

PROCLAMATION
By the President of the United States of America.

WHEREAS, THE FOURTH SECTION OF THE fourth article of the Constitution of the United States declares that "the United States shall guarantee to every State in the Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasions and domestic violence; and,

WHEREAS, The President of the United States is by the Constitution made Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy, and as Chief Executive Officer of the United States, and is bound by solemn oath faithfully to execute the orders of President of the United States, and to take care that the law be faithfully executed; and,

WHEREAS, The rebellion, which has been waged by a portion of the constituted authorities of the government in their most violent and revolting form, but whose organized and armed forces have now been almost entirely overthrown, has in its revolted states been deprived of all civil government, and the State of North Carolina of all civil government; and,

WHEREAS, It becomes necessary and proper to carry out and enforce the obligations of the United States to the people of North Carolina in securing them in the enjoyment of a republican form of government;

Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, and for the purpose of enabling the loyal people of said State to organize a State government whereby justice may be established, due punishment awarded to traitors and loyal citizens tried in all the right of his Honor, the Government, and I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States do hereby appoint WILLIAM W. HOLMES, Provisional Governor of the State of North Carolina, to exercise such powers and authority as may be necessary and proper for convening a Convention composed of delegates to be chosen by that portion of the people of said State who are loyal to the United States, and no others, for the purpose of organizing or reorganizing the Government, and with authority to exercise such of the limited sum of said State all the powers necessary and proper to enable such loyal people of the State of North Carolina to restore said State to its Constitutional relations to the Federal government, and, to present such a Republican form of Government to the United States for its adoption, and to protect the same by force of arms, and to furnish the State with a Supervisor Special Agent to be chosen by the people of said State, or in case of need, to be chosen by a member of such Convention, unless he shall have been previously taken and subscriber to the oath or amnesty as set forth in the President's proclamation of May 29th, 1865, and is a valid witness as prescribed by law, and to furnish the State with a Supervisor Special Agent to be chosen by the people of said State, or in case of need, to be chosen by a member of such Convention, in time immemorial before the 20th day of May, A. D., 1861, the date of the so called ordinance of secession; and said Convention, when convened, or the Legislature that may be thereafter assembled, will prescribe the qualifications of electors and the eligibility of persons to hold office in the Government, and, lastly, the State power of the people of the several States composing the Federal Union have rightfully exercised upon the origin of the government to the present time. And I do hereby direct:

That the military commander of the department, and all officers and persons in the military and naval service, aid and assist the said Provisional Governor in carrying into effect this proclamation; and they are enjoined to abstain from, in any way, hindering, impeding or discouraging the loyal people in the organization of a State government, and, to do all that may be necessary to that end.

That the Secretary of State proceed to put in force all laws of the United States, the administration whereof belongs to the State Department, applicable to the geographical limits of the State.

That the Secretary of the Treasury proceed to nominate for appointment assessors of taxes and collectors of customs and internal revenue, and such other officers of the Treasury Department as are authorized by law, and put in execution the Revenue Laws of the United States within the geographical limits of the State.

That the preference of the State be given to qualified loyal persons residing within the districts where their respective duties are to be performed; but if suitable residents of the districts shall not be found, their persons residing in other States or districts shall be appointed.

That the Postmaster General proceed to establish post routes and put into execution the postal laws of the United States within the said State, giving to loyal residents the preference of appointment; but if suitable persons are not found, then appoint agents from other States.

That the District Judge for the Judicial District in which North Carolina is included proceed to hold courts within said State, in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, and that the Attorney General will instruct the proper officers to libel and bring to judgment, confiscation and sale, a property subject to confiscation, and enforce the administration of justice within said State in all matters within the cognizance and jurisdiction of the Courts.

That the Secretary of the Interior put in force the geographical limits aforesaid.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the City of Washington, this twenty-ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-ninth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President: WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State. 45-1f.

PROCLAMATION

By the President of the United States of America.

WHEREAS, THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, on the eighth day of December, A. D., eighteen hundred and forty-four, did, with the object to suppress the existing rebellion, to induce all persons to return to their loyalty and to restore the authority of the United States, issue proclamations offering amnesty and pardon to certain persons who had, directly or by implication, participated in the said rebellion; and,

WHEREAS, Many persons, who had so engaged in said rebellion, have, since the issuance of said proclamation, failed or neglected to take the benefits offered thereby; and,

WHEREAS, Many persons, who have been duly deprived of all claim to a nesty and pardon thereunder by reason of their participation, directly or by implication, in said rebellion and continued hostility to the government of the United States since the issuance of said proclamation, now desire to avail themselves of the same; and,

To the end, therefore, that the authority of the government of the United States may be restored, and that peace, order and freedom may be secured, I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, do hereby grant to all persons who have directly or indirectly participated in the existing rebellion, except as hereinafter excepted, amnesty and pardon, with restoration of all rights of property, except as to slaves, and except where "legal services," under the laws of the United States, are required for the protection of the law and the public welfare, to all persons engaged in rebellion, who have, on the 1st day of January, 1865, or thereafter, taken an oath, in the presence of a military or naval officer, to abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves.

I do solemnly swear, in presence of Almighty God, that I do hereby restore, support, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Union of the States thereunder, and that I will, in like manner, abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves.

First—All who are, or shall have been, pretended civil or diplomatic officers, or otherwise, domestic or foreign agents of the Confederate government.

Second—All who, in judicial stations under the United States to aid the rebellion.

Third—All who shall have been military or naval officers of said pretended Confederate government, above the rank of Colonel in the army or Lieutenant in the navy.

Fourth—All who, in the Congress of the United States to aid the rebellion.

Fifth—All who resigned or tendered resignation of their commissions in the army or navy of the United States to evade duty in resisting the rebellion.

Sixth—All who, engaged in any way in the treason otherwise than lawfully provided, were born in the United States service, as officers, soldiers, seamen, or in other capacities.

Seventh—All persons who have been, or are absentees from the United States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eighth—All military and naval officers in the rebel service who were educated by the government in the Military Academy at West Point, or the United States Naval Academy.

Ninth—All persons who held the pretended offices of Governors of States in insurrection against the United States.

Tenth—All persons who left their homes within the jurisdiction and protection of the United States, and passed beyond the limits of the same into the叛逆的 States.

Eleventh—All persons who have been engaged in the destruction of the commerce of the United States upon the high seas, and all persons who have made raids into the United States from Canada, or been engaged in destroying the commerce of the United States upon the lakes and rivers that separate the British provinces from the United States.

Twelfth—All persons who, at the time when they seek to avail themselves of this pardon, by taking the oath herein prescribed, are unwilling to give up their confidence or custody, or under bonds of the civil, military, naval, or other authorities or agents of the United States, as prisoners of war or persons detained for offenses of any kind either before or after conviction.

Thirteenth—All persons who have voluntarily participated in said rebellion, and the number of whose taxable property is over twenty thousand dollars.

Fourteenth—All persons who have taken the oath of allegiance as prescribed in the President's proclamation of December 25th, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and six-tenths, or who, in accordance to the government of the United States since the date of said proclamation, and

THE DAILY STANDARD.

"LIBERTY AND

VOL. I

UNION, NOW AND FOREVER, ONE AND INSEPARABLE." —DANIEL WEBSTER.

RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1865.

NO. 47.

who have with the forward kept and maintained the same.

Provided that special application may be made to the President for pardon by any person belonging to the excepted classes, and such clemency will be liberally extended as may be consistent with the nature of the case and the principles of justice.

The Secretary of State will establish rules and regulations for administering and recording the said amnesty, so as to insure its benefits to the people and guard

against abuse. I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States do hereby appoint WILLIAM W. HOLMES, Provisional Governor of the State of North Carolina, to exercise such powers and authority as may be necessary and proper for convening a Convention composed of delegates to be chosen by that portion of the people of said State who are loyal to the United States, and no others, for the purpose of organizing or reorganizing the Government, and with authority to exercise such of the limited sum of said State all the powers necessary and proper to enable such loyal people of the State of North Carolina to restore said State to its Constitutional relations to the Federal government, and, to present such a Republican form of Government to the United States for its adoption, and to protect the same by force of arms, and to furnish the State with a Supervisor Special Agent to be chosen by the people of said State, or in case of need, to be chosen by a member of such Convention, unless he shall have been previously taken and subscriber to the oath or amnesty as set forth in the President's proclamation of May 29th, 1865, and is a valid witness as prescribed by law, and to furnish the State with a Supervisor Special Agent to be chosen by the people of said State, or in case of need, to be chosen by a member of such Convention, in time immemorial before the 20th day of May, A. D., 1861, the date of the so called ordinance of secession; and said Convention, when convened, or the Legislature that may be thereafter assembled, will prescribe the qualifications of electors and the eligibility of persons to hold office in the Government, and, lastly, the State power of the people of the several States composing the Federal Union have rightfully exercised upon the origin of the government to the present time. And I do hereby direct:

That the military commander of the department, and all officers and persons in the military and naval service, aid and assist the said Provisional Governor in carrying into effect this proclamation; and they are enjoined to abstain from, in any way, hindering, impeding or discouraging the loyal people in the organization of a State government, and, to do all that may be necessary to that end.

That the Secretary of the Treasury proceed to nominate for appointment assessors of taxes and collectors of customs and internal revenue, and such other officers of the Treasury Department as are authorized by law, and put in execution the Revenue Laws of the United States within the geographical limits of the State.

That the Postmaster General proceed to establish post routes and put into execution the postal laws of the United States within the said State, giving to loyal residents the preference of appointment; but if suitable residents of the districts shall not be found, their persons residing in other States or districts shall be appointed.

That the District Judge for the Judicial District in which North Carolina is included proceed to hold courts within said State, in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, and that the Attorney General will instruct the proper officers to libel and bring to judgment, confiscation and sale, a property subject to confiscation, and enforce the administration of justice within said State in all matters within the cognizance and jurisdiction of the Courts.

That the Secretary of the Interior put in force the geographical limits aforesaid.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the City of Washington, this twenty-ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-ninth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President: W. H. Seward, Secretary of State. 45-1f.

NO PERMITS REQUIRED TO TRADE IN PRODUCTS.

In ORDER THAT MISAPPREHENSION, AS FAR AS POSSIBLE, may be removed in relation to the purchase, sale and shipment of products, the conclusions of the government in relation thereto are again published and reprinted as follows:

First—That the articles of contraband (contraband articles are ABSOLUTELY FREE) in any one can purchase Cotton, Tobacco, Turnips, Bacon, Grain and other products without a permit from any Treasury agent. All statements or assertions to the contrary are without foundation and should be totally disregarded.

Second—That the Secretary of State proceed to put in force all laws of the United States, the administration whereof belongs to the State Department, applicable to the geographical limits of the State.

Third—That the Secretary of the Treasury proceed to nominate for appointment assessors of taxes and collectors of customs and internal revenue, and such other officers of the Treasury Department as are authorized by law, and put in execution the Revenue Laws of the United States within the geographical limits of the State.

Fourth—That the Postmaster General proceed to establish post routes and put into execution the postal laws of the United States within the said State, giving to loyal residents the preference of appointment; but if suitable residents of the districts shall not be found, their persons residing in other States or districts shall be appointed.

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WHEREAS, Many persons, who had so engaged in said rebellion, have, since the issuance of said proclamation, failed or neglected to take the benefits offered thereby; and,

WHEREAS, Many persons, who have been duly deprived of all claim to a nesty and pardon thereunder by reason of their participation, directly or by implication, in said rebellion and continued hostility to the government of the United States since the issuance of said proclamation, now desire to avail themselves of the same; and,

To the end, therefore, that the authority of the government of the United States may be restored, and that peace, order and freedom may be secured, I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, do hereby grant to all persons who have, on the 1st day of January, 1865, or thereafter, taken an oath, in the presence of a military or naval officer, to abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves.

I do solemnly swear, in presence of Almighty God, that I do hereby restore, support, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Union of the States thereunder, and that I will, in like manner, abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves.

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