# THE DAILY STANDARD.

"LIBERTY AND UNION, NOW AND FOREVER, ONE AND INSEPARABLE."—DANIEL WEBSTER.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1865. NO. 46.


[From the Washington Globe.]

## STORY OF A POEM.

Among the autograph letters, poems, &c., sold at aution in Cincinnati by the managers of the fair, held in that city in aid of the Sanitary Commission, was a copy of Mrs. Akers's celebrated song—"Rock me to Sleep," sent by the authoress in answer to a request of the committee on autographs that she would contribute manuscript copies of some of her poems. The poem has been set to music by at least eight composers in this country and in Europe. One of these compositions has passed through upwards of fifty editions; and many thousand dollars must have been realized by the music publishers, who appropriated it immediately on its appearance, without so much as asking permission to do so.

There has been a good deal of dispute about the authorship of this song, some claiming it very confidently for their friends, and others very impudently, for themselves. To those who are acquainted with the fine and sensitive nature in which this tender poem had its origin, it appears in nowise singular that such claims can be kept up and persisted in without any risk of contradiction from the real author; while the fact that she authorized its original publication under her customary *nom de plume*, and has permitted it to be very generally copied by the newspaper press of the country with her real name attached, should, in view of the brilliant reputation already acquired at the time it first appeared, be evidence sufficient every where and with every body that whatever of credit attached to this production is due to Mrs. Akers, and to her alone.—We copy from the Portland Me., *Transcript* the following interesting statement concerning this matter, and append a correct version of the song itself:

"Few poems of the present time have had a wider circulation than the beautiful lines of Mrs. Akers—more widely known under the *nom de plume* of Florence Percy—entitled 'Rock me to Sleep, Mother.' They have been published by nearly every newspaper in the land, printed in books, set to music, and sung and recited in thousands of house-holds. The sentiments they breathe of a longing for a mother's care and a return to the unburdened hours of childhood comes home to the hearts of all who have experienced—and who has not?—the heartaches of this weary world.

Like most poems which have attained a wide newspaper circulation, these verses have met with a variety of adventures and mishaps. They have, in some instances, been shorn of their fair proportions, in others laid claim to by ambitious aspirants for poetical honors, and again have had appended to them a romantic history quite sufficient on which to found a three-volume novel. An instance of the latter kind we find in Merced *Banner*, a California newspaper, which one 'J. W.' contributes a very affecting history of the author of 'Rock Me to Sleep.' He is not at liberty to give her name, but furnishes her with a career as full of romance and misfortune as any novel reader could desire.

After the usual accompaniments of an elopement, an unworthy husband, 'a cruel parent,' who is made to relent by the perusal of this poem, written on a sick-bed with a view to a reconciliation, the veracious 'J. W.' finally ends the author's 'strange eventful history, by killing her off with hereditary consumption 'three years ago.' The San Francisco Sunday *Mercury* copies this imaginative narrative, the editor sagely remarking that 'the story is not new to us,' and appending a mutilated copy of the now famous verses. And this is fame! The authoress, however, should complain—she may thank her stars that she is yet permitted to live.

Again, we learn that in a western city, a married lady, whose maiden name, singularly enough, was Florence Percy, is gratifying a desire for literary honors by claiming this poem as her own production.

The true history of the poem may be given in a few words. It was written by Mrs. Akers in Rome,* during her visit to that city a few years since, and sent it to a friend in this city, who caused it to be published in the Philadelphia *Evening Post*, in which paper it first appeared in print. It is not to be found in Mrs. Aker's volume of poems, as it was written some years after the book was published."

*Written in this country, carried to Italy, and sent home thence for publication.—ED. GLOBE.

A REVOLUTION IN HAYTI.—Advices from Cape Haytien, to the 13th inst., give an outline of a revolutionary movement in Hayti. On the 10th inst., a party of revolutionists demanded the surrender of Cape Haytien, and the troops in garrison without firing a gun gave up the city, the people apparently acquiescing in the change. Gonaives and St. Mare's are said to have been similarly surrendered. The present movement against Geffrard's humane administration has for some time been in a state of incubation. The leader is Colonel now General Solnave, who has assumed the title and character of dictator. He is the person who some months ago unsuccessfully attempted to assassinate one of Geffrard's ministers and then fled to the Dominicians. President Geffrard, who was at Port au Prince when the outbreak occurred, had not, at the time of the latest advices, taken any steps towards suppressing the revolt.

JOHN CHINSMAN FOR IDAHO.—The Chinese are represented to be flocking in vast numbers to the new gold regions in Idaho. The Humbolt *Register* of a late date says:

A long procession of these dusky emigrants reached town on Tuesday evening on foot and packed; and each day since the number at their camping ground has swelled. These fellows trudge along on foot, the same as we see them always in motion—almost every one having a large bamboo pole over his shoulders with a heavy bundle of clothing, mining tools, provisions and cooking traps at each end of the bamboo. These fellows will scratch about during the summer in claims worked out by the white men in the Boise Basin, and next winter will be dry washed by the roughs congregated in such numbers in that delectable region.

## THE PRESIDENT'S BROTHER.

At some point on the march from Fayetteville, an old couple man and wife, in the shabby dress of the poor white of the South, and with a countenance smoke-dried and stained with tobacco juice, made their appearance at the headquarters of the General commanding the column of the division, and when they succeeded in getting attention, preferred a request to "pass to Washington." The following dialogue followed:

"What do you want to pass to Washington for?"

Old Man—"I want to see my brother there."

"Who is your brother?"

"Well, I reckon you us has hearn tell of him. He's Andy Johnson, Vice President of the United States."

This reply caused some astonishment; but the strong likeness of the old man to the Vice President, which now became apparent to all, confirmed his statement, and all became satisfied of its truth. In the course of the inquiries it came out that the old man could neither read nor write.

"No more could Andy, gentlemen," said he, "when we were young men; his wife taught him."

"And why did'nt your wife teach you," was the rejoinder."

"Well, General," said the old lady, "I could'nt never read nor write myself."

THE NATIONAL CEMETERY AT GETTYSBURG FINISHED.—The last instalment of the iron railing that incloses the National Cemetery at Gettysburg was forwarded a few days since from this city. The whole splendid work is now finished. The National Cemetery adjoins the old cemetery at Gettysburg. Between the two there has been put up this iron railing, seventeen hundred feet in length. This gateway will compare in beauty with any know to exist in any part of the world.—The grand double gate in the centre is flanked by a single one on either side. The two principal columns of the large gateway are surmounted by spread eagles, of corresponding proportions perched, upon a semiglobe. The pattern is rustic, square, with panel work, upon each of which is inscribed the name of a State represented by Union troops in the battle of Gettysburg. Thus the right hand post shows the names of Wisconsin, Rhode Island, West Virginia, Illinois, Minnesota, Maryland, Michigan, Indiana, and Ohio; and the left bears the names of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Vermont and Maine—nine upon each side, eighteen in all. The term "post" is scarcely applicable to columns of such proportions. The lesser posts are of corresponding shape, surmounted by a craped urn. The centre piece of the smaller gates is a national shield; the centre piece of the large gate is a star in a wreath of laurel. The railing is plain and massive, appropriate to its purpose.—*Phil. North American.*

WHICH WAS DEAD?—The *Kolnische Zeitung*, one of the leading papers in Germany, finding its news frequently taken without acknowledgment by a contemporary, determined recently to punish the offender in a somewhat original manner. Having received telegraphic information of Mr. Cobden's death and of Mr. Bright having been present when that event took place, it announced in the "exchange" copy intended for its contemporary, and, of course, in that copy alone, that Mr. Bright had succumbed, and that Mr. Cobden had received the last adieux of his friend. The bait was swallowed whole. Not only did the newspaper thus hoaxed announce the death of the member from Birmingham, but it added a sketch of his career.


**Headquarters Department of N. Carolina,**
ARMY OF THE OHIO,
RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, June 5, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS, No 74.

HIS EXCELLENCY, WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, having been appointed by the President of the United States, Provisional Governor of the State of North-Carolina, all officers and soldiers of the army are required to aid and assist His Excellency in the discharge of the duties of his office of Provisional Governor. All in the military service are also "enjoined to abstain from, in any way, hindering, impeding or discouraging the loyal people from the organization of a State Government," as authorized in the Proclamation of the President.

The military authorities will render all proper and needful aid to all executive officers of the State who may be duly appointed under the Provisional Government, in the discharge of the duties devolved upon them by law.—All such executive officers are authorized to call upon the nearest military commanders for necessary aid in the execution of their legal duties, which commanders are required to render such aid so far as it may be in their power.

When the County Court shall be properly organized in any County, the County Police Force, organized in pursuance of General Orders, No. 35, from these Headquarters, will thereafter act in obedience to the orders of the local magistrates, as part of the *posse* of the county.

By command of Major-General SCHOFIELD:
J. A. CAMPBELL,
Lieut. Col. and Assist. Adj't. General.

Official: S. H. STIMSON,
Assistant Adjutant General. 45—tf.

MRS. H. W. MILLER'S
BOARDING HOUSE,
CORNER OF NEWBERN AND PERSON STS.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
By the Day, Week and Month.
April 17, 1865. 1—tf.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S
ICE CREAM AND SODA WATER
SALOON.
McKIMMON'S STORE,
ONE DOOR FROM MORGAN ST., ON FAYETTEVILLE.
PRIVATE ROOMS FOR LADIES.
Raleigh, May 31, 1865. 39—tf

FRONT STREET HOUSE,
BEAUFORT, N. C.
JNO. C. SKARREN,
20—tf. Proprietor.

CUTTER & FRENCH,
FRONT ST., WILMINGTON AND FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH,
(Old Stand of TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
SUTLER GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
CLOTHING,
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
&c., &c., &c.
WM. B. CUTTER. GEO. Z. FRENCH
June 6, 1865. 43—1m.

O. S. BALDWIN,
Office with
SHAFER, WHITFORD & CO.,
FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS,
331 Broadway, (2nd floor,)
NEW YORK.

To my Friends in Raleigh, and throughout North-Carolina.

HAVING CONNECTED MYSELF WITH THE FIRM of Shafer, Whitford & Co., 331 Broadway, N. Y., shall be pleased to wait on my old friends and patrons. The STOCK OF CLOTHING, at wholesale and retail, is extensive.

GARMENTS made to order in latest styles at reasonable prices.

O. S. BALDWIN,
formerly of Wilmington and Raleigh, N. C.
April 11, 1865 19—6w.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.
(D. C. Murray's old Stand.)

HAVING OBTAINED THE PROPER PERMIT TO sell the articles enumerated below, we would respectfully ask consignments from Farmers and others who have such articles to dispose of:

Cotton Cloth, Cotton Yarns, Bacon, Flour, Lard, Syrup, Sugar, Rice, Meal, Corn, Oats, Wheat, Long Forage, Bran, Ship Stuff Tallow, Wax, Candles, Soap, Fish, Lambs, Chickens, Butter, Eggs, and Vegitables of all kinds.

REFERS TO:
President and Superintendent Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company.
President and Superintendent North-Carolina Railroad Company.
John Sloan, Greensboro', N. C.
L. S. Williams, Charlotte, N. C.
S Frankfort, Salisbury, N C.
Tilghman and Cooke, Weldon, N. C.
E. A. Williams, President Exchange Bank, Clarksville, Virginia.
E. A. Rawlins, Woodsworth, Virginia.
Raleigh, N. C., May 19, 1865. 29 - tf.

I. BLUMENTHAL,
LATE
QUARTERMASTER AGENT U. S. MIL. RAILROADS
MILITARY DIVISION MISSISSIPPI.

COOL SODA FOUNTAIN
AND
CONFECTIONERY;
ALSO,
CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS,
Six doors South of the Capitol, on Fayetteville St.,
At HEARTT AND IREDELL'S Old Store.
Raleigh, May 15, 1865. 25—1m.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS
WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM MIS FRIENDS and the public generally that he is now prepared, as heretofore, to do all kind of
SADDLE AND HARNESS REPAIRING,
in best manner and with promptness, at his Shop, first story under Masonic Hall. Patronage earnestly solicited.
Raleigh, May 27, 1865. 36—tf.
*Progress* copy.

NORTH STATE
IRON AND BRASS WORKS!
OUR FOUNDRY AND SHOPS ARE NOW OPEN, and we are prepared to receive and fill orders for Mill Castings, and all kinds of Mill Irons, Bridge Bolts, and Castings, of all kinds. We will repair Saw Mills, Gum Saws, and anything in our line.

We keep constantly on hand Cane Mills, Sheet Iron, Bar Iron of all sizes, Axes, Shovels, Grindstones, Plows, Points, Bars and Bolts, old Dominion Nails, all sizes, &c., &c.
SHAY, WILLIAMSON & Co.
Raleigh, May 23, 1865. 32—2w.

EXCHANGE HOTEL!
HILLSBORO' STREET.
THE EXCHANGE HOTEL HAS BEEN RE-OPENED this day, under the management and control of Messrs. RANDALL and BOWEN. Former Patrons and the Traveling Public generally can now be accommodated.
W. H. CUNINGGIM.
Raleigh, May 10, 1865. 22—1mpd.

REWARD.
A LIBERAL REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE delivery at this office of a Package of Officers Clothing, taken from a car, at this place, on the night of the 25th inst.
April 28, 1865. 11—tf.

FOR SALE!
A COMPLETE FILE OF THE N. C. STANDARD, (Semi-Weekly,) from the 1st of January, 1863, to the present time—price $75.

Also, a file of the DAILY RICHMOND EXAMINER for 1862, 1863 and part of 1864 Price $100.

These papers are not bound, but are arranged in the sheets according to date.

Apply at this office.
April 18, 1865. 2—tf.

Headquarters Military Division of the James,
RICHMOND, VA., May 8, 1865.
$25,000 REWARD!!
BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR A Reward of
TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS
Is hereby offered for the arrest and delivery for trial of WILLIAM SMITH, Rebel Governor of Virginia.
H. W. HALLECK,
20—tf. *Major General Comdg.*

JAMES L. HATHAWAY.
(formerly of the firm of Hathaway & Co., Wilmington, N.C.)
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
171 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO THE SALE of Southern Produce. Orders for goods with cash accompanying them will be faithfully and promptly executed.
June 6, 1865. 43—3m.


## RULES AND REGULATIONS

**Concerning Commercial Intercourse with Insurrectionary States.**

EXECUTIVE ORDER.
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
Washington, April 29, 1865.

Being desirous to relieve all loyal citizens and well-disposed persons residing in insurrectionary States from unnecessary commercial restrictions, and to encourage them to return to peaceful pursuits, *it is hereby ordered:*

I. That all restrictions upon internal, domestic, and coastwise commercial intercourse be discontinued in such parts of the States of Tennessee, Virginia, North-Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and so much of Louisiana as lies east the Mississippi river, as shall be embraced within the lines of national military occupation, excepting only such restrictions as are imposed by acts of Congress and regulations in pursuance thereof, prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and approved by the President; and excepting also from the effect of this order the following articles contraband of war, to wit: Arms, ammunition, all articles from which ammunition is manufactured, gray uniforms and cloth, locomotives, cars, railroad iron, and machinery for operating railroads, telegraph wires, insulators, and instruments for operating telegraphic lines.

II. That all existing military and naval orders in any manner restricting internal, domestic, and coastwise commercial intercourse and trade with or in the localities above named be, and the same are hereby, revoked; and that no military or naval officer, in any manner, interrupt or interfere with the same, or with any boats or other vessels engaged therein, under proper authority, pursuant to the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

## RULES AND REGULATIONS.

*Concerning Commercial Intercourse with and in Insurrectionary States.*

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, May 9, 1865.

With a view of carrying out the purposes of the Executive, as expressed in his executive order, bearing date April 29th, 1865, "to relieve all loyal citizens and well disposed persons residing in insurrectionary States from unnecessary commercial restrictions, and to encourage them to return to peaceful pursuits," the following regulations are prescribed, and will hereafter govern commercial intercourse in and between the States of Tennessee, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana east of the Mississippi river, heretofore declared in insurrection, and the loyal States:

I

All commercial transactions under these regulations shall be conducted under the supervision of officers of the customs, and others acting as officers of the customs.

II PROHIBITED ARTICLES

The following articles are prohibited, and none such will be allowed to be transported to or within any State heretofore declared in insurrection, except on Government account, viz: Arms, ammunition, all articles from which ammunition is manufactured, gray uniforms and cloth, locomotives, cars, railroad iron, and machinery for operating railroads, telegraph wires, insulators, and instruments for operating telegraph lines.

III. AMOUNTS OF PRODUCTS ALLOWED, AND PLACES TO WHICH SUCH MAY BE TRANSPORTED.

It having been determined and agreed upon by the proper officers of the War and Treasury Departments, in accordance with the requirements of section 9 of the act of July 2, 1864, that the amount of goods required to supply the necessities of loyal persons residing in insurrectionary States, within the military lines of the United States forces, shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the applications therefor, and that the places to which such goods may be taken shall be, all places within such lines that may be named in the several applications for transportation thereto, it is therefore directed that clearance shall be granted, upon application, by any loyal person or party, for all goods and merchandise not prohibited, in such amounts, and to such places which under the revenue and collection laws of the United States have been created ports of entry and delivery in the coastwise trade, as the applicant may desire.

IV. CLEARANCE.

Before any vessel shall be cleared for any port within the insurrectionary States, or from one port to another therein, or from any such ports to a port in the loyal States, the master of every such vessel shall present to the proper officer of customs, or other officer acting as such, a manifest of her cargo, which manifest shall set forth the character of the merchandise composing said cargo, and, if showing no prohibited articles shall be certified by such officer of the customs.

V. ARRIVAL AND DISCHARGE OF CARGO IN AN INSURRECTIONARY STATE.

On the arrival of any such vessel at the port of destination, it shall be the duty of the master thereof forthwith to present to the proper officer of the customs the certified manifest of her cargo; whereupon the officer shall cause the vessel to be discharged under his general supervision; and, if the cargo is found to correspond with the manifest, a certificate to the effect shall be given to said master.

If there shall be found on board any prohibited articles, such articles shall be seized and held subject to the orders of the Secretary of the Treasury; and the officer shall forthwith report to the Department all the facts of the case; and any such vessel arriving from any foreign port or from any domestic port without a proper clearance, or with contraband articles on board, shall, with the cargo, be seized and held as subject to confiscation under the laws of the United States.

VI. LADING WITHIN AND DEPARTURE FROM AN INSURRECTIONARY STATE.

Vessels in ports within an insurrectionary State, not declared by proclamation open to the commerce of the world, shall be laden under the supervision of the proper officer of this Department, whose duty it shall be to require, before any articles are allowed to be shipped, satisfactory evidence that upon all merchandise so shipped the taxes and fees required by law and these regulations have been paid or secured to be paid, which fact, with the amount so paid, shall be certified upon the manifest before clearance shall be granted; and if, upon any articles so shipped, the fees and internal revenue taxes, or either shall only have been secured to be paid, such fact shall be noted upon the manifest, and the proper officer at the port of destination of such vessel shall hold the goods until all such taxes and fees shall be paid according to law and these regulations.

VII. SUPPLY STORES.

Persons desiring to keep a supply store at any place within an insurrectionary State shall make application therefor to the nearest officer of the Treasury Department, which application shall set forth that the applicant is loyal to the Government of the United States; and upon filing evidence of such loyalty a license for such supply store shall forthwith be granted; and the person to whom the license is given shall be authorized to purchase goods at any other supply store within the insurrectionary States, or at such other point in the United States as he may select.

The party receiving such license shall pay therefor the license fee prescribed by the internal revenue law.

VIII. EXCEPTED ARTICLES.

All articles of local production and consumption, such as fresh vegetables, fruits, butter, ice, eggs, fresh meat, wood, coal, &c., &c., may, without fee or restriction, be freely transported and sold at such points within an insurrectionary State as the owner thereof may desire.

IX. SHIPMENT OF PRODUCTS OF AN INSURRECTIONARY STATE.

All cotton not produced by persons with their own labor, or with the labor of freedmen or others employed and paid by them, must, before shipment to any port or place in a loyal State be sold to and resold by an officer of the Government specially appointed for the purpose, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury and approved by the President; and, before allowing any cotton or other product to be shipped or granting clearance for any vessel, the proper customs officer, or other person acting as such, must require from the purchasing Agent or the internal revenue officer a certificate that the cotton proposed to be shipped has been resold by him, or that twenty-five per cent. of the value thereof has been paid to such purchasing Agent in money, and that the cotton is thereby free from further fee or tax. If the cotton proposed to be shipped is claimed and proved to be the product of a person's own labor or of freedmen or others employed and paid by them, the officer will require that the shipping fee of three cents per pound shall be paid or secured to be paid thereon.

If any product other than cotton is offered for shipment the certificate of the internal revenue officer, that all internal taxes due thereon have been collected and paid, must be produced prior to such products being shipped or cleared; and if there is no internal revenue officer, then such taxes shall be collected by the customs officer, or he shall cause the same to be secured to be paid as provided in these regulations.

X. INLAND TRANSPORTATION.

The provisions of these regulations, necessarily modified, shall be considered applicable to all shipments inland to or within insurrectionary States by any means of transportation whatsoever

XI. CHARGES.

Goods not prohibited may be transported to insurrectionary States free

The charges upon all products shipped or transported from an insurrectionary State, other than upon cotton, shall be the charges prescribed by the internal revenue laws. Upon cotton, other than that purchased and resold by the Government, three cents per pound, which must be credited by the officer collecting, as follows, viz: two cents per pound as the shipping fee. All cotton purchased and resold by the Government shall be allowed to be transported free from all fees and taxes whatsoever.

XII. RECORDS TO BE KEPT.

Full and complete accounts and records must be kept, by all officers acting under these regulations, of their transactions under them, in such manner and form as shall be prescribed by the Commissioner of Customs.

XIII. LOYALTY A REQUISITE.

No goods shall be sold in an insurrectionary State by or to, nor any transaction held with any person or persons not loyal to the Government of the United States.

Proof of loyalty must be the taking and subscribing the following oath, or evidence to be filed that it, or one similar in purport and meaning, has been taken, viz:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, in presence of Almighty God, that I will henceforth faithfully support, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States, and all laws made in pursuance thereto."

FORMER REGULATIONS REVOKED.

These regulations shall take effect and be in force on and after the 10th day of May 1865, and shall supersede all other regulations and circulars heretofore prescribed by the Treasury Department concerning commercial intercourse between loyal and insurrectionary States, all of which are hereby rescinded and annulled.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
WASHINGTON CITY, May 9, 1865.

The foregoing rules and regulations concerning commercial intercourse with and in States and parts of States declared in insurrection, prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury in conformity with Acts of Congress relating thereto, having been seen and considered by me, are hereby approved.

ANDREW JOHNSON.
May 24, 1865. 43—8t.


THE NORTH-CAROLINA TIMES,
A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL AND
FAMILY NEWSPAPER,
DEVOTED TO
News, Politics, Commerce, Agriculture, Arts, Science and Literature,
VESTAL & JOY, Editors and Proprietors.
PUBLISHED AT NEWBERN, N. C.

THE NORTH-CAROLINA TIMES
WILL FURNISH
The Latest News from all Quarters,
AT THE EARLIEST MOMENT.

It will maintain the Union, oppose Secession, and strive, by argument and persuasion, to encourage that spirit of
LOYALTY TO THE GOVERNMENT,
upon which the future Peace and Prosperity of the People must forever depend.

It is hoped that the interest and variety of its contents—its regard for the Business interests of the community—its Financial and Market Reports—and its advocacy of all just and humane enterprises, will commend it to
The Patronage of all Classes of People
AND MAKE IT
A WELCOME VISITOR
TO THE
Family Circle, the Counting-Room and the Workshop.

*TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:*

THE NORTH-CAROLINA TIMES, issued every Morning, (Sundays excepted,) and is furnished to Subscribers (by Mail or Carrier,) at

TEN DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Particular attention is paid to the prompt and early delivery of the paper to its Patrons in the City, and to the regularity of its transmission to those abroad.

*TERMS OF ADVERTISING:*

PER SQUARE, OF ONE INCH,

$1 first insertion, 50 cents each subsequent insertion.

All advertisements must be paid for at the desk in the Counting Room previous to insertion. 45—tf.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.
A UNION PAPER
AT THE
CAPITAL OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

HAVING DETERMINED TO REMAIN IN RALEIGH and make the PROGRESS one of the permanent fixtures of the Capital of the State, we appeal to our friends throughout the State to exert themselves to extend its circulation.

Bastiles, Prisons and Courts of Star Chamber having been abolished by the Union armies, and the old Flag having been again unfurled on the Capitol of our good old State never again to be lowered by treason, the people can read those papers that advocate their principles and express their own sentiments without the fear of the rack or the stake; and it is our determination to make THE PROGRESS worthy the confidence of the intelligent masses.

We have associated with us in the Editorial management of the paper gentlemen of experience and of acknowledged talent and ability, and we shall spare neither labor or expense to render the paper worthy of the Capital of the State and a welcome visitor in every loyal family.

Though it is our determination to make the PROGRESS a live newspaper we shall not ignore those great questions that so deeply affect our immediate future and which must be speedily acted upon and settled. We shall give to the Administration of President Johnson an active and zealous support, and whatever of power or influence we may possess to restore harmony, peace and prosperity to our native State. We love the Union, we love North-Carolina, and all our energies and whatever of talent we may possess, or shall be able to command in the management of the paper shall be employed for the preservation of the one and to increase the prosperity of the other.

In the management of our publications we shall know no North, no South, no East, no West, but will labor earnestly and continually for the welfare of our whole country.

THE WEEKLY PROGRESS,

The publication of which has been interrupted by the derangement of the mails, will be resumed immediately, and we make an earnest appeal to our friends to exert themselves in extending its circulation.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily paper one year, | $10 00 |
| " " six months, | 5 00 |
| Weekly paper one year, | 3 00 |
| " " six months, | 1 50 |

Persons sending us clubs of ten or more, to one office, at one time, will be furnished with the paper gratis.

J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.
Raleigh, May, 1865. 44—tf.


U. S. MILITARY RAILROADS.

Morehead City and Goldsboro', and Goldsboro' and Raleigh Lines.

CARS LEAVE NEW BERNE FOR RALEIGH AT 11.30 A. M.

For Morehead City at 4.50 P. M.

RETURNING.

Leave RALEIGH for New Berne at 10 A. M.
Leave Morehead City for New Berne 9.20 A. M.

WILMINGTON AND GOLDSBORO' LINE.

Leave Goldsboro' for Wilmington at 3.10 P. M.
Leave Wilmington for Goldsboro' at 4.30 A. M.

J. B. VAN DYNE, Superintendent.
May 22, 1865. 38—tf.

Headquarters, Post of Raleigh, N. C.,
April 26, 1865.

THE PRIVATE OFFICE OF THE POST COMmander will be in the Comptroller's office, in the Capitol building. 16—tf.

A NEW PAPER.

THE DAILY RALEIGH RECORD.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING OBTAINED THE necessary permit from the Military authorities, propose to publish in the City of Raleigh a daily newspaper to be called the RALEIGH RECORD.

This paper will contain a record of the important events of the country, both civil and military, the latest military orders affecting the interests of the people of North-Carolina and of the South, the daily market prices of provision, &c., and such other miscellaneous reading matter as is usually found in the columns of daily newspapers.

Having no party purposes to subserve, and no political aspirations to gratify, we shall, whenever we feel called upon to do so, speak our honest sentiments in regard to the great measures affecting the interests of our people, unwarped by partizan feeling or personal animosity.

Persons in the City desiring to subscribe for the Raleigh Record will please call at our office in the old "Register" building, near the Court House, and opposite the Yarboro' House, to give us their names.

TERMS.—Single copies 10 cents, for three months $3 00; for six months $5 00; newsdealers $5 00 per hundred copies. Advertising, one square for each insertion one dollar. A liberal deduction made for advertisements by the month or year.

☞ The first number of the paper will be issued on Thursday morning next.

J. D. HUFHAM,
N. B. COBB.
Raleigh, May 29, 1865. 39—tf.

THE AMNESTY OATH.

The amnesty oath now substitutes the oath and parole heretofore administered to soldiers and civilians. All that superfluity after the words—"so help me God"—is expunged, and the first part of the original oath constitutes the amnesty oath, the parole being admitted, it being implied in the oath.

The following is the present form of the oath:

I, ——, do solemnly swear in the presence of ALMIGHTY GOD, that I will henceforth faithfully support, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Union of the States thereunder; and that I will in like manner abide by and faithfully support all acts of Congress passed during the existing rebellion with reference to slaves, so long and so far as not repealed, modified or held void by Congress, or by decision of the Supreme Court; and that I will in like manner abide by and faithfully support all proclamations of the President made during the existing rebellion, having reference to slaves, so long and so far as not modified or declared void by the decision of the Supreme Court—SO HELP ME GOD.


"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.
*Critical Notices of the Press.*

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore).

The most popular Monthly in the world.—*New York Observer*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellence of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each Number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—TAUCHNITZ'S *Guide to American Literature, London.*

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.
1865.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication.

The postage on HARPER'S MAGAZINE is 24 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* post-office.

Terms:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year..... $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE or WEEKLY will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $3 00 each, in one remittance; or SIX Copies for $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now Comprising Twenty nine Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
28—tf. Franklin Square, New York.


## THE PROCLAMATION.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

WHEREAS, It appears from evidence in the Bureau of Military Justice, that the atrocious murder of the late President, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and the attempted assassination of the Hon. WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State, were incited, concerted and procured by and between Jefferson Davis, late of Richmond, Va., and Jacob Thompson, Clement C. Clay, Beverly Tucker, George N. Sanders, W. C. Cleary, and other rebels and traitors against the Government of the United States, harbored in Canada:

Now, therefore, to the end that justice may be done, I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, do offer and promise for the arrest of said persons, or either of them, within the limits of the United States, so that they can be brought to trial, the following rewards:

One hundred thousand dollars for the arrest of Jefferson Davis.

Twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of Clement C. Clay.

Twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of Jacob Thompson, late of Mississippi.

Twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of George N. Sanders.

Twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of Beverly Tucker, and

Ten thousand dollars for the arrest of William C. Cleary, late Clerk of Clement C. Clay.

The Provost Marshal General of the United States is directed to cause a description of said persons, with notice of the above rewards, to be published.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, the second day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty five, and of the independence of the United States of America the eighty ninth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
W. HUNTER, Acting Secretary of State. 24—tf.

## MILITARY GOVERNMENT OF THE CITY

Col G F Granger, Commanding 3rd Brigade, 2d Division, 10th Army Corps, Post Commander.
Lieut H S Sanford, 116th New York Volunteers, A A A General and Post Adjutant.
Capt S C F Smith, 9th Maine Volunteers, A A General.
Major George B Dyer, 9th Regiment Maine Volunteers, Provost Marshal.
Lieut Wm K Norton, 4th New Hampshire Volunteers, Assistant Provost Marshal.
Lieut George S Dailey, 9th Maine Volunteers, Assistant Provost Marshal.
Capt Chas F Weeks, 9th Maine Volunteers, A A Q M.
Capt Geo C Almy, C S.
Capt S C F Smith, 9th Maine Volunteers, A. A. I. G.
Surgeon Jno Knowlson, 169th New York Volunteers, Chief Medical Officer.
Capt E R Mosher, 169th New York Volunteers, A D C.
Lieut Ed Vanderzee, 169th New York Volunteers, A D C.

**Officers of 115th Regiment N. York Volunteers.**

N J Johnson, Lieut Col Commanding.
E L Walrath, Major.
Nicholas De Graff, Acting Adjutant.
Martin McMartin, Quartermaster.
Lieut A C Slocum, Commanding Co A.
Lieut A Collier, " " B.
Lieut C L Clark, " " C.
Capt Wm H Shaw, " " E.
Capt E B Savage, " " G.
Lieut M McIntosh, " " I.
Lieut J M Hill, " " K.

**Officers of 9th Maine Volunteers.**

Joseph Noble, Lieut Col Commanding.
George B Dyer, Major.
Henry B Wadsworth, Adjutant.
George S Hay, Quartermaster.
Otis P Rice, Assistant Surgeon
Lieut Wm A Babcock, Commanding Co A.
Capt L F McKenney, " " B.
Capt Geo W Brown, " " C.
Capt Benj J Hill, " " D.
Capt J C Beal, " " E.
Lieut W F Denning, " " F.
Lieut S A Dolen, " " G.
Lieut A B Chase, " " H.
Capt Geo S Colbath, " " I.
Capt S S Mann, " " K.

**Nominal List of the Actual and Acting Field and Staff and Company Commanders present in 4th New Hampshire Volunteers.**

John H Roberts, Captain Co D, Commanding Officer.
Geo W Huckins, Captain Co K, Regiment Quartermaster and Company Commander.
D P Dearborn, Surgeon.
Alfred Marland, 1st Lieut Co H, Awaiting Muster, Acting Adjutant.
Joseph Wingate, Co A, Awaiting Muster, Acting Commander.
L A Gay, 1st Lieut Co B, Commanding Co B.
L McD Bussy, Capt Co C, Commanding Co C.
Wm S Barker, Capt Co E, Commanding Co D.
C M Whiting, 1st Lieut Co E, Commanding Co E.
C L Chapman, Capt Co F, Commanding Co F.
P Dowd, Sergt Co G, Commanding Co G.
B Frank Fogy, principal Musician Co H, Commanding Co H.
G F Quimby, Capt Co I, Commanding Co I.
Geo W Huckins, Capt Co K, Commanding Co K.
John H Roberts, Capt 4th New Hampshire Infantry, Commanding Regiment.

**Officers 13th Indiana Volunteers.**

J H Lawrence, Major, Commanding.
S Ryan, Adjutant.
A H Baily, Quartermaster.
N A Chamberlain, Assistant Surgeon.
Silas Clark, Capt Commanding Co A.
W H Lowe, Capt Commanding Co B.
Wm A Ketchum, 2d Lieut Commanding Co C.
R J Graham, Capt Commanding Co D.
W T Steen, Capt Commanding Co E.
Samuel Morrison, 1st Lieut Commanding Co F.
Carr Carey, 1st Lieut Commanding Co G.

**Officers of 169th Regiment N. York Volunteers.**

J A Colvin, Lieut Col Commanding.
Joseph H Allen, Major.
John Knowlson, Surgeon.
E W Church, Acting Adjutant and Quartermaster.
Lieut Ed Jacques, Commanding Co A.
Lieut J