The contents of the present volume originally apred in successive numbers in the Southern Literary senger. They add another to the many valuable stributions which have already been made to our erican literature through the columns of that ex-

The November Number of the Southern LITERARY EXGER has been received. It is very interesting. the OPAL, LADIES' KEEPSAKE, and MEXRY for month, all with their usual characteristics and

DEPARTMENT

INTELLIGENCE.

SALE OF LOTS AT CAROLINA CITY. We underand that at the sales at Carolina City on Monday abut 200 lots were disposed of at an aggreate of \$15,000. They cover but a small proporon of the city. Some of the lots were 80 by 80 et, and others 80 by 160 feet. A square was nated to a company who bound themselves to ect a Hotel upon it, to cost not less than \$20,-100. All the lots were sold upon condition that one but fire-proof brick houses should be erected on them - Fayetteville Carolinan.

BANK OF WADESBOROUGH .- It will be seen b brence to the Cashier's advertisement found in other column, that the Directors of this Bank we declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 pr. ct Besides which we Jearn that they have been de to add 2 pr. ct. to the Surplus Fund.

This shows that the business of the Institution as been ably managed. Stock is sought after d would command a high premium, -25 pr. ct ving been offered and refused .- N. Carolina

More Coal. C. L. Bahner, Esq., has shown us ne specimen of coal, found on his land, on Town about five miles East of Germanton. The seam is represented as, being over three feet wide. prospect for an abundance of coal there d, and easy of access.—Salem Press.

DOMESTIC.

A HEAVY SWINDLE .- The late Fair, says the quirer of vesterday, brought to Richmond scores pickpockets and swindlers, from abroad, who ight; it was a favorable opportunity to operate on the honest and unsuspecting yeomary of our State. We have heard of the loss of at least wenty pocket books, and of various other robbees during the last week, and we regret to learn hat Mr. Samuel Cottrell, an aged and respectable arfaer of Henrico county, was, on Thursday last swindled out of \$500, by two finished scoundrels in the following manner :

Mr. C. was met on the street, near the Exchange Bank, by a man of respectable appearance and genteel deportment, who said his name was Johnson. Il- approached Mr. C. in a cordial and familiar manner, and asked him if he had been to the cattle show, and if so, how he liked it, &c. Mr. C replied that he had been there, and was very much pleased with the Exhibition. The conversation was continued, and Mr. C. inferred from the remarks of the man, that he was a wealthy farmer of Virginia, on a visit to the Fair. He appeared familiar with agricultural matters, and spoke of gentlemen in Hanover county, known to be farmers there. He stated that he had that day bargained with a gentleman at the Fair for some fine imported stock, for which he was to pay \$500; but in consequence of some little misunderstanding, the owner had become obstinate and refused to let him have them at that price, while he was willing to sell them to any other person for that sum .-He asked Mr. C. if he had any objection to making the purchase for him. Mr. C. consenting, he was invited to step into a hotel, near by, to receive the money (\$500) to pay for the cattle. Here they met a man who represented himself as the son of the owner of the cattle. He confirmed the statement about the misunderstanding with his father, and expressed a desire that "Mr. Johnson" shoul get the cattle. The money was partly counted out, when Johnson suggested that it would probably be well for Mr. C. to buy them with his own money, in order to save Mr. C. from the necessity of an equivocation, if the owner of the cattle should himself. M. C. yielded to his suggestions, and went to the Bank and drew from his deposits there \$500 for the purpose indicated. After leaving the son" and the pretended "son" slipped out of the practiced at the various Fairs of the country.

persons, it is said, visited this exhibition, on Thursday. Peter A. Browne, Esq., of Philadelphia derearing sheep, the various qualities of wool, their adaptation for various localities in Virginia, and for Boulware, Esq., late Charge to Naples. The Richmond Whig says:

which pervades the farmers was the subscription delusion .- Buffalo Courier, Oct. 29. for the benefit of the Society, on Wednesday night, of \$39,000. Numerous other contributions were made on Thursday, and the amount will proba- arrived bringing Havanna dates to the 1st. The bly be swollen to \$50,000. Richmond city subscrib. Cholera and Yellow Fever has entirely disappear-

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT SONORA. The steamer Daniel Webster arrived at New Orleans on Sunday, with dates from San Francisco, to the 16th ultimo, bringing passengers through in the short space of twenty-one days. She brings. 200 passengers and \$50,000 in gold dust, brought by the steamer Sierra Nevada from San Francisco

The steamers Golden Gate and the Uncle Samsailed from San Francisco for Panama on the same day as the Sierra Nevada. The Sierra Nevada brought down to Panama \$1,200 000 in gold dust, and the Golden Gate \$1.130 000.

There has been a terrible fire at the city of Sonora, destroying full one third of the city. The loss is estimated at a million and a half.

The Irish patriot, John Mitchell, of whose escape from Van Dieman's Land accounts have been received, arrived at San Francisco on the 12th ult. He has been most enthusiastically received and welcomed to freedom by all classes of citizens.

A public dinner had been tendered to the Irish patriot, John Mitchell, before his departure for

New York, which he accepted. The Supreme Court of California has made an

important, decision, declaring valid all grants made in accordance with the Mexican law. The effects of this will be to oust hundreds from lots held by them for many years, and restore them to the original grantees. It is considered a death blow to squatters, and will cause millions of dollars worth of property to change hands by the mere operation of the law.

Murders and outrages have been occurring throughout the State to an alarming extent.

The old City Government of San Francisco retired after contesting the election, and a new one has been organized.

Bigler's majority in the State for Governor, will be quite eighteen hundred.

TRAGEDY AT LOUISVILLE. Professor Butler Principal of the High School, at Lousville, it has been announced by telegraph, was shot by Mat. F. Ward, oldest son of R. J. Ward, on Wednesday morning last, and died that night. The Courier says of the lamentable transaction:

"He went to the High School accompanied by two of his brothers, Robert Ward, a youth of six-Mr. Wm. H. G. Butler, one of the teachers. A few words passed between them, when Mr. Ward pulled out a pistol and shot Mr. Butler down. The ball penetrated his left breast, over the heart, and he fell to the floor, exclaiming, in his agony, "I am killed—oh, my poor wife and child!" Ward then dropped his pistol, and, accompanied by his ligother retreated from the school-room.

"Mr. Butler was able to rise from the floor, and left the room, assisted by some boys; but, when in the street, he fell again, and was carried home. The ball could not be extracted, and he bled inwardly. Mr. Butler had corrected Wm. Ward, one of his pupils, the day previous, for telling a falsehood, which led to the tragic affair,

"Robert Ward, who accompanied his brother, drew a Bowie-knife, and when Prof. Sturgus, the other teacher in the school, advanced to the assistance of Mr. Butler, he made such demonstrations that the Professor retreated and made his escape out of a window. The scholars in the school-room were also scattered in all directions by the display of such warlike instruments in their midst.

"Mr. M. F. Ward and Robert J. Ward, Jr., were promptly arrested and lodged in jail, and as the affair will undergo a judicial investigation, we forbear narrating the particulars.

" Mr. Butler was one of the best and most inoffensive men in the world, and we can appreciate the anguish of his friends at his being so untimely cut off, and in such a motiner. The affair is generally regarded as of a most atrocious and unprovoked character, and, when it became known, the deepest indignation prevailed throughout the city. The Ward family is one of the wealthiest and most prominent in Kentucky."

Another Victim of the Rappings .-- We have heard of another instance of the results of these singular phenomena, the facts of which we give to the public as they were told to us. Some nine months ago, a young man and woman, both residing in the town of Evans, in this county, received notice through one of the mediums, in that town, that it was the will of "the powers that be" above that they should become man and wife forthwith. They were firm believers in the new dispensation, and, although searcely acquainted with each other, immediately went before a Justice, and were

The woman, who had not been well before, perhaps owing in a good degree to the influences which had obtained over her such complete control, conwish to know whether or not he was buying for tinued to grow worse, and was placed under the care of a "spiritual" physician, who gave prescriptions hitherto unknown in the practice of medicine. She would go out of the house at his com-Bank, it was further agreed that the son of the mand, and stretch herself upon the ground, face owner should take the money, and, in company downwards, and there remain for hours, as he said, with Mr. C., go and inform his father that he had for the purpose of getting the electricity from the sold the cattle, and have them delivered. They ground. Other performances equally absurd were started, and in a few minutes thereafter "Mr. John- gone through repeatedly, till the victim of such strange practice and of her own delusion, died company of Mr. C., and disappeared, as if by mag- some two weeks since. Her body, however, was ic from his view; and thus ended the swindle-a kept for a week or more without burial, owing to trick new to Mr. C., but one which has often been | fears which some of the friends entertained that she was not dead.

VIRGINIA AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—About 20,000 three or four days, and if the finger was drawn across her cheek with a slight pressure a red spot was left which gradually died out, as a rush of livered an address, at 11 o'clock, on the subject of blood in the living body would follow in like circumstances. Neither did the corpse show any symptoms of decay, but remained as it was the different fabrics. At 12 o'clock, the plowing match, first day after death. She was buried at length, for the prize of \$100, (given by Madame Sontag.) the physician and her spiritual friends quieting all took place, and elicited much interest. Madame doubts in their own minds by asserting that her Sontag was escorted over the ground by Wm. spirit was too happy in the sphere where it had gone, to return again to the cares and pains incident to a tabernacling in the flesh. This is but another "We have never seen so many people in such instance of the deplorable results flowing from this good humor. The best evidence of the enthusiasm system, if it can be so called, of error and wicked

> NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- The Crescent city has ed from the Island.

MURDER IN SUSSEX, VA .- A SLAVE WHIPPED TO | DEATH BY HIS MASTER. - We received at a late hour last official returns of the public schools in the six last night the particulars of a revolting affair which | New England States, the whole number of pupil. has just transpired in the county of Sussex, on the in attendance during the year was 641,983. The same farm at which the bloody transaction pub- whole cost of instruction for the year was \$2,055,lished by us a few months since occurred. From 131 65. In Vermont the average cost of each all we have been enabled to ascertain, it appears | pupil was \$222; in Maine, \$135; in Rhode Island, that Mr. Henry Birdsong, whose little son was \$164. In Massachusetts the law requires each killed by his side, and himself dangerously wound- town to raise by tax at least \$150 per child, beed a few months since, so cruelly whipped and tween five and fifteen years of age, as a condition beat one of his negroes on Tuesday night last, that of receiving a share of the income of the State he died in a few hours. Mr. B., a gentleman in- school fund. All the towns complied with this forms us, had given orders to his negroes that condition last year, and 180 towns raised double they were to report themselves to him at his dwel- the sum thus specified. The amount expended in ling every night at an early hour. On Tuesday | Massachusetts last year for each child above namnight last they failed to do so, and upon one of his ed was \$454. boys coming into the house to get his, Birdsong's, shoes, to clean, he was called to an account for his disobedience. Mr. B. being unusually rigorous and severe with his servants generally, the boy expected a whipping, and ran out of the house to escape it. Mr. B. followed him closely, and calling a very ferocious dog, (of the bull species,) started the animal in pursuit of the fugitive also. The dog soon overtook, and bit him very seriously before he was taken off. Mr. B. then tied the boy, and beat him so that he died in a few hours. These facts coming to the knowledge of the Coroner, a jury was summoned, and an inquest held, which resulted in the finding of a verdict, that deceased came to his death by sundry blows, etc., inflicted by his mas ter, Henry Birdsong. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Birdsong, which was executed on Thursday. The accused was immediately conveyed to the county jail and secured. We understand that the negro was most cruelly whipped and beat-

Sontag in Virginia.—The Philadelphia Bulletin has the following good jeu d'esprit upon Sontag's new honors in Virginia:

one of his eyes having been knocked entirely out

with a stick .- Pet. Express, 5th inst.

OH, CARRY ME BACK .- When Sontag, the singer, married a count, to the despair of a regiment of other suitors, including the celebrated Count Monday, so called because he inveterately followed Sunday (Sontag) she was still far from the summit of her fame. When she was courted and caressed in all the European capitals, honored by Kings and Emperors, and petted by Queens and Empresses. she was still remote from the acme of her glory. It was reserved for the State of Virginia to crown her with her highest honor, and, accordingly, she has just been elected a life member of the Virginia Agricultural Society! A "Sontag Prize" of \$100, has been endowed by her donation, and it was contended for at a grand ploughing match, where the chivalry of the F. F. V's entered the lists to compete for the purse honored with her gold and her name, while the Countess herself was present to give her countenance to the knights of the plough's tail and reward the victor with one of her best stage smiles. Truly this is one of the drollest of avocations ever offered to an artiste. Henceforth Mail. Sontag must be associated, in the American mind, with ploughing matches, the tobacco crop, the last sales of Gallego flour, the price of guano, and other interesting ideas connected with agriculture in Virginia, and "Carry me back to Old Virginny" must be added to her repertoire.

Court.-At 12 o'clock on Saturday night last the term of our Court expired with the Judge on the bench, the jury in possession of an indictment for murder and a dease crowd of auxious spectators, who had to that hour awaited the anxious resalt of the trial involving the fate of two human beings. Never has the sensibility of our community been more intensely awakened. There was a mis-trial, the Jury not having time to agree or their verdict, having had the case under consideration but a few minutes, after a patient hearing o the testimony and arguments during two entire days. There will of course be another trial at the next term, and any observation on the melancholy facts elicited, would be improper at this time. But we cannot refrain from solemnly admonishing the parents of our country, of the awful dangers, attending the possession of deadly weapons by their children Here are two haif grown boys, betrayed into a most shocking and deliberate murder, simply from being allowed to prowl over the country on the Sabbath, in search of mischief and with pistols in their pockets. Those who heard this trial were deeply impressed; and we trust that good will result from it. The sobriety and orderly deportment which characterized the early part of the week continued to the end. May it last forever.--Darlington Flag.

A CURIOUS DIVORCE CASE .- A curious divorce case came up before Judge Edwards of the Supreme Court, in New York, on Tuesday. The complainant is an English woman, who, after the death of her first husband, went to Australia, having a little fortune of about £2,150 sterling. On the voyage she met with a fellow passenger who represented himself as a German baron, compelled to fly on account of his politics, and so won on her widowed affections that she married him on reaching Sydney. Afterwards they sailed for Callao, where the "baron" got possession of the money, amounting to £1,900 sterling, on pretence, is alleged, of depositing it for safety with the British consul. This, however, he did not do. They sailed then for the United States, and at Baltimore he deserted her, writing back from New York enclosing \$1,000, and saying before she received it, Her limbs, though cold, did not grow stiff for he would be on his way to Europe. She was smart enough not to believe this, and hurrying on to New York where she found him, got a writ out for his detention, and now sues for the recovery of her money and for a divorce. The name of the hero of this story, under which he was married, is Edward Max Alexander Rudolph, Baron of Wertenhagen, of Mecklenberg, Germany. The Judge took the case under advisement.

> Baltimore, Nov. 6, 1853.—The slave schooner Advance, captured some time since by the sloop-ofwar John Adams, has been condemned by the District Court at Norfolk.

In consequence of the election of the Maine Law ticket, nearly all the taverns in this city were closed to day, the proprietors anticipating a rigid enforcement of the Sunday law.

COMMON SCHOOLS OF NEW ENGLAND .- By the

VIRGINIA WASHINGTON MONUMENT .- A gentleman direct from Richmond, Virginia, states that the workmen on that noble work, the Virginia Washington Monument, are preparing to set what is technically termed the "horse block," which is the terminus of the architectural part of the work. The block is very substantial, about twelve feet in length, seven wide, and fourteen inches thick, The managers expect soon to be gratified with a letter from Mr. Crawford, who is diligently engaged on the grand couestrian statue of the illustrious Washington, which is to surmount the monument. The same sculptor has also under engagement the pedestrian statues, two of which, Thomas Jefferson and Patrick Henry, are already completed.

ARREST OF SULLIVAN .-- Yankee Sullivan, the notorious prize fighter, was arrested at New York on Friday last, on a requisition from the Governor of Massachusetts, as a fugitive from justice, and had a hearing this morning on a writ of habeas corpus in the Supreme Court, before Judge Edwards. The Judge ordered the prisonser to be sent to Massachusetts to be tried for engaging in the late prize fight. Morrisev cannot be found. He is said to be in Baltimore.

THE MADEIRA REFUGEES .-- Dr. Kalley, of New York, to whom many of the Maderia Protestants owe their conversion, has collected some \$5,500 of the \$6,000 necessary to defray the expense of bringing to this country the two hundred still remaining on that Island, or perchance, already on their way hither. The \$500 yet to be raised will doubt ess be promptly supplied.

A Big Gun,-One of the 700 Turkish cannon which guard the Dardanelles is charged with 230 pounds of powder, and throws a stone shot of one thousand rounds weight. Of course such immense guns are more formidable in appearance than reality, and the firing is not unattended with danger to their own artillerymen.

PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—The stockholders of this Company met in New York on Thursday, and elected Philip F. Thomas, of Maryland, Hon. Robert J. Walker, of Washington, N. F. Green, of North Carolina, Wm. Noves, of Pa., and others, to constitute a Board of Directors.

insulted a woman in Wade Street Market, Cincinnati, last week. She procured a horse-whip, and "plugged" it into him for about five minutes, with a vengeance. His face was badly cut. WM. P. DANGERFIELD, Esq., formerly of Rock

SERVED H.M. RIGHT .- A stout robust butcher

the Governor of California, of the judicial district in which he resides. Mr. Dangerfield tleft Rockingham some three or four years ago. THANKSGIVING .- The Governor of Illinois, in a capital and comprehensive little proclamation of

fourteen lines, appoints the 24th inst., for Thanks-

giving Day. This the eleventh State that will ob-

serve that day.

ngham county, Va., has been appointed Judge by

New Invention. - A new wheel-barrow has been inverted. The wheel is placed under the centre so that none of the weight of the load rests upon the hands. A man can wheel twice the usual

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 7 .- Intelligence received here to-day by Express from El Passo, states that five thousand Mexicans are marching on the town.

Arrived.—Several members of Congress have arrived at Washington.

FOREIGN.

PARIS.

The Paris correspondent of the New York Herald, in a letter dated the 20th ult., says:

The rain still pours in torrents, not only here, but all over France and Europe. The streets of Genoa were the beds of torrents on the 14th; the Arno overflowing a day or two before; Havre and the vicinty were drencked on Sunday; and as for us, we have been realizing the old couplet-

> On driait que le ciel, qui se fond tout en eau, Veut inonder ces lieux d'un deluge nouv eau.

Compiegne, I presume, escapes the showers.-The court has been there for the last week; and the old castle, which has been untenanted since Napoleon I. gave his last fete there in 1810, has been restored in pristine splendor. The imperial bedchamber is said to be a wonder of art; quite equal to the nuptial chambers in your hotels. Between this fairy palace and the bois de Compeigne, the Emperor divides his time. I am enabled, thanks to the enterprise of the official journals, to give you a more exact account of the performance in the latter than in the former retreat. The following is a correct list of the killed and wounded : 90 quails, 109 pheasants, 25 bucks, 3 foxes, 1 wolf, 2 wild bears, and 17 sparrows, and other small birds. Twenty-three of the above fell by the hand of the Emperor, thirty-four had the honor of being missed by the imperial fowling-piece. . Shooting, however, is not the only diversion of the court at Compeigne. A new set of court rules is being framed. Among others, I understand it has been decided that no one shall be received at the Tuileries who is not noble, and that ladies shall be bound to wear the habit de cour, which Beranger has immortalized. What is to be done with for-DUTY ON SUGAR.—The revenue duty on Sugar | eigners, and especially Americans, has not transfor the last five years has amounted to \$36,000,000. pired. Mr. Sandford has not been invited to Com-

ourly dread of proscription.

POST.

Do not fancy that these amiable diversions prevent the Emperor from exercising his customary vigilance over his beloved empire. Kussuth popped in upon us the other day, to put his children to school, it is said, but was warned off in double quick. time. While they were at it, the police grabbed a few other suspected individuals: M. Michel Goodchaux, who was Minister of Finance in 1848; M. Charles Delectuzs, who filled the post of Prefect of the Department of the Nord at the same time, and has since acted as an emissary of Ledru Rol-

lin; M. Charles de la Varenne, a man of letters, and the celebrated Maugin and his son, who are proprietors of the Phare de la Foire newspaper. The example seems to have been contagious. In Lombardy, Count Sales and five other persons have been imprisoned, on suspicion, in the castle of Milan. At Verenna twenty youths have been taken care of by the Austrian police. In the Tyrol, three poor fellows, named Calvi, Roberti, and Chinelli, who were depraved enough to wish to go to see their relations, have likewise been lodged in jail. In point of fact, the Italian governments have better grounds for adopting stringent measures than Louis Napoleon. Ever since the Koszta affair the utmost excitement has prevailed throughout the north. On every wall in the large cities of Tuscany, the following, or similar, words have been chalked by the people:

"Viva il General Pierce! Viva l' America ?-Viva la Fraternita dei Popoli!"

Rome is on the verge of an explosion. If the French army ever leave it, the secret societies, which are known to be numerous and determined, will certainly break out, and it is more than probable that poor Pius IX. will be thrown overboard.

You will be pleased to hear that the Council of State, having disposed of the Turkish question and other unimportant affairs, has set itself to ment. Such is the Emperor's nose. Satisfactory evidence having been laid before the Council to prove that that august feature has been misrepresented by various evil intentioned persons, calling themselves sculptors and modellers, a decree was issued, ordering the immediate destruction of all existing busts and casts, and forbidding the sale of any but these furnished by the Ministry of the Interior. The new bust is said to resemble the Jupiter Tonans about the brow, and the Appollo about the nose and mouth. Posterity is safe.

Appropos of fine arts, Horace Vernet has discovered a method of using olive oil in painting .-Hitherto, as you are aware, painters have been unable to use olive oil, from its being too slow in drying. Horace has stuck a drawing plaster on . his picture, and this imbibes the moisture, and seems to surmount the difficulty. General Vaillant's portrait is being painted by this process.

A novel sort of exhibition has been drawing rowds to the Palace de la Bastille. A nigger figured as master, and a white man as clown; the latter being biptised Uncle Tom and the fun consisting in the energy with which the black man gave, and the meckness with which the white rereived cuffs and kicks. Parisans laugh and pass E. F. G.

Foreign Miscellany .- A letter from Trebizond of the 21st ult., states that the fortifications, the citadel, and all the works of defence of that place, have just been armed in a very formidable manner. and that an attack from the Russians on the side of the Black Sea was not to be feared. The squadron which had been demanded for the protection of the coast was every day expected from Constantinople. The Turkish army, on that important point of Asia Minor, is in ex-ellent condition, very numerous, and weil commanded. The Russian forces, on the contrary, are represented as inferior in condition, and not numerous on the western frontier, being entirely concentrated in Georgia and Circassia. It was in order to demand reinforcements that the military governor of the Caueasian provinces, whose head-quarters are at Tiflis, had lately sent one of the officers of his staff to St.

Advices from Vienna, in the Post Ampt Gazette. of Frankfort, confirm the rumor that the Russian troops are moving up the Danube in great masses. The situation of the Christians who inhabit the Turkish towns is represented as becoming daily more critical; the Albanians stationed at Rustjuck, who talk with great ardor of a war against the Russians, are suspected of contemplating pillage. The Congress of Protestant clergymen for all

Germany, now assembled at Berlin, have drawn up among other resolutions the following:-The church, recognized by the State, outlit not to have either the will or the power of restraining such of its members as may prefer to separate from it, in order to form particular sects. The only weapon which should be used against dissenting parties is

The Archbishop of Cambrai, France, has issued instruction to the cures and other ecclesiastics of his diocese to refuse the rights of sepulture to persons committing suicide, unless it were clearly proved that they labored under mental alienation; also to habitual drunkards, who had lost their lives n consequence of that vice; and lastly, to those persons who had neglected or refused to c nform to the laws of the church, and had only gone through the civil rite of marriage. He also orders that no one shall be allowed to hold any subordinate office in the church who does not bear an irreproachable character, and that no one shall be employed as organist, singer, or musician, who shall perform at balls or other public places of amusement, and that no young girl who frequents public lances shall be allowed to carry any statue, banner, or wax-lights at processions.

The newly born son of Don Miguel was baptised on the 4th, in the chateau of Heubach. The ceremony was celebrated by the Portuguese Bishop of Guarda. The godfather was Don Carlos, Infant of Spain, who was represented by the Prince Charles Henry de Lopenstein-Wertheim Rosenberg. The child received several names, the principal one be-

Among the officers commanding the Egytian contingent now at Varna, is one of Napoleon's adjutants, Colonel Seves, who after the disastrous retreat from Russia, took service in Egypt, and having been distinguished by Mehemet Ali as a brave and capable officer, received the 1st regiment of Egyp-

pe gne, however, and your countrymen are in | tian Guards, became a Mussulman, and took the name of Soliman Bev.

> POPAUTION OF THE TURKISH EMPIRE.-We are constantly told of twelve millions of Greeks domineered over by four millions of Turks. The proportions are not correctly given, even if we confine ourselves to European Turkey alone. In this estimate are given the whole Greek population, in all the dominions of the Sultan, whilst the Mussulman numbers are only those of Europe.-The latest authority upon the statistics of the population of the whole Turkish Empire is a work just published in Paris by A. Ubicini. He gives the numbers as follows;

Religions. Europe. Mussulmans, 4,550,000 12,650,000 3,800,000 Greeks...... 10,000,000 3,000,000 Catholics.... 260,000 70,000 80,000 80,000

FROM THE SANDWICH ISLANDS .- Highly important intelligence from the Sandwich Islands has been received at San Francisco. Dr. Judd has been removed from the office of Minister of Finance, and Elisha Jallen, late United States Consul appointed to his place. Very decided steps have been taken towards annexing the Islands to the United States. The French and British Consuls protested to the King against such an act, and the American Commissioners had replied to their protest in a firm but dignified manner. This movement has caused the very greatest excitement on the Island.

FASHIONABLE AGAIN.-Necklaces, which have been so long discarded by the fair sex; a Paris letter says, have made their appearance in the establishments of the fashionable jewelers of Paris, and will be worn in all the high circles. Some are composed of strands of fine gold chains, formed into festoons by medallions of precious stones; others work seriously to regulate matters of higher mo- are strings of jewels, connected by links of gold or enamel. Pretty fancy bracelets are of gold gimpure, or Venice point, with pearls and corals.

A Parisian Item .- The worshippers in a Jewish chapel have sued a chocolate maker, next door, for the vibrations caused by his steam engine, of fifteen horse power. It seems that the jar positively threatens to bring down the wals of the building, and it renders any prayer and inward retrospection out of the question. The chocolate man was ordered to stop the racket of his machine during certain hours, and certain days. If he damages the architecture of the temple, he will have to pay for

SCARCITY OF FIGS .- Accounts from the interior . in a letter from Smyrna, speaking of figs, says, that the falling off will be fully one-half, and many believe it will be still greater, as compared with last year. In consequence of these advices, figs have advanced from 40 to 50 per cent., in the Bazaars since the first arrival of camels from the interior, and the price now ranges fully 100 per cent, higher for the best.

MARRIED, In this city, on the 2d. inst., by the Rev. Drury Lacy, Mr

E. O. Macy to Miss A. L. Hardie. In the vicinity of this city, on the 2d. inst., by the Rev.

Wm. E. Pell, Mr. Wm. E. Alley to Miss Martha Kirkham.

DIED, In Johnston county, on Friday the 4th inst., Thaddens W. Leach, son of A. J. Leach, Esq , aged 2 years, 7 months and

WILMINGTON MARKET-Wholesale Prices.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE SOUTHERN WEEKLY POST, By W. A. GWYER.

Commission Merchant, Wilmington, N. C. November 7, 1853.

Bacon-Stock ample, and market declining; Shoulders 4 (d. 9e; Middlings 91/4; Hams, 121/4. Beef-Dull, Mess \$131/2 @ \$14; Fulton Market half

Butter-Is in better sup ly, selling 23 @ 25 cents. Candles-Tallow 13 @ 14c; Adamantine 25 @ 40. Coffee -Rio 11 @ 13c; Laguaira 13 @ 14c; St. Domin-Corn --- Stock light, and selling from store at 80 cents.

Cheese-11e (# 121/c. for prime quality. Cotton-Has slightly improved, with quick sales at 9@

Flour-The receipts of Fayetteville are light, and meet a eady sale from wharf at \$6; \$61/2 for Superfine; \$6% for Fish-Mullets \$51/4; selling from store at \$61/4 @ \$61/4.

Hav-The receipts are of an inferior grade, and will not ommand usual price, selling from store at \$1,20. Lard-Has declined, sales 12 @ 121/4c. Lime-\$1,15 per cargo; selling from store at \$1,25 @

Molasses-Stock very light, 28c @ 30c. from store. Pork-Market dull; Mess \$19; Prime \$17; N. C. mess

Rosin-Stock limited and no large transactions; \$1,15, barrel large size. Rice-No sales of rough; clean from store at 41/2 @ 5c.

Salt-Liverpool afloat \$1,45 ₱ sack. Sugar-Porto Rico 5% @ 7c; Granulated 6% @ 9%c. Tar-Receipts very light, demand active at \$2,15.

Turpentine-Since my last review the receipts have een light and the market advancing, there is unactive denands, the market is firm with sales of all offering at \$3,80. Spirits Turpentine-The receipts of this article are

rapidly falling off; market quiet: Since the first of Novemspirits is sold, with the barrel included, as in other markets, and our quotations are under the new arrangement. Sales at 631/4 @ 64c.

Respectfully yours,

PETERSBURG MARKET---Wholesale Prices.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE SOUTHERN WEEKLY POST By MESSES. McILWAINE, SON & Co. Grocers and Commission Merchants, PETERSBURG. VA.

November 8, 1853.

Bacon-Demand moderate. Sides and shoulders 81/4 @ Cotton-Receipts moderate and a fair enquiry. Sales this week 91/4 @ 95/4. Corn-No sales of consequence. Held at higher prices

fince the "Africa's" news. Coffee-11 @ 111/4 for Rio and Laguira; Java 121/4 @ 13; Flour-Country \$63/4 @ \$7; City Mills \$7 @ \$71/4. Groceries-Generally firm. A fair trade doing.

Guand-Sales on the spot at \$50. Offered to arrive at Iron-Swedish \$95; English \$75 for the ordinary assort-

Lard-In barrels and kegs 12 @ 13. Leather-Damaged 111/4 @ 16; good 17 @ 20. Nails-Prices advanced further. Salt-Market bare. Ground \$1%; fine \$1%. Sugars-Active at an advance of 1/4 @ 1/8, Tobacco-Little offering. Prices firm Wheat-Sales of Red and White at \$1,40 @ \$1,55, for fair to prime qualities.

McILWAINE, SON & Co.