Boy" Letters to the Editor must be post-paid.

GENERAL DIRECTORY. CITY GOVERNMENT.

Wm. Dallas Haywood, Intendant of Police Eastern Ward.—Eidridge Smith, Middle Ward .- E. L. Harding, Issue Procter.
E. Cantwell,
Western Ward.—A. M. Gurman,
H. D. Turner.

J. J. Christophers, City Clerk, City Constables.—E. Ward Harris.!

City Constables.—E. Ward Harris.!

Henry Ponnington.

F. M. Gulley, Weighmaster.

E. Harris Clerk of the Market

The Supreme Court of North Carolina i- seld in this city semi-annually, on the second N aday in June, and the 30th day of December Judger.—Hon. Frederick Nash, Chief Justice, R. M. Pearson, Associate adge,
W. H. Battle,
Edmund B. Freeman, Clerk; Ham. C. Jones,
Reporter, J. J. Litchford, Sr., Marsuall.
The United States Circuit Court for the Dis-

trictof North Carolina is held semi-annually in this city, on the 1st Monday in June and the last Monday in November.

Judges.—Hon. J. M. Wayne, of Georgia; Hon Henry Potter, of Fayetteville, District Attorney, Robert P. Dick; Cierk, Wm. H. Haywood, Sr.,

Marshall, Wesley Jones.

The Superior Court for this County, is held on the first Monday after the fourth Monday is March and September, John C. Moore, Clerk, Matt, W. Rasson, Altorney General and Solic-

The Court of Picas and Quarter Sessio held on the third Monday in February, May, August and November. Jeff. Utley, Clork. Chairman of the County Court.—William Boy-

nn, County Solicitor—Quentin Bushee, Sheriff at Wake County—William H. High, Coroner—Willis Scott. Register .- H. Hutson.

Bank of the State of North Carolina, incorporated 1839. Charter expires in 1869. Capita \$1,500,000, divided into 15,000 shares of which the Literary Board hords 0,027 and the University 1000,

Principal Bank at Raleigh. George W. M. rdecai, President. Charles Dewey, Casaier. J. H. ilryan, Jr., Teiler and Notary Public. W. E. Anders W. Discount Clerk and Notary

Jordan Womble, Jr., Clerk. This Blast and orationes at Newhern, Tarboro Fa exterdile, Wilmington, himsbeth City, Char-lotte, Million, Morganion and Windoor,

On the part of the State t D. W. Courts, Pub-lic Treasuter, ex-efficie, L. O.B. Branch and W.

Do the part of the Stockholders : Wm. Boylan Wm. Perce, J. B. Byan, J. B. G. Roulhac, Ar-fred Jones and B. F. Moore, Offering and Renewal day—Tuesday,

Discount day-Wednesday.
Discount Soils and Brills of Exchange discoun ed every day.

Business bours from 10 till 2 o'clock.

Raleigh Branch of the Bank of the Cape Four Wiltiam H. Jones, Cashier, R. P. Fines, Teiler and Notary Public. R. P. Finch, Peter and Notary Public.
Diagerous.—Go. W. Haywood, T. H. Selby,
Se a Jones, George Little, Dr. Thos. 4 Hogg,
and C. W. D. Hutching.
Offering day Monday, Discount day Tuesday

RAIL HOADS. Rateigh and Gaston Railroad Company. L. O'B. Branch, President, C. B. Alien, Depot Agent,

POST OFFICE. William White, Sr., Post Master.
Office hours, on week days, from Sun-rise to
P.M.

WARREN L. POMERY. No. 16, Fayettevi le Street. Raleigh, N. C.

HAS SCUT RECEIVED. Wood-Notes, or Carolina Carols.

A COLLECTION OF NORTH CAROLINA POETRY.

Compiled by Tonella, 2 Vols 12mo. 81.75.

All E. Volumes of party new presented to the paid had their pright in a self-crim for the non-prior n are. As if incoment, a four friends expressed of their it should be sendered as a negletic as position of purelished that crary North Carolinian pright has and posicioned thus every North Unrellation pright have an apportunity of possessing its a permanent and congrabed form is care of many piones that they had probably even a copy of many piones that they had probably even a time possessed from regard for the authors. Encountered by their kind or operation, the work had been stradily, Complet showing metil it has transled its prevent already of the action interests to prevent many process which it was thought could be processed, yet it is apposed that the first already of the kind in North Carolina will most with the farmy of the climbs for whose me the work is principally intended. Though we can not have preclaimed any over grows prote, still these "foodprints of the Mine" hijd shine shocks we process some of "the posts that are nown.

By Nature man another density divisor, that many the Vision are the Camity divisor."

or sale wholesale and retail by the publisher,

SPRING, 1855. KERR AND MARBURY,

Importure and Deslers in China, Glass, &c. Nos. 74 and 76 Sycamore Street, PETERSBURG, VA.

North Carolina Star.

VOLUME XLVI.

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 5th, 1855.

kin or kidney in the political world.

they will permit to accept.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA; WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1855.

The true American policy of having as Horth-Carolina Star little to do, as passible, with fireign affairs, and of fostering American genius, skill and industry, save the Alexandria Gazette, will be prominent points in the creed and practical operations of the party which is now obtaining political trimph af er tri, mph, and which is destined, we believe, to gain the ascendency in every State in NORMATION DECLINED .- The Forney and the Union. We are rejoiced to see the truly Pierce numines in this Congressional District. neervative course persudad by the American has declined to run for the post which the Franklinton Convention tendered to him. In his let party, in reference, for instance, to the proposed 'acquisition" of Cuba. We observe, on their ter declining the nomination he indignantly de nics having any Know Nothing affiliations. He part, a prudence and discretion belitting the need not trouble bimself on that score, for if American party. Cuba may be valuable to us; "Sam" did frighten him from the track, it was and it may be that one day or another Cuba may not because he was not perfectly confident that by fair and peaceable means, fall into our possession in such a manner as to command the he could distance him badly. We agree with respect and the approbation of the whole world. Mr. Thompson that whoever propagates the re-In the meantime, the American party are oppos' port that he is "American" in his sentiments.

"propagates an infamous falsehood and deserves ed to any unjust and unnecessary war to effect 'acquisition;" to any embroilment with foreign the just indignation of all good citizens." Sam nations which can be honorably avoided in recan get along without him or any of his kith, ference to the matter; to any grab game, or fillisustering exploit, which will blarr our national But the foreign party is without a candidate, scutcheon or sully our fame. They think we and so one might suppose that they were conhave American ground enough to stand on for siderably frustrated. But this is not the case, the present, at least, without the necessity for as they have called another convention to nomi. Spanish territory or seeking out for aggrandizenute some one who will not be obnoxious to the ment by taking possession of foreign soil, So objections of having roted against free suffrage, too with remard to American industry. The A and other indefensible acts of Mr. Thompson,merican party think that the encouragement of Who will get it now? Some one, we suppose, the talents and lebor of American citizens is of whom they will not be forced to take off the more importance than any fanciful and impractitrack as they have done -this time. Some one whom they will, in advance, know to be sound cal notions of political economy which political on free suffrage and other questions, and whom theorists may declaim upon and argue about .-They want no high tariffs or prohibitory tariffs. but they want the American people to encourage Col. T. B. Randolph has written a letter their own citizens in the production of anything

er 'Tree traders," nor "prohibitionists;" their

as in the other case. Such principles, when car-

complimented the Governor on the able manner

in which he had discharged the duties of his

souri w uld be called upon to disavow all sym-

take up the matter, so that the rights of her

olemn compacts, shall be vindicated and sus-

But, he is a firm and unwavering Protostant

bation of the country.

reply to the abourd charge that the American | which can be produced at home, in the agricultuparty is a Whig concern. He says he is a Demerat, and a Know Nothing; that it is not governed or controlled by Whigs. He says that Mr. declined. He refers to Mr. Michie's denunciation of the Know Nothing ; says it is not true, and that he would scorn to belong to such a party as he represents it to be.

Mr. Randolph was Lieutenant Colonel of the Virginia regiment in the Mexican war.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for April has been re elend from Messra, Leonard Scott & Co., 79 Fulon S ren. New York. The following is the table of contents:

How to dress him, Psychological Inquiries, Znidee: A Romance-Part V. Notes on Canada and the North-West States of

Charles Dickens, State of the Militia, The 'unth of Nicholas, The Story of the Campaign. Weitten in a Cent in the Crimea. - Part V.

We give in another comma the letter of J. F. Pulls who was removed from his situation in the Pressury Department, because he had the indeendence, as an American, to think and speak or himself. 'Is not the Administration endeaviring to force citizens to vote against their better idgment? Is it not then linkle to indictment for a conspiracy? The Buncombe Grand Jury ought to be sent on there.

goo One of the best hits we have seen lately he correspondence between several gentlemen in New York and H mace Greely on the subject of the Presidency, which some wag got up for the New York Courier. We give it in another column, that our readers may enjoy the wit of the thing as we have done.

THE AMERICAN SENTINEL.—We have before us the first number of this paper, published in Wilson by John W. Potter for an Association of Na-Lve Americans. We welcome it as a condinter in the noble cause which it has repouted; and sincerely hope it will prosper as we know its priheiples must prevail.

Osstructions,-Complaint has been made to the Mayor of New York, that the Bulls and Bears of Wall street constitute obstructions, by pathering in knots on the side walk for conversa

For A contemporary remarks that the new law puts an effectual damper on anonymous letters. Those who send them are now compelle to pay out three cents, which to such mean souls imparts a much greater pang than their effusions can possibly inflict on any one else.

Nor to Boy turn -Souretary McClelland, of the Interior, hus issued a circular to the "Officera and Agents of the Department of the Interior, " warning them not to buy land warrante from holders, and saying that if they persisted in the practice, they will have no cause of surprise or emplaint at a withdrawal from them of the com- About \$100,000 was appropriated tothe missions fidence which induced their appointment. The among slaves. Secretary calls it obvious abuse of official sta-

Bur Paul R. George, Esq., who need to boast that he had canned the Bomination of Gen. Pierce ury Department, says the American Organ of for President in the Baltimore Convention is now yesterday, is efficially announced in the Union a candidate for the United States Scoats from of this morning. New Hampshire. Well may Gen, Pierce ogclaim "Panl, Paul, why personatest thou me!"

The United States Medical Convention mer le Philadelphia on Tousday last, a large namher of delegates from all sections of the Union

Chopt in Indiana papers that the Wheat gradies that the Wheat gradies the Indiana papers that the Wheat and has freely and shy coupleyed his on an expension of the Church of Rome. Herein, not nothing else, is his affect the last free remarked from office and postern and spoten in defence of the cauchy from office the potent and spoten in defence of the entropy of interesting and predictable articles a veriety of interesting and predictable articles a fee former and mechanic.

The Cantara Ucasivaron for May, like its predictive, is well going a pand from a pand form and Matrix.

redestrators, is well gotten up and from a hasty clause at its contents, will, we judge, scall repay

Dyrestes .- The Bank of Wadeshies has declared a result annual dividend of 5 per cent.

open and avowed hostility to our party. Their opposition to the "American "organization is natural and barmonises with their principles. They live and thrive by agitating the question of slavery, and would die, the moment agitation could be suppressed. Our party type residency as a question of discussion, and depocates and denounces the agitation of it. The American, and nati-slavery parsies ministant opposite passitions on this question, and hence anti-slavery men are consistent in their opposition to Americania if they consider it more important to interfere with the rights of their Southern brettren, than with the rights of their Southern brettren, than nd Romanism.

The National Era, published in Washington.

the acknowledged organ of the present nati-layery movement in the United States. It is former patrons of the National Ern are of the ly conducted, and wields a most powerful in-cace is the North and Northwest. We have, former numbers, made extracts from the New ork Tribune, the expectal organ of toogener Seward. We stail now present indicablate proofs, from the files of the National Era, of its boothey to our party. Before doing this, we quots from the prospectus of the National Era the two first lines thereof, to prove, what all our Southern friends may not know, to wit: that it e prospectus commences thus: "The National Era is an uncompromising op-

ient of slavery and the slave power In the National Era of 28th December last. Starcry," devoted to an explanation of the hopes and prospects of the ann-slavery party, in the Free States, growing out of the proposition to re-peal the Missouri Compronise and of the final passage of the Kansas and Nebraska bill which

effected this repeal.

In the editorial referred to, it is assumed, that to anti-slavery party and revolutionized six tates, without the aid of the American party ral, manufacturing and mechanical departments. then had no existence, and that in ma ther States, the auti-slavery party would have finally triumphed but for the advent of the Ameri-They think that labor should have its just reward, and that to effect that object the industry rands the close of its editorial the Era says of America should be encouraged in preference

"A few months since the free States bid fair to purchasing from abrand the products of other "A few months since the tree States and nor to be united not only in the Cargossional elec-tions, but in the Presidential election of 1856, in apposition to slavery and the slave power. Now, they are durated—invited of Know Nothing ountries, coming into competition with the products of our own. They are not ultraists, neithbey are d'united—ivided (K.aw Nothing m, readered beliess by K., a Nithingism be-ore the united slave interes. There is no discord doctrines are moderate and conservative, here too ried out with regard to our foreign relations and or domostic affairs, must command the approtral America, are still embraced in the scheme of its acquisitions. It has no lear of Catholics, for they do not flourish in the South. It is not GOVERNOR RESDER'S ACCURT OF THE KANSAS troubled by foreigners, for the immigrant shund the field of slave labor. But it encourages Know Elections.-Governor Rouser, of Kanma, ar-Nothingiem, for it may subsect in checking the rived at Easton, Pa., on Monday, and met with an enthusiastic reception from his friends and solianced the political power of the free State former neighbors. He reached Phillipsburg at non, and was there met and escorted to the nay yet be turned any net its ambiti Court House Square, in Easton, by a large con-At all events, it into me that a new element of excurement and discount in this been introduced course of citizens. On arriving at the court house, he was welcomed by J. M. Porter, Esq., who in the free Smies, the locvitable effect of which

s to check and divide the anti-slavery feeling." We trust thee the Richmond Enquirer, and Examiner, and their Virginia defuncts is esent crassile against the ill read and digest this editorial of the was ing minutes and in eloquent terms the graceful impression made by the warm and enthusiastic reception given by so large an assumity of his follow citizens. He referred to the reports of Era, their present colaborer and condictor in de nameing our party. Is there no organism in th

ist) the editor e-pies from the Estouton (Geo. dependent Press, the following : "The New York Tribune and National Eru

men in the Kansas shotion, and emphatically confirmed the very worst statement which had preceded his arrival. He said his applicance on the two leading papers of Abelitionism, are dead ly bootile against the Know Nothings, and the ne subject of popular sovereignty had undergone a change, but the conduct of the prople on the nly reason they give for it is, that this orde ignores the slavery issue, and has a tendency to divert the minds of the people from the nigge order counties of Missouri had astounded and mused him by their reesless disregard of all cause. The Know Nathings have already occuss plished this good. There can be no doubt about The erritory of Kansas had been invaded by regular organized army, armed to the teeth

Upon this extract from the Entouton (Geo) inwho took possession of the ballot boxes, and made up a legislature to suit the purposes of the dependent Press the Era remarks;

This is what Know Norhingiam h citizens were resolved never to give up their is our plain duty? Let every anti-slavery man fight for freedom and the independence of their c me out from a political order, bound by oath soil from foreign control and interference. Misto secrecy, pladged to an unjust policy towards pathy with these border ruffines; and if she and ignoring the slavery question. Let the work refused, the South would be called upon to discount entire her. If the South refused, the shear duty would devolve upon the North to We might here rest, without further quotations.

We might here rest, without further quotations and safely inquire, whether the leading anti-slavery presses in the country are not apposed upon sound principles of party policy, to the

American party? They oppose our party for the reason assigned in the above extract, from the Extention Independent Press, to and, because we square that issue or which alone the sati-slavery party can exist. utrages and wild violences perpetrated at the Northern papers, were not exaggorated, and be concluded by saying that Kansas was now a conquered c unity—conquered by force of crusplans. But we shall and a lew more extracts from the National Era. We find in that paper of 14th December, as up many others of different dates, numerous letters from its correspondents, showing how the patrons of the Era receive its detrines, and amongst them this which we insert as a specimen; but the citizens were resolved neverto yield their ghts, and he relied upon the N r h to aid them by demonstrations of public sentiment and all other legal means, till they shall belully and tri-umphantly vindicated.

METRODIST MISSISSARY SOCIETY .- The appro-"Nugmerowk, Pa., Dec. I. 1854. ristions made for the ensuing year, by the "I desire to inform you that the very able oils torials published to the las issue of the Era, in Board of Managers of the Missionary Society of reforemed to the Know-Nothing organization, meets the most confiel approbation of all the true and the M. E. Church, South, at their recent meeting in Nashrille, amounted to \$160,000. Of this tried freedom in this visitity, including many who had constrained that party, to secure a local temperary political victory. The organ of that party ha ing recently declared that it is "the duadliest for that auto-slavery has ever enter the duadliest for that auto-slavery has ever ensum \$12,000 are appropriated to carrying on the mussion in China, and about the same amount to California. It was determined to establish a missionary post at Sante Fe, New Mexico; also, ountered.' I trust it will not be countenanced orger by anti-alayery men, its tendency being to me io New Grenada and Central America .evert palibe attention from the cometantly in ng slave power, by exciting the merarian an

The Ros of 21st of December contains, among REMOVAL OF J. F. PULE, Esq.-The removal of many in its following others which we in not with the douds profited by the Bra, to J. F. Polk, Esq., from a slerkship in the Treas-

Ton Bro Leylou, Lewis Co., New York Know Nothing in rement her my entire approba-tion. I have no parish or with them, they came very seast upacting the friends of freeding and temperares in one State. And what makes the matter will move, many of the friends of freedom Mr. Polk was first apprinted by General Jackson, in the year 1831, and man coloved the confidence of every succeeding administration. He is, and always has been a Democrat. A more worthy or efficient clerk has not probably filled a deak in any department of the g-terrament since its organization. He is nonrecter a mon of learning, astacere Christian, and as accomplished o gove after than. It seems to me that the effectual plants divers be attention of the North fram the engroundance to of the class power. Let us not be discouraged, but hope on to the sud. "R. Kaunan."

"A fire awage Spectracts—Homoton, N. Y. December 4, 1754.—I hearify to be at your parties in a lie of the straight that any authorizing man can a more surprise of new organization in that new have notion rights—natural rights—without regard to the care often actival rights—without regard to the care often actival rights—without regard to the care of that the right to vote is manage these rights. A is a second to be care of the condition of the care of the condition of the care of t

Also House For this cause, and for this cause alone that Josian F. Poda, a Proceedant Loren removed from office, and E. C. Ford, a depend House from office produced as disciplined in the satisfactory of surface and the sur

From the American Organ.

IS THE AMERICAN PARTY AN ANTISLAVERY PARTY?

We shall conclude in this number, our quotions from anti-siavery presses, showing their
scheme.

should rejoice to witness this c ange of position, for no man who adopts the whole ered of the Amer-

ceks past, the toss of thousands of subscribers. On the 21st of Describer last, it said;
"As to Knew-Northingson, we have full it our dust to oppose in, and must take the consequen-

Many of its ofsociates have withdrawn their royage. Let us hope that the second sober ought of those whom we have lost on the The "second soler though?" will confirm them in the propriety of the course they have chosen, and they will not "retrace their steps."

The warnings of Washington have been revived, and they will hereafter from indipartily upon any attempt to attende one portion of the Union from the other. The computer declaration of Andrew Jackson, too, is still sounding in their ears. "The Union must be preserved." A DANGEROUS COUNTERFEIT. -The Teller of the Bank of Fayettsville showed to us a few days ago, a conterfeit \$20 note on the Bank of Charlotte. which is well calculated to decrive. The following description may put our readers on their guard. Letter A, No. 543, dated 8th Oct., 1853; matures well executed, but upon comparing out with a genuine note, avery slight differen

may be seen. The No., date, names of Cashier and President all seem to be in the same hand writing and with the same ink, which is not the ase wt genuine. The vine te of then de is a did blurred. The legs of the norse geiting shod can hardly be seen, while on the genuine they are plain. The faces in each corner of the note are plain. The faces in each corner of the note are not well done. The general appearance of the whole note is lighter than the genuine. A man by the name of J. B. Skillman, said to

he a mule driver from Kentucky, attempted to Fivettecille on Friday last, and was told there that it was not a good note, and yet he afterwards passed it off in this place. Its had left town before the imposition was discovered.

Fayettecille Observer.

DEPRECIATION OF GOLD,-The United States Economist estimates the amount of gold furnished in the commercial world during the six years, since the new mines were discovered, at \$100,000,000. The influence of them was gold supplied a proved to be very different from the auticipais proved to be very different from the autocipa-lions of many financiers, who predicted a great manediate depreciation. The relative value of g ld to silver by the English law of 1816 was 1 to 14,2875 and the actual value has been as follows: In 1851, 1 to 15,1399; in January 1855, 1 to 10,1409; in March 1855, 1 to 15,2326, 1; will be seen, that as compared with silver, gold has been constantly increasing in the silver, seen constantly increasing invaloe. The anomaly is attributed to the great demand for silver inving a period of a war in Europe and China. cores the silver standard is retained. The in-reased supedy of gold has scarcely been sufficient fill its place and cen sequently that metal has whom the war is over, silver will find its way back

new The Emperor of the French, it is said, len-Glared one thousand guineas, open to Great Grilain and Ireland, for a periently troke charger for the Empress. Why don'the extend the offer to America? Or wouldher Spanish blood disdain a fillbuster mg? We should think that the Empress could easily break a horse for herself. udging from the manner in which she has samed

U. S. Consul Fanex Armeren .- Washington May 2.-D. Angelis, the U.S. deputy Marshal from New York, arrived here to-day, and arrested Mr. Faben, the Consul to Klearagus, upon the charge of being concerned with Colonel Kleney, in his Nicaraguan Expedition. He started off to New York with him, Mr. Faben has not resigned his Consulship to

Naono Sonnians. - A letter from Havana, speal respectable display, and the white volunces had a most marrial appearance. The negroes with or without arms, are negroes still; the hee sticks out a foot, and their action is true to natur They have a natural aversion to gunpowder."

FOREST FIRES.—A letter from Onslow county, in the Wilmington Herald, says that the loss there for fire on Friday the 10th offic amounts no S or \$10,000. Trees, terpenting and terpentine bates, featers heigh, and a few heaves, were liming.

Covergination.—A proposition is an foot to ensolidate the city of Pittakers and her neigh-sers Allegheny. Manchester, Doquesne, Law-enceville, Minureville, Riradingham, &c. The consolidated city would have a population of

Managers Especial Variation.—The plan of visitation to the Conferences by the Bishops of the M. E. Church, has been published. The following is the arean powers: for the first District. lishop Andrew's a

North Carolius, Nov. 14th, at Wilmlegton, Virginia, Nov. 28th, at Petersburg, Georgia, Dec. 12th, at La Grange, Florida, Jan. 2d, 56th at Bainbridge,

LETTER OF BRIDRAN YOUNG .- Heighum Young he prosessor of firsty wives and the Governor of tab, has written a four column letter in defence of himself and attacking everytody else. He is for the Continuous and the Union, and in favor of slavery. He feels assured that General Zachs say Taylor is in hell. He objects to young harbstors as clams that are likely to get into trouble in Utah; and says that the anote is mass a alreadity of when searche feet cases, have a plurality of selves, ranging from five to forty, and even to secondly, on some furnishing layer it; but outsiders are not to infer from this that they have my to spare,

Awarney Housener !- It is out painful duty to F. h. James really secured by A. J. Path, a Tailor of that place, We leave not beard the post inclines of the traceouty, Mr. Pair is said to have form a very quiet, peaceable, and incline alter elflace. Dr. Jones has been arrested and

Askerolle Spectator.

NUMBER 18

[Prim the American Organi] Rejoice non 0 min envery, for though I fell I shall one again."

Wandnerma, D. C., April 30, 1855. To the citizens of the District of Columbia of the City of Washington in particular.

My Fritam-Criticas: The tie that has for many years bound me to the government, as an numble officer of the Trea ary Department, has this day been severed by the hand of power. It is necessary, therefore, by me to do seventhing—and that quickly—for the Support of those who, and that quickly—for the Support of these who, and that quickly—for the support of those who, in the providence of God, are ast upon in enter-and I now sollelt most respectfully your kind-patronage in such business as in a few days I man find it necessary to announce my determina-

I have lived here a quarter of a century, and every dullar I have received from the government has been spent arong you—not recklessly, for every one who knows now till testify that I never possessed a habit of dissipation or extravagance and yet, I have not a haven or a fact of gound to show for it. Nevertheine, it is my delire to apend the residue of my days in Washington.

I am under great thighdous to the Corporation of Washington, for two approximents recordly conferred on interesting the relief of the properties of the Public Schools,—the other, that of one of the Public Schools,—the other, that of one of the Public Schools,—the other, that of one of the relief of the District, in obscious to the fact of the has seen into a Congress. Though not offices of profit, they are at less pures of honor, and the appointments manifest a confidence worthy of the relarge of my warmess gratitude, and which I can only testify by the most carnest endeacors to perform with fidelity and to their antisfaction, the incumbent duties.

bent duties.

The time consumed by these places could not bave been made a pretext for my removal, be cause my trustoeship did not take me more than two hours in a mentil from my official business, and the Board of Revisiors of the Code have her yet had their first meeting.

But, "I have not shuaned to declare to you all

I have not ceased to de equity and above beard, from the time of Mr. Van Buren's administration to the present time; nor have I done more during

the present time; her have I does more during the present administration than I did before. When the American party was organized here nearly twenty years ago, I was appointed in pub-lic meeting charman of the committee to prepare the address to the people of the United Stites; and it was written by me. There was no neeted in those proceedings. Yet I was not me asted

in those proceedings. Yet I was not inclusive for the part I took in them.

A few years after this I walked to the Navy Yard one night of every week for several wash. in enecession, and listened to the vitupararie of the Rev. J. P. Donelan against Protestanti of the Rev. J. P. Donaltu against Protestantism and the liberty of faith and opinion to religious matters, and the next night returned and replied to him before the same antience. To this the Rev. Jas. Brown can testify: for, after a while he came to my aid, and rendered most efficient service. I also published a work about the same time in defence of the Protestant Bible as published by the Bible Society, without note or comment, against a most virulent attack by the Rev. Dr. Rider, of Georgetown College: yet the head of the Treasury Department then did not consider.

lished by the Bible Society, without note or conscent, against a most viculent attack by the RevIr. Kider, of Georgetown College; yet the head
of the Treasury Department then did not consider
these things a cause for my removal from office.

I published articles refuting the preposterous
claim set up by the Josuiss to religious teleration
on Maryland; and also strictures on Archibishoj
Hughes's "Catholic chapter" in the History of
the United States.

Again; During the administrations of Mr. Tyler and Mr. Polk, I published, at my own expenses
and edited a menthly magnatus, for a few years,
in apposition to the tyranny of the Laurelt of
Longe over the mind of mag, its increasing influence, and tonges and conspiracies against the ence, and designs and compliances a since the liberry, civil and religious, of the United States i yet they who were at the head of the Tressury yet they who were at the head of the Premsury bepartment at their period, though repeatedly urged by the tools and minious of the Jesuita, did not consider this just cause for my removal. None professing the Democratic creed had as jet hom found so shameless and so recreat to the cause of Democracy as to attempt to identify the party with the Church of Rome. The Union Rowspaper of the 13 had not then become the advocate of anti-time and of bod Church whose public circularadarcy fraction of conscious, signaturing it as "a rusing," which advocate the union of Church and State, and denomine all who oppose it, and which turns the liberty of the press, Illerty of opinion, Inthe Society, the Masonie Society, Old-Fellows' Society, &c.

My, Odd-Fellows' Society, &c. None of my labors ever interfered with my

urblic duties.

Hut why should I be prescribed new, and by the present administration: Having parend on-scathed through all administrations, from the early part of General Jackson's, pursuing the and course?
As hinted at above, the reason is this: This

As hinted at above, the reason is this: This administration is making at a tempt, never made before, in conjunction with the three princial organs of the Jeruits in this city, the Union, the Acres and the little Star, and a few papers and old political tricksters and papiatical demagagam elsawhere, to unite and identify the Domocratic narry with that organization of a foreign priest-hood, sent here by the Pupe of Rame, and an tained by other European despets, for the purpose of undermining the liberty of this conjury, and emphasias Americans to the domination of the objecting Americans to the domination of that your of tyrania. They have been met in the feld by the American party, and are waging a tyrant of trunts. They have been met in the field by the American party, and are waging a conpersite warfare. They know that I have never here to be a successful and a denounce their course as tree become and suscidal, and I besitate nea to reiterate them, to party can be austained in this country which oparly dentities itself with a religious asct, which has sivery sought the destruction of all others, and which den success in its public and official declarate, all who are opposed to the union of Church and State, and are advocates of the literty of the press and liberty of conscience.

This foreign organization of recopirators is under the direction of the Jasouts, who have gained authority that the destruction the destruction of the departments as it observed in a sufficient lefturers with the administration to use certain of the departments as it observed.

use certain of the departments as tools to grazify a low success. Under the careamstances, and decapitation was not to be avoided. It came as

decapitation was not to be avoided. It came in take: they send reases use or loss their affice.

Well, the dead is done, and what will it profit them? They may shake heads with the tyrant's minions, and with them giost over the reases revenge—imagining that the blow has paralyzed one of the recentes of their friend and brokher, the Pope of Hume—will's Lestern it an hotor in be thought worthy to be stricked down while defending the course of Eberty of mind, liberty of opinion, therety of the press, liberty of conscious, and the political rightens man.

True, the let may subject mate inconvenience, and the want of it call for my family; but, believed ing as I do in an overvaling Provisions, as I trucing its his care, all the power of this administration, the Pope, and the deal cannot crash my sperit.

I may be "troubled on every side" jet I shall, not be distracted; "perpleued but not in despell; personned, but not historia, when thrown by the destroyed." As Animus, when thrown down by Horonies, received now everyth from his mether earth, so, freed from a tyrast's grasp, already I feel row life and vigor from "God that conferied th those that are cost down." And helpesferie I will "cry alsold and spare not."

I have been after a long arreies, with the nome forting reflection that my integrity has never been and sating he imposched, and that I have been and sating he imposched, and that I have

torting principles that be improved and that I have been and entropy be improved and that I have never around in prince or beriared principle at independence for place.

My fellow-entiseers, sor case is before you. Like Liberty and the University of the Water Street, Liberty and the University of the Color obedient acress.

Liberty and the University of the Color of

Witter Carry. The prospects for all alone

dent Wheat crop in Kentucky and Transpose are sold to be very flow. A great deal more than

ements containing an many proofs release to the history of the present about the caret. If guarde from an arrive or harm."

For these and an endless variety of purpose the domaid for Mr. II. Upont's paper must be enormans, and we half the presentation which to offers with the greatest and best his arrive and with the greatest and best his mention every approximate. "Mr. Intelligence."

The Value or Ground in Large Crims value of land in large three will accom-she have never inquired particularly i

rent of £1,200 (56,000) pe

Pars, 80 feet deep and 34 ma wide 700 superfi dal figs, is valued at S

worth 201(100), which is at the rate of \$1.00 per ners. The lot and building minimit Custom House, intely complete by the Ethie State and Bank of Comparers, was read United States therefrom the \$2.000 appare fret. The rate per a \$2.400,000, or £300,000. The let complete Mechanical Bank is appraised at jet filled. The lot is not irregular nice of course for about \$2.00 per 1500,000, or £300,000.

cot about 4 miles from less jenne, dead, lie uniteen therms from his horse, which was a wild one, and apparently tilled instantly - Foy.

MARRIED.

RESIDENCE & LAND FOR SALE

CURL YOUR HAIR