JUDGE SHIPPS ADDRESS

We lay before our readers this week the ad dress of Judge Shipp, the Conservative candidate for Attorney General, to the people of North Carolina. It is just such a paper as was to have been expected from him. It is an open, frank and manly avowal of his political views and sentiments in language becoming a patriot county without further registration.

See 12 That the polls shall be opened on the and a statesman. He meets every issue fairly partizan rancor and vindicative feeling that dis- lot box. rice so many of the public men of the present-

highesty and patriotism. his true Conservative can read this address without feeling proud of his candidate for Attorney General. It is a guarantee that in the lischarge of the duties of his office he will rise ding the day of election, and during these hat he will be the officer of the State and not the has been nominated, been moderate to the fiffulien, articlesix, section one, it the Conservatives do their duty. And this we shall erase his name from the books. believe they will do.

UNFORTUNATE STATE OF AFFAIRS.

The Raleigh Standard of Saturday last an nounces that President Grant has ordered two additional companies of U.S. troops to this State. We do not believe there is any necessity for these troops, and we regret that the acts of a very few bad men have been so magnified as to injure the interests of North Carolina.— Cannot the good men of both parties in the State have a conference and adopt measures for of the State Militia and the use of U. S. troops.

We have ever used our influence to promote a better state of feeling among the people, and Carolina. It is time for native North Caroli- the Executive Department. nians to think more about advancing the interests of their State, and less about office-seekers and their party schemes. Denunciations of Holden and other Republicans will not avert can indulge in epithets-but something more than that must be done, and must be done quick-ly,—Chur. Democrat.

With the Democrat we believe there is no neand their outrages, as much as any man can .deprecate the measure as much as we or Brother important privileges secured to him. Yates does, but their counsels are not heeded.

among the people. We have constantly urged than to find ourself distrusted. But nothing shall deter us in our efforts to promote peace.

We, too, "are willing to be one of any number of the Conservative party to meet a like number there is another important proposition impression." from the Republican party to arrange for a fair sing itself upon the mind of every just man that election without the use or interference of troops of any sort." We, too, "are willing to do any frage was attained, that act of justice, universal thing that is fair to promote peace and advance amnesty, would follow in its wake; but while the interests of good old North Carolina." We should like to see such a conference, but it; will man, while he is enfranchised and admitted to not be held. The extreme men on both sides will prevent any thing of the kind, or will dis-laboring under disabilities imposed by test oaths regard its counsels. And if Bro. Yates under- and constitutional amendments. Good men, pastood the character of those who control the State government as well as we do he would hardly have been at the pains of making the significant offices. I carnestly desire to see all suggestion which he has. Nothing will stay upon terms of equality. The war ended more than five years since; the Southern armies surrendered to the superior power of the United upon them by the evidence of their own senses States; the people as a unit acknowledged allethat it will prove ruinous to the prospects of giance to the Government of the United States.

Since that it will prove ruinous to the prospects of giance to the Government of the United States.

Since that time they have quietly submitted to time to cause the movement to be abandoned and the laws of the country, to the acts of Congress we hope It will. But it is a hard matter to convince demented men of an error of any sort .-And the number of demented in both parties in the State at present is considerable.

REGISTRATION.

All persons whose names are not on the Registration books, who are entitled to vote under the Constitution and laws of the State, should attend to the matter as soon as convenient for ready on the Registration books who have not!

Act relating to Registration:

Sec. 5. The commissioners of counties, shall select, on or before the first Monday in July, anno domini eighteen hundred and seventy, one cinet; and when for any cause there are not enough justices of the peace to have one at each precinct, the commissioners shall appoint some

discreet person to act as registrar of voters.

Sec. 6. Registrars shall be furnished with registration book, and shall at all times, from the first Thursday in July, anno domini eightoen hundred and seventy, to the first Thursday of August, anno domini eighteen hundred and seventy, till the close of the polls on the last mentioned day, receive and register such quali-fied voters as may offer themselves for suffrage, taking care in each case to administer the oath provided by the second section of the sixth article of the constitution to each voter; he shall

receive a fee of three cents for each voter; he shall tered, to be paid out of the county treasury.

Sec. 2. Except in cases provided for in section eleven of this act, no person shall be allowed to vote at any election unless his name shall be the registration books of the procinct in which he offers to vote, unless he take the following oath: "I, ----, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the constitotion and laws of North Carolina, not inconsis-tent therewith; that I have been a resident in the State of North Carolina, for twelve months, and in the county of —— for thirty days, and that I have neither registered nor voted during this election in any other precinct," Such per-son, having taken this oath shall thereupon be

elections to keep the registration books for their precinct at the place of holding the election during the day of such election, and to register therein the name of any legal voter, first administering the oath as provided in the last section, before receiving the vete of any elector not presefore receiving the vote of any elector not pre-

See. 11. The registers of voters shall, at the request of any legal registered voter in his precinct, faraish to such voter, under his signature,

Sec. 12. That the polls shall be opened on the and a succession.

Acts of Congress and the several amendments to the Congress and the several amendments are the congress and the congress are the congress and the several amendments are the congress and the congress are the Constitution of the United States as a final may produce sufficient evidence that he has settlement of the question. He concedes to the colored man all the rights that have been de- as well as those who may be registered on that manded for him. He indulges in none of the who shall carefully deposit the ballot in the bal-

Sec. 24. The registrar of voters shall furnish If parties who can lay claim to any share of the election in the precinct for which he is apthe original registration book to the judges of shall furnish one additional copy for each addi-

tional box. Sec. 27. The books of registration shall be open to inspection at all times between the hours of nine a. m. and three p. m. of each day precehours bove all merely political or partizan feeling- the name of any person who has been registered of any party. It must convince all men of the distinct fitness of the man for the office to which moderate Be the fluiten articlesix, section one, the registrar

Sec. 28. No registered voter shall be challen ged on the day of election, but those offering to register on the day of election may be challenged; and every person applying for registration ben like manner.

DDRESS OF HON. W. M. SHIPP, TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 2d, 1870. I have heretofore been announced as a candi-late for Attorney General of North Carolina. peace and common good feeling that will be sat-leading out sacrificing my own private interest and yielding isfactory and render unnecessary the calling out to the solicitation of numerous friends I have Sacrificing my own private interest and yielding consented to occupy that position. Under the present Constitution the selection of that officer devolves upon the people. This officer is made we fear our efforts so far have not been crowned with much success but we are willing to be quired to defend all actions in the Supreme one of any number of the Conservative party, to Court, and also upon the request of the Govermeet a like number from the Republican party | nor or Legislature to appear in behalf of the to arrange for a fair election without the use or people of the State in all causes or matters, civil people of the State in all causes or matters, civil Some of the Presidents refused to return them, interference of troops of any sort. We are willing to do anything that is fair to promote peace and advance the interests of good old North matters connected with the several branches of of money, and others were unaccounted for, so

Before asking your support for this very im-portant office, I think it my duty to state briefly my views and principles. I sympathise fully it the efforts of the Conservative party to introimpending difficulties and trouble-anybody duce retrenchment and reform, and relieve the State from the misrule under which she is unfortunately laboring. I am opposed to the par-ty in power, because I think they have deceived and abused the confidence of the people; they have heaped upon them onerous taxes; they cersity for troops. We condemn the Ku Klux, have vastly increased the public debt; they have

them out. The real object is to influence the controversy. I mean the question of negro sufelections. And if we felt no interest but that of the partisan in the matter we should not regret it. For it will certainly small upon the heads of its authors, and add many votes to the Con-wiser and better Republicans themselves. They he will set the manly part of a freeman and With the Democrat we have ever used our in- think for himself, or whether he will be led and fluence to promote a better state of feeling controlled by the arts and duplicity of designing and ambitious men. It behooves him to consider well his position, act well his part, and when moderation and toleration with no other effect he votes, do so with reflection and with en eye single to the welfare of his country. Attractive

is constantly coming up before us. We have been taught to believe that when universal sufall the political privileges of a freeman, huntriotic men, men whom the people would delight to honor, are exchided from holding sensis in the country governments have cost, twice as much as in former years. The salaries and fees and lackey, Capt. C. Woodson, H. H. Helper, significant offices. I carnestly desire to see all of officers are doubled; the costs of suits before the great issues of the day discussed. The candidates present from Angusta, Georgia, to Portsmouth, Va. should be worked as one read. The salaries and fees and Lackey, Capt. C. Woodson, H. H. Helper, accomplish this with the present management. passed for the government of these States. They no v desire to be placed upon terms of political equality with their former slaves and to have the privilege of selecting their best men to represent them in the councils of the nation and to send the indicate of the send to send the s

attend to the matter as soon as convenient for and peace than all the flary proclamations is-them to do so. Persons whose names are alchanged their places of residence need not regis-ter again for the coming election.

The following are the sections of the Election

That was succeeded by the administration of Gov. Worth. We then had the reconstruction acts and the military rule of Generals Sickles and Canby. Under these reconstruction acts a Convention was called and assembled in the ity of Raleigh to amend and adopt a Constitujustice of the peace for each election precinct, tion. They entered upon their work and made who shall act as registrar of voters for such preple. In that Convention there was an immense majority of the Republican party. They sub-mitted an instrument which made many and radical changes in our system, leaving scarcely a relic of the old Constitution behind them.— They re-organized the whole judiciary system; they made five Judges of the Supreme Court in-stead of three as heretofore; they made twelve ludges of the Superior Court instead of eight as heretofore; they abolished the County Courts and substituted a Board of Commissioners and

economy in the public expenses, and the poor At the proper time mare man was to be the special object of care and con- mayed to the polls and d sideration on the part of the party which then arose into power,

How have all these promises been fulfilled? Where are the railroads built? The schools in Where are the railroads built? The schools is operation? What has been done to develop the great industrial resources of the State?—
How have the laws been simplified? Where is the economy in public expenses? It can be scarcely necessary to make a serious answer to those questions. Every man's reflection suggests the answer in his own mind. Here and there in a few towns a school or two—if there be any in the country districts I have not heard of them. The agricultural and mineral interest of the country have been forgotten. It is est of the country have been forgotten. It is true, we have had Code Commissioners at work, and although they are intelligent men, yet in their attempt to adapt a system of laws suited to the latitude of New York to the habits and customs of our people, they have succeeded in making a medley that is not understood by the people, by the legal profession, or by the Judges of our Courts. As for the railroads, where are they? Still dragging their slow lengths along. But how have this party succeeded in their financial management? The details of the operations in this department of our system would

be marvelous and astonishing.

When the war cuded our people were ruined in fortune and largely indebted publicly and privately. The Convention of 1865 repudiated the wardebt, but left the debt contracted before 1869, was seventeen millions of dollars; a large, very large debt for the impoverished condition may be challenged, and thereupon it shall be of the country. It was asserted likewise that the duty of the registrar to hear and examine all the Constitution required the old debt to be bound, almost to near forty mithions. Of course the interest of this debt was to be paid regularly and panetually; the ordinary expenses of the jovernment were likewise to be paid, so that the burden imposed apon the people and to be and every person applying for registration be-fore the election, may be challenged at that time taxes too was to be collected out of all, poor as well as rich. The remorseless tax gatherer knows no friend. To carry out these appropriaof various Railroad Presidents and Agents and were thrown upon the markets of the They were manipulated by brokers, jobbers and speculars is not, and I suppose never will be known. It is certain that the State received no melit from them.

How these appropriations were passed is a That outside influences settled conviction. were brought to bear, that rings within ring were formed, that money and bonds were used, is not only believed but established by evidence." But the people became outraged, and the Legislature attempted to retrace their steps. They repealed the laws making these appropriations and required a return of the bonds. Some of the Presidents refused to return them, that a little over four millions are returned Suits are also brought upon some of these bonds requiring the Treasurer to pay the interest .-Those suits are still pending. Under these circumstances who can tell what the debt of the State really is.

Is it a wonder that the credit of the State me, that her bonds are hawked about and sol in the State of New York at one-fifth their val-Who is to blame? It is attempted to throw the odium of these appropriations upon a minor ity of fifteen democrats who were in the Legis hture. But it was a party measure upon which But we cannot see how unknown offenders, who cannot be tracked even by secret detectives, are to be brought to justice either by State or federal troops. Nor is that the real object in calling the party. It sounds too much like the peniis so remarkable that it forms an era in Legisla-tive history. In the anguls of North Carolina gance, such charges of corruption, such wild waste of public money.

The internal improvements of the State ar etarded and put back for years, in all probability, by this reckless conduct on the part of our legislators. What becomes of that great improvement in the West? Where are the seven millions appropriated to build that magnificent work? One President in the North, Baltimore perhaps, the other flitting between Florida and Washington and New York so rapidly that you can scarcely point his place. These men were placed in power by the present administration. and the people of the West must place the reponsibility upon the right shoulders.

But there are other things to be considered.

the ordidary expenses, as they are called, of this present administration. It is startling. In one year, according to the report of the Auditor, as ven hundred and ninety-two thousand dollars. fore than twice as much as Gov. Worth's ad-Justices of the Peace are more than trebled, and

dress. I ask the people to look into these may ensure his ejection. ters, examine and see, then ask themselves the question if there is not necessity for reform.— Nor is this all. The personal liberty of the citability bills drag slowly through the Congress of the United States, and are opposed upon partition, preceded by a manifesto breathing threats and vengeance, of arming and equipping the militia and raising three regiments for immediate and active service. He has appointed officers and bring about quiet and peace than all the flery proclamations is sued from the Executive Department.

Since the war our State Government has gone through many phases and changes. We had a Provisional Government mangurated under the anspices of President Johnson and Gov. Holden. That was succeeded by the administration of Gov. Worth. We then had the reconstruction. There has been no insurrection. There has been no resistance to the execution of the laws. Everywhere the people are quiet and peaceable and pursuing their business with energy and industry. In certain localities crimes have been committed, the persons of individuals have been

the cause of reform. Rescue your the hands of the men who have plunged her i debt, who have destroyed her credit and mad her name a by word of repressible.

W. M. SHIPP.

THE SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

nnd Yadkin Counties met in Convention a Rockford for the purpose of nominating a can didate to represent the District in the Senate of the next General Assembly.

On motion of Joseph Dobson, Esq., W. W. Wolff of Surry was called to the Chair.

J. C. Norman, Esq., moved that R. C. Poindexter of Yadkin and Thomas H. Boyles of Surry be requested to act as Secretaries.

Surry be requested to act as Secretaries.

On motion of Joseph Dobson, Esq., a committee of five were appointed to report resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen, J. C. Norman and S. W. Roberts of Surry and J. G. Marier, S. T. Speer and D. A. Martin, of Yadkin. While the Committee were preparing resolu

tions the Convention was entertained by speech from H. C. Hampton and Joseph Dubson which were received by the most marked demonstra-

were received by the most marked demonstration of approval. Upon the return of the committee they reported through their chairman, J.
G. Marler, the following resolutions:

Resolved 1. That our State Legislation, during
the two years, just passed, has been unwise, unjust and oppressive; and that it has heaped unnecessary burdens of inxation upon the people.

Resolved, 2. That we are opposed to paying
debts contracted by corrupt agents in violation
of the Constitution
(the State:

Resolved, 3. The of playing the people of paying debts contracted by corrupt agents in violation
of the Constitution
(the State:

Resolved, 4. This the republican party although they profess to be in favor of the remo-

though they profess to be in favor of the removal of disabilities imposed by a certain, amendment to the constitution and to favor the repeal of the Brandy tax, having had a large unjority in Congress, have failed to do these things and have therefore proved conclusively that they are

not sincere in what they profess.

Resolved, 5. That the efforts of Gov. Holder Senators Pool and Abbott and all others who -are unwise, unpatriotic and dangerous to the in our opinion to promote their own partisan

strict obedience to law and order; that we express our condemnation of all outbreaks and a

lamation. On motion a committee of three consisting of Messra, J. G. Marier, R. C. Poindexter and

The groceding the Convention throughed as certain.

lished in the Mount stry News and that the Sa-lem Press, Winster Sentinel, Greensboro' Pa-triot, and Old North Rate copy. A vote of thanks having been returned to the Chairman and Sec

R. C. POINDEXTER Seely.

For the Old North State. DISCUSSION AT EARNHEART'S.

in your columns for the purpose of giving an account of the spealing at Earnheart's, in Atwell's Township, on Saturday last, the 2d inst., compiled and published in the Sentiard, the exe and I cannot promie to give it in full, but only penses of the State Government amounted to such a one as my manory will serve. I arrived on the ground abor 10 o'clock, and found a reministration, and many, many times more than speciable number of the good people of the Augusta Rail Road has not all any other administration that ever ruled in North Township there was ing to hear the great issues our receipts as we anticipated.

of the country were to be developed. The laws were to be made plain and simple, that every body might understand them. They promised,

NORTH CAROLINA RAHLROAD,

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, N. C. N. B. Co Company Shops, July 1st, 1870. To the Board of Directors :

Gentlemen:—I submit to you, and through you, to the stockholders of the North Carolina Rail Road Company, the following report of the operations of the Road, during the fiscal year, ing 31st May, 1870:

eaving as nett profits over operating expenses, NETT PROFITS OVER ALL EXPENSES.

Out of this amount six per cent. div-idend upon the capitol stock was declared, amounting to 240,000 00

The balance, SHOWING THE INCHEASE OVER LAST YEAR.

rhich increase is shown to be from-Passengers, Freights, Mileage of Cars, \$80,117 58

Leaving as above, YEAR.

have endeavored to procure the suspension of liberty of the citizen; and their purpose being, and selfish ends, deserve the condemnation

all good, patriotic sen.

Resolved, 6. That our voice is for peace and mpts at mob law and violence, believing that all such are highly prejudicial to the good order and well being of society and greatly injurious

to the presperity of our country.

Resolved, 7. That the right of suffrage of the colored race having been established by the constitution of the Stafe, and made uniform through out the Union by the amendment of the Constiution of the United States, it is no longer subject of controvery; there is no disposition on our part to disturb it and we invite them to co-operate with us in upholding the interests and promoting the prosperity of the State. N. H. Gwyn, Est., moved the adoption of the

resolution which was unanimously carried.

J. C. Norman, Fig., moved that Andrew C. In ten year Bonds,
Cowles, Esq., of Ypekin, be declared the nomisee of the Convention which was carried by ac-

Thomas H. Boyles were appointed to inform Mr. Dobson urget upon members of Convenon to use their efforts in extending the circuation of the Mount Airy News; that it was the

first paper ever staged in Surry although it was ne of the oldest counties in the State : that they should patronize hose institutions; give to the News a liberal support, and make it a worthy and efficient organ promoting the interests of our section of the a e,

It was ordered that the proceedings be

returies, the Convention then adjourned. W. W. WOLFF, Chairman.

Mr. Editor: Will you allow me a small space

Maj. Roblins this fook the stand, and in his Should you think proper to purchase this mild and good may diversely way, gave death telling road I would advise that the guage be changed blows to the miserable Radical policy which we to the same as our road. When we run cars

riolated, but there is no reason given why such ed to be very severe on him, but in a friendly

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

Receipts from all sources, Total expenses of operating the road, 259,128

The Secretary's statement shows the profit over dinary and extraordinary expenses to be \$327,073 55

The total receipts for this year from all sourhave been \$62,085 07 in excess of last year,

\$37,565 57 40,925 73 1,626 28 tive, later in the afternoon, was attached to the New York Special train, which left

DECREASE OF EXPENSES COMPARED WITH LAST DEUT

The total debt as reported at the las \$677.859 04 annual meeting was Present debt of the Company, \$782,205 30 Take from this the assets on hand, 243,860 80

And it leaves a debt of \$538,344 50 ASSETS The above assets of \$243,860 80 consists of the Cash on hand Amount due from Agents, other Companies and individuals, do Freight exchanges, do U. S. Government

and P. O. department, do Bills receivable, and So. Express Co. Supplies on hand. 27.013 81 - \$243,860 SO MORTGAGE.

Amount of Bonds issued under the

Morigage, Amount of Bonds that has been paid into the Sinking Fund, Amount of Bonds of hand of the \$800,000 00 rdered issued at your annual meeting in 1857, is * SINKING PUND The Company has paid during the

year to the Trustee, in five year \$45,000,00 30,000 00 500 00

\$75,500 00 OLD DEBT. The amount due at the end of last fiscal year on the loan of 1857, which is past due, was

Paid the present year on this debt. 30.500 00 The books of the Company show that the inrense from all sources for the last two years has been gradual but sure, while the expenses of the ompany has decreased.

COMPARISON BETWEEN THE YEAR 1868

the net profits over ordinary and extraordinary expenses to be \$174,015 45 The net profits the present year over ordina ry and extraordinary expenses, are \$327,073 55 Nett profits in 1868 over ordinary 174,015 45 and extraordinary, was

Making an increase this year over \$153,058 10 The expenses, ordinary and extraordinary as reported by the Superintendent in \$411,395 64 1868, was The expenses for this fiscal year, ordinary \$393,128 94 and extraordinary, This shows a decrease in expenses this year

compared with 1868 of \$18,266 70 I am happy to say that our stock has increased in value for the last two years more than one one hundred per cent., and that our Bonds can readily be sold at par. GENERAL REMARKS. The completion of the Charlotte, Columbia &

Esq., and Squire David Barringer.

Capt. Woodson Island by merely announcing himself a candidate, and that is sufficient, for it our Company purchase the road from Charlotte Onions. so with everything.

It is impossible to go into detail in this Ad
Is all that need be tell the people of Rowan to Augusta, if it can be bought at a reasonable Pork.

LINE RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE ATLANTA AND RICHMOND AIR-

The meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia Air-Line railroad and the Air-Line railroad in South Carolina, on the 28th of June in Atlanta, Ga., again calls to mind the great line which is now being constructed between Charlotte. N. C., and Atlanta, Ga .. - a distance of 225 miles. At this meetg the two companies were consolidated under the name of the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway Company. The managenent will consist of a president and twelve directors. In the election which took place for officers of the consolidated line Colonel A violated, but there is no reason given why such crimes and such offences cannot be punished in the Courts of justice. The courts are open and undisturbed, and criminals are tried and convictions which have met in the County Conventions which have met in the State have condemned in unmeasured terms unsured to the very severe on him, but in a friendly and courted in an afriendly and courted manner.

S. Buford, the president of the Richmond and Danville and Richmond and York River railroads, and who for three years past has "through a regular course of sprouts," and did it in such a handsone and gentlemanly manner be that the was a candidate for Congress, and it is vice-president, and R. Y. McAden, Esq., and the was a candidate for Congress, and it is vice-president, and R. Y. McAden, Esq., and the was a candidate for Congress, and it is vice-president, and R. Y. McAden, Esq., and the was a candidate for Congress, and it is vice-president, and R. Y. McAden, Esq., and the court of the Richmond and Danville and Richmond and York River railroads, and who for three years past has the county Conventions which have met in the state of the Richmond and Port River railroads. The president of the Richmond and Port River railroads. The president of the Richmond and Port River railroads. The president of the Richmond and Ri tawful combinations of men by whatever name they may be called; whether they be called kued by all, and I think Mr. H. wished that he

It has been determined to prosecute the work they may be called; whether they be called kaed by all, and I think Mr. H. wished that he
klux, loyal leaguers, or any other name. I enhad been away from Atwell's; but the Capt.
vigorously from both termini—viz., Atlanta Ira Helton, Wm. Helton, infants, non-resi It has been determined to prosecute the work against they may be called its heretofore; they arollished the Commissioners and a Probate Judge; they provided for a munal sessions of the Legislature instead of logislature instead o through which the Air-line is expected to 1870.

work. The line is to run from Charlotte north of Yorkville via Spratanburg and Greenville, S. C., Gainsville, Ga., &c., to Atlanta—two hundred and twenty-five miles. The road is now in operation from Atlanta eastward in Georgia twenty miles, and thirand east of it is a spring which supplies it with water, the trough holding 16,000 gallous, which can be let into at will. Locomotive No. 400 has been fitted out with an ingeniously formed pipe, carling from the manhole in the tender, down through the lat-ter, in a position inside of the hind trucks, where the pipe forms a half circle, at the end where the pipe forms a half circle, at the end of which is the nozzle, which always points and substitute these fresh and superior Seeds the way the engine goes. Fastened to this nozzle is an iron bar, which connects with a bar from a point near the fireman's box, by which, when the locomotive comes to the trough, the nozzle or pipe can be dropped instantaneously into the water, while the train is running at the rate of thirty miles an hour. The nozzle sinks to only a depth of two inches in the trough, yet even at that depth, when the 1,200 feet is passed over, 1,634 gallons of water will be found in the tender. The first experiment in taking water occurred recently. The locomotive dashed over the rails, even to which is the trough, at the rate of 35 miles the hour. As the nozzle struck the water, the fluid rushed into the tender with a roar like a young Ningara, and when the trough was left behind, the fireman found his tonder full. Every movement was crowned with success, and the locomo-

proceeded to New York without stopping anywhere, a feat at ones movel, and giving next professes to been a the feture. It is Catskill and Hudson and points on the Central road so that in time trains, aided by this process of stopping nowhere for water, may run through to Chicago in 24 or 26 hours."

Poughkeepsie at 4:15 P. M., which train

MARRIED At the Register's Office in this City, on the 30th ult., by Obadiah Woodson, Esq., Mr. Thomas S. Harunan, of Providence Township, to Miss Lydia Lentz, of Morgan Township. In Sharon, Mecklenburg county, on the 23d June, by Rev. R. Z. Johnson, Mr. Judge Stansell of Union county, and Miss Rose, daughter

of W. Harvey Walker. In Philadelphia, on the 15th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Jacobs, Hon. H. Hamburger, Associate Judge of Carbon county, Penn., and Miss Madge, daughter of Mr. David Elias, of Charlotte, N. C. in Yorkville, on the 28th ult., Mr. E. A. Ha gins and Miss Margaret M. J. Smith.

DIED. In Mayesville, Sumter District, S. C., on Mon day, June 26th, Ellen Zena, infant daughter of William H. and Anna M. Coit, aged about fif-God took thee in his mercy.

A lamb untasked, untried, He fought the fight for thee, And won the victory; And thou art sanctified. Now, like a dew drop shrined Within a crystal stone, Thou'rt safe in heaven, my dove,

Safe with the source of love-The everlasting One. In Charlotte, on the 3d inst., Miss Sarah Means, daughter of John S. Means, Esq. In Newbern, on the 26th ult, suddenly, Robt.

Primrose, aged 42 years. In Fayetteville, June 27th, Wm. H. Heigh. On Friday, 24th June, 1870, at the Montgomery White Sulphur Springs, Va., Margaret Springs Lyon, infant daughter of John and Mary Margaret Lyon, of Petersburg, Va., aged 6 months and 14 days.

In Madison county, Tennessee, on the 24th of May, Mr. William Darnall, in the 79th year of

his age. He was one of the oldest citizens of the county, having moved there in 1830 from ty N. C. and being the last number of the old family of Darnall's that lived on Sugar Creek. COM.

SALISBURY MARKETS JULY 8, 1870.

REPORTED BY J. A. MCCONNAUGHEY, GROCER. perpound, 15to 18 Eggs. per dozen, Feathers, per pound. 12 to Fiour, per sack. 2.90 to 3.25 Fish, Mackeral, ' >. 1. \$21.00 " Peaches, pealed, ***** *** ********* West India, Syrup, Pork, per pound, Potatoes, Irish, per bushel, Sweet, ", Brown, per pound, Clarified. Salt coast. per sack. 2.25 to 2.40
" Liverpool, 2.65 to 2.70 2.65 to 2.70 Table, 5.50 to 6.00 Tobacco, Leaf. per pound, 8 to 10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PHOTOGRAPHS. Hennedy's Gallery Re-Opened.

PERSONS wishing PICTURES, will do well to call at once. E. McKNIGHT. E. McKNIGHT. UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLIN THE next session w'll begin August 17th, prox.

entire expenses for the year not exceeding \$200. his will include totton, rooms, board, washing, tel. lights, &c. Exclusive of tuition and room rent, \$125. These are offered free to 120 young men of good moral character and sindious labits. At the annual Commencement in 1871, two pries, each of \$20 in gold, will be awarded and pre-ented to the best Scholar in the P-eshman and ophomore Classes. SOLOMON POOL.

July 1st, 1870-27:21 NORTH CAROLINA. \ In the Superior YADRIN COUNTY. Court. C. W. Williams, Adm'r of Davis Heltor deceased, Plaintiffs,

residents in the above entitled proceeding : VINEGAR BITTERS,

ounties of Georgia and South Carolina at office in Yadkinville, the 28th day of June. J. A. MARTIN, C. S. C. pass, and all are subscribing liberally to the 27:6w [pr. fee \$10.]

TURNIP SEED.

BUISTS WARRANTED-CROP 1870. A large supply just at hand, embracing all of

are the LARGE FLAT DUTCH, RED TOP,

LARGE WHITE GLOBE,

RUTA BAGA, &c. The Ruta Baga should be sown two weeks advance of the other varieties. Farmers wouldo well to lay aside the old varieties, which and substitute these from an, compensate there which will, in the long run, compensate there which will, in the long run, compensate there which will, in the long run, compensate there which will be substituted in the long run substitute and run substitute and run substitute run. July 8:21

Wilmington N. Carolina LIFE INSURANCE CO. Authorized Capital \$1.000,000.

OFFICERS: W. A. Wright and C. M. Stedman .. Attorneys. Hon. Elihur Wright Consulting Actuary.

THIS COMPANY, NOW THOROUGHLY established, has met with the most unprecedented success during the few weeks since it commenced operations. Its agents are steadily engaged in an active and most flattering successful convass. They are receiving applications constantly, and the Company is

The people are daily availing themselves of the rivilege of Insuring in A Home Company,

and are justified in their expectations of the benefits to be realized from a retention of their money at home for the benefit of Home People.

The Capital Stock

THE POLICIES ARE ALL PARTICIPATING.

and policy-holders share the dividends, and are en-titled to the participating privileges without the re-sponsibilities of the mutual plan. Cur people can-not be too fully impressed with the advantages of insuring in this Home Institution, which promises so much of present and fature good

benefit of the Community and State.
THOS. H. GRAVES,
Gen'l Ag't, 4th Judicial District,

July 81m Salisbury, N. C. Pleasant Grove, Davie Co., N. C.

school begins on the 1st of August and continue 20 Cou se: English, Classical and Mathematical.

repared either for College or the active duties My address, PLEASANT GROVE, DAVIN Co., N. C.

SUPERIOR COURT-YADRIN COUNTY. Joseph Sparks, et al. Pi'tff., Summons for against Relief. Elisha Messick, et al. Def't. Upon affidavit of the plaintiff it is ordered

by the Court that publication be made in the "Old North State." a newspaper published in the town of Salisbury, for six weeks, notifying the defendants, Leander Wells and Sarah Ann, his wife, (non-residents) to appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the county of Yadkin, at the Court House in Yadkinville on the 3d Mouday in September next, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, (filed in said Court) or judgment will be granted against them for the 15 demanded, and costs and disbursements of

at Office in Yadkinville, 30th June, 1870. J. A. MARTIN, c. s. c. Post Office not known.

6 [pr. fee \$10] 27:6w

WEDDING CARDS. PARTY TICKETS CIRCULARS,

his line and likely to be called for, and that he can come as near giving entire satisfaction in the matters of STYLE, TIME and PRICE, as can be reached by any printer in the State. Orders from a distance promptly met.
Address. J. J. BRUNER, Address, June 29, '70.]

good Scholars, good Musicians, and good Teachers of our pupils, and give them a training fitted to make them practical and

useful women. Z For circulars, address, J. M. M. CALDWELL, July 1-2m

DR. G. B. POULSON. DEALER IN FIRST CLASS

DYE STUFFS PERFUMERY, PATENT MEDICINES,

> LAMP FIXTURES, PHYSICIANS ORDERS,

Prescriptions carefully compounded all our day or night. Prices greatly reduced. Salisbury, N. C., January 21. 1869. SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

N. C. RAIL, ROAD COMPANY, Company Shops, N. C., June 20th, 1870. THE TWENTY-FIRST Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Rail the Stockholders of the North Carolina Rail Road Company will be held in Hillsboro', N. C., on 2d Thursday (14th) in July 1870. Stockholders who cannot attend will please be represented by proxy. F. A. STAGG,

Rev. B. F. Marable Gen. Supervising Ag't

is rapidly increasing by constant subscriptions and is sought after with much eagerness. The dividends in a few years will make the investment more than IN THE 'WILMINGTON LIFE

its onward march has begun with every assurance of final triumph and the increase of strength in its progress. Let us have done now and forever with the rainous fallacy of sending our money abroad for the enrichment of others, and determine that henceforward we will retain it at home for the henceforward we will retain it at home for the

Pleasant Grove Academy. THE EIGHTH SESSION OF THIS

Terms: Tuition from \$5 to \$10 per session. Board from \$8 to \$9 per month. We invite the attention of parent and guardians to this school; and assure them that pupils entrusted to our care will be thoroughly and practically

W. J. ELLIS, Principal

Witness, J. A. Martin, clerk of said Court

JOB PRINTING.

THE undersigned has the pleasure to announce to his patrons and the public that. within the last few mouths, he has made important and valuable additions to his office in new Types and PRESSES and other facili-12 ties for JOB PRINTING, and is now better prepared to meet, promptly and well, any 16 orders sent him than at any time since '61 His more recent additions of materials were 25 selected with especial reference to the printing of SCHOOL CATALOGUES.

> PAMPHLETS. and BLANKS. He believes he is prepared for anything in

Salisbury, N. C. EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY THE NEXT SESSION will commence ou the first Monday of September. We make

DRUGS. * MEDICINES PAINTS,

KEROSENE LAMPS,

&c., &c. &c.

Greensboro, N. C.