

For the Year.
Brinkley, Douglas County, 2
 N. C. Jan 20th, 1845

**Grand Points of success in the A-
 merican Vineyard Enterprise.**
 Mr. Lemay: Several strong reasons why such success is desirable.

1. Patriotism urges on this enterprise; for the more this enterprise is pushed, the more will be diminished our dependence on foreign lands for annual millions worth of wines, and the too of dubious genuineness and excellence.

2. The cause of temperance urges on this enterprise, for, according to the principle of natural taste, as that for sweet wines, being not like the artificial or acquired taste, (as for ardent spirits, insidious and imperative when acquired,) the substitution of American wines for ardent spirits, will indirectly promote the cause of temperance here as in foreign wine making countries; which are found to be uniformly temperate; or the reverse of spirit consuming countries. And again, if distilled spirits used here as in wine making countries, to mix with grape juice, and help make wines, there will be less of the raw spirit material in the market to promote the vice of intoxication, and this, connected with the fashion or custom introduced of drinking wine temperately instead of having recourse to ardent spirits, will greatly facilitate the temperance cause in our country. Not to enumerate other reasons here for multiplying vineyards on our land, we proceed at once to the grand points of rendering the vineyard cause successful in every attempt at this item of agricultural pursuit and its handsome remunerating profits when successful. And not presumptuous for the writer of this to state these points as he is believed to have the largest and most profitable vineyard in the Southern Union; and in that state that ranks first in the wine product. Briefly stated American success in the vineyard enterprise depends on

1. The choice of the best varieties of American vines—the grand difficulty hitherto has been choosing foreign kinds of vines with which to attempt success in the enterprise. This has ever been found an uphill business, and has ever issued in disappointment. Without enumerating other best American grapes, the Scuppernon is decidedly the best for all Southern latitudes in our country.

2. American fashion of culture alone eventually successful; that is to trim laterally, and not shorter in length; so that the main stem or stems (after several feet high and clear of all laterals) left to ramify on trellises, or over scaffolding. The European plan of keeping vines *humble*, or shortened in length, thwarts instead of aids the nature of vines here and uniformly eventuates in disappointment and loss.

3. Wine making, to be successful and profitable, must be connected with putting plenty of keeping ingredients in American wine juice.—Or to have a perfectly good and safe keeping wine out of American grape juice at least a fourth of spirits (and the purer or more carefully rectified the better, as thus divested of any peculiar spirit taste, the more the grape taste predominates should be added to the juice of the grape after that juice purified by being strained through folds of flannel or woolen cloth; or if sugar alone added, (doubly refined best for Scuppernon) as a pure keeping ingredient, three pounds per gallon not too much.

And if both spirits and sugar combined in some juice something equivalent to the foregoing quantity; as, say, a fifth of spirits and one or two pounds of sugar per gallon.—No notion more fallacious and pernicious to success in wine making than that wine in America can be made good and safe keeping as a vineyard business, without keeping ingredients, and a plenty of them. Even in Europe plenty of spirits put into most of their wines designed for keeping any length of time; as the part wine most famous for medicine has a third of spirits (made of their so-called wines) before sent across the Ocean. But as to American vineyards they yield far more abundantly than European, yet the juice thereof on all hands acknowledged less saccharine, or strong than the European. And the process of stilling, as done in some parts of Europe, and recommended by some of our country tends it is found to spoil the flavor of the wine as well as diminish the quantity. While spirits and sugar (among the purest substances in nature where rectified or refined) assist in a congenial summer, with strained or purified grape juice, and makes a delightful homogeneous healthful beverage or medicine. A fair trial, or two years experience as ours will convince the sceptical we are right. As in philosophy fine spun theories

(as the ancient Aristototelean) rejected as worthless; while that of right experiments (as that of Bacon) received instead thereof; so mere theories in regard to vineyards and wine making worse than useless. Experiment the only true and safe test of all theories. And since North Carolina, (as pointed at by the Agricultural census of 1840) destined to be the greatest vineyard State of the Union, better to explode mere theories at once, that stand in the way of her onward course in this most profitable as well as patriotic branch of Agriculture. And any light on this important subject cheerfully submitted to fellow Agriculturists by their humble servant,
SIDNEY WELLER.
 Register please copy.

TRY IT.
 A farmer who is famous for having good fruit, says he raises his fruit in the following manner:—“He takes a cutting from the best tree he can find, puts the end of the cutting into a large potato, and sets it in the earth, leaving but one or two inches of the cutting above the ground. The cutting soon sends out roots and grows rapidly, making a fine tree, which needs no engrafting.”

CURING BEEF.
 By most of the modes now in use, the beef becomes too much impregnated with salt, and is not as a consequence so fine for eating. By the following process this difficulty is prevented, and the beef will keep till the following summer: To 8 gallons of water, add 3 lbs. of brown sugar, 1 quart of molasses, 4 oz. of nitre, and fine salt till it will float an egg. This is enough for 2 common quarters of beef. It has been repeatedly tried and found very fine; a famous beef eater says it is the only good way.

Durability of Manure.—A writer in the N. Y. Farmer and Mechanic states that he has noticed the bottom of coal-pits, between 60 and 70 years after the burning, so fertile that they invariably bore heavy crops of grass or grain.—This manure, it is known, consists of burnt earth, ashes, charcoal, &c. Common barn manure becomes nearly or wholly exhausted in a comparatively short period.

REMARKS.—We have repeatedly noticed similar results; and for 20 years have used and recommended the use of charcoal and ashes as fertilizers.

LOWGROUND FENCES.
 MR. EDITOR:—I take this opportunity to mention a plan of fencing for lowground, which I think will be found cheaper than any other, and fully as good. Make a common panel fence of rails, then split stakes out of white oak or some lasting wood, seven or eight feet long, the size of common rails.—Drive one on each side of the fence, at each corner, while the ground is wet, about two or two and a half feet, bore and pin through them, over the top of the fence, and you will have a fence that will stand the freshet of the Tombigbee river, and I think those of any other.
 E. S. T.
Coffeyville, Ala., January, 1845.

“BREAK THE CRUST.”
 Many years ago, when I lived in Connecticut, a man from among my acquaintance removed from that State into Vermont. He was a farmer that understood his business and attended to it. Some years after, I made a tour into Vermont, and the first call that I made after crossing the river out of New Hampshire, was at his house. He had got a fine farm, a good proportion of which was intervale on the Connecticut. There was a field of three acres on the intervale before the door, which, he said, when he came to make his purchase, had on it a very stunted growth of corn.—To use his own words, “it was but little bigger than pennyroyal.” He asked the owner the reason of the corn making such a miserable appearance. He said he did not know. But, said my friend, “I knew.” He finally bought the farm, and the next season undertook to renovate that field solely by ploughing. He ploughed every opportunity through the season, taking care to plough only when the dew was on or immediately after a rain. He went over it a number of times in the season, and sowed it with wheat in the fall; and when he came to harvest and thresh it, he had 154 bushels, averaging 5 1/2 to the acre.—Cultivator.

SKIRVING'S Nursery, three miles from Liverpool, England, contains 100 acres of ground entirely devoted to the growth of evergreen trees and shrubs.

HARDWARE.
 JUST received by the subscribers general supply of ENGLISH and AMERICAN HARDWARE and CUTLERY, Guns, Pistols and RIFLES, which they will sell to Country Merchants at very low prices, on liberal terms, consisting of
 Traces, Ox Chains,
 Winding Hoops, Manure Forks,
 Axes, Vices and Smith's Hammers,
 Locks and Latches in great variety,
 Hoes, Buck and Ivory handle Knives & Forks,
 Pocket Knives and Razors, with celebrated devices marked thereon, *Hog and Ready, Biscuit Flute, Monterey &c.* and every other article belonging to the business, and respectfully ask the Merchants of this vicinity to favor them with a call when they next visit the City.
WM. T. HOWELL, & CO.
 No. 181 Market St. PHILADELPHIA.
 Feb. 14, 1845.

MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.
 MESSRS. HALEY & CO., having completed the operation of the Magnetic Telegraph, at this Station, and connected the same from the City of Washington, as far South as Charleston, via Fayetteville, Camden, and Columbia, subscribers are earnestly requested to pay over to Mr. R. SMITH, the Agent at this Station, the balance of their subscription money, without further notice, when they will receive a certificate of their Stock. The line will soon be completed to Mobile, and through to New Orleans.
THE PROPRIETORS.
 Feb. 14, 1845.

BRITANNIA WARE.
 THE subscribers respectfully inform Country Merchants and others, that they are constantly manufacturing, and keep on hand, a large assortment of the best Britannia ware. In their stock will be found:
 Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Cream Pots, Sugar Bowls, Pitchers, Casters, Beer Mugs, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Lad Lamps, &c. &c.
 We will warrant our stock equal to any in the market, and purchasers will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing elsewhere.
HALL & BOARDMAN.
 No. 101 North Third Street, Philadelphia.
 7-3m.

CHEAP WATCHES & JEWELRY.
 WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
 At the Philadelphia Watch and Jewelry Store,
 No. 96 North Second St. corner of Quarry.
 Gold Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 car cases, \$38.00
 Silver do, full jeweled 18.00
 Silver do 7 jewels, 16.00
 Silver Lever, jeweled, 11.00
 Quivers, good quality, 7.00
 Imitation, 5.00
 Gold Spectacles, 7.00
 Fine Silver do 1.50
 Gold Bracelets, 1.00
 Ladies Gold Pencils, 1.75
 Silver Tea Spoons, set, 5.00
 Gold Pen, with Pencil and Silver Holder, 1.00
 Gold Finger Rings 3/4 cents to \$50
 Watch Glasses, best quality pen 124 cents; Patent 187; Lenses 23, other articles in proportion.
 All goods warranted to be what they are sold for.
 On and sent Gold and Silver Levers and Le-pines, till lower than the above prices.
O. CONRAD,
 Jeweller and Manufacturer of Silver Ware,
 Watch Maker and Importer of Watches,
 Constantly on hand, a large assortment of all articles usually kept in similar establishments, of good quality and fashionable styles.
 5-13c.

NOTICE.
 TAKEN up, by Finlay M. Hayden, twelve miles S. E. from Carthage, on the 27th ult. a dark Bay Horse, with a small star in the forehead, and a snip on the nose, low in flesh, about five feet high, and supposed to be over twelve years old. Valued at five dollars.
WILLIAM DOWD, Ranger.
 February, 3rd, 1845.

Important to Farmers!
 THE Subscriber having purchased from Alfred Spates, agent for W. Beach & R. J. Gatling, the patentees, the benefit of their inventions for the State of North Carolina, offers to the Farmers of the State the advantage of a Machine for sowing all kinds of Small Grain greatly superior to any thing heretofore discovered. Also a new Plough for the cultivation of crops; and also a most valuable simple Machine for the shelling of corn. These Machines and Plough can be had by application to the subscriber at Raleigh. Particulars explained in hand bills.
WM. F. COLLINS.
 Raleigh, Jan. 3, 1847.
 Standard and Register copy. —1f.

NOTICE.
 I HAVE this day sold the contents of my Store, in the City of Raleigh, situated on Hargett street, to J. R. UTLEY. I hereby request all persons who are indebted to me, to come forward immediately, and close their accounts, either by cash or note, as no longer indulgence can be given. My accounts, in case of my absence, will be left with J. R. UTLEY, whom I have authorized to make settlements, give receipts, &c.
QUINTON UTLEY.
 Raleigh, March 1.

THE BUSINESS CONTINUED.
 THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Raleigh and the public generally, that he will continue business at the old stand, where there may be found a general assortment of Groceries, with a small lot of Dry Goods, all of which he will endeavor to sell as cheap as any other person in this City. As he does not design to do a credit business, he will sell precisely for cash, at a small advance on the Petersburg and New York cost.
J. R. UTLEY.
 March 1, 1845.

NOTICE.
 THE undersigned having, at the February Term 1845, of Johnston County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, qualified as Administrator of the estate of the late THOMAS TOLLER, dec'd., of said County, will offer for sale, at the late residence of said deceased, on Tuesday, the 21st day of March next, and from day to day until the same is disposed of, the following property, viz: Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Bacon, Corn, Fodder, two yoke of Oxen, one Cart, one Peck Wagon, Household and Kitchen furniture, and many other articles usually on a farm, and too tedious to mention, upon a credit of six months. Also, at the close of the sale, the Negroes belonging to said estate will be let to hire until the first day of January next. Terms of hire made known on the day of hire.

FURTHER NOTICE.
 All persons having claims against the estate of said Thomas Toller, dec'd., are hereby notified to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by Law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.
 All persons indebted to said estate, will please make immediate payment.
NATHAN WILLIAMS, Adm'r.
 February 29, 1845.

“MAY, did you peep in o Mr. Good's letter?”—In. Mar. I only just looked to see if there was any thing about love in it, as I saw it was a woman's hand writing.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
 Johnston County.
**Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—
 November Term, 1847.**

Thomas C. Clifton
 vs.
 Louis P. Bauldin.
 Judicial attachment, levied on Personal Property—
 and Jacob Barnes and
 Wille Holt, Ex. Sum-
 moned Garnishee.
 In this Case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Louis P. Bauldin, has absconded or so conceals himself, that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him; It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Star, for six weeks notifying said Defendant to appear at the next Term of our said Court to be held for the County of Johnston, at the Court House in Smithfield, on the 4th Monday of February next, and then and there to plead and reply; otherwise judgment will be had ex parte.
 Witness, Thomas Bagley, Clerk of our said Court, at office the 19th day of December, 1847.
THOMAS BAGLEY, Clk.
 Price adv. \$5 62.

JAMES E. BROWN,
 WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
SADDLERY AND TRUNK MAKER,
 No. 142 Market St. between 4th & 5th Sts.,
 PHILADELPHIA.
 RESPECTFULLY informs Dealers and others, that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand an extensive assortment of Saddles, Bridles, Russel and Enamelled Leather Saddle Bags, Collars, Whips, &c. Also, a large stock of Solid Leather, Russel, Black and Fancy colored Solid Riveted Trunks, Valises, &c. together with from 300 to 500 waxony, Brussels and Damask Carpet Bags, Ladies Bags, Satchels, &c. all of which he offers at the lowest prices, and solicits an examination of his goods, being confident that every article will give satisfaction both in price and quality.
 4-7c.

The Graefenberg Vegetable Pills.
 30,000 BOXES SOLD EACH AND EVERY WEEK!
THE GRAEFENBERG COMPANY
 Hereby give notice that their General Agent for the State of North Carolina is C. L. W. JONES, Louisville, Franklin Co. N. C.
 The General Agent is fully prepared to appoint sub-agents wherever there is no branch of the Company; either on personal application or by mail, post-paid. The rapid sale of these celebrated pills, and the extraordinary cures they are constantly effecting, render them, by far, the most popular pill of the age. An Agency will consequently be very valuable. The Graefenberg Pills are inconceivably superior to any ever before discovered. In all bilious complaints, in general derangement of the system; in all disorders which result from a bad state of the blood, these pills are a sovereign remedy.
 In the class of diseases called chronic, the Graefenberg Pills achieve their highest triumphs. Here they defy all competition—Entering within the hidden recesses of the system, they quietly but surely purify the blood, root out disease, and give tone and vigor to the body.
Cures are Constantly Effected
 By these Pills, in cases where every other means had utterly failed. The most abundant proof of this could be given, but a trial of one box will convince the patient. They can be ordered and sent by mail, at trifling expense. The price is 25 cents a box. Where two dollars worth are ordered and the money remitted, the company will pay the postage on the Pills.—Remittances at the Company's risk. Wherever there is no Agency of the Company they can be ordered by mail.
 These Pills are taking the place of all others, and no sick person should be without them.
ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS
 Bowel Complaints, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Headache, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, all Stomach Complaints, Green Sickness, &c. &c., yield at once to these Pills. They purge away offensive humors, arrest the progress of disease, and at the same time restore tone and vigor to the system. In cases of general derangement of the health, they are SOVEREIGN.

BY THEIR USE.
 The weak will become strong; the pale and bilious complexion be restored to a perfectly fresh and healthy color; all the bad symptoms will one by one disappear.
 In short, these Pills are an inconceivable advance upon any other medicine ever before offered to the public. A TRIAL WILL SATISFY ANY ONE.

Lamps, Chandeliers,
 Candelabra, Girandoles, Rich China & Bohemian Glass Vases, Hall Lanterns, &c.
DIETZ, BROTHER & CO.,
 Washington Street, No. 139 William Street, NEW YORK, (One door south of Fulton St.)
 ARE MANUFACTURING and have always ON HAND, a full assortment of articles in their line, of the following description, which they will sell at wholesale or retail, at low prices for cash.
 Solar Lamps—Gilt, Bronzed and Silvered, in great variety.
 Suspending Solar Lamps, gilt and bronzed.
 Bracket do do do do
 Side do do do do 2, 3, 4 and 6 lights.
 Solar Chandeliers, do do 2, 3, 4 and 6 lights.
 Camphene Suspending Lamps, gilt and bronzed.
 do Bracket do do 2, 3, 4 and 6 lights.
 Chandeliers do do 2, 3, 4 and 6 lights.
 Girandoles—Gilt, Silvered and Bronzed, various patterns.
 Candelabra do do do do
 China Vases and Bohemian Glass Vases, do do
 Hall Lanterns, a large assortment, plain & cut, do do with Stained and Bohemian Glass Lights.
 Lamp Wicks, Chimneys & Shades of all kinds, Paper Shades, a large assortment of new patterns and styles.
 OILS—Sperm, Whale, and Lard, of the best quality.
 Superior Camphene and Burning Fluid.
 November 29, 1847 47 13c

Mr. Clay presided at the Annual Meeting of the American Colonization Society in the House of Representatives on the night of the 18th ult. A very large audience was in attendance; and Mr. Clay addressed them, in his usual eloquent and forcible style. He gave the Society notice that he never expected to preside over it again.—Argus.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LAND,
 FOR TAX DUE ON THE SAME.
 Will be sold, on the 6th day of March, 1848, at the Court House door in the County of Pasquotank, the terms of land listed by the following persons, or as much of the said land as will pay the tax due on the same for the following years, 1844, 1845 and 1846, and all lawful charges, if not paid before.

District No. 1.	1844	1845	1846
William Hutchins, Dec'd	\$1 21	\$1 35	1 18
Edip Palmer of —	96	94	
David Keaton, Dec'd	1 74		
Susan Palmer of —	14		
Henry W. Skinner	2 60		
District No. 2.			
John Carter, Dec'd.	1 65		
John Wilson, Dec'd.	1 65		
District No. 3.			
Thos. Avery, Dec'd.	6 32		
Henry Braith	1 35		
Joseph Commander, Dec'd	4 25		
Nathanial A. Raper, Cr			
Billy Raper's Heirs	1 58	2 07	
Joseph Symons of —	1 39		
Abner Shanhans of —	1 29	1 42	
District No. 4.			
Joseph Love's heirs at law		3 96	3 96
District No. 5.			
Edward Briggs, for Man- sard's Heirs at Law.	1 27	1 37	
Will Cooper	1 06	1 09	
Robert Davis	96		
Alley Davis	1 79		
Geo. W. H. Gregory, Dec'd	1 65	1 98	1 57
Abigail Hair	1 37		
John Jennings	1 56		
Thilwell Scott, Dec'd	1 30		
Will G. Burgess		2 96	
George R. Davis		3 05	
Arthur Davis's heirs at law		1 25	1 12
Isaac Jennings		87	
1 lot belonging to the heirs at Law Casakton	2 16	2 88	1 89
District No. 6.			
Hardy Forehand	2 11	2 49	2 12
Polly Forehand	31	36	19
Wm. Sawyer of Camden	45	81	
John Stanly, Dec'd.	2 30		
Redding Sawyer, Dec'd	4 65	2 85	2 15
Joshua Stokely's Heirs	1 85	1 14	
David Cartwright's Heirs	0 60	9 75	7 36
Joshua Cook, Dec'd		1 08	1 08
Levy Griffin of —		11	21
Chany Griffin of —		16	52
Priscilla Jones		4 51	
Henry Jennings		4 31	
Isaac Fuchs		2 42	
District No. 7.			
Joseph Cox	1 11		
Allen Hackett	94		
Hannah Overton of —	92	92	1 14
Simon Overton of —	95	95	1 12
Elizabeth Bundy, Dec'd	1 80		
John Calhoun	1 36		
Joshua W. Irelia	3 73	5 02	
Seth White		1 25	
George Newlan of Norfolk Va. his heirs at law	8 76	11 57	7 92
The Canack Tract, and given in by Edward H. Hubbard	21 60	28 80	23 70
JOSHUA A. POOL, Sheriff of Pasquotank County, N. C. Price adv. \$17 30 2-2 months			

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
 Hertford County.
**Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—
 November Term, 1847.**

James W. Hill and wife
 and Others
 vs.
 Thomas Joyner, Exe-
 cutor of Isaac Carter
 dec'd and others.
 “Petition for Settle-
 ment.”
 It appearing to the Court by the affidavit of James W. Hill, that the defendants, Drewry Carter, Isaac Carter, James Carter, Isaac Sharp, Jacob Sharp, and Caroline Sharp, are not residents of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Star for six weeks, notifying them of the filing of this Petition, and that they be and appear at the next term of said Court to be held for the County of Hertford at the Court House in Winton, on the Fourth Monday of February next; then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said petition; otherwise the same will be taken as confessed and heard ex parte as to them.
 Witness, Lewis M. Cowper, clerk of the said Court, at Winton the Fourth Monday of November, A. D. 1847. **L. M. COWPER, Clk.**
 4-6wpd.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.
 Each individual would do well to look out for himself, lest he should lose the opportunity of obtaining a bargain, which he might regret.
 THE subscribers have moved to that very commodious Store, opposite the Market, and next door to Mrs. Hardie's Confectionery, where they have always on hand a good assortment of the finest
 BOOTS and SHOES for Gentlemen, Robinson's Ladies' Walking Shoes, together with manufacturing stock of all kinds. They hold themselves in readiness to fill all orders, and to make every article, as ordered, ensuring a satisfactory fit in all cases. They feel thankful for the liberal share of patronage extended to them, hoping that they may merit and receive an increase of the same.
J. P. ADAMS & CO.
 Jan. 4, 1848.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
 Hertford County,
**Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—
 November Term, 1847.**

William P. Brittain, Adm'r.
 vs.
 Moses Manley
 vs.
 Noah Manley and Others,
 heirs at Law of Moses
 Manley, dec'd.
 “Petition for the
 Sale of Land.”
 In this Case, it appearing to the Court, that the defendants, Joseph Manley and Winner Manley, are residents of some other State; it is ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Star for six weeks, notifying the said Joseph Manley and Winner Manley to be and appear at the next Term of said Court to be held for the County of Hertford, at the Court House in Winton, on the Fourth Monday of February next; then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said Petition; otherwise, the same will be taken as confessed and heard ex parte as to them.
 Witness, Lewis M. Cowper, clerk of the said Court, at Winton, the Fourth Monday of November, A. D. 1847. **L. M. COWPER, Clk.**
 4-6wpd.

A single statement like the following ought to be a sufficient inducement to any one suffering with diseased lungs to make a trial of Wistar's Balsam, and test its virtues in their own case.
FRANCIS, Obedia Co., N. Y., May, 1846.
 Mr. S. W. Fowzy,—Dear Sir, I take pleasure in stating to you my experience in the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

THE SACRED MOUNTAINS,
 By T. J. HEADLEY.
 1 vol. pp. 204, beautifully printed.

Mr. Headley's reputation as an author, has been widely diffused by his “Napoleon and his Marshes” and “Washington and his Generals.” “The Sacred Mountains” commends itself by the beautiful drapery which its author has thrown around scriptural facilities, as well as by the forceful and elegant diction in which the scenes are described—scenes in which the reader feels a very natural interest from their connection with the Bible history, and to which Mr. Headley has imparted additional charms by the rich and varied imagery with which he has invested them.
 Persons whose residence is remote from large cities, and who have not ready access to book-stores, may be desirous of purchasing a work of the merit of “The Sacred Mountains,” and to such the Publisher offers to transmit by mail, free of postage, three copies on the receipt of \$1.
JOHN S. TAYLOR, Publisher.
 151 Nassau street, New York.

SYLVESTER'S STRONG BOX,
A Safe stronger than the Banks of the
Sub-treasury.

There is a stream of boundless depth and current, which is constantly flowing and flowing irradiates the soil, whence springs the source of joy and happiness. All seek to imbibe its waters, and few fail after sufficient applications to receive adequate benefit, re-invigorated in health, in spirits, and in purse. The fulcrum of the supply, and the purity of its current, invites every one to partake of its invigorating waters. The stream is S. J. SYLVESTER, whence all derive the various advantages which cannot be too highly extolled. For twenty years he has pursued the same without deviation distributing yearly Millions of Dollars throughout the various States. Success has marked his course, and when Banks refuse discounts, and the Government is in want of funds, he never fails to disburse whatever is sought at his hands. The LOTTERY under his guidance has attained a certainty which is unexampled. The year has commenced most auspiciously, the amount disseminated is larger than ever before. The SCHEMES for March are of surpassing brilliancy a large amount of PRIZES will be distributed. Adventurer attention is especially directed to the CAPITALS and SMALLER PRIZES. Correspondents are requested to forward their orders early, that they may meet with due attention. Be careful to address

S. J. SYLVESTER,
 41 Wall Street New York.
20 Prizes of \$5,000
 ARE
\$100,000!

NEW JERSEY STATE LOTTERY, Class 15, for 1848, to be drawn at Jersey City, (N. J.) on Wednesday, 1st of Mar. 1848. 78 numbers 12 Drawn Balls.
SPLENDID SCHEME.
 36,728!
 20 Prizes of \$5,000 each!
 40 Prizes of \$1,000 each!
 150 Prizes of \$500 each!
 65 of 100 dollars — 60 of 80 dollars
 65 of 40 dollars — 132 of 30 dollars
 &c. &c.
 Tickets 10 Dollars.
 A certificate of a Package of 25 Tickets will be sent for \$140—Shares in proportion.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, Class 10, for 1848, to be drawn at Alexandria (D. C.) on Saturday, 4th of Mar. 1848. 78 numbers—14 Drawn Balls.
GRAND SCHEME.
 \$35,000! 13,000 \$10,000!
 1 of 5,000 1 of 3,500
 1 of 3,000 1 of 2,050
 1 of 2,000 1 of 1,000.
 20 Prizes of \$600 each
 20 of 400 40 of 300
 256 Prizes of \$200, each!!
 64 of 100 64 of 80 &c.
 Tickets \$10—Shares in proportion.
 A Certificate of a Package of 25 Tickets will be sent for \$130—Shares in proportion.

VIRGINIA LOTTERY, Class 10, for 1848, to be drawn at Alexandria (D. C.) on Saturday, 11th of Mar. 1848. 78 numbers—12 Drawn Balls.
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.
 2 prizes of \$30,000.—2 prizes of \$12,000!
 2 of 7,000 2 of 5,000
 2 of 3,256 1 10 of 1,300
 20 of 600 dollars.
 30 Prizes of \$300 Each!!!
 140 Prizes of \$200 each!
 63 of 100 62 of 80
 &c. &c.
 Tickets 10 dollars.
 A Certificate of a Package of 25 Tickets will be sent for \$130—Shares in proportion.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY, Class 11, for 1848, to be drawn at Alexandria, (D. C.) on Saturday, 18th of Mar. 1848. 66 Numbers 13 Drawn Balls.
GRAND SCHEME.
 \$30,000! \$10,000
 1 of 5,000 dollars 1 of 3,500 dollars.
 1 of 2,050 1 of 2,000
 1 of 2,748 75 1 of 2,500
 10 of \$1,000 15 of \$400
 25 of \$200 each
 30 of 150 106 of 50 180 of 100
 Tickets \$10—Shares in proportion.
 A Certificate of a Package of 25