

The Old North State

SALISBURY, FRIDAY, NOV. 4, 1870.

THE UNITED STATES SENATORSHIP.

We have heretofore forbore to take any part in the discussion of this question. And now we intend to discuss it at length now. Not in what we intend to say we shall have not a word to say against any one of the many able and distinguished gentlemen whose names have been mentioned in connection with the position.

We have no hesitation in saying that the West is entitled to the Senator in every respect of the question. The present Senators are both from the East. Another Senator elected since the war, Judge Manly, was from the East. No Senator elected since 1869, has been from the West—Gov. Graham being from the central part of the State. Further, the recent great Conservative victory was largely won in the West.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

The important French fortress of Metz has capitulated. Bismarck has surrendered it with 150,000 men. This, it seems to us, leaves France completely at the mercy of King William, of Prussia. What will he do with her? Of course no one can tell. That he is imbued with the ambition of his race is quite manifest. He is on the high road to preponderating dominion.

THE LATE NORTHERN ELECTIONS.

We have thus far said but little in relation to these elections. We have been waiting for the official returns. These returns show a gain of 30 Democratic members of Congress in Pennsylvania, three of whom were elected by an average of eighteen majority. In Indiana the Democrats gained one seat in the House of Representatives, and in Ohio one—Lewis D. Campbell, who beats Gen. Schienc, fifty-four votes—making seven in all, and not thirteen, as has been claimed. The Republican majority in Ohio is about fifteen thousand, being eight thousand majority at the last State election. In Pennsylvania the Republican majority in the State is 4,293, being a Democratic gain over the last State election. In Indiana, the Democratic majority is about 2,500, and the Democrats carry both branches of the legislature, a Democratic victory. We think our readers are entitled to the truth, and we have given to them as nearly as we can ascertain it.

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTIONS.

In West Virginia the Democrats have obtained a complete victory. They have elected their Governor, two out of the three members of Congress, and a majority of both Houses of the Legislature.

PRUSSIA'S POSITION.

General Turner concludes a lengthy letter addressed to the London Times from Ballanza, and dated Oct. 7, in the terms following: It is time to put an end to this war so much the more impious in its aspect because perfectly unjust; it is time that neutral States should intervene and put a bridle on the inordinate ambition of the conqueror. Prussia, in spite of her triumphs, is almost crushed under the weight of her success. If this, Prussia knows that she would have immediately to commence a new campaign against 200,000 fresh troops it is probable that she would be compelled to sue for peace.

RURAL CAROLINIAN.

November.—This favorite Southern agricultural magazine gains strength and interest with every succeeding number. This month we have "Maintenance of the Fertility of Soils," by Professor Hilgard, of the University of Mississippi; "The South and her Resources," by Hon. Alfred Huger; "Plantation Economy," by Colonel D. Wyatt Aiken; "Texas Grasses," by S. B. Buckley; "Southern Peaches," by F. J. Berkmans; "Manure Pits and How to Use Them," by Alex. Y. Lee, and a hundred other articles of interest which we have not space to even mention. The "Rural" shows manifest signs of regularly increasing prosperity, and yet the publishers continue to supply it at the marvellously low figure of \$2 per annum in a parcel to us. Their circulation must far surpass that of any magazine of the class heretofore issued at the South, or they would be compelled to reduce expenses. If any of our readers are without the "Rural" they should at once enclose \$2 to Walker, Evans & Cogswell, 3 Broad street, Charleston, S. C.

In November there will be elections in fifteen States, namely: November 7, Arkansas and Louisiana; Nov. 8, Alabama, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New York, New Jersey and Wisconsin.

THE POLITICAL ADVENTURER.

We give the following account of the trial and conviction of Es-Mayer Chabon, of Richmond, for forgery, which we clip from the columns of the Way of that city. Chabon is a type of his class, with more and then a few exceptions. Can the Northern Republicans longer wonder that their party is odious at the South, when it is represented by such men? And by such men it will be represented until they remove all political disabilities and repeal all laws that have been enacted against them.

OUR CHAIRMAN CASE.

We have previously stated from editorial columns upon the Chairman case, the progress of the trial. That case, terminated yesterday by the conviction of the accused, the jury rendering a verdict of guilty on two counts in the indictment, and fixing his punishment at one year imprisonment in the State penitentiary. The jury that tried him, was composed of honest, intelligent and carefully chosen citizens. He was defended by able counsel, and was allowed ample opportunity to prepare for his trial. The verdict of the jury was as follows: "The jury find the defendant guilty of forgery on the first and third counts as charged in the indictment; and fixing his punishment at one year imprisonment in the State penitentiary."

This case is a most interesting and painful chapter in the history of this city. The person convicted is not a humble, uneducated man, who can plead ignorance of the distinctions between right and wrong, or of a poor knowledge of the law, but a man of education, position in the higher orders of society, and a man of fine talents, who has been accustomed to live in a poor man's home. He was a member of the bar, and had been practicing at the bar for about two years. He was a held chair, passing upon officers, and convicting offenders. The office which he was yesterday convicted was committed before his appointment to the office, and he was yesterday passing upon criminals, he was himself brought under the fear of exposure, and (according to the testimony) resorting to artifice of various kinds to restrain, silence and buy off those who were cognizant of his offence, and who were his political friends. This case is a most interesting and painful chapter in the history of this city. The person convicted is not a humble, uneducated man, who can plead ignorance of the distinctions between right and wrong, or of a poor knowledge of the law, but a man of education, position in the higher orders of society, and a man of fine talents, who has been accustomed to live in a poor man's home.

THE CONVENTION QUESTION.

We clip the following communication from the Senator. We believe it to be from the pen of Senator Robbins. His suggestions are worthy of consideration. We confess that we are, upon principle, opposed to the legislative mode of amending the organic law. Still we think the question should be fully discussed, pro and con.

AMENDING THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

Editor: A great majority of the people are in favor of having our State Constitution amended in some of its important features. To effect this end it is necessary to call a Convention. The only question is how to select it most wisely and safely. Many advise the call of a Convention. If both parties unite in this they would be well, but the Radical party is not upon a change in their policy in this respect. The call of a Convention, therefore, would have to be made by our party almost exclusively.

DESPOITISM OF HABIT.

The tyranny, the remorseless exactness of forced labor, ought to make a rational man shudder to contemplate the mental, moral and physical suffering which they engender. A correspondent writes: "I think if the city of New York was mine, I would freely give it to get rid of this dreadful habit; it kills my appetite and makes me miserable. If you can give me anything or do anything to enable me to get rid of the dreadful habit, please let me know."

A MONUMENT TO GEN. ROBERT E. LEE.

The undersigned connected with the Holywell Memorial Association of Richmond, Va., respectfully request the friends and admirers of General R. E. Lee in our whole country and abroad, to unite with them in a contribution for an equestrian bronze statue of our chief, of the best workmanship, to be erected in the soldier's portion of Hollywood cemetery.

PUSH ON.

A wise man will never rest out. As long as he breathes the breath of life, he will be doing something for himself, his country or his fellow-men. Washington, Franklin, Howard, Newton, all were at work almost to the last hours of their existence. It is a foolish thing to believe that we must lie down and die simply because we are old. The man of energy is not only he who is able to suffer his energies to waste away, and permit the springs of life to become motionless, on whom the hours drift heavily, and to whom all things seem the vestments of gloom.

SEVERAL NEIGHBORS OF A RATHER DISHONEST MAN.

Several neighbors of a rather dishonest man who kept a turner's shop were discussing his wonderful skill in his art, one of them remarked that, still, there was one thing which he couldn't turn. "What that?" was the general inquiry. "An honest penny," was the satisfactory reply.

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THE MANGING OF MARGARET WATERS.

Margaret Waters was executed on the 12th inst. within the walls of Horsecrauger Lane jail in London. She was, it will be remembered, convicted and sentenced to death upon one half a dozen indictments charging her with the wilful murder of children whom she had undertaken to adopt. A prisoner conducted herself remarkably well while in prison, but, although she frequently stated that she had been guilty of decent and frank behavior, she admitted that she had never entertained the intention of destroying the lives of the children.

The day preceding the execution she made a statement in writing avowing that she willfully caused the death of any of the children, and admitting that she had "killed" the bodies of five who had died while in her charge. While under sentence the prisoner appears to have taken very little satisfaction; and it was frequently necessary to administer stimulants to her, and the chaplain of the prison was frequently called up in the night to visit her and endeavor to console her while she was in a paroxysm of grief and despair. He expressed a confident opinion that she was sincerely repentant.

The culprit slept very little the night before the execution. She was engaged in prayer down to the time of the execution, being introduced into her cell. She did not betray any emotion while undergoing the operation of plunging, and, according to the terms of her contract, she uttered what was described by all who heard it as a beautiful extempore prayer, and expressed a fervent hope that she might be saved. She then shook hands with the Rev. Mr. Jessop, the chaplain, and said in a firm voice, "Good bye, Mr. Jessop, good bye, good bye." She also shook hands with the chaplain and the man who carried it to the gallows, and, upon the bolt being drawn, the drop fell, and she appeared to be dead almost instantaneously.

AN OHIO EDITOR.—When James Saxon, editor of the Canton Repository, the oldest paper in Ohio, heard of the battle of Sedan and the capture of the Emperor, he wrote a pamphlet with a reprint of the account he wrote and published in the same paper of the surrender of Napoleon at Waterloo in 1815. He is the only editor probably in the world who has written of the exit of both Napoleons in the same paper.

At the Register's Office in this City, on the 2nd instant, by Obadiah Woodson, Esq., Mr. Joshua Gaskey to Miss Sallie Elder, both of Locke Township.

In Salem, at the residence of the bride's parents, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., by Rev. A. L. Oster, Mr. John W. Price to Miss Agnes Schweitzer, daughter of Rev. E. A. Schweitzer.

In High Point, on the 10th inst., by P. H. Hester, Esq., Mr. J. A. Henderson to Miss Estelle Kellum.

DEAD.—An infant son of Dr. A. M. Neidert, of his wife, Mrs. A. M. Neidert, died on the 28th inst., aged 66 days. Burial in the cemetery of the town of High Point, N. C., on the 29th inst.

At the residence of Miller's Mill, Davidson county, Mr. Samuel G. Spuch, of brain fever.

In Surry county, on the 17th inst., Mrs. Minnie Hill, consort of David Hill.

In Surry county, on the 18th inst., Columbus son of Henry Shelton.

At Red Plains, Yadkin county, on the 23d inst., of Typhoid Fever, Mr. Archibald P. Poindeexter, aged 63 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THEO. F. KLUTZ, DR. C. A. HENDERSON, THEO. F. KLUTZ & CO., SALISBURY, N. C., DRUGS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Oils, Paints, Varnishes and Perfumery, Soap, Combs, Brushes, Toilet Articles, &c., &c.

The above firm are the sole Wholesale Agents for the Great Medical Wonders and Southern Remedies; Dr. Haskell's Eucalypti and Carbolic Compound, The Tr. de Serravallo, at Manufacturer's Prices.

NEVERMORE.—On the course, gritty tooth powder and tooth-paste, which the inventor has placed on the market, has been found to be the most perfect and perfect system, has succeeded them all.

"Spalding's Glue" mends Furniture, Toys, Crockery, all ornamental work.

Address R. V. Pierre, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y., and get a pamphlet on Catarrh, free, or send sixty cents and get Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. \$500 reward is offered by the promoters for a cure of any case which cannot cure. Sold by druggists.

A BODY AND MIND DISEASE.—Such is dyspepsia. The stomach and the brain are intimately allied, for the one without the other, we could not exist, and dependency are inseparable. It may be added too, that irritation of the stomach is almost invariably accompanied by irritation of the bowels.

The invigorating and tranquillizing operation of Hostetter's Bitters is most powerfully developed in cases of indigestion. The first effect of this agreeable tonic is comforting and encouraging. A mild kick, which the system and chronic nervousness in the region of the stomach is lessened, and the nervous restlessness which characterizes the disease is abated. This improvement is not transient. It is not succeeded by the return of the old symptoms with unrelenting force, as is always the case when unmedicated stimulants are given for the cure.

Each dose tends to impart a permanent accession of healthful vigor to the system; this is not all. The appetent and antibilious properties of the preparation are securely secured in importance to its tonic virtues. If there is an overabundance of the secretions brought within proper limits, and if the bilious organ is inert and torpid it is toned and regulated. The effect upon the discharging organs is equally salutary, and in cases of constipation the bilious action is just sufficient to produce the desired result gradually and with pain.

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SALISBURY MARKETS.

Table with columns for various goods and their prices. Includes items like Bacon, Lard, Flour, Sugar, etc.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Yadkin Valley Nursery.

The proprietor of this Nursery offers for sale the finest of Fruit Trees, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pear, Plum, Cherry and Apricot. Also a fine lot of Grape Vines, Strawberry and Raspberry Plants of the most approved kinds.

Nashville Life Ins. Comp'y.

JOHN M. BASS, President.

Thos. B. Bailey.

State Agent for North Carolina.

Graves' Warehouse.

DANVILLE, VA.

Leaf Tobacco.

Sales room 166 by 70 feet, with sixteen skylights.

Agricultural Implements.

MOWING MACHINES.

STRAW CUTTERS, &c., &c.

TO ORGANISTS!

A Long-Felt Need! Supplied.

Clarke's Short Voluntaries.

Pipe or Reed Organ.

Designed chiefly as Opening Voluntaries and Responses, they are simple and easy to play, and are selected and arranged by WM. H. CLARKE, author of the "New Method for Reed Organs." Price, in board, \$1.00. Sent post-paid on receipt of price.

Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston.

C. H. Ditson & Co., New York.

This is to give Notice.

That a warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of JOHN B. ALLEN, a debtor of the County of Mecklenburg in said State and District, who has been duly adjudged a Bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors; the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt to him, or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be held at the Court House in Charlotte, said District on the 11th day of November 1870 at 10 o'clock, A. M. before R. H. Broadfield, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy.

J. T. CARRUTHERS, Deputy.

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