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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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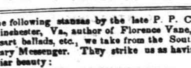
POETRY.



The following stanzas by the late P. P. Cook, of Winchester, Va., author of Florence Vane, the Froissart ballads, etc., we take from the Southern Literary Messenger. They strike us as having a peculiar beauty:

"TO MY DAUGHTER LILY."

"Six changeful years are gone, Lily,
 Since you were born to be
A darling to your mother good,
 A happiness to me.
A little shivering feeble thing
 You were to touch and view,
But we could see a promise in
 Your baby eyes of blue.

"You fastened on our hearts, Lily,
 As day by day wore by,
And beauty grew upon your cheeks
 And deepened in your eye;
A year made dimples in your hands
 And plumped your little feet,
And you had learned some merry ways
 Which we thought very sweet.

"And when the first sweet word, Lily,
 Your wee mouth learned to say,
Your mother kissed it fifty times,
 And marked the famous day.
I know not even now, my dear,
 If it was quite a word,
But your proud mother surely knew,
 For she the sound had heard.

"When you were four years old, Lily,
 You were my little friend.
And we had walks and nightly plays
 And talks without an end.
You little ones are sometimes wise,
 For you are undefiled,
A grave grown man will start to hear
 The strange words of a child.

"When care pressed on our house, Lily,
 Pressed with an iron hand—
I hated mankind for the wrong
 Which festered in the land—
But when I read your young frank face
 Its meanings, sweet and good,
My charities grew clear again—
 I felt my brotherhood.

"And sometimes it would be, Lily,
 My faith in God grew cold,
For I saw virtue go in rags,
 And vice in cloth of gold;
But in your innocence, my child,
 And in your mother's love,
I learned those lessons of the heart,
 Which fasten it above.

"At last our cares are gone, Lily,
 And peace is back again,
As you have seen the sun shine out
 After the gloomy rain;
In the good land where we were born
 We may be happy still,
A life of love will bless our home—
 The house upon the hill.

"Thanks to your gentle face, Lily,
 Its innocence was strong
To keep me constant to the right,
 When tempted by the wrong.
The little ones were dear to Him
 Who died upon tha Rood—
I ask His gentle care for you
 And for your mother good."

MISCELLANEOUS.

From Chambers' Journal.

OUT OF WORK.

BY A WORKING MAN.

WHAT a dreary phrase? How suggestive of hungry cravings and empty cupboards—of restless wanderings to and fro—of gloomy certainties and gloomier anticipations? How it disturbs a man's relations with society?—You have lost a vantage-ground. That which a week ago was possible is now impossible. You are become a pariah without intending it; and you eye squalid people with a sort of shudder, half-persuaded that ere long you will be of them. How grudging and envious the world seems to have grown? You fancy that every one is as well aware of your feelings as you are yourself, and whatever discourse may be addressed to you sounds as if pointed with an embittered sting.

Northing to do is bad enough; but out of work?—hope-stifling words—take us far beyond, even across the Rubicon of desperation. And yet it is something to know what the phrase really does mean. It is a test to which you look back with feelings similar to those which possess the surviver of a shipwreck or other fearful calamity.—You wonld avoid the trial if possible; but having gone through it, are rather glad than otherwise at having endured it. Such retrospections, it may be said, are not congenial, yet it appears to me that human experience, if reviewed in a right spirit, can hardly fail to convey a useful lesson to those who read its history. My remarks are prompted by what has happened to myself, and may on that account, if on no other, present some slight claims to notice.

Out of work!—how the grim reality haunts you, and how vain the efforts to shake it off? Then you understand fully why Keats speaks of sleep as "comfortable," and join heartily with Sanch Panza in "blessings on the man who invented sleep." The approach of bedtime was as welcome to me then as to a travel-worn pedestrian, and I shall never forget the soothing charm as the unconsciousness of sleep gradually stole over me. Its influence would remain for a few brief moments on first awaking the next morning; but presently a vague apprehension of some impending ill would creep over me, and then, when fully awake, my heart swelled with one huge choking throb, and the leaden gloom settled down on my mind for the rest of the day.

How the moral reacts on the physical!—I used to walk briskly; now I went about with a hesitating step, and with a bearing that threatened to degenerate into a slouch. I once believed my principles firm, and my faith in essential points sound—that my mind was made up as to social rights and moral duties—but the anchor-hold had suddenly given way, and I was adrift on a sea of uncertainties. I began to fancy myself ill-used, and that he was the wisest who, in the general scramble, grasped most. What had I done to be thus summarily deprived of ways and means, while men whom I thought not half so deserving were in full work? It was a hard question to answer under the circumstances, aud harder still to acknowledge that I had no right to complain. Again, how

THE RALEIGH REGIS

VOLUME LI. RALEIGH, N. C., FEBRUARY 27, 1850.

many there were who could live in ease and comfort without laborious toil, while I, at the best of time, had nothing but my manual skill and a week's wages between my little house-hold and destitution. Turn it which way I would the idea was a harassing one. The new spirit that possessed me seemed endowed with a resistless power of gravitation.

Society, in my view, had become inordinately selfish: bow cleverly it had entrenched itself within laws and statutes, so that if I—bodingly anxious without the pale—ventured to help myself to the superabundance of others, it would be under peril of liberty? What right had society to make a law which seemed expressly intended to aggravate my necesitous condition? Was I not the victim of a wanton injustice? Such thoughts as these make the work of temptation very easy for the temper. Whatever might be society's notions on the matter, mine were, that retaliatery measures would be perfectly justifiable.

I walked about—it seemed to me that I sneaked—seeking for work. The masters surely had leagued against me; how, otherwise, could be explained their malicious negative to my inquiries? There was the roar and bustle of life and traffic in the thoroughfares, which made me loathe my forced idleness. I had no business there; I was one too many in the world. How the aspect of affairs had altered! When in full work, I had not unfrequently considered it a hardship to work so many hours every week for so comparatively small a remuneration. Now, in retrospect, the wage appeared an enviable fortune. Unconsciously to myself I was learning a significant lesson, fraught with profound instruction. Could I have appreciated it then as I do now, what a load of heartache it would have spared me?

Staying at home became irksome to me: home appears somewhat strange to a workman on a working-day, and although my perambulation might be fruitless, it seemed that I was less idle when so occupied than when loitering within doors. Some mornings a faint revival of hope would make me feel certain of getting work in the course of the day, and I started forth animated by all my former confidence. Unsubstantial trust? The first disappointment brought back all my irresolutions, all my bitter forebodings. I had made up mind to brave it out, but the effort was too much for me. By a strange contradiction, too, nothwithstanding my eager desire to be again employed, there were times that I shrunk from the thought of work as an owl shuns the sunlight.

How often the few remaining dollars were counted!—this was in New York. I despised myself for calculating on how little my family could be made to exist for a given time. My heart grew hard, and I often shuddered lest it should never soften again.—How slowly time passed! the days had grown longer on purpose to torment me, and the thousand bewildering thoughts that preyed upon me had ample leisure for their work.

Facilis descensus averni; the phrase is as true now as when originally penned two thousand years ago. When first cast loose, I had felt sure of readily obtaining employment in my regular trade: the idea of condescending to inferior occupation was not to be for a moment entertained; it would damage my respectability, and disturb my self-esteem. But as the weary time wore on, the imperative necessity of providing food for a certain number of mouths every day, left no alternative, no possibility of over scrupulousness in conventionalities. Respectability soon ceased to be a bug-bear; if cabinet-making was not to be had, I would take carpentry or jobbing-work. These failing, I next called on the shipwrights, but with no better success; and then I bethought myself of trying other resources. It had always been one of my purposes and pleasures to see as much of other trades as possible, to visit and inspect all sorts of workshops, by which means their most obvious details had become familiar to me. I knew enough of shoemaking, bookbinding, printing, and some other trades, to be able to earn small wages at one of them. Should these also fail, it was all but certain that some sort of rude labor could be hunted up, which would furnish at least a pittance till more prosperous days came round again. My heart often failed me while following out this new quest, yet I did at last get through my task of seeking any kind of work. In some respects it was a repulsive task, for in the lower grade of shops and places of work I found a lower class of workmen; men on whom vice had set its mark, in whom depravity of mind and heart had become habitual, whose talk was as coarse as their looks. "Misery," says Shakspeare, "acquaints a man with strange bedfellows," and the dread of being compelled to mingle with debased associates increased my apprehensions. Necessity, how-however, has no law; a needy man must work, if not where he would, then where he can. It is a critical time; for there is more or less danger that contact and custom may lead a man to "put up" with his altered position, and gradually assimilate himself to it. Many a man in such circumstances is apt to say, "What's the use of trying to keep a fair front to the world? Who cares whether I sink or swim? Let things take their course." However, on the occasion here more particularly referred to, my asking for work proved fruitless; whether it was that I looked too dejected or too unpractised, no one would employ me.

Who shall describe the prostration of heart and soul with which a man who has been wandering the whole day in a vain seeking for occupation returns at night-fall to his home? The dispiriting is occasionally so extreme, that for a time the solaces which there await him fail of their effect. It is in such circumstances that a man learns to appreciate rightly the value of a good wife; one to whom he can say with truth—

> When pain and anguish wring the brow,
> A ministering angel thou.

If she be kind and considerate, she will know that now is the time to display that affection which includes no thought of self in its warm desire for another's happiness. True it is that she has her own share of the general trouble to bear; but she has not been worn out by a desponding walk; the rebuffs which solicitation seldom fails to evoke have not fallen on her personally; besides which, women are less irritated by adverse fortune than men. If, on such occasions, the wife will strive in sincerity to become a "ministering angel," how soon will her gentle words sooth the chafed spirit of her husband! With what blessedness her sympathy reanimates his hope and subdues his impatience! How his bitter thoughts take to flight and she suggests some comforting anticipation, and a brightening faith takes the place of despair! Ere long, the sustaining influences overmaster him, his children again claim his notice, and share his smile, and the dejected man finds in the light of home a solace for all his disquietude, so true is it that there is no condition of life without its bright side, no adverse circumstances without its compensating quality.—Herein the married man is more favourably situated than the unmarried—the one has a sustaining resource which the other knows nothing of. But on the other hand, no fate can be more deplorable than that of a man out of work with a comfortless home, a careless wife, and contumacious childen.

It must be confessed that the general aspect of such a season of trial as above indicated is sufficiently discouraging; the downward tendency appears to be inevitable.—But there is a remedy; and this remedy is to be found in the spirit of self-reliance—in firm moral principle. And it will be a lasting satisfaction to me that I was enabled to apply this remedy, as a fragment of experience may serve to exemplify. The mental and physical condition which I have endeavored to pourtray in the foregoing paragraphs was not permanent—it was but the stunning effect which the natural reaction would presently dissipate.

One evening, after a long spell of involuntary idleness, I was seated thinking over my prospects, when all at once the though struck me, "If no one would employ you, set yourself to work." No sooner was the thought formed, than I started up to act upon it; one side of our kitchen was occupied by my bench; I got into working trim, sharpened my tools, and sawed a pair of ends for a chiffanier out of a mahogany slab which I had by me. These were planed and properly squared before I went to bed that night; and wondrous was the effect which manual labor produced.—"Fling but a stone, the giant dies,' says the poet and most truly; for as my limbs fell into their accustomed movements, and the shavings whistled from my plane, the anxious cares forsook me—and hope resumed her sway strong in the vigor of self help. It is true the prospect of profit was but slender. That, however, was not the prime advantage, which lay in the restoration of mind to its healthy tone; still, in a large city purchases are always to be found for fabricated wares, and a small gain is better than complete inaction. Besides which, a man who keeps himself employed is more ready to improve such opportunities as fall in his way, than one whose working habits are weakened by disease.

Idleness is by all means to be eschewed, and I would urge this point strongly on the attention in working men—my late companions. The resource which I adopted is such an obviously natural one, as to have since caused me much surprise that it did not occur to me with distinctness before the second week of my wanderings. And mine is no exceptional case; what I did may be done by others. There are few trades at which a man cannot work at his home—that is, if he has the will to do so. If he will only exercise a proper thrift while in work, he will not lack the means of purchasing materials on which to employ himself when necessity compels. Let those who may feel disposed to undervalue such apparently insignificant means remember that it is easier to obey a fixed habit, than to recover it if broken or lost; and no purpose, however slight, is to be despised which may serve to keep a man out of the way of evil associates or temptation. It would be well, also, if every artificer would learn something of other trades as well as his own, as he would thereby not only multiply his resources, but be better able to judge of fitting occupations for his children

There is no reason either, as I afterwards had occasion to prove, why the days spent in looking for work should be altogether wasted. For, without losing sight of the main chance, I took occasion to visit the noteworthy parts of the city, public buildings, wharves, docks, and when practicable, factories and workshops. Nor did I confine myself to the town, but walked a few miles in various directions into the country, where, if nothing else was to be seen, there was always natural scenary, whose influence on the mind is ever quieting and elevating.

Lastly, in integrity of character consists the most potential remedy; it is the spring of all the rest. It is that which gives and maintains the energizing impulse. A wise writer has observed that "a straight line is the shortest in morals as well as in geometry." And so it is, even in a calculative point of view. The steady, honest workman is less exposed to loss of work or dismissal than he who has no settled conviction as to what is right or wrong; he is better able to keep money in his pocket, and to provide for his children. Here is so much clear gain; but when we come to higher views, how immeasurably superior does moral rectitude appear—that which springs from the soul, and aims at something beyond mere pecuniary advantage? And such a condition of mind and heart is possible to every man, I would endeavor to impress on all who shall read what I have here written, as an unfailing resource throughout the changeful circumstances of life. Possessed of that spirit of eternal justice which does as it would be done unto, a man will find that "out of work" is divested of half its bitterness, while a double blessing attends the sweets of prosperity.

ABBOTT'S ILLUSTRATED HISTORIES.

THE History of Alfred the Great; by Jacob Abbott. This day received by

H. D. TURNER.

Dec. 6, 1849. 79

New Books Received this day AT THE N. C. BOOKSTORE.

ROMAN Liberty, a history by Sam'l Elliott,
Memoirs of Wm. Wirt; by Jno. P. Kennedy.
Sketches of South America, Polynesia, &c., by Wm. Maxwell Wood, M D.
Morning among the Jesuits,
Artillery and Infantry, by C. P. Kingsbury.
Hildreth's History of the United States complete in 3 vols.
Copperfield, by Dickins. Nos. 1 to 7.
American Almanac for 1850.
Churchman's do do do
Swords, do do do
Ives on the Obedience of Faith,
do Pastoral Letter,
Answer to the same,
Kipps' double Witness,
Life of Ashbel Green, V. D. M.
Egypt and its Monuments, by Dr. Hawks.
Macauley's History of England, a variety of tions.
Irving's sketch Book, Illustrated.
Knickerbocker's New York, do
Shirley, a tale, by Currer Bell, author of ' Eyre."

JOB PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

Dry Goods Establishments.

CHEAP TWEED COATS.

150 Tweed Cassimere Coats, cut in good style and well made, for $5.
E. L. HARDING.
Oct. 30. (Standard) 86

ANOTHER SUPPLY.

MOLESKIN HATS—NOVEMBER Style—to day received by
R. TUCKER & SON.
Raleigh Oct. 13, 1849. 87

Black Moleskin Hats.

Fashion for November.

1 CASE Just received; also, receiving, Ground Allum and Blown Salt—prime and full sacks.
J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, Novembr 26, 1849. 94

BY EXPRESS FROM PHILADELPHIA.

200 PAIR ROBINSON'S SHOES, for Ladies, Misses and Children; this day received by R. TUCKER & SON.

Richard A. Caldwell,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ATTENDS the County Courts of Anson, Richmond and Cabarrus
Salisbury, Feb 12, 1850. 13

AN INTERESTING NOVEL.

CONSTANCE LINDSAY, or the Progress of Error; by C. G. H. Price 25 cents.
Received this day by H. D. TURNER
February 12, 1850. 13

A SUPPLY OF FRESH PHOSGENE GAS.

JUST to hand and for sale at
P. F. PESCUD'S Drug Store.
February 12, 1850. 13

GARDEN SEEDS

OF all the popular varieties, warranted fresh and genuine, just received and for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
February 12, 1850. 13

GARRETSON'S

FRESH GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS.

THE Subscriber has just received and opened his supply of Fresh Garden and Field Seeds. The stock is well selected, and are of the most approved kinds. Below are enumerated some of the principal kinds, viz:

Asparagus—Large White Giant
Beet—Early Red Turnip, Long Blood French Sugar, Magnel Wertzel
Cabbage Seed—Early York, Sugar Loaf, Red Dutch, Early and Late Battersea, Drumhead, Flat Dutch, Long Bregen, Green Savory
Carot—Long, Orange and Early Horn
Celery—White Solid
Cucumber—Long Green, Prickley and Early Frame
Lettuce—Brown Dutch, Ice and Royal Cabbage
Onion—White Silver Skin, yellow Dutch and Onion Buttons
Parsley—Large Curled
Parsnip—Large White Sugar
Raddish—Long Scarlet, Red Turnip and White do.
Salsify—Large White
Spinage—Round Savory
Tomatto—Large Red
Turnip—Early Flat, Ruta Bags, White Dutch Red Top, and Aberdeen
Beans or Snaps—Early Valentine, Mohawk, Refugee, Yellow 6 weeks, Large Lima, Large white Kidney
Peas—Extra Early, large tall Marrowfat, Dwarf Marrowfat, Bishop's Prolific and early Warlington Peas
Grass—Blue, Herds, white Clover and Lucern
Sundries—Tuscarra, Sugar and Smith's early Corn
Sage—Thyme, Summee Savory, Sweet Margoran. True, Cress, Boll, Tomatto, Shaped and Cayenne Pepper
Scotch, Leek, Melon Seed, &c; all of which are warranted fresh and Genuine, and for sale by
P. F PESCUD.
Raleigh, Feb 12, 1850. 13
☞ Standard and Times copy.

Over Coats.

2 DOZ. Blue Felts Over Coats,
2 " " Blankets,
3 " " Black heavy English Cloths.
E. L. HARDING.
Nov. 24, 1849. 94

New Jewelry Store.

W. H. THOMPSON

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Raleigh and its vicinity, that he has opened a choice stock of Watches and Jewelry, in a part of the store occupied by Mrs. Thompson as a Millinery establishment, where he offers for sale,

Gold and Silver Watches, warranted correct time keepers; the latest styles of

FASHIONABLE JEWELRY;

such as Guard, Vest and Fob Chains; Cameo, stone and mourning Broaches; Plain, Chased and Stone Rings; Gold Pens and Pencils; Gold and Silver Thimbles; Studs, Collar and Sleeve Buttons, Ear Rings, Gold and Silver Spectacles, &c., Fancy Goods and Fine Cutlery; all of which will be sold cheap. Watches, Clocks and Jewelery repaired in superior style. Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange.
Sept. 21, 1849. 78 6m

J. W. MAURY & CO., Managers,
Richmond, Virginia,

GRAND LOTTERY, to be drawn 23d of March, 1850.

Capital Prize $70,000!

Virginia Monongalia Lottery, Class C.

PRIZES—1 of $70,000; 1 of 30,000; 1 of 20,000; 1 of 15,000; 1 of 10,000; 1 of 4,817; 100 prizes of 1,200; 114 of 1,100, lowest 3 No. prize; 63 of 200, 1st and 2d drawn Nos.; 63 of 100, 3d and 4th drawn numbers, &c.

75 No. Lottery, 12 drawn ballots.
Tickets $20, Halves $10, Quarters $5, Eighths $2½.

☞ A certificate, or risk, on a package of 25 whole tickets, $236. Do. of half, quarters and eighths in proportion.

☞ Orders for packages, single tickets or shares, addressed to the undersigned, receive immediate attention. Drawings forwarded
J. W. MAURY & CO.
Richmond, Va.

WARRENTON FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE Exercises of this Institution closed for the present year with a Public Examination, held on the 30th and 31st ultimo, and will be resumed on Tuesday the 15th of January. The Principal is assisted in the various duties of the School by the most able Teachers.

Terms as follows, per Session of Five Months:

Board,	$50 00	Music,	$20 00
English Tuition,	12 50	Use of Instrument,	3 00
French,	10 00	Drawing & Painting.	10 00

Useful and Ornamental Needle work free of charge. No extra charges will be made. Circulars containing more minute information can be obtained, on application to the Principal.
DANIEL TURNER.
Warrenton N. C., Nov. 12th, 1849. 92 tf

Merino Shirts.

A LARGE lot just received—very cheap.
E. L. HARDING.

Dry Goods Establishments.

To Day by Express,

AN Additional supply of Ladies' Dress Goods, Consisting of
Mode Colored Mouslin De Lains and Cashmeres,
Mode and Cherry Colored French Merinos,
Pink, Blue and White Tarlatan Muslins,
Fancy Silk Braids,
Bonnet and Belt Ribbons,
Black Twisted Silk Egyptian Mitts,
Ladies Long White Kid Gloves,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Col'd Kid Gloves,
Superior Black Cloth,
Embroidered Cashmere Vestings,
Black and Fancy French Cassimeres, &c. &c.
R. TUCKER & SON.
October 8th, 1849. 81

SHAWLS, BLANKETS, &c.

EMBROIDERED AND PLAIN MOLE COLORED CASSIMERE SHAWLS,
Black Merino and Cassimere Figured and Plain do,
Heavy Woolen, Rob Roy, and Plaid Blanket do,
Large Plaid Cashmere and Double Knit Woolen do.
Bed Blankets of various sizes, Blue Green, and Checkered Blankets, Servants Blankets by the piece or dozen.
For sale by R. TUCKER & SON.
Raleigh, October 5, 1849. 80

A LOT OF PRIME GOSHEN CHEESE, IN BOXES. For sale by
R. TUCKER & SON.
Raleigh. October 5, 1849. 80

FINE CUTLERY &C.

1 SETT Balance Handled Knives and Forks,—complete 51 pieces,
Ivory Handled Butter Knives,
Pocket, Pen and Congress Knives,
Scissors, large and small,
Wade and Butcher's superior Razors,
Saunders' Razor Strops,
Oleophane and other Shaving Soaps.
ALSO,
W. Hull & Son's Tallow Candles,
Judd, Son and Co's Sperm do.
For sale by J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Nov. 11, 1849. 90

WHITE WINE, FOR COOKING.

A FIRST rate Article. Also, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Allspice, Black and Cayenne Pepper, Race and ground Ginger, Mustard, Sweet Oil, Extracts of Lemon, Rose, Vanilla, and Orange, Cooper's Gelatine; and many other articles suitable for Christmas times; in store and for sale by
WILLIAMS HAYWOOD & CO.
December 15th, 1849. 101

TALLY-HO!

Frederick Fenney. Sheffield, Manufacturer of of the real Tally-ho Razors! Every one warranted to shave.

The increasing demand for the Tally-Ho Razors is the strongest proof possible of their being duly appreciated, both at home and abroad; their fame (having spread to every quarter of the globe) is now fully established, and their undoubted superiority admitted For sale at the N. C. BOOKSTORE
Raleigh, December 20, 1849. 102

Premium Matches, &c.—Diamond Cigar Lights, Wax Tapers, Matches without Brimstone, for sale at
The N. C. BOOK STORE.
Raleigh Dec. 12th, 1849. 100

RECENTLY PUBLISHED,

THE NORTH CAROLINA FORM-BOOK.

CONTAINING ALL

THE most useful Forms which occur in Business Transactions between Man and Man, as well as in official stations; together with the Constitution of North Carolina and the United States; the Act fixing the Fees of Clerks, Sheriffs, &c., calculated for the use of the Citizens of North Carolina, and made conformable to law.
Compiled by a Member of the North Carolina Bar.
For sale By H. D. TURNER,
at the N. C. Bookstore.
Raleigh, Feb. 10th, 1850. 13

Herds Grass Seed.

A GOOD supply of Fresh Herds Grass Seed, just received, and for sale by
P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, Feb. 8, 1850. 12

Violin Strings—The best Italian, just received by
WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

OILS! OILS!!

A LARGE stock of superior Lamp Cotton Seed, Whale and Linseed Oils in store, and for sale per Bbl. or gallon, by P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, Feb. 8, 1850. 1

NEW CONCERN,

THE subscribers have this day associated themselves together, under the name and style of
BRITTON & TODD,
for the purpose of conducting a General Grocery and Commission Business, in the Town of Petersburg. They have taken the Store in the Odd Fellows' Hall, opposite Powell's Hotel, and hope, by strict personal attention to business, to merit a share of patronage from their friends and the public generally. They will, at all times, be supplied with a well selected assortment of Groceries, which they will sell at wholesale and retail, as low as they can be purchased in this market. They will also pay strict attention to the forwarding of Goods and sale of all produce entrusted to their care.
R. O. BRITTON, of N. C.
BERNARD TODD, of Petersburg.
January 1st, 1850. 15 5w

Horse Shoes.

10 Kegs Horse Shoes just received.
BRITTON & TODD.
Feb. 14th, 1850. 15

Armistead's fine Chewing Tobacco.

WE have just received 52 boxes and half boxes Armistead's fine Chewing Tobacco.
BRITTON & TODD
February 14th, 1850. 15

GROCERIES, &c.

THE Subscribers have in store, and are daily expecting, the following goods, which they will sell at the lowest prices for cash, or on time to punctual customers, viz:

50 Tons Swedes, English and American Iron
5 Tons German and Blistered Steel
1 " Cast Steel
150 Bags Coffee, Old Java, Rio and Laguira
75 Hhds. Porto Rico, St. Cruz and N. O. Sugars
125 " and barrels N. O. and West India Molasses
250 Bags Shot assorted, 300 Sacks Salt,
50 Boxes Loaf, Crushed, Pulverized, and Refined Sugars
5 Tons Blue Grit Grindstones
100 Kegs Powder, 10 Chests Imperial Gunpowder and Black Teas
300 Kegs Nails, assorted, Rapid Falls and Cumberland,
10 Tons Castings, assorted
150 Boxes Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles
150 " Soap, every variety
50 Barrels common Whiskey
50 do Rectified
25 do Old Rye
5 Pipes French Brandy
20 Barrels Apple do
30 do Jamaica and Antigua Rum and Pure Holland Gin
20 Pipes and ½ Pipes genuine Madeira, Pale Sherry, Port and Teneriffe Wines

A general assortment of Cooking Wines, with Plough Lines, Bed Cords, Grass Ropes, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Mace, Nutmegs, Chocolate, Wrapping, Letter and Writing Paper, Clover Seed, &c.
BRITTON & TODD.
Opposite Friend's Hotel, Sycamore Street,
Petersburg, Va.
February 18, 1850. 15 1y

TER.

NUMBER 17.

Just Received.

A RICH ASSORTMENT of Silver-Plated Castors, Candlesticks, and Girandoles. And Bronze Chamber Candlesticks, for sale by

PALMER & RAMSEY.

November 26, 1849. 94

For Sale—DOLLARD'S Celebrated Herbanium Extract, or Vegetable Hair Wash—Also, an extensive assortment of all kinds of perfumery.

PALMER & RAMSEY.

November 26, 1849. 94

GOLD WAIST BUCKLES AND SLIDES just received—a beautiful article. Also, on hand, 2 Harrison Marble Clocks, warranted good time pieces For sale by

PALMER & RAMSAY.

December 4, 1849. 96

Head Ache.

IF you are subject to a Nervous Head Ache, send to PESCUD'S Drug Store, and get a bottle of Spohn's Head Ache Elixir—or if you are Deaf, get a bottle of McNair's Acoustic Oil and be relieved

P. F. PESCUD.

COTTON YARNS.—6,000 lbs. Cotton Yarns, assorted, 4's to 14's; Washington, Merchants and Battle & Co, for sale by

PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS.

Petersburg, November 13th, 1849. 92

FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS.

3 DOZ. pairs just received, beautiful colors, well made, and cut in the latest style.

ALSO, 36 pairs fine black French Doe Skin Cassimeres, selling cheap at

E. L. HARDING'S.

Nov 24. 1849. 94

VALENTINES! ENVELLOPES—VALENTINE WRITERS AND A BEAUTIFUL assortment. Received this day at the

N. C BOOK STORE.

Raleigh, Jan. 31st, 1850. 10

AROMATIC VINEGAR.

SOMETHING new and superior to Cologne, for all purposes of the Toilet. Just received and for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS HAYWOOD & CO

CIGARS.

A FRESH supply of those celebrated Spanish Cigars, just received, to which, we invite the attention of our customers. P. F. PESCUD.

IRON RND STEEL.

57 Tons Swede's American and English Iron assorted,

2½ tons Blister, Cast, Shear and German Steel assorted

Nail Rods, Band and Hoop Iron assorted,

Those in want of the above will find it to their interest to give us a call; the price cannot fail to suit

PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS.

Petersburg, January 22, 1850. 8 4t

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25 BOXES English and Goshen Cheese, just received and for sale by

R. TUCKER & SON.

Nov29, 93

HATS—LATEST STYLES.

Just at hand.

HEARTT & LITCHFORD.

Stebbins, Darracott & Co.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Earthenware, China, and Glass,

Pier, Mantel and Toilet Looking-glasses,
Britannia and Plated Ware,
Lard Lamps, Castors, Table Cutlery, &c.

NO. 101 BROAD STREET,
Shockoe Hill,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

CHAS. STEBBINS,
JNO. DARRACOTT,
BENJ. K PULLEN.

☞ *Particular attention paid to Packing* ☜

Dec. 11th, 1849. 99 1y

Candle and Lamp Wick—A superior article of Northern Sperm, in store and for sale by WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

GROCERIES.

A GOOD supply of Groceries, such as Brown, Crushed, Clarified and Pulverized Sugars, Coffee—Rio, Java, Laguira.

A good supply of Molasses, low, from prime to best. Tallow, Adamantine and Sperm Candles,

A fresh lot of the best Buckwheat in Bags, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

Call on Walker, for he is the boy to sell bargains.

L. B. WALKER.

Raleigh, Feb. 5, 1850. 11

NEW BOOKS.

AURICULAR Confession, in the Protestant Episcopal church. Fairy Tales from all Nations; Dark Scenes of History, by G. P. R. James Sir Edward Graham, or Rail Way Speculation's, by Catherine Sinclair, Physician and Patient.

Greenwood Leavs, History of Spanish Literature. by Ticknar. The War with Mexico, by H. S. Ripley. The Whale and his Captors, by Chever. A System of Ancient and Mecillevel Geography, by Anthon.

This day Received

by H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, Feb. 4th, 1850. 11

LADIES Thick and Thin Sole Silk Top Gaiters, Received to day by

R. TUCKER & SON.

October 8th. 1849. 81

AT HARDING'S CLOTHING STORE, still on hand, a full assortment of Winter Clothing at reduced prices. E. L. HARDING.

January 15, 1850. 5

☞ Standard copy.

FLOWING VARNISH.

A SUPERIOR article for Cabinet Makers, for sale low by P. F. PESCUD.

February 12, 1850. 13

Gold Watches and Jewelry.

NEW arrival of a large and fashionable assortment of the above just at hand and for sale, cheaper than ever, at *PALMER & RAMSAY'S* Jewelry Store. The most extensive stock of all articles in their line that has been offered for sale here for years. Come and see, if you do not buy.

4 Dozen gold and silver Watches, of all kinds,
Gold fob, vest and guard Chains, Keys and Seals,
Finger-rings, Ear-rings, Breast-pins, Studs, and collar Buttons,
Gold Lockets, Bracelets, Clasps, gold silver and spring steel Spectacles.
Gold and silver Pencils and Pens and waist Buckles,
Silver Combs and Tortoise shell Spectacles,
A very extensive assortment of Silver and Plated Spoons, Cups, Ladles, Sugar Tongs, Salt Spoons, &c.
A large stock of Cutlery, Razors, Knives, Razor-straps, and Diamond Paste for Razors, Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Tooth Brushes, &c.
Butter and Fruit Knives, Gold and Silver Thimbles,
Gold and Silver Mounted Walking Canes,
Silver Plated Castors, Candle Sticks, Waiters, Baskets, Girandoles,
A large assortment of Perfumery, Colognes, Soaps, Boxes for Toilets, Fancy articles, and Christmas presents, and a variety of other articles.

All kinds of Watches and Jewelery repaired in superior style. Old Gold and Silver received in exchange.

PALMER & RAMSAY.

Raleigh, Nov. 21, 1849. 93 tf

PRESERVED GINGER, just received by

L. B. WALKER.

BUGGIES, HORSES, AND CARRIAGES—for sale by

GEO. T. COOKE.
Mansion House Livery Stable.

Raleigh, Jan. 31st, 1850. 10

TERMS OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements.—For every Sixteen Lines first insertion, One Dollar; each subsequent insertion Twenty-five Cents.

Court Orders and *Judicial Advertisements* will be charged 25 per cent. higher; but a deduction of 33⅓ per cent. will be made from the regular prices, for advertisers by the year.

Advertisements, inserted in the SEMI-WEEKLY REGISTER, will also appear in the WEEKLY PAPER, free of charge.

☞ Letters to the Editor must be POST-PAID.

Livery Stable.

THE Subscriber after returning his grateful thanks to the Public, for the very liberal and generous patronage, hitherto extended to him, would respectfully give notice that he continues to prosecute his line of business, in all its branches, with prompness and efficiency. His Stables are clean and commodious, and his Ostlers experienced and attentive; indeed no pains or expense have been or shall be spared to render satisfaction to all who patronize his Establishment.

He will keep constantly on hand, for hire,

HACKS, BUGGIES, HARNESS
AND
Saddle Horses.

HORSES will be boarded by the day, week, month or year, on the most moderate terms. Drovers will find this a central position, and a most convenient one for effecting sales, and they will always find ample accommodation for any number of Horses, however large.

The Subscriber has also effected a new arrangement by which he will be enabled to keep new and old BUGGIES, and HORSES, *for sale, or for exchange*, on moderate and accommodating terms. This is a new feature in his business.

The Subscriber hopes that his friends and the Public will continue to give him a trial. It is all that he asks.

JAMES M. HARRISS.

Raleigh. September 28, 1849. 78—1y.

TO HIRE!

A FIRST rate Blacksmith. Apply at this Office.

January 22, 1850. 7 3t

$2000 WANTED.

THE Subscriber is authorized to receive proposals for a loan of Two Thousand Dollars, in Bonds of the City of Raleigh, for Five Hundred Dollars each, payable after twelve months from the date, at the pleasure of the parties, and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

S. W. WHITING,
City Treasurer.

Raleigh, May 12, 1849. 38 t

Now Ready,

TURNER'S North Carolina Almanac, for the year of our Lord,

1850.

Published and sold wholesale and retail, by Henry D. Turner, at the N. C. BOOKSTORE.

Raleigh, Nov. 2, 1849. 89

FROCK AND DRESS COATS.

E. L. HARDING has just received a first rate assortment of Frock and Dress Coats of beautiful French Cloths. Cheap for Cash.

Jujube Paste—A superior article of Rose flavored, just to hand

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.
Druggists.

Livery Stables!

THE Subscriber, having purchased all the stock, &c., of the late Firm of Nixon and Cooke, takes occasion to inform his friends and the public generally, that he will continue to carry on the business, in all its branches, at the same stand; and that no efforts nor expense will be spared on his part to accommodate the travelling community. Conveyances, with good horses and careful drivers, will be furnished at all times and at short notice; and in fact, every convenience for travelling, in the way of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

will be supplied on the most favorable and accommodating terms.

The Subscriber also expects to keep constantly on hand, good

HORSES FOR SALE!

And persons wishing to put out their Horses by the week, or month, or year, will have them well attended to, at moderate prices. His Stables are on Wilmington Street, just to the East of Market Square.

Thankful for the very liberal encouragement which has been extended to the late Firm, the undersigned pledges himself to merit, by his exertions, a continuance of public patronage and favor.

GEO. T. COOKE.

Raleigh, Dec. 10, 1849. 99 1y

FRESH SUPPLIES AT PESCUD'S
Wholesale and Retail Drug Store.

100 Kegs pure White Lead,
100 No. 1 " "
200 Gallons Linsed Oil,
50 ounces Quinine,
12 doz. fresh Congress Water,
100 lbs. refined Borax,
3 cases Goodwins patent Chewing Tobacco,
1 " Old Peyton Gravelly's " of "

And many other desirable articles are just received and expected to arrive this week. All which will be sold upon reasonable terms, by

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, Oct. 17, 1849. 89

Manufacturing Establishment
In Raleigh.

JOSEPH WOLTERING (for a number of years Foreman in the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Blacksmith Shop) respectfully announces to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding Counties, that he is prepared to manufacture

LOCKS, *OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,*
Guns and Pistols,

Carriage Springs, Mill-work, Brass Castings, and in short, any thing in Machine and Blacksmith work.

HE IS ALSO PREPARED TO EXECUTE BELL HANGING, AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Also has on hand an extensive assortment of Locks of all kinds, at prices from 10 cents to 20 dollars; Edgetools, an assortment of Axes, Drawing-knives, Hatchets, Hammers, Files of various descriptions, and a number of articles in his line too tedious to mention.

All orders faithfully executed at the lowest prices, and new work entrusted to his care will be warranted Orders from a distance will be attended to and executed at the shortest notice. His Establishment will be found at the Raleigh Railroad Depot.

Repairing in his line performed with neatness and despatch. Also, a general assortment of Guns and Pistols constantly on hand.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, April 17, 1849. 31 tf

SUGAR.

30 Hhds. new crop New Orleans Sugar, for sale low by PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS.

Petersburg, January 24, 1850. 8 4t

Maynard's Snuff, No. 2.—A fresh supply just received and for sale by

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO

LIME—LIME.

250 Casks Lime, extra size; in prime order, for sale low, by PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS.

Petersburg, January 24, 1850. 8 4t

SOMETHING NEW.

SODA, Milk, Maple and Butter Crackers, something I can confidently recommend to the citizens of Raleigh as first rate. A good supply just received. L. B. WALKER.

To Dentists.

A Supply of very superior Gold Foil just received, and for sale for cash—$36 per oz. by

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, Feb. 8, 2850. 12

PHALON'S CHEMICAL HAIR INVIGORATOR.

THE Invigorator prevents Baldness, restores the Hair that has become thin, and cures effectually Scurf or Dandruff. It is an article in which a cleansing and purifying wash is beautifully blended, and produces the most delicate silky and glossy moisture for the Hair imaginable.

☞ Ladies will find the Invigorator a great addition to the Toilet, both on account of its delightful perfume, and the facilities it affords in dressing the Hair. A supply just received at

PESCUD'S *Drug Store*.

Raleigh, Feb. 8, 1859. 12