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## PUBLISHED RyERy saturpay yevening ROSWELL ELMER, JR.    <br> NO QUACKERY $T$ <br>   NOTICE. <br> $A^{1}$  Rutherford, Jan. $10,1831 . \mathrm{LCON}$ TURNER, NOACH FACTORY. $\xrightarrow{T O A C}$   <br> COPARTNERSHIP.

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NOTICE
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## INFORTIATION.

 A
 Linally mirvele and Mrse Johana Mathes, and
 thereby roquested doon comeonties iov in thisis state, and did
 WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. Rutherfornton, Jan, 12,1831. JoHN LOGAN.


#### Abstract




## State of North Carolina, Superior Coutherford County. Sumes, Coctober Term, 1830. James H. Hoyt, John Ward






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 State of North Carolina,


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MORAL AND RELIGIOUS. COMmmitation. Etracts from the Sivth Annual Report
of the American Sunday-Schol Union. "WrAT (Conitived from page 1990). 3E ?"-is a question, which in many most
mportant bearings, is ordinarily settled a very early period of it life Tell us if a mother's eye follows, and
mother's hand restrains, the waywurd年se of fis infancy-Tell us if a morther's
prayers are sent up to heaven for blesprayers are sent up to heaven for bles-
sings on his childhood and youth-Tell is if his early footsteps are directed to the Infant and Sunday schools, and if his
maturer years are blessed and brightened y the privieges of the Bible class and ple and prayers of a faithfoun mininster of
he Lord Jesus Christ ; and shall we have any misgivings concerning the character be the subject of true moral education for ae sing se hour without being impressed and
elevated as a morat being. And so deep and enduring are the faintest inupressiops
which a moral influence makes, that they which b moral influence makes, that they
are among the last to fade from the mear${ }^{\text {ory. }}$ Asa
A Assiming it to be desirable that such part of our population, who, from age
and circumstances, will be most likely to yield to it; and supposing ourselves to be
assembled to det means shall be employed for this end ceuld we conceive of any system better fit-
ted to the exieneny of the nase, than that ted to the exigency of the case, than that
which the AMERICAN suxpay schoor uxiwhich the Ambrican sunday school vil-
on has been endeavoring, for six years, to ox has been endeavoring, or six years, to
establish and extend, through the world
The present mmoment will be occuried in a very cursory review of the e transactions
of another year ; and it may be well to of another year; and it may be well to
remember how little such a sketch discloses of the actual influence of Sunday.
 quantity of rain that has fallen in a given
period; but has no power to revealthe secret period, but hasno powertorevealue sccret
influence, which it sends abroad through
the vegetable world filling even the wil dernese, and the waste-ground, with life,
and clothing the grass of the field with imeomparable beauty.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { The history of suiday-schools in this } \\
& \text { country, as system of teligious educa- }
\end{aligned}
$$ tion, embraces a period of less than fif

teen years; and the present number of pupis connected with our institution is es-
timinted at
to00 Probable number of
and superintendents,
teachers
60,00 And if we include the teachen
and learners in schools not connetecd with this institution, we
shall have a total of tat leanst 520,000 .
No satisfactory estimaie can be forme respecting the number of learners in Sun have intelligence howerer respecting their tata, in every christian country. There are among the islands of the sea, which
were but tust now covered with thich Paan darkness, some that have more
theri inhabitants under Sunday-school in-
struction, than can be found so so situate in any district of the United States, of the same size and population. And their
wide and rapid extension was pleasantly wide and rapid extension was pleasantly
illustrated within a few weeks, in a letter from one of our missionaries in the state
of Ilineis, who informed us, that he had
ons Chree miles of Raikes' frrst schools in Glou-
Cester, but never cared to attach himself to them; nor had lle heard or thought about ty years, since) until last summer, when it appeared that they had travelle, so much
farther and faster than himself, ss to have farther and faster than himself, as to have
found him out, in that wilderness, more than four thousand miles from his na-
tive land. The present report of your Board, will
embrace but tiwo or three general topics. And, The business of preparing, publishing and selling books. This is a depart-
ment by itself.
Aside from its deposito ry, the American Sunday-School Union versal moral and religious education of the young by means of Sunday-schools. Ho aurract and interest children, wards were formerly bestowed in the use-
ful and popular form of juvenile books. The variety of these was limited, and their character, for the most part, quite objec-
tionable; and it therefore became necessa ry to resort to the original preparation and publication of books to meet the demand.
It was soon seen that the same purpose It was soon seen that the same purpose,
and much more, might be accomplisbed, without additional expense, by providing
a Sunday-School Library, and so success-
fal has the expedient has now tecome an almost indispensable appendae to every school. O one rasult
and appendage every school. One result
of this chane in the state of thing bas
bees exeedinglimimportant to our business. Under the former system, every
child wo was rewarded, received the
hookes his own, and this the ookes his own, and this the actual conreat and verye rapid, while the variey very
linited. But with libraries the case is Setersed; the variety demanded is yreat
it the consumptoo slow-two or thre copes of each book being sufficient for a hishhange is exceedingly prejudicial to the pecuuiary interests of the Society, and that al must be bbsorbed by our business caphiIes, is sofficiently obvious. anization or dirfrangemement better adapted han ours, os secure and extend the bene-
its of a Suiday-School Iibrary 1. As to the mamner of our pubbications, is well known, that the eight individuals
owhom the bosiness of pubbishing is comnitted, are selected, in equal numbers,
rom four denominations. Not a sentence or a word bears the So-
ciety's sanction, until at least three members of this Committee certify, in writing,
that they have read it; and that they approve it; nor then, until it has received
thedeliberate and unanimous approbation of the committee at some stated meeting-
and
all theses sereral steps, are minutefy reagers, semi-monthly.
Though the number of this committee
has been enlarged during the last yenr, the perinciples of tito organization and rules
hare not been changed ; nod not less than designed for the religious instruction of the young, or helps to their teachers, have
been read, approved and publihed, on
these principtes and by these rules, since these principtcs and by these rules, since
they were established. Nor is it the least the society, that, notwithod's mercies nat rumber, and endlessly various charlas ben made; and notwithstanding the
obvious difificuly of avoiding every form of specch, in which suspicion might hope
o detect some sectarian: bias, the com nittee Lave been so graciously directed io furnish at this hour, a sespas -schoor
 in extensive and approved circulation, a-
mong Christinns on overy denomination.
(Tobeconcludded net nectk.) TEMPERANITCE. The public attention, in this county,
sems at length to be turned to the evils esultang fral Societies been formed for the promotion of Temperance, but our last
Grand Jury have set a laudable example, as guardians of the public morals, in
sounding the alarm and awakening our
people to semse of the danger of the evil. The use of ardent spirits has, or a long time, been gradually increasing
and extending its destructive effects thro all classes of society -scarce a family is to by the ruin and degradation of a son, $\pi$ preached, moralists have written, parents vain ; unthinking youth, nay, men of age
and jugment of and
ares and
wauld continue to temptiser mencing the babitual use of ardent spirits. The habit when formed, like every other
fatal disease, has run its regular cossre, antil, with few exceptions, it has ended in ruin and death.- Ah disease is produced in
the stomach more-2
moral sense is blunted, while the subject is gididing imperceptubly from a temperate drimker, or more properly a sober crunk-
ard, to a beastly one $;$-if he hen gets alarmed at his case and makes resolutions
of amendment, be is geeerally laughed out of imen hient, be in geverally laughed out
of thy his companions or led to the botde again by the craings of his stomach.
After a few such ineffectual efforts to es cape, his resolution is destroyed and he
vields himself a willing victim to thetyrant
No meen mes erer devied ed any prospect of succeess in eradicating the evil until that of forming voluntary associations to suppress and discountenance the practice. Since ardent spirits are found to be totally annecessary to the hudisease of the stomach, making the subiea

