waddell, Fleming and Burgin participated. Finally the bill was re-committed to the Judiciary Committee.

BILLS READ THE FIRST TIME.

Mr. Foy, to increase the county patrol. It authorizes the magistrates of every county to appoint a patrol of 50 men, with the pay of soldiers, to patrol night and day.

Mr. Foy, to raise ten thousand troops, for the service of the State, for 12 months. Referred to Military Committee.

Mr. Henry, of Henderson, to require Plaintiff in suits to give Bonds as well as the defendants.—Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Walser, for the relief of sick and wounded soldiers. Gives free transportation over the Railroads to their friends with supplies, &c.

At one o'clock the House went into an election for Solicitor of the Seventh Judicial District. Mr. A. S. Merrimon was unanimously elected.

On motion of Mr. Cowles, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to enter immediately on the election of a Solicitor for the First Judicial District, and nominating Jessee J. Yeates, of Hertford. The Senate concurred and Mr. Yeates was unanimously elected.

The Bill incorporating the Macon Leather manufacturing Company passed its third reading and was sent to the Senate.

An engrossed resolution was received from the Senate, authorizing the Governor to lay an immediate embargo on clothing and provisions and all articles of prime necessity, to have the force of law for thirty days. The Rules were suspended and the resolution passed its third reading.

The House then adjourned.

SENATE—Monday, Nov. 24.—In the Senate Mr. Wooley introduced a bill for the relief of debtors in certain cases. Read first time and referred.

The bill provides that when a tender of payment is made in current bank notes, treasury notes or notes of the Confederate States, and is refused, the interest on the debt shall cease from the time of such refusal.

Mr. Mathews, a resolution authorizing the Governor to appoint a commissioner to examine into the condition of the sick and wounded soldiers of N. C., in the hospitals at Richmond.—Procures furloughs for all such persons from the Confederate Government, when expedient, and permits them to return to their homes.

The Senate with the concurrence of the House unanimously re-elected Mr. C. H. Wiley Superintendent of Common Schools.

After some other unimportant business the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—A joint resolution of thanks to our State Troops, introduced by McAden, passed its three readings under a suspension of the rules.

The following bills passed their first reading:

Mr. Walser, to appropriate $500,000 for the benefit of the wives and families of our soldiers.

Mr. Manning, in reference to taxes and the liabilities of Sheriffs.

Mr. Shepherd, to enable County Court Clerks to establish work-houses in connection with County Jails.

Mr. Lemmonds, to call free persons of color, from 15 to 69 years of age, into the service of the State for the purpose of labor.

Mr. Gentry, to abolish the office of Superintendent of Common Schools.

A message was received from the Senate, proposing to enter into an election for Superintendent of Common Schools at half past 12 o'clock, and nominating Calvin H. Wiley. At the appointed hour Mr. Wiley was unanimously elected.

Mr. Fowle, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the bill for purchasing provisions with a substitute, which appropriates $500,000 for that purpose. The Governor to appoint agents with fixed salaries, to purchase and distribute the provisions to the families of the soldiers and all other poor, at prime cost, including transportation, &c.

Mr. Beall offered an amendment, allowing Commissioners from counties, who have appropriated money for that purpose, to purchase for their poor at the same rate. Adopted.

Mr. McKay moved to increase the sum to one million of dollars. Rejected.

Mr. Peebles offered an amendment, prohibiting purchases to be made from speculators and that all agents appointed should make oath that they had not done so during the war.

This amendment elicited a good deal of debate and was finally rejected.

On motion of Mr. Shober, the word "indigent" was inserted before families.

The bill, as amended, then passed its third reading and was transmitted to the Senate.

The House adjourned.

THE STAY LAW.

It will be seen by the Senate report of the proceedings of the Legislature that a bill has been introduced to repeal the main provisions of what is known as the "Stay Law." We think it is an injudicious move at this critical period to unsettle the people's minds relative to pecuniary matters. The Convention, composed of the ablest men in the State, refused to make any material alteration in the law, and it was well qualified to judge of its merits. The people have asked for no change, they are content with the present law, and have made their business arrangements under the idea that the law was a permanent one until the close of the war. If there is any class in favor of repeal, it is those professional gentlemen who live by County and Superior Court litigation, and that greedy class of speculators who are anxiously on the look out for sheriff's sales. A repeal of the "Stay Law" is eagerly looked for by those men who have no faith in the final success of the South, and object upon the most trival pretence to receive Confederate money, in payment from their debtors. Every man in the community is aware how eagerly property of every kind brings enormous prices, from a certain class of dealers, who, after speculating upon the necessities of the poor, are eager to invest their unholy gains in real estate, as they have no confidence in Confederate money. It is for the benefit of such men as the foregoing, to have the law repealed, that they may grasp the property of their more scrupulous neighbors.

The present law has in a great measure banished the system of long credits, and brought forward a ready money trade in almost every department of business—a decided change for the better, as every business man will admit. The "great plenteousness of money" alluded to by the Governor has enabled a large majority of the people to discharge their pecuniary obligations, but it should be remembered, that this "plenteousness" has not extended to all classes. The small trader, the store keeper and the great body of hard working mechanics and their families have been pinched to live, much less to pay off debts contracted before the war began. Repeal the "Stay Law" and the humble homes, built by the hard earned savings of years, will soon be under the sheriff's hammer at the suit of some heartless cormorant. It is right to protect the property of a soldier in the field. It ought to be recollected that a large number are young men, and it would be a poor reward for their service to sell out the aged father or the widowed mother, whose inability to pay arose from the want of that labor which has been expended for the country in the field. It is a humane maxim of law that it is better many guilty escape than one innocent should suffer, and on the same principle it is much better that many dishonest persons should defer payment, than that a large class of our industrous population should be delivered up to the "tender mercies" of heartless money lenders and *energetic* lawyers and collectors. In times like these, when our people are depressed in spirit, and partial famine, brought on by speculation, staring them in the face, it will rejoice our enemies to hear that our legislators are incline to add still heavier burdens, that will give the rich power to oppress the poor and perhaps excite a general discontent. "Let well enough alone" is a good maxim at all times and seasons.—*State Journal.*

SNUFFS! SNUFFS!!

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE orders for Nelson & Munnis's celebrated Scotch Snuffs, viz:

"Scotch" (in papers) in Boxes, 50 lbs.
"Scotch," loose in Barrels, 120 lbs.
"Rappee," in 20 lb. Jars.
"Macaubar," in 20 lb. Jars. For sale by

SMYTH & CO., Sole Agents.
Petersburg, Nov. 22d, 1862. nov 22—3m

OFFICE OF SURGEON GENERAL OF N. C., November 12, 1862.

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES ARE wanted for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers:

Shoes, Socks, Hats, Coats, Pants, Drawers, Leather, Shoe Thread, Shoe-making Lasts, (from No. 6 to 12 inclusive,) Buttons, Cotton Cloth, Flannel, Potatoes, Brandy, Butter, Eggs, &c.

Proposals will be received at this office for a proper supply of them. Those able and willing to contribute them, will please address the undersigned

EDWARD WARREN,
nov 15—1m Surgeon General of N. C.

To the Medical Profession.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS IN PRESS, and will shortly publish, a work entitled

"Surgery for Camp, Field and Hospital."

Those disposed to become subscribers will please forward their names to the author, at Raleigh, N. C.

EDWARD WARREN,
nov 15—1m Surgeon General of N. C.

Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR of the late Gen. L. O'B. BRANCH, at November term, 1862, of Wake County Court, I give notice to all debtors of the estate to make payment, and to all creditors to present their claims within the time prescribed by law.

WM. A. BLOUNT, Jr.
November 21st, 1862. nov 22—6w

Save Your Scraps.

SHAW, WILLIAMSON & CO., AT THE NORTH STATE IRON AND BRASS WORKS, (formerly Burns' Foundry,) will pay for scrap Cast Iron 3 cts. per lb. For Wrought Iron scraps, scrap Brass, scrap Zink and scrap Copper the highest cash price will be paid. They will pay the highest market price for a large quantity of Charcoal. Will also receive proposals for delivering two hundred cords of Wood. se 20—3mpd

FOUND, IN THE STREETS OF RALeigh, a COUPON which has been detached from a North Carolina Bond, which the owner can have on application at the Public Treasurer's Office, by describing the No. and amount of said Coupon, and by paying for this advertisement. oc 1—tf

OFFICE OF THE CHATHAM R. R. COMPANY, RALEIGH, October 29th, 1862.

A MONTHLY INSTALMENT OF TEN per cent., payable on the first day of each month, until the whole subscription is paid, is hereby called for, by an order of the Board of Directors.

W. W. VASS, Treasurer.
Raleigh, Oct. 31, 1862. nov 8—tf

Valuable Warren Land and Residence for Sale in N. Carolina.

UNDER A DECREE OF THE COURT of Equity for Warren County, will be sold, on WEDNESDAY, December 3d, 1862, on the premises, the TRACT OF LAND on which Kemp Plummer, dec'd, resided at the time of his death. The tract is less than half a mile from the Town of Warrenton, contains about nine hundred and twenty acres, well adapted to the cultivation of Wheat, Tobacco, Corn and other grains, is very well watered, having on it several excellent springs, some of them mineral, and is justly considered one of the most desirable farms and residences in Warren County. Terms made known on the day of sale.

nov 1 C. M. COOK, C. M. E.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold about four hundred barrels of Corn, one hundred and eighty bushels of Wheat, thirty stacks of Fodder, wheat straw, about one hundred fat Hogs, thirty head of Cattle, two yoke of Oxen, ten head of Horses and Mules, among them three thorough-bred Mares, and several other articles of value.

Terms made known on day of sale.

THOS. G. PLUMMER, } Ex'rs.
JOS. B. BATCHELOR, }
no 5—tds

Notice.

I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE for Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs, also for Bacon, Lard, Eggs, Poultry of every description, particularly Geese and Ducks, delivered to me at my farm, 7 miles west of Raleigh, formerly belonging to Hinton Franklin, Esq.

B. D. SMITH.
Raleigh, 14th June, 1862. june18—6mpd

Notice.

I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET price for Fodder, Oats or Hay, delivered at my Stables, (formerly Clayton's,) Raleigh, N. C., opposite Market Square.

J. B. FRANKLIN.
oc 29—1m Journal and Standard copy 1 month.

OFFICE OF THE CHATHAM RAILROAD CO., RALEIGH, Nov. 5, 1862.

NO ACCEPTABLE BID HAVING BEEN offered for the Graduation and Masonry of the Middle Division of the Chatham Railroad, extending from Page's to Lockville, 23 miles, the undersigned is prepared to receive proposals at this office.

Profiles and Specifications, showing about the aggregate amount of work required, can be seen at the Engineer's Office, Haywood, Chatham County, or at the Company's Office, Raleigh.

KEMP P. BATTLE, President.
ELLWOOD MORRIS, Chief Engineer. nov 8—6t

ANOTHER LARGE & VALUABLE stock of Imported Drugs, pr Steamer Kate, was purchased by the subscriber at the sale in Charleston on the 12th inst., which is daily expected and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, at a small advance. This is a rare opportunity for Physicians and country merchants to replenish their stocks for full trade. TERMS, CASH ON DELIVERY. The following comprises in part the stock referred to viz: 200 oz. Quinine, 100 gal. Castor Oil, 150 lbs. Camphor, 600 lbs. Pepper, 1 Case Howards Calomel, 6 do. Iod. Potass, 1 do. Sulpher, 3 Packages Chlorate Potass, 300 do. Alum, 8 Cases Eng. Mustard, 1 Case Morphine in oz vials, 1 Package Opium, 1 do. Assafoetida, 1 Case Eng. B. W. and Omnibus Soaps, 5 bbs. Lard Oil, 25 bbls. Tanners Oil, 1500 lbs. Yellow Wax, Fine Tooth Coombs, Ivory, Spts. Nitre, Lunar Caustic, and many extracts too tedious to mention.

Send orders soon to

P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh, N. C.
nov. 19.

Valuable Lands for Sale in Warren County, N. Carolina.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE MADE IN the case of James T. Russell and others, ex parte, at Warren Court of Equity, October Term, 1862, I shall sell, at the Court House door, in the Town of Warrenton, to the highest bidder, at public auction, on the 6th day of January, 1863, on a credit of twelve months, a TRACT OF LAND now in the possession of James T. Russell, called the Manich tract, situated in Warren County, adjoining the lands of Weldon N. Edwards, John H. Bullock, Green Duke and others, and containing about fourteen hundred and fifty acres. Also, a tract in said County, adjoining the lands of William E. Davis and others, and containing about two hundred and twenty acres. Bond, with approved security will be required for the purchase money.

C. M. COOK, C. M. E.
November 5, 1862—tds.

THE FIRST YEAR OF THE WAR.—By EDWARD A. POLLARD, Author of "Black Diamonds," &c.

Price, $2.00
When sent by mail, $2.50
oc 8 W. L. POMEROY.

Notice.

WILL BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST bidder, on MONDAY, the 1st day of December, on a credit of six months, at the late residence of James Wiggins, dec'd, in Wake county, the following property, viz: Horses, Mules, a fine lot of Fat Hogs, Sows and Pigs, Shoats, 1 yoke Oxen, Cows and Calves, Beef Cattle, Sheep, 1 four horse Wagon, Corn, Fodder, Wheat, Oats, Rye, 1 Carriage, 2 Buggies, 2 Carts, Cotton Gin, Wheat Thrasher, Fan Mill, 1 barrel Apple Brandy, Vinegar, and all the Farming Utensils and Household and Kitchen Furniture.

The sale of a large lot of Corn and Fodder, &c., will take place at the plantation of the said deceased in Franklin county, on THURSDAY the 4th day of December. Bond and good security will be required.

MARY WIGGINS, Admin'x.
nov 19—tw By W. Heartsfield, Ag't.

V. T. Crawford,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL PROSECUTE CLAIMS AGAINST the Confederate States. Particular attention will be paid to those of Deceased Soldiers. All necessary papers will be prepared and forwarded by mail on being informed of the facts of the case to be sworn to before presentation to the proper authorities.

Address, V. T. CRAWFORD,
oc 25—1m Richmond, Va., Post Office.

WANTED AT THIS OFFICE—TWO BOYS to learn the Printing business.

For Sale.

BETWEEN THREE AND FOUR HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, situated four miles due West of Raleigh, and adjacent to the North Carolina Railroad. Apply to

nov 19—tf WM. G. HILL.

Bank of North Carolina.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock for the last six months has been declared this day, payable in currency at the Principal Bank, Branches and Agencies, on the first Monday in December next.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
Raleigh, November 5th, 1862. nov 1—td

Notice.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA—WAKE County—Court of Equity, Fall Term, 1862:

Laura P. Cotton and others—ex parte.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Equity of Wake County, at Fall Term A. D. 1862, in the above entitled case of "Laura P. Cotton and others," the undersigned, Clerk and Master, will proceed to sell the land and premises in the pleadings mentioned and described, on the 29th day of November next, at public auction.

The House and Lot are located in the City of Raleigh, on New Bernn street, about a half mile from the business part of the city, and is one of the most desirable places to be found.

The dwelling house is large and commodious, containing thirteen rooms, with about 15 acres of land attached, having the necessary outhouses, and a well of the *finest water*. There is also a fine stable lot, and a well of water on it. Possession will be given immediately.

The sale will take place on the premises, commencing at 12 M., upon a credit of one year for one third of the price; two years for another third; and three years for the residue of the purchase money, the purchaser entering into bond with two able securities.

R. G. LEWIS, C. M. E.
20th Oct., 1862. oc 25—wswtd

VALUABLE LANDS AND RAILROAD HOTEL FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE A VALUABLE Tract of Land near Kittrell's Depot, containing 470 or 80 acres, about 100 or 150 in a good state of cultivation, some rich lots set with clover, a commodious dwelling house, containing five rooms, kitchen, smoke house, granaries, cribs, stables and negro houses.

Upon this Tract has been recently discovered a Mineral Spring, said to be equal in its health-giving properties to any yet discovered in the State. (Dr. Emmons' analysis can be referred to.) The productive qualities of this land, its convenience to the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, and the healthy climate in which it is located, render it a most desirable residence.

Either separately, or in conjunction with this Plantation, can be purchased a valuable HOTEL, at Kittrell's Depot. The Furniture belonging thereto, (good and new,) beds, mattresses and bed clothing for 30 or 40 beds, an excellent cooking stove, and best dining room crockery ware, well selected, will be either reserved, or included in the sale of the Hotel, at the wish of the purchaser. The mineral spring is only a short distance from the Hotel, and opens a fine field for enterprise. Come and judge for yourself.

I also offer for sale 62 acres of land, with good common improvements, 300 yards from the Depot.

Also, a Tract of Land 2 miles from the Depot of Ridgeway, Warren county, which contains 172 acres, and the best Flour Manufacturing Mill in the State. This property will be shown those desiring to see it by my manager at the mills.

My address is Kittrell's Depot, Granville Co., N. C.

I invite immediate attention to the above advertisement. Terms will be made accommodating.

nov 22—2w WM. F. COLLINS.

☞ Petersburg Express and Richmond Examiner copy two weeks and send bills to this office.

Land for Sale in Warren County, North Carolina.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE MADE IN the case of Thomas D. Hilliard and wife and others, ex parte, at October term, 1862, of Warren Court of Equity, I shall sell, on the 30th day of December, 1862, at the Court House door in the town of Warrenton, to the highest bidder, at public auction, on a credit of twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, the Tract of Land in Warren county on which Samuel H. Holloway, dec'd, resided at the time of his death, subject, nevertheless, to the dower of Martha Holloway, the widow of the said Samuel H. in said land. The Tract adjoins the lands of John Watkins, Austin Newman and William Paschall, and contains about two hundred and sixty-two acres.—Bond with approved security will be required of the purchaser.

C. M. COOK, C. M. E.
nov 22—tds

20 LIKELY NEGROES FOR SALE.—On WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of December next, at the residence of the late Henry S. Battle, deceased, in the county of Edgecombe, five miles Northeast of Rocky Mount, I will sell at public auction, about seventy-five bales Cotton, nine Mules, stock of Cattle and Sheep, 75 fat Hogs, 100 Shoats, Sows and Pigs, Carts, Wagons and farming utensils, carpenters' and blacksmith's tools, household and kitchen furniture, and many other articles not necessary to mention.

At the same time and place I will sell twenty likely negroes, composed of boys, men, women and children; among them a carpenter and many excellent field hands. Terms made known on day of sale.

JAMES P. BATTLE, Adm'r,
nov 10—tds Rocky Mount, N. C.

Hotel and Land for Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE County Court of Granville, made at the November term, 1862, upon the petition of Martha S. Alley, Samuel Alley, Pattie Alley, Nora Alley and Parry Alley, heirs at law of Albert H. Alley, late of the town of Henderson, deceased, I will sell, in the town of Henderson, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December, 1862, to the highest bidder, the Hotel and Lot in said town, known as Alley's Hotel, and two Houses and Lots adjoining—all fronting Garnett street. Also, one Lot, containing about 5 acres, known as the "Old Fair Ground," with a neat cottage residence thereon. Also, one Tract of Land, containing about 33 acres, in the suburbs of the village, beautifully located, and one-half in woodland, and well adapted for the building of desirable residences. Sold for division among the said heirs.

A credit of