BALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUAR WILL 1843.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GLOBE.

PROSPECTUS FOR THE CON-GRESSIONAL GLOBE AND APPENDIX.

These works have such a wide circulation, and These works have such a wide circulation, and have been so unique sally approved and sought after by the public, that we deem it necessary only in this prospectus to my that they will be continued at the next session of Congress, and to state succinctly, their contents, the form in which they will be printed, and the prices for them.

The Congressional Globe is made up of the daily proceedings of the two Houses of Congress.

proceedings of the two llouses of Congress. The speeches of the members are ab idged, or conden-sed, to bring them into a reasonable or readable length. All the resolutions offered, or motions made, are given at length, in the mover's own words; and the yeas and mays on all important questions. It is printed with small type—brevier as I nonparell—may a duble-rough sheet, in quarto form, each number containing 16 quartopages. It is printed as fast as the besiness done in Congress fur-ns her matter cough for a number. The first form ni-hes mat er enough for a tumber. The first four weeks of a session usually furnish matter enough for one number a week; and the balance of the session enough for two or three numbers a week.—
The coming session of Congress will furnish matter enough, me suppose, for twenty-five or thirty

the enough, me suppose, to the Parsiders's numbers.

The Appendix is made up of the Parsiders's annual message, the reports of the principal officers of the Government that accompany it, and all the long speeches of members of Congress, written out or revised by themselves. It is printed in the same form as the Congressional Globe, and the same form as the Congressional Globe, and usually makes about the same number of pages. There are not so many numbers published the first weeks of a session, as there are numbers of the Congressional Globe; because the members are slow in writing out their sperches. But towards the close of a session, the numbers are published more frequently than the Congressional Globe.

Each of these works is complete in itself; but it

Each of these works is complete in itself; but it is necessary for every subscriber who desires a full knowledge of the proceedings of Congress, to have both; because, then, it there should be any ambiguity in the synopsis of the speech, or any decial of its correctness, as published in the Congressional Globe, the reader may tarn to the Appendix to see the speech at length, corrected by the member the length.

Now, there is no source but the Congressional Globe and Appendix, from which a person can obtain a tull history of the proceedings of Congress Gales and Skaton's Register of Debates, which Gales and Seaton's Register of Debates, which contained a history, was suspended in the year 1837, and has not since been resumed. It cost about five times as much for a session as the Congressional Globe and Appendix, and did not contain an equal amount of matter, a great portion of the current proceeding being omsted. The speeches of both parties are published in the Duily Globe, and in the Congressional Globe and A, pendix: other papers publish their own cite only. We are enabled to print the Congressional Globe and Appendix at the low rate now proposed, by having a large quantity of type, and keeping the Congressional matter that we set up for the Daily and Semi-weekly Globes standing for the Congressional Globe and Appendix.

Complete indexes to both the Congressional Complete indexes to both the Congressional Globe and the Appendix are printed at the close of each ression, and sent to all subscribers for hem.

The reports of the Congressional Globe and Appendix are not in the least degree affected by the party bias of the Editors. They are given precisely as written out by the Peporters and the Members themselves. Ant the whole are subject to the revision and correction of the speakers, as they pass in review in our daily sheet, in case any misunder-

vision and correction of the speakers, as they pass in review in our daily sheet, in case any misunderstanding or misrepresentation of their remarks should occur. We make a daily analyse of the Idoings in Congress, and give our opinions in it treely; but this is published only in the Daily. Some weekly and Werkly Globes The Boily Globe is \$10, the Semweckly Globe \$5, and the Weekly Globe \$2 per annum, in naly-nace. The Weekly Globe send Appendix, and a complete index made to it at the ent of each year.

Both House s of Congress take the Congressional Globe and Appendix for their committee-rooms and for the libraries of Congress. So confident are we that all who may subscribe for these works will be pleased with them, that we hereby pledge ourselves torake them back and refund the money to all who shall be dissatisfied. If any persons shall have any of the previous volumes on hand, and shall wish to dispose of them, if they will send them tous, we will send to them the like number of the future vol umes The Whig Members of Congress, who did not subscribe for these works at first, are now almost connected to have the back numbers, to ens-ble them to understand the previous legislation of Congress. We have back numbers on hand; but we ean dispose of them, and all that may be returned to

TERMS.

For the Congressional Globe, \$1 per copy. For the Appendix \$1 per copy. Six copies of either of the above works will be

sent for \$5; tw. Ive capties for \$10; and so on in pro-

Powerts may be transmitted by mail, postage paid, at our risk. By a rule of the Post Office Department, postmisters are permitted to trank letters written by themselves, containing money for The notes of any bank, current where a sub-

scriber resides, will be received by us at per.

To ensure all the numbers, the sub-oription should be in Washington by the 10th December next, at bribe t.

JNo attention will be paid to any order unless
the money accompanies it.

money accompanies it. Washington, City, October 20, 1842

PROSPECTUS

North Carolina Literary Record.

The subscriber proposes to publish, in the city of RALEIGH, a magazine with the above title. It will be printed in worth/y numbers, on forty octavo pages of good paper, with new and elegant type and a neat cover, for

TWO DOLLARS A YEAR IN ADVANCE! It is designed to be a publication of general interest, containing biographical sketches of the illustrious natives of North Carolina; historical papers, embracing particularly auminiscences by the present aged public men; and scientific articles. This magazine will cherish the purely literary, and its pages will be graced with poetic contributions. A prominent place will be given to the interests of the COMMON School system of education in our State. A REVIEW department will be added, which will present notices of new publications; and it is designed that the work shall have a monthly

CHRONICLE of literary intelligence.

The subscriber feels safe in making the above statements, because he has the promise of ar-sistance from several distinguished gentlemen in the State, in whose acquirements the public has all confidence. He desires to make it a periodical which shall compare well with any Southern magazine, ornament the table of the literary man, and be a welcome visiter to any family in the State. It will be seen that the subscription is unusually low—

Four Hundred and Eighty octavo Pages for Two Dollars!!!

The work is put at this price that its circula tion may be the greater; but it will be at once perceived that the publisher cannot risk a com-

bers shall be obtained to cover expenses.

The As soon as five hundred responsible subscribers shall be secured, the first number will be issued, at which time the payment for the first volume will be considered in advance. When subscribers receive that number they will forward the amount of their subscription immediately, and will take the publication of that he issued for at least one year. This arrange-

ment will secure toth parties.

Who can doubt that North Carolina needs such a magazine? Who can doubt whether there be not more than sufficient talent at leisure dollars on an experiment so well worth making? response. Let no one wait to see how it will appear; for such a course may prevent the publication entirely; but let every one friendly to the work try it for A YEAR, and then, if it be not worth taking, let him abandon it.

We want the names of all who will subscribe by the first of January next, or earlier, if practitake pleasure in forwarding them, as they are authorised to do free of postage.

. Editors who will give this prospectus ar insertion, and send the paper, marked with ink. calmly prepared and watching his own distortion to the Raleigh Star, shall receive a copy of the colution, he awaited the summons of his Man

. Postmasters and others, who will be ome responsible for fice subscriptions, shall, likewise, receive a copy for one year.

All communications to be addressed, Politain, to THOS. J. LEMAY. Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 14, 1842

THE PLAIN DEALER.

Wine is a mocker, strong drink is ragitg: and whosoever is deceived thereby is not use." Prov., Char. 20.

It having been decided that the Temperance Uni m is to be discontinued, the subscriber proposes at the request of the North Carolina State Tem perance Society, expressed in a Resolution f the same, to publish in the city of Raleigh, a paper ender the above title, to commence immediately after the suspension of the Temperance Union. No labored essay is required to show the importance of publications of this character. Pub lic opinion is settling down on the side of the great moral reformation now in successful progress, and every exertion should be made by the friends of the cause to promulgate its pure and sacred principles.

Though this paper comes forth to the world as the advocate of the Temperance Reform, yet the matter will not be exclusively of that cast. Moral Tales and Essays, Miscellaneous matter of general interest, Foreign and Domestic Intellagence, and the record of events of importance, in condensed forms, will occupy a por tion of its pages, with poetry and other literature of a moral character; so that the PLAIN DEALER will not only be a Temperance Journal, but a Family Newspaper, calculated to enlight en, instruct and amuse its readers.

The price of subscription is such, that, the PLAIN DRALER can find its way to every family in our State. It is decidedly the cheapest publication ever issued from the North Carolina Preus.

The PLAIN DEALER will be published every other week, in a neat quarto form of eight pages, on new type and good paper, at \$1 per annum, to be paid in all cases in advance.

Our friends will please return the subsribers to

us at Rawigh by the 20th of January, 1843. WILLIAM STRINGER. Raleigh, Dec. 21st, 1842.

LOUISBURG ACADEMY. The duties of this school will be resumed the first Monday in nuary next, under the manage ment of JOHN B. BOBBITT, the same principal, who will be prepared to take boarders at \$70 per annum, payable at any time during the year, at the convenience of patrons. Board to be

ad with others also, on moderate terms. 15th Dec. 1842. Register and Standard 3 insertions:

Classical and English School. THIS SCHOOL will commence on the 9th of January. TUITION.

The Classics and Modern Languages, \$20. English Branches,

J. M. LOVEJOY. Raleigh, Dec. 20, 1812.

Register 3 insertions.

DEATH OF WASHINGTON. The following vivid and touching sketch of the last moments of the Father of his Counfry is from a letter in the New York Ameri-

Passing the great hall ornamented with pictures of English hunting scenes, we ascended the oaken staircase, with its carved and antique balustrade. We stood at the door-we pressed the handle-the room and the bed where he died were before us. Nothing in the drama of his existence surpasses the grandeur of that final scene. The cold, which he had taken from exposure in overseeing some part of his grounds, and which resisted the earliest domestic remedies that were applied, advanced, in the course of two short days, into that frightful form of the disease of the throat-laryngitis. It became necessary for him to take to his bed. His valued friend. Dr. Clark, was instantly summoned, and, assisted by the best medical skill of the surrounding country, exhausted all the means of his art-but without affording him relief. He patiently submitted, though in great distress, to the various remedies proposed; but it became evident from the gloom settling upon the countenances of the medical gentlemen that the case was hopeless. Advancing insidiously, disease had fastened itself with deadly certainty. Looking with perfect calmness on the sobbing group around him, he said: "Grieve not my friends; ed when he fell into a glass of Jamaica.

mencement until a sufficient number of subscri- it is as I anticipated from the first, the debt which we all owe is now about to be paid; I number as a guarantee that the magazine will cretary and relation, as to the adjustment of reeling, twisting, spooling, &c. We were in our State to fill its pages with profitable and entertaining matter? Who will not risk two ness, but with difficulty articulated; "I fear

shall require it."

As the night wened, the fatal symptoms more labored and suffocating, and his voice soon after failed him. Perceiving his end cable. Postmasters, every where, will no doubt approaching, he straightened himself to full length; he folded his own hands in the necesger upon the pulse of his left wrist, and thus solution, he awaited the summons of his Maker. The last faint hope of his friends had disappeared. Mrs. Washington, stopified with grief, sat at the foot of the bed, her eves fixed steadfastly, upon him, Dr. Clark, in deep gloom, stood with his face buried in his hands at the fire: his faithful black setvant Christopher, the tears uncontrolled trickling down down his face, on one side, took the last look of his dying master; while Mr. Lear, in speechless grief with folded hands bent over his pillow on the other. Nought broke the stillness of his last moments, but the suppessed subs of the affectionate servants collected on the staircase; the tick of the large clock in the hall, as it measured off. with painful distinctness, the last fleeting moments of his existence; and the low moan of the winter wind, as it swept through the leafless snowcovered trees; the laboring and wearied spirit drew nearer and nearer to its goal-the blood languidly coursed slower and more slowly through its channels-the noble heart stopped-struggled-stopped fluttered -the right hand slowly slid from the wrist, upon which its finger had been placed-it fell at the side-and the manly effigy of Washington was all that remained, extended

ANECDOTE OF JEROME BON-

upon the death couch.

APARTE. He was one day, he said, absolutely in want of twenty-five louis, his purse being empty, although General Murat, governor of Paris, and who was very fond of him, often assisted him with his; but this time the latter resource failed him; and the quarter's allowance which he received from the consul had been spent in advance What was he to do? To whom address himself? To his other brothers? They were absent. Joseph and ples, by exerting themselves to procure subscri- Louis commanded regiments at a distance: Lucien was on an embassy to Lisbon or Madrid. As to his mother, she could not see any teason for giving money to a scapegrace like him, whom she loved tenderly, but whose morals she was more anxious for than his prodigality. What could be think of? It came into his head to pay a visit to a holy man, his uncle Fesch, (become a car dinal.) He presents himself, and is well received by this worthy relation, at whose house a numerous party is assembled. He is invited to dinner; after dinner they pass into the saloon to take coffee. At this moment Jerome watches the cardinal entering

> is immoveable, and refuses flatly Cardinal Fesh, it was very well known, was always a great lover of pictures; now become so remarkable for its collection of the masterpieces of all the schools.

another room; he follows him thither, draws

into a corner this dear uncle, whom he had

already so often wheedled out of money, and

requests the same favor again; but the other

When Jerome heard this positive refusal, he turned abruptly round, "See!" said he, "there is a rascal who seems to be laughing at the affront I have received. I will be revenged." At the same time he draws his sabre, and directs the point against the face of a fine old man, painted by Van Dyck, whose eyes he threatened to cut.

It may be imagined what a fright the cardinal was in, at seeing him ready to transpierce a master-piece: he attempts to stay his arm; but the young man will not hear reason till the twenty-five louis have been promised him. The uncle capitulates, peace is made and they embraced.

David Douglass, the murderer of Cunningham, was executed in Niagara county, New York, on the 25th ult. A few minutes before the execution, Douglass asked for a drick of water. After drinking a little he said to his attendant: "George, if I had never drank any thing stronger than this, I should never have come to the gallows. Thousands and tens of thousands have been brought to an untimely end by strong drink. George, take warning from me. Now, while you are young, em-ploy the means of grace." This confession of the now dead culprit should have its influence upon the living-

A tee-to-taller up country thinks he has discovered alcohol in WATER -Ex paper. Not at all unlikely. It may frequently be observed in bar rooms .- Boston Bee. Nails are prevented from rusting by heat-ing them and dropping them while hot in

"I'm in good spirits," as the fly remark-

NASHVILLE, (Tenn.) DECEMBER 28-At Mr. Carden's manufactory, in this ciam resigned to the event." Requesting ty, a loom for the production of the vari-Mrs. Washington to bring him two wills ousfabries of silk is now in operation. We from his escrutoire, he directed one to be called a few days since and witnessed the burnt, and placed the other in her hands, as process of weaving handkerchiefs. Two his last will and testament; and then gave other looms will soon be erected. There some final instructions to Mr. Lear, his se- sre also in operation a variety of fixtures for his business affairs. He soon after became shown some beautiful vestings, velvets, greatly distressed, and as, in the paroxysms, &c. manufactured at the establishment of which became more frequent and violent, Mr. Gill, in Ohio, where a fair proportion Mr. Lear, who was extended on the bed by of Tennessee cocoous is sold and manufacthis side, assisted him to turn, he, with kind- ured; the production being at this time more than equal to the wants of the estab-I give you great trouble, sir, but perhaps it lishment here. Mr. G. pays four dollars We shall listen for a reply, and expect a hearty is a duty we all owe, one to another; I trust per bushel for good merchantable cocoons, you will receive the same attention when you one half in cash, and the other in manufactured silks, of which he is making one thousand dollars worth per month, at a became more imminent. His breath became profit, he says, of ten per cent., over all cost. May we not soon expect to see other establishments erected in Tennessee! It is believed to be certainly profitable, and possesses the decided advantage of requisary attitude upon his cheek; placing his fin- ring the labor only of females and small

BAD MATCHES. Mr. Bim was seized with a bad pain in his stomach the other night, and got out of ed to look for his hot drops. From the usual place on the mantle-piece he took up what he supposed to be a row of matches, and, one after another, he scraped them off without effect, and as he threw down the last he gave vent to his vexation by exclaiming, "Dang it, these matches won't go." His wife now came to his assistance, and upon the other end of the mantel.piece found some matches, and having obtained a light, the first object that met the astonished eyes of both was the head of her best tortoise-shell comb, with every tooth broken out and thrown upon the floor. As Mr. Bim stood looking aghast at the desruction worked by his own misguided hands, Mrs. B. cast a reproachful glance at him, and retired to her bed without uttering a syllable .- Boston Post.

A NOVEL INFORMER.

At a trial before the Correctional Tribunal at Montpelier, on the 23 ultimo, that spears. proverbially stupid animal, a mule, turned town duties, that, in the centre of each sack | the hunting-season. was a small barrel of brandy, intended to its contents, and pertinaciously refused to declare to whom they belonged. The officers, having their suspicions, conceived their deeds are evil. We have had the Bi the idea of verifying them by means of the ble and the means of grace, and of those to mule. At night they led the animal to the | whom much is given much will be required. entrance of the village of Lavergane, a short distance from Montpelier, and there letting him loose, he at once galloped off gaily till he reached the door of a farrier, named Palary, where he stopped a minute, and then walked quietly round to the stable. To strengthen this proof the officers forced watering-place in a retired spot at some distance, and having slaked his thirst, returned again to the stable. This evidence was so conclusive that Palary was unable to resist it, and at length confessed his delinquency in confederation with others, whose down upon them an assessment of fines amounting to £15,000 .- Galignani's Mes-

The Circuit Court of the United States, Chief Justice Tancy and Judge Heath on the bench, have decided that insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland have been the room in which they were, formet the entirely repealed and annulled by the pascommencement of his fine gallery, which has sage of the Bankrupt Luw, and that a discharge under them, granted under application made since the Bankrupt Law went into effect, will not avail to exempt the person of a defendant in whose favor it has been granted from arrest upon a capias at satisfaciendum issued out of the Circuit

A young lady at the North, who had been troubled for some time with a pain in her side and having used several applications without effect, finally tried a plaster of Burgundy pitch-upon its removal the point of a fine cambric needle was discovered protruding through the skin.

A good dividend these hard times!-The Dismal Swamp Canal Company, at its annual meeting in November last, declared a dividend of 81 per cent.

Brooke co., Virginia, has not a solitary tavern licensed to sell intoxicated drink, and the jail has been tenantless for a considerable time.

CONFIDENCE IN THE CAPTAIN.

sinking condition, the Captain rushed into the cabin, exclaiming, "Gentlemen, by Heavens, the boat will be under in five minutes.' Some fellow, engaged in rolling out a box of specie, roared out in imploring tones, "Good gracious, Captain can't you give us ten?"

"Come down from that building, you in fernal rascal, and I'll knock your eyes out." "You will, will you?" "Yes, you seoundrel, I will."

"Then I guess upon the whole-I shant

TO THE LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A vessel arrived at Wilmington a few ays ago, having, as part of her cargo, 50 egs Lard, 100 barrels Flour, 20 hbds, Bacon, and 1500 bushels of Corn, the producton of the State of Ohio! and brought to Wilmington for sale, because it is cheaper to convey such articles from Ohio to Wilmington, than from Rowan to Wilmington! Surely no North Carolinian can hear that Onio is permitted to supply us with food, without blushing for the Legislatures which have gone before you, and which have left their highways in such a state, that 200 miles of transportation over them is more expensive than 2000 in another directions Will you remedy this evil, or must those who succeed you, blush for you too?

Fay. Obs. INDIAN BUFFALO DANCE.

It is a remarkable fact, that the notion of a general deluge prevails among almost every cople on the face of the earth. In many eathen nations, there are not only traditions children who cannot be profitably employ- of such an event but their sacred writings by Moses.

The Mundan tribe of Indians, inhabiting a section of the Missouri river have a ceremony which may be called the Bnffalo Dance continuing for four days and nights, and designed to commemorate the subsideing of the the amendmet; which was decided in the af-

In the centre of their principal village they er. The question then was, on the amendhave a wooden structure which they call ment of Mr. Joyner, as amended, which was their "Big Canoe," and which they believe to be the remains of the vessel in which their first ancestors were preserved, when all the ment. earth was overwhelmed with water. The feast is held in the spring, when the will by Edwards, providing that if the Bank will tree leaves are out: for they say that a dove, with a willow leaf or twig in its mouth, first gave notice of the subsiding of the waters. Instead of an hunble prayer or a song of praise, commemorative of their deliverance, hey cover tnemselves with a gram mask formed from the shaggy hide of the buffalo, and eight of them by turns, dance around the piece of wood with loud cries and all kinds of odd motions, brandishing their bows and

The dance and cries remind us of the conout to be a most sagracious witness. A cart duct of the priests of Baal; when they called coming one day into the town, drawn by upon their god: and the Indians, think that this mule, and loaded with charcoal, it was the Great Spirit is pleased with their folly.

The bill to prevent in discovered by the officers of the octroi or and will send them a pienty of buffaloes in

How sad it is to think that our fellow-men be thus surreptitiously introduced without who have souls like our own, and who are payment of duty. The driver was arrested, as capable as we are of loving and obeying out denied all ownership of the cart or God, should be so vain in their imagination.

But their foolish hearts are darkened, and they love darkness rather than light, because

THE THREE APPLES.

A young gentleman once mentioned his surprise, that the possession of great wealth should ever be attended with undue solicitude, and instanced a merchant who although in the possession of unbounded wealth, was the animal from this spot, and he went to a as busy, and much more anxious, than the most assiduous clerk in the counting-house.

The doctor, in reply, took an apple from a fruit basket, and presented it to a child in the room, who could scarcely grasp it in his hand He then gave it a second, which filled the other hand; and choosing a third, refrauds were so extensive that they brought markable for its size and beauty, presented that also. The child, after many ineffectual attempts to hold the three apples, dropped the last upon the carpet, and burst into tears See there," said the philosepher, "is little man with more riches in the world than he can enjoy."

CARELESS USF OF FIRE-ARMS. The Philadelphia Ledger says that fortyseven deaths have been recorded as occurring from the careless use of fire-arms, since the 1st of October last! This is almost incredible, and would be quite so, did we not ourselves see such continual acts of imprudence in the use of guns and pistols. But what would you say to an attempt to suppress

terous in the extreme. ACCUMULATION OF HONORS. The Rev. John Gregory was recently elected to represent the town of Quincy in the Massachusetts General! Court. Since then he has been arrested and held to bail

to answer the charge of POLYGAMY. THE LAST TRICK.

A few nights ago, at Philadelphia, a witty rascal resorted to the following cool expedient to "make a raise" of a new coat. A tailor sent home a coat to a customer by The steambout Neptupe lately strucks one of his shop boys, the boy found on the snag in the Mississippi, and being in a steps a person who appeared to be in the act of pulling the bell, and who, on the boy's approach, said to him, "Ah, that coat the town of Washington; which passed is is for me," at the same time taking it and first reading, and was referred. placing it across his own arm. The boy, supposing it to be true, returned home; and the first news the maker received of the loss was the complaint of the disappointed cus-

> It is said that the profits arising from the sale of Dickens's "American Notes" in England was \$25,000.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

IN SENATE.

Tuesday, Jan. 10.

NO. 2.

Mr. Elliott, from the committee on The Library, reported a resolution to authorise the printing of Indexes to colonial documents, re ative to North Carol na, and the procurement of copies of said documents in the proper offices in London; which passed the first reading,

The Senate refused to adopt a resolution

offered by Mr. Larkins, to hold evening sessions from and after this day. Mr. Joyner presented a bill in relation to

the Literary Fund; which passed its first

The proposi ion of the Commons to refer the documents in relation to the Treasurer's bond to a joint select committee, was as mended, on motion of Mr. Joyner, by suthorising the committee to send for persons

and papers, and adopted. The resolutions relating to the Bank of the State were taken up, and read the second time; when Mr. Joyner moved an amendcontain accounts which agree, in the most ment, " that it is not expedient to instruct important particulars, with the history given the representative of the State in the general meeting of the stockholders, to propose the adoption of such measures as may necessary for closing the business of the said bank, &c. Mr. Shepard moved to strike out the word "not," in the second line of firmative, by the casting vote of the Speak-

> decided in the negative, I yea to 65 nays-Mr. Shepard alone voting for the amend-

tender its charter during the present session. the State will accept it, were then adopted, Yens - Messrs. Arrington, Allison of Orange, Boykin, Boyd, Brown, Cooper, Dobson, Ed-wards, Eccett, Exum, Hester, Larkins, Melvin,

Mitchell, Moore, Pasteur, Ray, Shepard, Speight, Stafford, Stallings, Swinson, Tomlinson, Walker, Jno. W. Williams and Wm. P. Williams-26. Nays-Messrs. Albright, Allison of Iredell,

Burgin, Cathy, Do.kery, Elliott, Howard, Hodges, Jacocks, Jones, Joyner, Morehead, Moye, Myers, Pharr, Ribelin, Rogers, Spruill, The bill to prevent malicious prosecutions

was taken up and rejected.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Doak presented a memorial from Guilford, accompanied by a resolution di-recting the committee on Propositions and Grievances to inquire into the expediency of imposing by I w a tax on all horses, mules, cattle and hogs brought into this State for sale. 'The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Williams of Beaufort presented a bill concerning fishing with seines in Beaucond readings.

Mr. Mendenhall, from the Library committee, reported a bill in relation to the State Library; which passed its first reading.

Mr. Francis, from the Judiciary commitice, to whom was referred a bill exempting certain articles of personal property from execution, reported a substitute therefor by way of an amendment; which was amended on motion of Mr. Baxter, by striking out "a horse, mule or yoke of oxen." was further amended, on motion of Mr. Bragg.

and passed its second reading.

Mr. Barringer reported a substitute for the bill to prevent unlawful mining; which was adopted as an amendment, and passed its secoud rending.

Mr. Wilson, of Perquimons, moved that the bill to amend an art for the establishment and better regulation of common schools, be laid on the table until the first Monday in March next. Mr. Moore moved that it be laid on the table for the presents which latter motion prevailed. Messrs. Bragg, Bower and Moore were

appointed the committee on the part of the House, on the Treasurer's bonds, and matters relating thereto. Messrs. Edwards, Joyner, and Arrington form the Senate's branch of said committee. On motion of Mr. Menuenhall, the clerk

their general use by law? This is seriousof the House was instructed to purchase for ly proposed, though it strikes us as prepos- the use of the General Assembly a copy of Hatsell's Precedents on Parliamentary Law. Mr. Francis, from the select committee,

to whom was referred a bill for the further relief of insolvent debtors, reported a substitute therefor as an amendment, which was amended, on Mr. Bower, and, on motion of Mr. Bragg, laid on the table.

Adjourned. IN SENATE.

Wednesday, Jan'y 11. Mr. Moore, from the committee on Propositions and Grievances, to whom was referred a bill concerning commissioners of the town of Washington, reported a substitute for the same; which was made the ora-

Mr. Hodges presented a bill to alter the time of collecting the corporation taxes of

Mr. Albright presented a bill concern county trustees and treasurers of public buildings; which passed its second read-

The bill to amend an act of 1840, for the relief of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company, was send the third time, passed and ordered to be engrossed, 20 to

[The bill provides that the State shall p