

NORTH CAROLINA SPECTATOR AND WESTERN ADVERTISER.

VOLUME I.

RUTHERFORDTON, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 1, 1830.

NUMBER 33.

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ROSWELL ELMER, JR.

Terms of subscription. Two dollars and fifty cents, per annum, if paid in advance; or three dollars, if paid within the year;—but if delayed after the close of the year, twenty-five cents will be added.

No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, or at the discretion of the publisher. Advertisements inserted on the usual terms.—All persons advertising will please note the number of times they wish to have them inserted, or they will be continued and taxed accordingly.

SPECULATION LANDS. TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, Notice is hereby Given,

WHEREAS an Injunction has been obtained from the Honorable, one of the Judges of the Superior Court of Law and Equity, for the State of North Carolina, against Gold Hoyt, Arthur Bronson, and James B. Murray, of the City of New York; at the suit of Eliza Thomson, Executrix, Peter A. Jay, and Peter W. Radcliff, Executors and Trustees of the Estate of James Thomson of the City of New York, (Deceased), upon certain Lands situate in the Counties of Buncombe, Rutherford, and Mecklenburg, forbidding and "Enjoining them, their Agent, or Agents, Attorney, or Attorneys, all persons claiming under them; from leasing or working any Gold Mines, Breaking Soil erecting Buildings, Cultivating any of said Lands, disposing of, or in any way interfering with said Lands, or any part thereof," until the ultimate decision and termination of said Suit. All Persons concerned will therefore take notice of the same, as a strict observance will be made of any infringement of said Injunction.

CHARLES L. H. SCHEFFELIN,
Attorney for ELIZA THOMSON,
PETER A. JAY, &
PETER W. RADCLIFF.
Rutherfordton, N. C. August, 1830. 27 tf

NOTICE.

HEREBY forewarn all persons from trading for three several promissory NOTES, executed by me to Ransom I. Moore, on the 7th instant, for one hundred dollars each, the first payable 30 days after date, the second 12 months after the first, and the third 12 months after the second—as I have not received the bonds of title to certain lands, in consideration for which they were given; and each of which I protest and will not pay unless compelled by Law and Equity.

JAMES LEMONS.
Rutherford, Aug. 13, 1830. 27tf

SHERIFF SALES.

THERE will be exposed to public sale, on the 2nd Monday in October next, at the Court-House in Asheville, in the county of Buncombe, 500 ACRES OF LAND, in Three Tracts: One Tract, of 200 Acres, lying on the Blue Ridge and waters of Green River, joining lands of Joseph Stepp; also, 200 Acres, on the Devil's Fork of Mud Creek, near or adjoining lands of David Myers; and, 100 Acres, on the Blue Ridge and waters of Green River, near or adjoining lands of Robert Jones—the property of Allen Twitty, in the suit of Joseph Wilson's Administrators. 28 7w34 N. HARRISON, Sheriff. By DAVID REES, Dp. Sh. ff. Buncombe, August 31, 1830.

State of North Carolina, Buncombe County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—July Session, 1830.

John C. Smith, pro. Am. } Original Attachment.

Daniel O. Donnell, }
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Daniel O. Donnell is not an inhabitant of this State; therefore, Ordered by Court, that publication be made in the North Carolina Spectator and Western Advertiser, that the Defendant be, and appear, at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Buncombe, at the Court-House in Asheville, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, to plead answer or demur, or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, JOHN MILLER, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the first Monday in July, 1830. Pr. ad. \$3.00. JOHN MILLER, C. C. C. 28 6w By R. E. FORTUNE, C. C.

State of North Carolina, Rutherford County.

In Equity.—Spring Term, A. D. 1830.

Richard Arendale and wife
Mary, Charles Blackwell,
Chesley Webb and his wife
Henrietta, and Peter Blackwell,
vs.
Daniel Blackwell, George Byars,
John Blackwell, James Blackwell, Reuben Mastin and Sarah his wife, Rebecca Mastin—and Felix, Joel, and Mary Blackwell, heirs at law of Joel Blackwell, Jr., deceased.

Bill for account and distribution.

It appearing satisfactorily to the Court, that John Blackwell, James Blackwell, Reuben Mastin and wife Sarah, and Rebecca Mastin, defendants in this cause, are not inhabitants of this State. It is ordered that they appear before the Judge of the Court of Equity, to be held for Rutherford county, at the Court House at Rutherfordton, on the third Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, and plead, answer or demur, otherwise complainants' bill will be taken pro confesso and set down for hearing exparte, as to them.—And that, this Order be published six weeks successively in the North Carolina Spectator and Western Advertiser.

Copr. Teste, T. F. BIRCHETT, C. & M. July 30th, 1830. Pr. ad. \$3.50—25 6w

NOTICE.

FOREWARN all persons from trading with, or crediting my wife ELIZABETH SHOUT, as she has left my house and board, without any just cause, and I am determined not to pay any contract that she may make. JOHN F. SHOUT. Limestone, Buncombe, Aug. 22, 1830. 28tf

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber claims the right of invention to the RAILWAY CAR GOLD RIDDLE, and designs applying for a patent for the same.—All persons are hereby forewarned and cautioned against making or using any machine made upon his plan or principle. OSCAR WILLIS. Brackettstown, Burke County, Sept. 1st, 1830. 29 6w p

RUNAWAY.

State of Alabama,) ASHVILLE, Aug. 11,
St. Clair County,) 1830.

To Mr. John McDaniel.

DEAR SIR: There was a NEGRO MAN taken up as a runaway, on the 9th instant, who says his name is Charles Dopey, and that he belongs to John McDaniel, of Green River, Rutherford County, North Carolina. He is 5ft. 9 or 10 in. high, yellow complexion, stout made, had a scar on the butt of his left hand (cut with a reaphook,) has had his big toe on his right foot a little frostbitten. He says he was brought from North Carolina by one John Thompson, and states that he left his master in March last. The owner will do himself justice by applying immediately, prove his property and pay expenses; if not, within six months he will be sold to pay the jail fees. Yours, &c. JOHN S. EDWARDS, Sheriff.

The above, as will be seen, was addressed to Mr. J. McD., with a request on the outside of the letter, that in case of the absence of such person, it be opened by the Post Master and made public. There being no such person now residing in this county—the public attention is called to it, that the real owner of the negro may procure his property. 31 6w

WATCH MAKING AND JEWELRY.

MR. CHR. BECHTLER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Rutherford County, and its neighborhood, that he has established himself as a CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER, JEWELLER, &c. in Rutherfordton, (opposite Mr. Wm. Twitty's tavern) and is now ready to attend to all calls in his line of business. From his long experience, both in Europe and America he is confident that he can give entire satisfaction to all who may please to patronize him in his business. Every description of Clocks and Watches, will be repaired with promptness and care, and on moderate terms. All kinds of Jewellery mended, or made to suit the taste of the purchaser. He has on hand, an assortment of

JEWELRY, which he warrants to be of a superior quality. Rutherfordton, July 28, 1830. 24 tf

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that on the First day of October next ensuing, there will be exposed to public sale, at the late dwelling house of Abel Hardin, deceased:

Negroes,
Cattle,
Hogs, &c.

Twelve months credit will be given to the purchaser—the purchaser giving bond with approved freehold security. Also, all those who are indebted, are requested to make immediate payment. Those who have claims against said estate, are requested to forward their accounts within the time prescribed by law, or this will be pleaded in bar against them. TACHARIAH EARLES, Ex'r. Rutherford, August 21st, 1830. 28ds33

LOOK OUT—A SWINDLER !!!

ABSCONDED from this place, on the night of the 21st inst. a young man, who calls himself LITTLEBURY M. S. FOX, a saddle and harness maker by trade, (but an indifferent workman,) he served his apprenticeship with Mr. Long of Wanesborough, Va. He is about 19 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, slender built, dark complexion, black hair, has a scar on the left side of his face near the ear, occasioned by a burn—he travels with a large valise. He had also in his possession a gray mixed frock-coat, a black and white striped roundabout. He also swindled a black velvet vest, a pair of blue cloth pantaloons, a new drab colored hat (made by A. McKee, Charlottesville,) an octave flute, and several other articles. He also contracted several considerable debts on his employer's account, without permission, which he also swindled.—The public are cautioned against the vagabond above described. Charlottesville, Va. June 25, 1830.

Printers generally, will confer a favor on the public, by giving the above a few insertions in their respective papers.

NEW YORK AMULET,

And Ladies Literary and Religious Chronicle.

THE primary object of this work will be to portray the deleterious consequences of vice in the most vivid colors—to exhibit the beauties and rewards of virtue in all their captivating loveliness—to awaken the better feelings of human nature—to cultivate the social and domestic affections—to lead the mind through the most delightful avenues to the bowers of happiness and peace, &c. &c. To accomplish these designs, we shall call to our aid all the eloquence of truth clothed in the most fascinating forms—such as moral essays—simple or pathetic tales, varying from "grave to gay, from lively to serene"—poetical sketches—didactic articles in verse—and sometimes to enliven our pages, a tale of fancy—a humorous story—an allegory—a ballad—or a song, will receive an insertion. In each and in all, the great end and aim will be to convey useful instruction, through a pleasing medium, to the heart.

The entire services of a distinguished literary gentleman, late from London, formerly Editor of the London Literary Magnet, contributor to the New Monthly Magazine, Literary Gazette, &c. are engaged for the New York Amulet. Another gentleman, formerly of London, who is favorably known in literary circles, has kindly promised to become a regular contributor to our columns. If these considerations, added to the fact of our having enlisted in our favor, some of the most talented writers in this country, are any recommendation to the favor of a generous public, our claims will, we trust, receive attention.

The NEW YORK AMULET will be published semi-monthly, in the city of New York, at the unusually low price of one dollar per annum. Those who forward five dollars shall receive six copies—and those who remit twenty dollars shall receive twenty-five copies—reducing the price to EIGHTY CENTS per volume, only.

Subscriptions for the above publication will be received at this Office, where the work can be examined.

NOTICE TO GOLD MINERS

HEREBY forewarn all persons from building or using a machine lately invented by me, called THE GOLD CRADLE, for washing and separating alluvial Gold from the earth, stones, &c.; or of constructing such upon my plan and invention, as I intend to apply for a Patent on the same. The patent law will be enforced against all who infringe upon the plan of said machine. JOHN WOODY. Jeanstown, Sept. 11, 1830. 31tf

VIRGINIA

Military Land Warrants.

I WILL purchase claims to Land Warrants and Warrants already granted by the State of Virginia for the services of her Officers and Soldiers in the Revolutionary War; as well as those on the Continental and State establishment. On I will locate all warrants that may be procured for location, upon the most desirable and valuable lands in Ohio, Indiana or Illinois, as may be preferred, for such part thereof as will be a fair compensation for the services rendered—and this service shall be such as ought to be expected from one who has resided 22 years in the West, and whose time has been constantly and exclusively devoted to land and land matters.

Every Officer and Soldier, and every Chaplain and Surgeon who served in the Continental Army, or in that of the State, or in the Navy of the State of Virginia, who, or their representatives, have not yet drawn a bounty in land, (and not more than one tenth of all the soldiers, sailors and marines have yet obtained their warrants,) are entitled to one, and can now obtain it, under the late law passed for their benefit.—And to all such do not know how to proceed to obtain their rights, my services are now tendered and will be promptly rendered.

Letters, postage paid, addressed to me at Richmond, Virginia, until the 1st of January next, will be attended to, and in all cases where necessary, I will call in person upon those interested. CADWALLADER WADEACE. Chillicothe, Ohio, June 15, 1830. 30 4w

THE LADY'S BOOK.

CHARLES ALEXANDER, Publisher of the Daily Chronicle, and well known as having been connected in the publication of the Saturday Evening Post and Casket, Proposes in conjunction with LOUIS A. GODEY, to commence, on the first of July next, under the above title, A MONTHLY LITERARY MISCELLANY.

This work will be devoted especially to the service of the LADIES, and looking chiefly to them for patronage, no exertion will be spared to merit it. The plan contemplated varies materially from that of any of the American Periodicals now published: and if executed in the style which the Proprietors believe to be within their means, will be found, they trust, to be an improvement, in some respect at least, upon the best of its predecessors. In the choice of materials, though original contributions of decided merit will always be acceptable, they never will be introduced to the exclusion of other articles of superior value. The numerous Magazines to be provided for the purpose of selection, will always afford a plentiful supply of matter suitable for the LADY'S BOOK, which, when republished, will possess, for all but a few, the attraction of novelty. Extensive arrangements have been made at home and abroad that will give every facility to the ready attainment of the choicest and earliest productions. The design includes every thing which may be expected to afford entertainment and instruction, in an inviting form, to those for whom the work is intended. It is presumed, too, that a MISCELLANY deserving the notice of the Ladies, cannot but prove worthy of the attention of the other sex. Among the subjects which may be enumerated as likely to be prominent, will be found music, including notices of new compositions, with occasional disquisitions on the science, and reprints of such NEW SONGS as may be thought worthy to be so distinguished; BIOGRAPHICAL ANECDOTES, TALES, and INTERESTING NARRATIVES from writers of real talent; the FASHIONS, with an illustrative engraving quarterly, fancifully colored. This department will be under the superintendance of persons well versed in the art, and no pains will be spared to render it not the least attractive part of the contents.

A word or two now and then will be introduced, touching those exercises and sports which are generally regarded as improving to both health and beauty, among which RINGING and DANCING may be specified; with appropriate wood cuts by skillful artists. POETRY, of course, will be one of the departments to which great attention will be paid; and EMBROIDERY, the POETRY OF NEEDLE WORK, will fill its due space. On this latter subject it will be difficult to find contributors who can write clearly, but the engraver will be perfectly intelligible.

CONDITIONS.

The work will be issued in numbers, on the first of every month, and comprise fifty-six octavo pages; to be printed on a fine super royal paper with entirely new type, and carefully stiched in colored covers. Every number will contain a piece of MUSIC, one COPPER-PLATE ENGRAVING, and at least four WOOD CUTS illustrative of some of the contents; and every three months a COLORED PLATE of the LATEST LONDON OF PARIS FASHIONS. The subscription price will be \$3 per annum, payable in advance—25 per cent., semi-annually, will be added to all subscriptions that remain unpaid, and the work discontinued to those who neglect to settle up their arrears. Great attention will be paid to forwarding the work to country subscribers, and they may receive it uninjured by mail transportation. Agents, receiving subscriptions, and remitting the amount to the publishers, will be allowed 15 per cent. discount, or a proportionate number of copies of the work. Address

LOUIS A. GODEY, & CO. Daily Chronicle Office, Philadelphia. June 1, 1830.

For B. subscriptions received at this Office for the above work.

SAVE YOUR FLAX SEED.

THE subscriber continues to purchase clean sound FLAX SEED, at seventy-five cents per bushel. Wm. Twitty, and Robert Twitty, at Rutherfordton, will take in seed for me. JOHN MOORE. White Oak, June 14, 1830. 18 5wp

SILK WORMS.

HAVING procured from the most part of the State, last winter, a few SILK WORM EGGS, not exceeding 1000, I have been fortunate enough in raising and hatching the eggs and rearing the worms, and expect to have by next fall, 30 or 40,000 eggs, which I am willing to distribute among the citizens of this county, at a low price. The white mulberry is recommended as the best for the purpose of raising the worms, but I find from experience, that the common black mulberry will do very well. Having taken considerable pains to obtain information as to the management of the silk worms, I have not the least doubt that they can be raised in this county to advantage. I have been advised to save all the eggs for the use of the public, as it is difficult to obtain them in this section of the country. My family have made a trial to wind some of the silk from the cocoons, in which they succeeded with ease, and have made some very nice sewing silk. THOMAS GOODE. Rutherford, July 7, 1830. 21tf

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMY.

[From the Sullivan, (N. H.) Mercury.]

Aminadab Halfanhourafterev'nything. This gentleman has a very long name, and therefore in speaking of him, we shall call him Dab for shortness.

Are you acquainted with him gentle reader?—for fear you should not be, we will describe him to you.

Dab is neither old nor young, and therefore of a certain age; (for the explanation of this seeming paradox we refer you to some one more learned than ourselves) he is neither tall nor short, but yet a man of some size; his beard is generally uncut till noon; his complexion, for want of water, somewhat resembles a clay soil in a drought; his hair is matted together, and hangs over his eyes and ears like a wet yarn swab; his teeth are of the color his last quid and meal left them; his hands are begrimed with dirt, and his nails are rugged and uneven, because he uses his teeth to trim them instead of a knife.—His dress consists of a hat with "no rim nor nothing," "knocked into a cocked hat" by hard usage, and covered with various kinds of grass-seed, chalk, white-wash, cob-webs and stable litter; his coat was of some definite color, but now it would puzzle an optician to find out the original tint, so worn, threadbare and diversified with various specimens of dirt has it become, by its unguarded contact with every improper thing; it is ornamented by a few brass buttons at uncertain intervals, which dangle down and swing about at every motion of the body like the bells on a harlequin's cap, and by button holes that will not hold buttons. The sleeves of it are torn at the elbows, the cuffs are ragged, the flaps are beginning to fall off, and there are two slits in the back, and one rent under each arm. Dab's vest was once black, but now resembles in color a fox's tail. It has three buttons on it, and four slits in it—not taking into account the button holes rent out. His pantaloons look as if they had been worn by a bricklayer who pursued his labors without an apron, and are ornamented with divers rents through which specimens of skin and linen protrude. His shoes are not mates, and his stockings of different kinds—one being cotton and the other woollen they look as if his wife was sick, and his female help gone away to be married—so dirty are they. His shirt collar is the color of his beard, and his cravat of a changeable mud hue, spotted with tobacco juice and shining with grease. So much for Dab's outward man, and now for his homestead.

He lives in a large house that looks as ragged as a hawk's nest. The shingles on the roof are loose, the glass is broken out of the sashes, the window frames rattle with the wind, the doors are off of their hinges, the buttons, latches, locks and bolts off of the doors; the backs of the fire-places are burnt out; the shelves of the cupboard are broken down; the walls are black with smoke, and the clapboards outside decayed and falling off for want of paint and nails. Go to his barn. One door that opened at the entrance of the bay was taken from its hinges fall beforelast to mix mortar on, and Dab has not found time to hang it since. The stalls for the cattle and horses are choaked with manure; harnesses and yokes are mingled together under foot: the pitch-fork is where the shovel ought to be, and the shovel was lost last summer. The boards of the barn are falling off on the outside, and the floor is settling on the inside. The manure that ought to be in barn-yard is in the front yard, and elsewhere in spots. The grain crib is open to hens and chickens, rats and mice, and the hens and chickens open to foxes, and weasels, and snakes.

Look about Dab's premises. His orchard is overgrown with wood, his fences lean about as if they were overcome with fatigue. His garden contains only weeds interspersed with three seed onions, one headless cabbage, two hollyhocks, a bunch of marigolds, and four flourishing stamunium plants. The gates are kept closed up, when shut at all—which never happens until the cattle have left but little that requires fencing.

Look at Dab's stock. His horses seem as if faint with hunger, and rock to and fro like a ship at sea whenever the wind is high. His oxen appear like skeletons with hides drawn over them, and are followed by the crows whenever they go. His sheep are poor, sickly and few in number—with toes as long as those of a Turkish skipper.

Dab's carts, and sleds, and harrows, and rollers, and threshing, and winnowing machines; are all out of order.

How do you like my gentleman? you surely must remember him now, if not, however, I will be a little more particular.

The reason that every thing about Dab, and that he himself, is in such confusion, is to be attributed solely to one bad habit of his. This habit will appear trivial, doubtless, when we name it, but nevertheless, it is the cause of what Dab calls "all his misfortunes" but which we more correctly designate, the consequences of his only fault.

Dab never does a thing at the moment it ought to be done. For instance—he puts off having his cart mended, because he does not want to use it immediately, and when he does want to use it, he has to wait the leisure of the blacksmith or wheelwright before he can begin to work. It is so with Dab in all his affairs. He procrastinates every thing as long as possible, and when at last he is forced to do a job, it must be done in haste and therefore generally ill done. Dab will sleep in the morning because it will do him as well to begin work after breakfast, and will go to his labor when other people have half done their day's work. In short, he is late and behind-hand in all his business; nor will he ever learn the simple truths "that time is the most precious of all things," and that order is the economizer of time. By doing every thing in season, a man can accomplish infinitely more than one who acts without system. There are many Aminadab Halfanhour-aftereverything's in this world, and they always were, now are, and ever will be—"poor devils."

For the information of the Agriculturist, Mr. Benbow mentions his having found, in his present crop, an ear of corn of uncommon size. It measured 14 1-3 inches around the butt end; the cob 9 1-4 long, and the number of grains amounted to 1078. [Sunter Gaz.]

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

The Editors of the Journal of Commerce have been favored with the following extract of a letter, dated

Carthagen, July 10, 1830.

The Bogota Post of the 25th June has arrived. Gen. Sucre's death is confirmed. It appears he had advanced alone at the head of his party, which, on reaching the wood called Beoruecas, found him dead, pierced with five balls, and his mule with two. This proves that the ambuscade must have consisted of a considerable number of persons. It is also a strong corroboration of the guilt of Obando, in whose district this horrible deed was perpetrated. It is quite impossible that such a force could have been collected, and such an act committed, without the cognizance of the Military and Civil Governor of the Province, who united (on account of his frequent rebellions) a thorough and intimate knowledge of every inhabitant, every inch of ground, and every hiding place, in all Pasto. Obando's personal enmity to Sucre is well known.

All accounts from Bogota represent the condition of the President to be most lamentable;—totally powerless in the hands of a faction whom he has in vain attempted to conciliate, and has not energy sufficient to put down. Their operations are governed by a Junta or Committee, consisting of 104 individuals, who again appoint a superior one 25 members. These force Mosquera to act according to their prejudices. At one of their meetings it was proposed to assassinate all foreigners as obnoxious to them. The American Minister and his Secretary were doomed to perish among the first victims. (We publish this as we receive it, but, hope for the honor of humanity it is not so.) Mr. Turner had an interview on the subject with the President Mosquera. We shall see whether he has sufficient power to protect them.

A resolution is preparing by the Junta, to upset Mosquera and appoint Col. Gaitan Vargas and other patriots of the 25th, Sept. Ministers.

In my last I told you the Provinces of Socorro, Jiron and Cucuta, were in rebellion; Lopez and another individual have excited the Province of Feiva against the government. Guayquil has followed the example of Quito. The re-action in Venezuela continues.

The Liberator is quite well; augmenting his popularity daily, by the retired and simple life he is leading in his little cottage situated about a quarter of a mile from this city. He will not remove from here at present.

[From the New York Evening Post.]

DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

Qui cito dat, dis bat.

Citizens of New York, whether Americans, French, Spaniards, Irishmen, or men of any nation under Heaven, you who are now enjoying the numberless blessings poured around you from the bosom of the