RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1849. of the rate of the column o

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THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD IS published week-Three Dollars per annum, payable in advance. In instance will the paper be sent, unless the money for the same shall accompany the order. Subscribers, and sthers, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can hers, who may be to send money to the Editor, can a so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for sums will be promptly transmitted.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines, will be erted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for be charged twenty-five per cent. higher than the above rates. A reasonable deduction will be made to those who sdvertise by the year.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.



acts and Resolutions passed at the Second Session of the Thirtieth Congress. [Public-No. 45.] an Act for the better organization of the district cour the United States within the State of Louisana. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representaires of the United States of America in Congress assem-That for the more convenient transaction of siness in the courts of the United States within the tate of Louisiana, the said State shall be, and the ame is hereby, divided into two judicial districts, the manner following, to-wit: the parishes of Sa-ine, Desoto, Caddo, Natchitoches, Bossier, Rapides, Claiborne, Jackson, Catahoula, Caldwell, Quachita. Prion, Morehouse, Franklin, Carroll, Madison, Tensas, Concordia, St. Landry, Avoyelles, Calcasieu, St. Mary, St. Martin, Vermillion, and Lafayette, St. Mary, St. Martin, Vermillion, and Lanyette, sall compose one district, to be called the western in the absence of the judge of the eighth circuit.

Approved March 3, 1849. lled the eastern district of Louisiana; and all crimwhich have arisen in the western district, or against persons residing therein, or concerning lands situated herein, together with all process, writs, recognizances, and records, belonging thereto, shall be transferred to the western district; and all civil suits hereafter instituted against persons residing in said western district, or suits concerning lands situated in the ame, in the courts of the United States, shall be in said district; and there shall be held annually in said district one stated session of the court at each of the following places, to-wit: at Opelousas, on the first Monday in August, for the parishes of St. Landry, Calcassieu, St. Mary, St. Martin, Vermillion, and Lafavette; at Alexandria, on the first Monday in September, for the parishes of Rapides, Avoyelles, and Natchitoches; at Shreveport, on the first Monday, in October, for the parishes of Caddo, Sabine, Desoto, Bossier, and Claiborne; at Monroe, on the first Monlay in November, for the parishes of Onachita, Jackon, Union, Morehouse, Franklin, Catahoula, Carroll. Madison, Tensas, and Concordia; and a person learned in the law, residing in said western district, shall e appointed by the President of the United States. y and with the advice and consent of the Senate. udge thereof, with a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, payable semi-annually, with the same owers and duties as the district judge of the United States for the district of Louisiana, as it now exists, and such as are conferred on him, or required of him, by this act; who is required to hold said terms, and authorized and required to hold special sessions of the said court, in the said western district, for the trial of civil or criminal cases, whenever he may deem it expedient; that all process, writs, and recognizances of every kind, whether respecting juries, witnesses, bail, or otherwise, which relate to cases to be tried at said special session, shall be considered as belonging to such session, in the same manner as

if they bad been issued or taken in reference thereto: that any special session may be adjourned to any time or times previous to the next stated meeting of the district court for said districts; that all business pending for trial at any special court shall, at the lose thereof, be considered as of course removed to the next stated term of the court; that the district court, in said western district, shall perform all the laties, and possess all the powers of circuit courts of the United States for the State of Louisiana, exopt in cases of appeal and writs of error; and the judge shall appoint a clerk of the court in the restern district, for each place where the court sits, who shall reside, and keep the records of the court, it that place, and shall receive, for the services perbrmed by them, the same fees and compensation that tre allowed to the clerk of said court holding its sessions in New Orleans, in the same State, and shall be subject, in every respect, to the same restrictions and responsibilities; and the district court for the beretofore, and it shall be the duty of the clerks of

the district and circuit courts of the United States in New Orleans to transmit by some safe conveyance. or deliver to the clerks of the western district, or their order, the original papers in all such cases as proprly belong to the court in the western district by the provisions of this act, together with a transcript of the proceedings had therein. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, be.

and hereby is, authorized to appoint one person as marshal, and one as district attorney, for the said Western indicial district of the United States within the State of Louisiana, created by this act and that the terms of appointment and service, together with the duties and responsibilities of the said marshal and istrict attorney, respectively, for the district aforesiid, be, in all respects, the same within the said district, as to the terms of appointment and services, the duties and responsibilities of the marshal and dishet attorney, respectively, of the eastern district of ouisiana; and said attorney an annual compensation of two hundred dollars, and the same fees and emolments as are allowed to the attorney of the United lates for the district of Louisiana.

Approved March 3, 1849.
ROBT. C. WINTHROP, Speaker of the Houseof Representatives. G. M. DALLAS, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Approved March 3, 1849. JAMES K. POLK.

company shall have the right to take from the public! lands in the vicinity of said road all such materials of earth, stone, or wood as may be necessary of con-

venient from time to time for the actual construction and repair of said road or any part thereof.

Skc. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be, and is hereby, granted to said company all necessary sites for watering-places, depots, and workshops along the line of said road, so far as the places convenient for the same may fall upon the public lands:

Provided, That no one depot or watering-place shall contain over five square acres, and that said sites shall not be nearer to each other than ten miles along inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for in contained, as well of the use of the public lands as of the materials for the construction of said road shall cease and determine. the line of said road : Provided, That the grants herewithin two years and completed within six years thereafter: And provided, moreover, That if the said road shall at [——] time after its completion be dis-continued or abandoned by the said company, the grants hereby made shall cease and determine. Approved March 3, 1849.

> [Public—No. 50.]
> An act to authorize the citizens of Ozark county, Missouri, to enter less than a quarter section of land for the seat of justice in said county. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Represen-

tatives of the United States of America in Congress as-sembled, That the county of Ozark, in the State of Missouri, may enter by pre-emption less than a quarter section of land, to be taken by legal subdivision. Said entry, except as to quantity, shall be made according to the provisions of the act of Congress approved May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, entitled "An act granting to the counties or parishes of each State and Territory of the United States in which the public lands are situated, the right of pre-emption to quarter sections of land for seats of justice within the same." Approved March 3, 1849.

[Public—No. 51.]
An Act to authorize the judge of the courts of the United States of the fifth circuit to hold the circuit court for the district of Kentucky.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress as-sembled, That hereafter it shall be lawful for the judge of the fifth circuit of the courts of the United States to hold the circuit court for the district of Kentucky

An Act to establish the territorial government of Min-

nesota. ginning in the Mississippi river, at the point where term for which he was elected, and for one year afthe State of Iowa, to the northwest corner of the said State of Iowa, thence southerly along the western boundary of said State to the point where said boundary strikes the Missouri river, thence up the middle of the main channel of the Missouri river to the mouth of the Whiteearth river, thence up the middle of the main channel of the Whiteearth river to the boundary line between the possessions of the United States and Great Britain; thence east and south of east along the boundary line between the possessions of the United States and Great Britain to lake Superior: thence in a straight line to the northernmost point of the State of Wisconsin in lake Superior; thence along district court shall be held in each of said districts the western boundary line of said State of Wisconsin by one of the justices of the supreme court, at such to the Mississippi river; thence down the main chan- times and places as may be prescribed by law; and nel of said river to the place of beginning, be, and the said judges shall, after their appointments, resthe same is hereby, erected into a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Minnesota; Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United States from dividing said Territory into two or more territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion of said Territory to any other State or Territory of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Executive power and authority in and over said Territory of Minnesota shall be vested in a governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. The governor shall reside within said Territory, shall be mmander in chief of the militia thereof, shall perform the duties and receive the emoluments of superintendent of Indian affairs; he may grant pardons for offences against the laws of said Territory, and re- ed to the supreme court shall trial by jury be allowprieves for offences against the laws of the United ed in said court. The supreme court, or the justices States until the decision of the President can be made thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall hold his office at the pleasure of the court for shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said which he shall have been appointed. Writs of error Territory, and shall take care that the laws be faith- and appeals from the final decisions of said supreme

fully executed. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a secretary of said territory, who shall reside there-in, and hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States; he ty or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the legislative assembly hereinafter constituted. and all the acts and proceedings of the governor in his executive department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and one copy of the executive proceedings, on or before the first day of December in each year, to the President of the United States, and, at the same time, two copies of the laws to the Speaker of of said courts, or so much thereof as shall be necesthe House of Representatives, and the President of sary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes athe Senate, for the use of Congress. And in case of rising under the said constitution and laws; and the death, removal, resignation, or necessary absence of the governor from the Territory, the secretary shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to execute and perform all the powers and duties of the in all such cases, the same fees which the clerks of governor during such vacancy or necessary absence, or until another governor shall be duly appointed to

fill such vacancy. SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power and authority of said Territory shall be vested in the governor and a legislative assembly. The legislative assembly shall consist of a council and house of representatives. The council shall consist of nine members, having the qualifications of voters as hereinafter prescribed, whose term of service the State of Louisiana; and said marshal shall re- shall continue two years. The house of representatives shall, at its first session, consist of eighteen such fees and emoluments as are received by the marshal of the United States for the State of scribed for members of the council, and whose term trict courts of the United States; he shall perform but the legislative assembly, at their first or any subof service shall continue one year. The number of councilors and representatives may be increased by the legislative assembly, from time to time, in proportion to the increase of population; Provided, That the whole number shall never exceed fifteen councillors and thirty-nine representatives. An apportion-ment shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several counties or districts, for the elecamong the several counties or districts, for the elec-tion of the council and representatives, giving to each section of the Territory representation in the ratio of its population, Indians excepted, as nearly as may be. its population, Indians excepted, as nearly as may be.
And the members of the council and of the house of representatives shall reside in, and be inhabitants of,

or districts to the council and house of representatives according to the population, shall be prescribed by

qualifications of voters and of holding office, at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the legislative assembly: Provided, That the right of suffrage and of holding office shall be exercised only by citizens of the United States, and there shall be received only by citizens of the United States, and there shall be appropriated, annually, a sufficient sum, to be expended by the secretary of the Territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of the laws and other incidents. support the constitution of the United States and the the Treasury of the United States for the manner in provisions of this act.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the legisla tive power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation, consistent with the constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. All the laws passed by the legislative assembly and governor shall be submitted to the Congress of the United States, and if disapproved, shall be null and of no effect.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or elected, as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided by the governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Minnesota. The governor shall nominate and legislative assembly of the Territory of Minnesota. The governor shall nominate and legislative assembly of the Territory of Minnesota shall hold its first session at Saint Paul; and at said first session at Saint Paul; nate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the sion the governor and legislative assembly shall lolegislative council, appoint all officers not herein otherwise provided for; and in this first instance the governor alone may appoint all said officers, who ligible; and shall at such time as they shall see proper, shall hold their offices until the end of the next ses- prescribe by law the manner of locating the permasion of the legislative assembly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, all that part of the territory of the United States which lies within the following limits, to wit; be- been increased while he was a member, during the the line of forty-three degrees and thirty minutes of ter the expiration of such term; and no person holdnorth latitude crosses the same, thence running due ing a commission or appointment under the United west on said line, which is the northern boundary of States, except postmasters, shall be a member of the legislative assembly, or shall hold any office under the government of said Territory.
Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the judi-

cial power of said Territory shall be vested in a sureme court, district courts, probate courts, and in ustices of the peace. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said Territory annually, and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years. The said Territory shall be divided into three judicial districts, and a pectively, reside in the districts which shall be assigned them. The jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the probate courts and of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law: Provided, That the justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy when the title or bounor sum claimed shall excede one hundred dollars; and the said supreme and district courts, respectively, shall possess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. Each district court, or the judge there-of, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exception and appeals, shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said district courts to the supreme court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, but in no case removcourt shall be allowed and may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner and of the United States, where the value of the properthe oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall excede one thousand dollars; and each of the said district courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction, in all cases arising under the constitution and laws of the United States, as is vested in the circuit and district courts of the United States; and the first six days of every term writs of error and appeal, all in such cases shall be same as in other cases. The said elerk shall receive. the district courts of the date Wisconsin Territory

received for similar services.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an attorney for said Territory, who shall continue in office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salary as the attorney of the United States for the late Territory of Wisconsin received. There shall also be a marshal for the Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall penalues, and be entitled to the same tees, as the marshal of the district court of the United States for the late Territory of Wisconsin; and shall, in addition, be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the government of the Territory of the Territory

[Puside—No. 47.]

Is Act to grant to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad
Gapany the right of way through the public date of the council and of the house of the council and of the house of the council and of the house of the states.

It appeals to the the public base of the council and of the house of the person and secretary to be appointed as as afore the council and of the house of the progress and the progress and the person and secretary to be appointed on the power of the council and of the house of the progress and the person and secretary to be appointed as a force the person and secretary to be appointed as a force the person and secretary to be appointed as a force the person and secretary to be appointed as a force the person and secretary to be appointed as a force the person and the

elected having the greatest number of votes for the ernor or secretary, or some judge or justice of the house of representatives, equal to the number to which each county or district shall be entitled, shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected members of the house of representatives: Provided, That in case of a tie between two or more persons voted for, as aforesaid; and afterwards, the like oath or affirmatic governor shall order a new election to supply the tion shall be taken, certified, and recorded in such vacancy made by such tie. And the persons thus manner and form as may be prescribed by law. The elected to the legislative assembly shall meet at such place, and on such day, as the governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding superintendent of Indian affairs. The chief justice place, and on such day, as the governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the and associate justices shall each receive an annual apportioning the representation in the several counties salary of eighteen hundred dollars. The secretary shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars. The said salaries shall be paid quarter-yearlaw, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular sessions of the legislative assembly: Provided, That no one session shall exceed the term of sixty days. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every free for every twenty miles travel in going to and returnwhite male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one ing from the said sessions, estimated according to the years, who shall have been a resident of said Territory at the time of the passage of this act, shall be propriated, annually, the sum of one thousand dollars, entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eli-gible to any office within the said Territory; but the those who shall have declared, on oath, their inten- other incidental expenses; and the secretary of the tion to become such, and shall have taken an oath to Territory shall annually account to the Secretary of

> which the aforesaid sum shall have been expended. SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the in-habitants of the said Territory shall be entitled to all the rights, privileges, and immunities heretofore granted and secured to the Territory of Wisconsin and to its inhabitants; and the laws in force in the Territory of Wisconsin at the date of the admission of the State of Wisconsin shall continue to be valid and operative therein, so far as the same be not incompatible with the provisions of this act, subject, nevertheless, to be altered, modified, or repealed, by the gov-ernor and legislative assembly of the said Territory of Minnesota; and the laws of the United States are hereby extended over and declared to be in force in said Territory, so far as the same, or any provision thereof, may be applicable.

> nent seat of government of said Territory by a vote of the people. And the sum of twenty thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated and granted to said Territory of Minnesota, to be applied, by the govern-or and legistative assembly, to the erection of suitable public buildings at the seat of government.

> SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House of Representatives of the United states, to serve for the term of two years, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect members of the legislative assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other Territories of the United States to the said House of Representatives. The first election shall be held at such times and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and at all subsequent elections, the times, places, and manner of holdng the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be

> declared by the governor duly elected, and a certifi-cate thereof shall be given accordingly.
>
> SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That, all suits, process, and proceedings, civil and criminal, at law and in chancery, and all indictments and informations, which shall be pending and undetermined in the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, within the limits of said Territory of Minnesota, when this act shall be transferred to be heard, tried prosecuted, and determined in the district courts hereby established, which may include the counties or districts where any such proceedings may be pending. All bonds, recognizances, and obligations of every kind whatsoever, valid under the existing laws with in the limits of said Territory, shall be valid under this act; and all crimes and misdemeanors against the laws in force within said limits may be prosecuttried, and punished in the courts established by this act; and all penalties, forfeitures, actions, and causes of action, may be recovered under this act, the same as they would have been under the laws in force within the limits composing said Territory at the

> SEC. 16. And be if further enacted, That all justices of the peace, constables, sheriffs, and all other judicial and ministerial officers, who shall be in office within the limits of said Territory when this act shall take effect, shall be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to continue to exercise and perform the duties of their respective offices as officers of the Territory of Minnesota, temporarily, and until they, or others, shall be duly appointed and qualified to fill their places in the manner herein directed, or unit! their offices shall be abolished.

> SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended by and under the direction of the said governor of the Territory of Minnesota, in the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of government, for the use of the governor, legislative assembly, judges of the supreme court, secretary, marshal, and attorney of said Territory, and such other persons and under such regulations as shall

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in the said Territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said Territory shal be, shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the purpose of being applied to schools in said territory, and in the States and Territories, hereafter to be erected out of the same.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted. That temporariy, and until otherwise provided by law, the governof said Territory may define the judicial districts of said Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory to the several districts, and also appoint the times and places for holding courts

governor and secretary to be appointed as aforesaid large upon their journal, and proceed to reconsider a tyrant. He was in the habit of beating his wife

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION OF THE STATES_THEY "MUST BE PRESERVED." I will be under the beautiful the beautiful to the constitution of the states and the beautiful to the constitution of the states and the beautiful to the constitution of the states and the states and the states are the states and the states are the states and the states are the

Agreeably to previous notice, a public meeting was held at the Court House in Dallas, in Gaston county, on the 24th ultimo, when Isaac Holland, Esq. was called to the Chair, and James Ferguson appointed Secretary. After the objects of the meeting were fully explained by the Chair, on motion the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to draft resolutions for the government of the meeting, viz : Thomas P. Gill, James M. Hanna, Jonas Deck, O.

W. Holland, and Maj. Whitesides.
In the absence of the committee, the meeting addressed by James H. White, one of the Representations. addressed by James H. White, one of the Representatives from this County in the last Legislature. He showed the manner by which the various schemes involving the State were carried through; and that they were passed by an injudicious system of log-rolling, cumbering sectional appropriations with the Central Rail Road, when none, or at least but a few of them, could have passed alone. He was followed by [William Lander, Esq., who made a very clear and forcible speech against the principle of saddling the people with a large public debt; the countenan-ces of those present showed that he spoke their sen-timents, as will be seen by the following resolutions which were reported by the committee, and passed unanimously:

Resolved. That we view with alarm the steps taken y the last Legislature to involve the citizens of the State in a large public debt, for the sectional and visionary schemes of internal improvement, which if progressed in must be injurious to the great body of

Resolved therefore, That an additional section ought to be added to the Constitution of the State, providing that every law authorizing the borrowing of money, or the issuing of State stocks, whereby a debt shall be created or increased on the credit of the State, shall specify the object for which the money shall be appropriated, and that such law shall em brace no more than one such object, which shall be singly and specifically stated, and that no such law shall take effect until it shall be distinctly submitted to the legal voters at the next general election, and be approved by a majority of the voters at such election. That all money to be raised by the authority of such a law to be applied to the specific object sta-ted in such law, and to no other purpose whatever, except the payment of the debt thereby created or in-creased. This provision should not extend or apply to any law to raise money for the ordinary purposes of State government, or the raising of money to suppress insurrection, or repel invasion, or defend the

Resolved. That we, the citizens of Gaston county. counties of this State to co-operate with us in carrying out the foregoing resolution,

Resolved, That we do not wish to be understood as opposing all improvements of the State. We are not opposed to any practicable scheme or schemes of improvements being carried on by individuals, and we have good reason to believe that there are many of our citizens who are possessed of capital that would willingly join in any plan that would be useful and profitable, but that we deny the justice of taxing one portion of the State for the benefit of the other.

It was resolved that the proceedings of the meetng be published in the Lincoln Courier, Carolina Republican, and Mecklenburg Jeffersonian, and the other papers throughout the State who are opposed to State indebtedness be requested to copy.

ISAAC HOLLAND, Ch'n. J. FERGUSON, Sec'y. Transaction of

RAIL ROAD MEETING.

FRANKLINTON, June 1, 1849. At a meeting of a portion of the citizens of the Counties of Franklin and Granville, assembled at he Hotel of Col. Fowlkes, in Franklinton, to take ander consideration the Rail Road projects of the last General Assembly, Col. E. T. Fowlkes was called to the chair, and Dr. W. W. Green was appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting has ng been explained in a brief but pertinent address y the Chairman, on motion of Clem. Wilkins, Est

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint a Committee f five, to report resolutions for the consideration of

Whereupon, John D. Hawkins, Sr. Allen C. Per Clem. Wilkins, Isaac H. Davis, and Dr. T. A. effreys were appointed, who, after retiring a shor time, made the following report:

Resolved, That this meeting highly approve the

action of the last Legislature upon the subject of In-ternal Improvements, and fully believe in their vast utility and practicability; that upon the success of Central Rail Road depends the welfare of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road; that the completion of the former will insure the success of the latter; and when both shall have been completed, a new era of prosperity will be unfolded for North Carolinadeveloping her resources now lying dormant, and will place her on the high ground of successful progress, which, as a great State, she is so eminently entitled to occupy.

Resolved, That the patriotism, talents and wealth of the whole State should be enlisted and brought to bear upon these great works, so as to ensure their complete success.

Resolved, That we highly approve of the Rail Road Convention proposed to be held at Salisbury on the 14th instant, and we think, upon the action of the Convention will depend greatly the success of the whole work;—therefore, it should be looked to with nterest, and should be numerously attended by all the friends of Internal Improvement throughout the

Resolved. That the following persons be appointed Delegates to the said Convention, with the earnest request that they attend and represent the interests of his part of the State, which we deem vitally interested : to wir :- John D. Hawkins, Sr., Dr. John O'Brien, Isaac Davis, R. F. Yarbrough, Dr. Willie Perry, D. W. Spivey, Dr. Wood T. Johnson, Dr. Peter A. Foster, Dr. Ed. Cradup, A. C. Perry, C. Wilkins, Dr. W. W. Green, Wm. F. Hilliard, R. C. Maynard, James Shaw, Dr. Willie Person, P. P. peice, have the greatest effect, as they do not come out so readily, but give time for the greater quantity Perry, Joseph Kearney, R. W. Goodwin, Dr. S. A. Jeffreys, P. C. Person, and Willie Perry, Jr. On motion of A. C. Perry, the Chairman was ad-

led to the list of Delegates. On motion, it was resolved, that all newspapers riendly to the cause of Internal Improvement be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting. All the above Resolutions were unanimously adopted. ED. T. FOWLKES, Chr'n.

says: "There is romance even among Statesmen."
Mrs. Jackson, when she married the General, was Mrs. Roberts, and her husband was still living. She had in her girlish days been the object of the Generals idolatry; "but the course of true love never did run smooth;" and the youthful lovers differed and separated. The lady's original name was Donelson; she afterwards married a man by the name of Roberts, who proved to be a profligate, a brute, a drunkard and

DOING A LANDLORD.

MR. "Spirit"—Shortly after the completion of the Great National Road' through Ohio, the incident

am about to relate occurred.

There was in a quiet little village through which the 'Road' passed, a Hotel where the stages alway changed, and the passengers expected to get break fast The landlord of the said Hotel was noted for his tricks upon travellers, who were allowed to get fairly seated at the table, when the driver would blow fairly seated at the table, when the driver would blow his horn, (after taking his horn) and sing out 'Stage ready, gentlemen!' whereupon the passengers were obliged to hurry out and take their seats, leaving a scarcely tasted breakfast behind them, for which they had to fork over fifty cents. Time and place you have, and now for the how our hero succeeded in Doing a Landlord; or Getting the Value On't.

If I were to commence thus: At sunrise lovely morning in the month of June, in the year a solitary horseman might be seen, &c., you might think G. P. R. James was your correspondent. Bu In the month of April, 1818, your obseidueited of

The hero I speak of was one of nine male pass

all, I will caution you against "begging the delusive phantom of hope," as regards getting breakfast at the hotel we are approaching." "What?—how? No breakfast!" exclaimed the

were finally broken; the very spirit and "Exactly so gents, and you may as well keep seals and tin. It belief when you Wad lo some all at to

"Oh yes! they expect you to it, but not to eat if am under the impression, that there is an understanding between the landlord and the driver, that for various and sundry drinks, etc., the latter starts

before you can commence eating. I to do we come the Why, wot on airth air yew talking bout 3 off you calkerlate I'm goin' to pay four ninepances tue my breakfuss and not get the vallee on't; you dir mistakin' said a voice from the back seat, the owner of which was Hezekiah Spaulding—though "to hum!" they called him "Hez" for short. "I'm goin' to get my breakfuss here and not pay nary red till I dew ?? "Then you'll be left ." I non heb when gid W net "Not as you knows on I won't." to . and W aldus

"Well, we'll see," said the other las the stage drove up to the door, and the landlord, ready to "do the hospitable" says and an new herroben viamales. "Breakfast just ready, gents ! Take a wash, gental Here's water, basin, towels, and soap Machiela pad &

After performing their ablutions, they all proceeded to the dinning room, and commenced a fierce enslaw upon the edibles, though " Hez" took his time, Scarcely had they tasted their coffee, when they heard the unwelcome sound of the horn, and the driver exclaim " Stage ready!" Up rise eight grumbling passengers, pay their 50 cents, and take their seats, y le "All aboard, gents ?" inquires the host. One missing," said they.

Proceeding to the dining room, the heat finds Heat very coolly helping himself to an immense piece of steak, the "size of a horse's lip." Amount of You'll be left, sir! Stage is going to start!"

" Wal, I haint got nothin' tew say agin it 332 drawle "Can't wait, sir, better take your seat."

"Get in, sir." a hinger nov HIW : Jasers De "I'll be gaul darned of I dew, nuther, 'till I've got

my breakfuss! I paid for it, I'm goin' to get the val-lee o'nt, and ef yew calkerlate I ain't, you air mis-So the stage did start, and left Hez, who continue

his attack of the edibles. Biscuits, coffee, steaks &c., &c., disappeared rapidly before the eyes of the astonished landlord. " Say Squire, them there cakes is bout East! fetch

us another grist on 'em." "You!" (to the waiter;) "nuther cup ov that air coffee. Pass them eggs." Raise yew're own pork, Squire 2-this is maxinice ham. Land 'bout yere tolerable cheap, Squire ! Hain't got much maple timber in these parts, her yel Dewin' right smart trade, Squire, I calkalate. Don't lay yew're own eggs, dew ye?" and thus Hez kept quizzing the landlord, until he had made a hearty

"Say Squire, now I'm bout tew conclude pavin! my depotoers to this ere table, but ef yew'd jus' giv'. us a bowl o' bread and milk tew sorter top off with. I'd be obleged tew ve." So out goes landlord and waiter for the bowl, milk

and bread, and set them before Hezel and in legals "Spewn, tew, if you please?" In the said said said But no spoon could be found. Landlord was sure he had plenty of silver ones laying on the table when the stage stopped. "Say yew! dew you think any of the passengers

"I don't know. Do you think they did 3" nall " Dew I think? No, I don't think, but I am sarting Ef they are all as green as yew 'bout here, I'm going tew locate immediately and tew wonst? The landlord rushes out to the stable, and starts a man off after the stage, which had gone about three miles. The man overtakes the stage and says somes thing to the driver in a low tone. He immediately

turns back, and on arriving at the hotel, Hez come out to take his sent and says - I stated how to se "Heow air yew gents? I I'm rotten glad tero see Landleed says to Hez, "Can you point out the man you think has the spoons?"
"Pint him cout! Sartinly, I ken. Say, Squire! I paid yew four nine pences fur a breakfuss, and I calkalate I got the valles on't! You'll find THEM SPOONS IN THE COFFEE POT !!!

"Go ahead, all aboard, driver."

The Scientific American gives some valuable information in regard to the charging of firearms. It says that balls which fit accurately the bore of a

PROPERTY LANGE TO THE LOCAL TO SELECT AND TO

of powder to ignite. When the powder is rammed violently down, it effect is no greater, but somewhat less than whom barely pressed down with the bell upon it.
Gunpowder around a ball diminishes its effect, as it expands in all directions, and when it is upon the top of the hall, it must in some measure act counter

to its progress nested and conduc By taking a ball and putting a little powder ander and considerable before it, its effects may be almost nullified, and yet there will be considerable nois MRS. ANDREW JACKSON. The New York Atlas when the gun is discharged.

> PROOF-READING! Proof-readers are sometimes very hegligent of ispeaking of Governor McDowell speech, the manuscript said, "Many members went, and among them Mr. Speaker Winthrop more than once gave way to his feelings in a flood of teams?" The printed copy read, "Many members stept, and Mr. Speaker Winthrop more than once gave way to his feelings in a mug of beer."