Poetry.

HONOR TO OUR WORKMEN.

Whom shall we call our heroes;
To whom our praises sing?
The pampered child of fortune;
The titled lord or king?
They live by others' labor—
Take all, and nothing give;
The noblest types of manhood
Are they who work to live.
Then honor to our workmen,
Our hardy sons of toil—
The heroes of the workshop,
And monarchs of the soil.

Who spans the earth with iron,
And rears the palace dome?
Who creates for the rich man
The comforts of his home?
It is the patient toiler—
All honor to him, then!
The true wealth of the nation
Is in her working men.

For many barren ages
Earth hid her treasures deep;
And all her giant forces
Seemed bound as in a sleep;
Then Labor's "anvil chorus"
Broke on the startled air,
And, lo! the earth, in rapture,
Laid all her riches bare.

'Tis toil that over nature
Gives man his proud control:
And purifies and hallows
The temple of his soul,
It scatters foul diseases,
With all the ghastly train;
Puts iron in the muscle,
And crystal in the brain!

The Grand, Almighty Builder,
Who fashioned out the earth,
Hath stamped his seal of honor
On labor from her birth.
In every angel flower,
That blossoms from the sod,
Behold the master touches,
The handiwork of God!
Then honor to our workmen,
Our hardy sons of toil—
The heroes of the workshop,
And monarchs of the soil!

Official.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-Eighth Congress, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the seventh day of December, A. D. 1863, and ended on Monday, the fourth day of July, A. D. 1864.

PUBLIC ACTS.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, Vice-President, and President of the Senate. DANIEL CLARK was elected President of the Senate, *pro tempore*, on the ninth day of February, and so acted until and including the nineteenth day of that month. SCHUYLER COLFAX, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[Chap. XL.]

AN ACT concerning Notaries Public for the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notaries public for the district of Columbia may be appointed by the supreme court of said district, whose term of office shall be five years, and who may be removed by said court for cause. There shall be no new appointment of a notary public until the number in this district is reduced to twenty-five; and when the number is so reduced, as vacancies thereafter occur, they may be filled by said court.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That every notary public hereafter appointed, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take an oath faithfully to discharge the same, and shall give good to the United States in the sum of one thousand dollars, with security to be approved by the said supreme court, or a judge thereof, for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office. And the said court shall, with reasonable diligence, by a general order to be published in one or more newspapers printed in the said district, require all persons now holding the commission of notary public in said district to give new bonds as hereinbefore provided for, within a short time to be prescribed therein; and all such persons failing to comply therewith shall be stricken from the list of notaries.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That notaries public shall have authority to demand acceptance and payment of foreign bills of exchange, and to protest the same for non-acceptance and non-payment; and to exercise such other powers and duties as, by the law of nations, and according to commercial usages, or for use and effect beyond the jurisdiction of the said district, according to the law of any state or territory of the United States, or any foreign government in amity with the United States, may be performed by notaries public.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That notaries public may also demand acceptance of land bills of exchange, and payment thereof, and of promissory notes, and may protest the same for non-acceptance or non-payment, as the case may require.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every notary public shall have power to take and certify the acknowledgement or proof of powers of attorney, mortgages, deeds, and other instruments of writing, the acknowledgement of a conveyance, or other instrument of writing executed by any married woman, to take depositions, and to administer oaths and affirmations in matters incident or belonging to the duties of his office, and to take affidavits to be used before a court, judge, or officer within this district.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That every notary public shall keep a fair record of all his official acts, except such as are mentioned in the fifth section of this act; and when required shall give a certified copy of any record in his office to any person, upon payment of the fees therefor.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That every notary public, before he acts as such, shall provide a notarial seal, with which he shall authenticate all his official acts, which seal, together with his records and official documents, shall not be liable to be seized on by any execution. He shall deposit an impression of his official seal in the office of the clerk of the supreme court of said district.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That on the death, resignation, or removal from office of any notary public, his records, together with all his official papers, shall be deposited in the office of the clerk of the supreme court of said district.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the original protest of a notary public, under his hand and official seal, of any bill of exchange or promissory note for non-acceptance or non-payment, stating the presentment by him of such bill of exchange or note for acceptance or payment, and the notice of acceptance or non-payment thereof, and the service of notice on any or all of the parties to such bill of exchange or promissory note, and specifying the mode of giving such notice, and the reputed place of residence of the party to whom the same was given, and the post-office nearest thereto, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the facts contained therein. The certificate of a notary public, under his hand and seal of office, drawn from his record, stating the protest and the facts therein recorded, shall be evidence of the facts in like manner as the original protest.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the fees of notaries public shall be as follows: For each certificate and seal, fifty cents; taking depositions or other writings, for each one hundred words, ten cents; administering an oath, fifteen cents; taking acknowledgment of a power of attorney, with certificate thereof, fifty cents; every protest of a bill of exchange or promissory note, and recording the same, one dollar and seventy-five cents; each notice of protest, ten cents; each demand for acceptance and payment, if accepted or paid, one dollar, to be paid by the party accepting or paying the same; each noting of protest, one dollar. And any notary public who shall take a higher fee than is prescribed by this act shall pay a fine of one hundred dollars and be removed from office by the said supreme court.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved, April 8, 1864.

[Chap. LXI.]

AN ACT fixing the Date of the Loss of the U. S. Brig, "Bainbridge," and for the Relief of Officers, Seamen, and Marines of the same, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of fixing the time at which shall commence the pensions, under the existing laws, of the widows and orphan children of the officers, seamen, marines, and others in service who were lost in the United States brig "Bainbridge," as well as the time to which the pay of said officers, seamen, marines, and others in the service shall be allowed, the twenty-first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, shall be

Official.

deemed and taken to be the day on which the said brig "Bainbridge" foundered at sea.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the widow or child or children, and in case there shall be no widow or child or children, as aforesaid, then the parent or parents, and if there be no parents, the brothers and sisters of the officers, seamen, marines, and others in service, who were lost in said brig "Bainbridge," shall be entitled to and receive, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to twelve months' pay of their respective deceased relations, aforesaid, in addition to the pay due to the said deceased at the date of the loss of said vessel.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the accounts of Charles C. Walden, late acting assistant paymaster, in the navy, who was lost in the brig "Bainbridge," with all his accounts and vouchers for expenditures and payment made by him, and with all the money, stores, and supplies procured for the use of said vessel, and to allow him a credit for whatever sum appears to be due from him on the books of the department.

Approved, April 19, 1864.

[Chap. LX.]

AN ACT in addition to "An Act for the Establishment of certain Arsenals."

Whereas it is necessary that the government of the United States should at an early day, for the purpose of the arsenal at Rock Island, in the State of Illinois, provided for in the act passed July eleventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, obtain the possession of and title to certain lands, now the property of private persons, upon which to locate the said arsenal, with the grounds and buildings needful for and to make a part of the same: Now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to take and hold full, complete, and permanent possession in behalf of the United States, of all the lands and shores of the island of Rock Island, in the state of Illinois, the same, when so possessed, to be held and kept as a military reservation by the War Department, upon which shall be built and maintained an arsenal for the construction, deposit, and repair of arms and munitions of war, and such other military establishments as may have been or may be authorized by law to be placed thereon in connection with such arsenal.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear upon examination by the Attorney-General of the United States of the titles of the lands on Rock Island taken and occupied by the Secretary of War for an arsenal and other military purposes, as provided in the foregoing section, that any part or parcels thereof are now the property of, and are rightfully possessed by, any individual or corporation as his or their own private property, the value of such privrte property so taken, and a just compensation for any damages caused by such taking, shall, if mutually agreed on by the Secretary of War and the rightful owner or owners thereof and approved by the President, be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to said rightful owner or owners so agreeing, out of the appropriations made or to be made for the construction of said arsenal: Provided, That before such payment shall be made, the said owner or owners of such private lands so taken, or such of them as shall agree, shall by good and sufficient deed or deeds, in due form of law, and approved by the Attorney-General of the United States, fully release and convey to the United States all their and each of their several and respective rights in and titles to such lands so taken.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if the Secretary of War shall not agree with any private owner or owners of lands so taken for the use of the United States for military purposes, or if any such owner or owners shall refuse to accept the sum to be paid to him or them by the Secretary of the Treasury as and for the true value thereof, or shall from any other cause neglect or fail, for the space of twelve months after such taking to execute and deliver the deed or deeds thereof, needful in the opinion of the Attorney-General of the United States, to convey to the United States the title of said lands taken, there shall forthwith be selected three competent persons, who shall be named and appointed by the President, and by him be constituted a board of commissioners, whose duty it shall be to hear the parties interested, who may appear before them upon reasonable notice of time and place, and ascertain the true value of the land taken, and of the several parcels thereof that shall not have been conveyed to or paid for by the United States as hereinbefore provided, and the names and titles of the claimants thereof, if more than one, and their respective interests therein, and what compensation for the taking of their lands due to each claimant; and the said board of commissioners shall report the same as early as practicable after their appointment to the circuit court of the United States within and for the district in which such lands are situated; and in case of a difference of opinion in the said board as to the matters referred to them, the report of a majority of the commissioners shall be held to be the report of the board. And the compensation and expenses of the said commissioners shall be fixed and approved by the Secretary of War, and paid by the Secretary of the Treasury upon his requisition.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said circuit court, upon the return and examination of the report of the said commissioners, shall, for the parcels of land taken, as to which there appear to be no conflicting claims for compensation, by decree, order the sums awarded by the commissioners in said report, to be paid to the person or persons who shall, according to said report, be entitled thereto, and who shall apply therefor, and who shall, by writing filed in the said court, waive his or their right to an appeal from the determination of the said board of commissioners, and agree to accept the said sum, in full satisfaction of his or their claims for such lands, taken by the United States: Provided, That if the party entitled and applying as aforesaid, or filing a complaint as hereinafter provided, shall have an estate for life only in said land, or any estate less than a fee simple, or shall be a married woman, or a minor, or non compos mentis, the court aforesaid shall, in its final judgment or decree, make such order for the payment of the said compensation to the party or for its payment into court; and as to the investment of the principal and disposal of the income, or interest thereof, as shall be just and equitable, and for the protection of the rights of those interested, in accordance with the rules and practice of courts of equity, in cases where a fund in court is to be divided and administered.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons aggrieved by the doings of the aforesaid board of commissioners, in the estimation of his or their damages, or in the refusal or omission thereof, may at any time within twelve months from and after the return of said report to the said circuit court, or within three years after the land claimed shall have been taken, make application by complaint in writing to the said court sitting as a court of equity, setting forth the title which he or they may have or claim in said lands taken, or in parcels thereof, and the grievance complained of, and the said court, after reasonable notice to the district attorney of the United States for that district, who shall appear and act for and in behalf of the United States, shall proceed and hear the parties, and their evidence according to the course of proceedings in equity, and shall determine what right or title, if any, the complainant or complainants had in and to the parcels of land taken, claimed by him or them, and shall ascertain, and by decree fix the sum or sums of money to which as damages or just compensation for such taking the complainants, severally or jointly, if they apply jointly, are entitled: Provided, That if a complaint in any case shall, in writing or by motion, so request, the value of the land taken or his interest therein shall be assessed or determined by a jury upon the law side of the court, upon issues properly framed, under the direction or allowance of the court sitting in equity.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, if the attorney of the United States shall so request, the court may, before ordering issues to be framed for a jury, as provided in the foregoing section, require the complainants applying therefor to undertake and to give security satisfactory to the court therefor, that they will pay the costs of the issue to be taxed by the court, if the verdict of such jury shall not be in favor of such complainants, and for a sum larger than that allowed by the board of commissioners in their report; and the decision of all questions as to the amount of costs to be paid by or to complainants shall be within the determination of the court at their discretion, and according to the rules of equity practiced in the courts of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That either party may appeal to the supreme court of the United States from any final judgment or decree which may be rendered by said court in any case arising under the provisions of this statute, where the amount in controversy exceeds three thousand dollars; Provided, That such appeal shall be taken within ninety days after the rendition of such judgment or decree.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of final judgments or decrees by said circuit court, or on appeal by the said supreme court, where the same shall be affired in favor of the claimant, the sum due thereby shall be paid either to the claimant or into the circuit court aforesaid, as said judgment or decree may determine, by the United States, out of the money appropriated for the construction and maintenance of said arsenal, on presentation to the Secretary of the Treasury of a copy of said judgment or decree signed by the presiding judge, and certified by the clerk of said circuit court.—And such payment shall be a full discharge to the United States for the compensation and damages due for the taking of the lands, in respect of which the said judgment or decree was rendered or made, and shall forever bar any further claim or demand against the United States arising out

Official.

of the taking of such land. And such payment, or the lawful tender thereof, shall operate as, and shall be deemed and held to be, a full and complete conveyance of the parcel or parcels of land for which it was made to the United States.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That every claim against the United States for the taking of land for public use as herein authorized, shall be forever barred unless within three years from the time of such taking, the claim for compensation therefor shall be adjusted by agreement with the Secretary of War, or be settled by an award of the board of commissioners, or presented by complaint or petition to the circuit court of the United States in the district in which the land is situated: Provided, however, That the claims of persons, who at the time of the taking shall be under the age of twenty-one years, married women, idiots, lunatics, or insane, or beyond seas, shall not be barred if their petition or complaint be filled in said court as aforesaid, within three years after the disability has ceased, but no disability other than those enumerated shall prevent any claim from being barred, nor shall any of the said disabilities operate cumulatively.

Approved. April 19, 1864.

[Chap. LXIII.]

AN ACT to amend an Act entitled "An Act to establish and equalize the Grade of Line Officers of the United States Navy," approved July sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no line officer of the navy, upon the active list, below the grade of commodore, nor any other naval officer, shall be promoted to a higher grade, until his mental, moral, and professional fitness to perform all his duties at sea shall be established to the satisfaction of a board of examining officers to be appointed by the President of the United States.—And such board shall have power to take testimony, the witnesses when present to be sworn by the president of the board, and to examine all matter on the files and records of the department in relation to any officer whose case shall be considered by them.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That such examining board shall consist of not less than three officers, senior in rank to the officer to be examined.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any officer to be acted upon by said board shall have the right to be present, if he desires it; and his statement of his case on oath and the testimony of witnesses, and his examination shall be recorded. And any matter on the files and records of the department touching each case, as may in the opinion of the board be necessary to assist them in making up their opinion, shall, together with the whole record and finding, be presented to the President for his approval or disapproval of the finding. And no officer shall be rejected until after such public examination of himself and the records of the department in his case, unless he fails to appear before said board after having been duly notified.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That no officer in the naval service shall be promoted to a higher grade therein, upon the active list, until he has been examined by a board of naval surgeons, and pronounced physically qualified to perform all his duties at sea. And all officers whose cases shall have been acted upon by the aforesaid boards, and who shall not have been recommended for promotion by both of them, shall be placed upon the retired list.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all officers not recommended for promotion under the fourth section of an act entitled "An act to establish and equalize the grades of line officers of the United States navy," approved July sixteen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, shall have the right to present themselves for examination, according to the provisions of this act, and if found duly qualified, and such finding ee approved by the United States, they shall be promoted to the same grade and place as if they had been recommended by the board, and shall receive the corresponding pay according to the service which they have performed from the date of their rank to that of their promotion. And no further promotions shall be made upon the active list until the number in each grade is reduced to that provided by law.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That any officer in the naval service, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, may be advanced not exceeding thirty numbers, in his own grade, for distinguished conduct in battle, or extraordinary heroism.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States shall appoint paymasters of the fleet and engineers of the fleet in the same manner and with the same rank and pay as fleet surgeons; and the retired pay of surgeons, paymasters, engineers, and other staff officers in the navy shall be the same as that of the retired officers of the line of the navy with whom they have relative rank.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacte, That all acts or parts of acts which are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Approved, April 21, 1864.

[Chap. LXVI.]

AN ACT in Amendment of Act entitled "An Act relating to Foreign Coins and the Coinage of Cents at the Mint of the United States," approved February twenty-one, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, the standard weight of the cent coined at the mint of the United State shall be forty-eight grains, or one tenth of one ounce troy; and said cent shall be composed of ninety-five per centum of copper, and five per centum of tin and zinc, in such proportions as shall be determined by the director of the mint; and there shall be from time to time struck and coined at the mint a two-cent piece, of the same composition, the standard weight of which shall be ninety-six grains, or one fifth of one ounce troy, with no greater deviation than four grains to each piece of said cent and two-cent coins; and the shape, mettoes, and devices of said coins shall be fixed by the director of the mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury; and the laws now in force relating to the coinage of cents and providing for the purchase of material and prescribing the appropriate duties of the officers of the mint and the Secretary of the Treasury be, and the same are hereby, extended to the coinage herein provided for.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all laws now in force relating to the coins of the United States and the striking and coining the same shall so far as practicable, be extended to the coinage herein authorized, whether said laws are penal or other wise, for the security of the coin, regulating and guarding the process of striking and coining, for preventing debasement or counterfeiting, or for any other purpose.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the director of the mint shall prescribe suitable regulations to insure a due conformity to the required weights and proportions of alloy in the said coins; and shall order trials thereof to be made from time to time by the assayer of the mint, whereof a report shall be made in writing to the director.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said coins shall be a legal tender in any payment, the one-cent coin to the amount of ten cents, and the two-cent coin to the amount of twenty cents; and it shall be lawful to pay out said coins in exchange for the lawful currency of the United States, (except cents of half cents issued under former acts of congress,) in suitable sums, by the treasurer of the mint, and by such other depositaries as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, under general regulations proposed by the director of the mint and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury; and the expenses incident to such exchange, distribution, and transmission may be paid out of the profits of said coinage; and the net profits of said coinage, ascertained in like manner as is prescribed in the second section of the act to which this is a supplement, shall be transferred to the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall make, issue, or pass, or cause to be made, issued, or passed, any coin, card, token, or device whatsoever, in metal or its compounds, intended to pass or be passed as money for a one-cent piece or a two cent piece, such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years.

Approved, April 22, 1864.

[Chap. LXIV.]

AN ACT to amend an act for enrolling and calling out the National Forces so as to increase the Rank, Pay, and Emoluments of the Provost-Marshal.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the rank, pay, and emoluments of the provost-marshal general, authorized by section five of said act, shall be those of a brigadier general.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewithare hereby repealed.

Approved, April 21, 1864.

[Chap. LVX.]

AN ACT to change the Name of the District and Port of Presque Isle to the District and Port of Erie.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the district of Presque Isle, in the state of Pennsylvania, shall hereafter be known as the district of Erie, and the port of Presque Isle shall hereafter be known as the port of Erie.

Approved, April 21, 1864.

New York Advertisements.

Blossom Brothers,
(Successors to Benj. Blossom & Son.)
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
COTTON, NAVAL STORES, GRAIN, TOBACCO, COTTON YARNS, SHEETING, &c.
No. 159 Front Street,
CHAS. W. BLOSSOM, JAS. B. BLOSSOM, JOSIAH B. BLOSSOM. } NEW-YORK.
Liberal advances made on consignments, on receipt of Bill of Lading.
REFERENCES:—The Bank of N. C., and other Banks at Wilmington, Newbern, Washington, Tarboro', Fayetteville, Raleigh, Salisbury, Charlotte and Wadesboro'.
A. M. McPheeters, Raleigh, N. C., will forward to us, through that place, (*free of forwarding commission,*) paying railroad freight to any shipping port.
J. R. BLOSSOM & Co., Wilmington, N. C., GEO. H. BROWN & Co., Washington, N. C., S. T. JONES & Co., Newbern, N. C., HENRY GHISELIN, Norfolk, Va.,
Will forward produce to us, *free of forwarding commission*, except on Naval Stores and Grain, by Steamer or Sailing Vessel, as Shippers may direct; and, when desired, will pay taxes, &c., at the shipping ports.
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june 27—62 1y8

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Through Line to California,
TOUCHING AT MEXICAN PORTS,
And Carrying the U. S. Mail.
LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT of Canal Street, at 12 o'cloek noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for Aspinwall, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the Company's Steamships from Panama for San Francisco, touching at Acapulco.
JANUARY.
1st—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Captain Gray, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Captain Caverly.
11th—ATLANTIC, Captain Maury, connecting with GOLDEN AGE, Captain ——
21st—NEW YORK, Captain Horner, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Captain Farnsworth.
Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with Steamers for South Pacific Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
THROUGH PASSAGE RATES IN CURRENCY.
First Cabin, $300; Second Cabin, $200; Steerage, $100.
A discount of one quarter from steamers rates allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers with families. Also, an allowance of one quarter on through rates to clergymen and their families, and school teachers; soldiers having honorable discharges, half fare.
One Hundred Pounds Baggage allowed each adult. Baggage-masters accompany baggage through, and attend to ladies and children without male protectors. Baggage received on the dock the day before sailing, from steamboats, railroads, and passengers who prefer to send down early.
An experienced surgeon on board. Medicine and attendance free.
A Steamer will be placed on the line January 1st, 1866, to run from New Orleans to Aspinwall, via Havana.
For Passage Tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the Wharf, Foot of Canal Street, North River, New York.
dec 29—3m F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

PACIFIC HOTEL,
170, 172, 174 & 176 Greenwich Street,
(ONE SQUARE WEST OF BROADWAY,)
Between Courtlandt and Dey Sts., New York.
JOHN PATTEN, JR., *Proprietor.*
THE PACIFIC HOTEL IS WELL AND widely known to the traveling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the City—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel, and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.
The Pacific has liberal accommodations for over 300 guests; it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well vedtilated; provided with gas and water; the attendance is prompt and respectful; and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season.
The subscriber, who, for the past four years, has been the lessee, is now sole proprietor, and intends to identify himself thoroughly with the interests of his house. With long experience as a hotel keeper, he trusts, by moderate charges and a liberal policy, to maintain the favorable reputation of the Pacific Hotel.
N. B. To prevent overcharge by Hackmen, the coaches of the Hotel are owned by the proprietor.
sept 30—241 1y10 JOHN PATTEN, JR.

KEROSENE WARE.
Lamps, Chandeliers, Brackets, Harp Hangers, Side Barks, Side Lamps, with and without Reflectors; Fancy Hall Lamps, Lanterns, Bases, Pegs and Founts, Patent Glass Cones, Burners, Glasses, Chimnies and Wick, Druggists' Flint and Green Glass, Crockery Dealers' and Confectioners' Glassware. Goods of all kinds made to order. Kerosene Oil.
JAMES T. WRIGHT, 225 Greenwich st., two doors below Barclay, N. Y.
nov 29—3m7

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No. 18, Hanover Street, Baltimore,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE sale of Cotton Yarns, Sheetings, Osnaburgs and Cotton.
Solicit consignments from the South.
They will make liberal cash advances and promise quick returns at full market prices.
Refer to any of the Baltimore Banks or Dry Goods Jobbing Merchants. Also, to Wm. H. Powers, Esq., E. B. Bentley, Esq., H. L. Kent, Esq., Richmond, Va., and to Hill, Warren & Co., Mellwaine, Son & Co., Petersburg, Va.
june 14—51 1y 10.

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The National Brick Machine makes, with only two-horse power, **30,000 Splendid Bricks** per day, with well defined edges and uniform lengths. If the machine does not perform what we claim for it, we will take it back and refund the money. Address ABRAM REQUA,
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Underwriter's Agency,
Composed of the *Germania, Hanover, Magia* and *Republic* Fire Insurance Companies, New York. Capital over $3,000,000.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, & CO., Agents.
oct 6—tf 10

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Receive Consignments and make Cash advances.
oct 19—3m8

AGENCY OF UDOLPHO WOLFE.
To the Citizens of Raleigh, N. C.
For the convenience of my customers in your city, and also of your State, I have established a DEPOT in Wilmington, and appointed Mr. HORACE M. BARRY my sole Agent, who will keep on hand a large stock of all my bottled Wines and Liquors, and which will be sold to the trade at New York prices, adding freight and insurance.
I take pleasure in recommending my Agent to my friends and customers, with the full assurance that they will receive from him the same favor as if they purchased direct from me.
UDOLPHE WOLFE,
oct 17—3m8 22 Beaver Street, New York.

JAMES L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY & UTLEY,
(Formerly Hathaway & Co., Wilmington, N. C.,)
SHIPPING & COMMISION MERCHANTS,
171 Pearl Street, New York.
We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given.
We will make liberal advances upon receipt of invoice and Bill of Lading.
All merchandize and produce shipped to us is insured from point of shipment with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.
Both of us having had over Twenty years experience in the South, and our J. L. Hathaway three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignment.
oct 24—3m10

New York Advertisements.

GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION,
250,000 WATCHES, CHAINS, DIAMOND Rings, Etc. Worth over One Million Dollars! All to be sold for one dollar each, without regard to value.
NOT TO BE PAID FOR UNTIL YOU KNOW WHAT YOU ARE TO RECEIVE.
During the month ending March 31st, 1865, T. & H. Gaughan & Co., have had the honor of distributing among their patrons, six hundred and ninety GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, at the price of one collar each!
SPLENDID LIST OF ARTICLES.
All to be sold for one dollar each.

250 Solid silver dining setts,	$75 to 300
500 silver salvers and urns,	50 to 250
500 Solid silver Tea Setts, complete,	50 to 300
150 Rosewood musical Boxes, 22 airs,	75 to 250
200 mahogany Musical Boxes, 25 airs,	50 to 200
250 Gold Hunting Watches,	75 to 250
250 Ladies' enameled gold Watches,	50 to 200
500 Gent's Hunting Silver Watches,	35 to 100
500 open-face Silver Watches,	25 to 50
250 Diamond Rings,	50 to 100
5,000 Photograph Albums, all sizes,	5 to 50
2,000 Gold Vest and Neck Chains,	15 to 30
3,000 Gold oval Band Bracelets,	5 to 10
5,000 chased Gold Bracelets,	6 to 12
2,000 Chatelaine and Guard Chains,	5 to 20
7,000 Solitaire and Revolving Brooches,	5 to 10
2,000 Lava and Florentine do.	4 to 10
5,000 Coral, opal and Emerald do.	4 to 10
7,000 Mosaic, jet and lava Ear-drops,	4 to 10
5,500 Coral and Emerald Ear-drops,	3 to 8
5,000 California Diamond Pins,	5 to 20
5,000 Cal. Cluster Diamond Pins,	3 to 10
3,000 setts Solitaire Buttons and Studs,	3 to 10
3,000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.,	3 to 8
10,000 Lockets, double-glass,	3 to 5
5,000 Lockets for Miniatures,	5 to 10
3,000 Gold Tooth-picks, Crosses, &c.,	3 to 8
5,000 Plain Gold Rings,	4 to 10
5,000 chased Gold Rings,	4 to 10
10,000 Shield and Signet Rings,	3 to 10
10,000 California Diamond Rings,	3 to 10
7,500 setts Ladies' Jewelry, jet,	5 to 10
5,000 setts Ladies' Jewelry, coral	8 to 12
5,000 setts Ladies' Jewelry, onyx,	10 to 15
5,000 setts Ladies' Jewelry, lava,	12 to 20
2,500 setts Ladies' Jewelry, mosaic,	20 to 30
5,000 Gold Pens, with silver holders,	5 to 10
10 Gold Pens with Gold holders,	6 to 12
5,000 Gold Pens and holders, superior,	10 to 15
3,000 Silver Goblets and drinking Cups,	8 to 10
2,000 Silver Castors and Wine holders,	15 to 50
5,000 Silver Fruit and Cake Baskets,	20 to 50

Messrs. T. & H. GAUGHAN & Co., No. 116, Broadway, New York, extensive manufacturers and importers of all the leading and most fashionable styles of Watches and Jewelry, desiring to increase their business to an unlimited extent, have resolved upon a Great Gift Distribution, subject to the regulations following:
Certificates naming each article and its value, are placed in Sealed Envelopes, and well mixed. One of these Envelopes will be sent by mail to any address upon receipt of twenty-five cents.
All articles sold at One Dollar each, without regard to value.
On receipt of the certificate you will see what you are going to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar, and in no case can they get less than one dollar's worth, as there are no blanks. The price of Certificates is as follows: One for 25 cts.; five for $1; eleven for $2; thirty for $5; sixty-five for $10; one hundred for $15.
Agents will be allowed ten cents on every Certificate ordered by them, providing their remittance amounts to one dollar. Agents will collect 25 cents for every certificate, and remit 15 to us, either in cash or postage stamps.
T. & H. GAUGHAN & CO.
No. 116, Broadway, N. Y.
October 18. 156—3mpd

SHORB, RANNEY & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Crockery, Glass and China, assorted Crates, particularly adapted for the Southern Trade, No 62 Vesey St., New York.
nov 29—3m8

COTTON AND WOOL HAND CARDS.

GENUINE WHITTEMORE.
Sargent & Co.,
Successors to John Whittemore & Co., New York, and John H. Whittemore & Co.
HARDWARE & CARD MANUFACTURERS,
No. 70 Beekman St., New York.
Sole Successors to the Whittemore "PATENT SET," and only manufacturers of the
Genuine Whittemore Cotton Cards.
Dealers are cautioned against worthless imitations. nov 1—168 6m

HENRY C. HARDY. JOHN G. GUTHREY.
HARDY & GUTHREY.
72 Beaver Street, New York,
PROPOSE TO RESUME THE COMMISSION Business, which, prior to the events of 1861, was conducted at 47 Front Street, by Henry C. Hardy (in connection with his elder brothers of the long established house of Hardy & Brothers, Norfolk, Va.,) under the firm of H. C. Hardy & Co.
They therefore offer their services for the sale of Cotton and other Southern Products, and for the purchase of Merchandise.
As Bankers and Brokers, they will continue to receive deposits and execute orders for the purchase and sale of Government and State Bonds, Gold, Sterling Exchange, Railway Stocks, Bonds, &c. oct 14—153 3m 10

CONSTITUTION WATER
is without doubt, the only known remedy for DIABATES,
CALCULUS,
GRAVEL,
BRICK DUST DEPOSITS,
IRRITATION OF THE NECK
OF THE
BLADDER.
INFLAMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER,
AND ALL
FEMALE IRREGULARITIES.
Certificates of cures from well-known persons from all parts of the country in circular, will be sent on addressing
MORGAN & ALLEN, Agents,
dec 19—tf No. 46 Cliff St., New York.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEO. W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.
WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,
SHIPPING, RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.
Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.
AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES BETWEEN *NEWBERN AND NEW YORK.*
General Vessel Agents.
dec 5—196 1y 10

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
The undersigned have to-day formed a Copartnership under the name and style of James L. Hathaway & Utley, (formerly Hathaway & Co., Wilmington, N. C.,) for the transaction of a Shipping and General Commission business in the City of New York, at 171 Pearl Street.
JAMES L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
oct 24—3m8

For Rio De Janeiro,
CALLING AT
ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, & BAHIA.
The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly,
ON THE 29TH OF EVERY MONTH,
A New and First Class
STEAMSHIP,
To leave at 3 o'clock, P. M., from Pier 43 North River.
All letters have to pass through the Post Office.
An experienced Surgeon will be in attendance on board.
For Freight and passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to
THOMAS ASCENCIO & CO.
oct 30—166 3m9 17 Broadway, New York.

COTTON GINS! COTTON GINS! COTTON GINS!
Taylor, Brown, Eagle, Southern, Emory & Craven, McCharty and Excelsior
COTTON GINS,
With Engines, Horse Powers, and everything complete for running, in store, and ready for immediate shipment, at the lowest rates, by
JOHN B. FULLER,
No. 8 Dey Street,
nov 2—1y10 NEW YORK.

New York Advertisements.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.
COMPOSED OF IODIDE OF POTASSIUM, with the compound concentrated fluid extract of valuable medicinal roots and herbs.—Prepared by WILLIAM H. GREGG, M. D., Graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York; formerly Assistant Physician in the Blackwell's Island Hospitals.
*Constitution Life Syrup has Produced a Revolution