

WEATHER

Partly cloudy and moderately warm today, tonight and Friday; few scattered afternoon thunder-showers in extreme east section today, in extreme west Friday.

The Shelby Daily Star

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- State Theatre Today -
"THE UNSEEN"
Joel McCrea - Gail Russell
Herbert Marshall

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SHELBY, N. C.

THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1945

TELEMAT PICTURES

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END OF 82-DAY OKINAWA CAMPAIGN IS ANNOUNCED

Two Separate Heavy Bombardment Air Units Will Batter Japan

EIGHTH BEING REDEPLOYED TO JOIN 20TH

8th Will Use B-29's And Such Other Ships As Are Needed

JAPAN EASIER TARGET

WASHINGTON, June 21.—(P)—The strategic bombing of Japan will be carried out by two separate heavy bombardment forces, the 20th and the 8th.

This was disclosed today in a news conference with Lt. Gen. James H. Doolittle, chief of the 8th air force which now is being redeployed from Europe to the Pacific area.

In answer to a question about the general setup, Doolittle said: "The eighth will be under my command; the directives will come from the joint chiefs of staff."

This will parallel operations of the 20th air force, commanded by Gen. H. H. Arnold. The 21st bomber command, (a part of the 20th air force), based on Saipan, has been conducting the attack on the Japanese home islands. The 20th is directed from Washington and the strategy is determined by the joint chiefs of staff here.

Doolittle said that Colorado Springs, Colo., will be the headquarters of the 8th Air Force while it is retraining in this country.

SUCH AS NEEDED
Asked whether the 8th would use only the Superfortresses used by the 20th, Doolittle said that the "decision to date is to have B-29's and such other ships as are needed." He was unable to say whether the B17's used along with the B24's in the bombardment of Germany, would be part of the 8th Air Force in the Pacific.

He said the 8th hoped to have long-range fighters as part of its Pacific organization.

While Doolittle gave no further details on the Pacific air organization, he said there would be an announcement on the strategic command in that area soon.

He said he believed Japan would be easier to destroy industrially than Germany because:

1. There is a greater concentration of Japanese industry than was found in Germany.
2. The targets in Japan are more inflammable.
3. The Japanese war economy and industry do not have the recuperative power which Germany had.
4. The Japanese he said, have not had time to put their factories underground as the Germans were doing in the closing months of the European war.

JODL REVEALS NAZI SECRETS

PARIS, June 21.—(P)—An intelligence officer of supreme headquarters who questioned Col. Gen. Gustav Jodl and other high German officers said today that Nazi armies were under orders to invade Great Britain for three months after the fall of France.

The plans finally were cancelled as too hazardous. The interrogation of Jodl, Field Marshal Wilhelm Keitel and Field Marshal Albert Kesselring brought out these additional points, the officer said:

The German high command had guessed the place, strength and approximate date of the invasion of France, but could not press Gen. Eisenhower's forces back into the sea.

Hitler's decision to invade Russia—previously believed to have been solely that of the Fuehrer—was shared by the high command, which declared there had been a progressive build up of Soviet forces arrayed opposite German forces in the east.

Tumultuous Welcome For Gen. Eisenhower

KANSAS CITY, June 31.—(P)—General of the army Dwight D. Eisenhower and 53 members of his official party returning from Europe came home today to his native midwest to receive a tumultuous two-state home-coming celebration and greet his 63-year-old mother, Mrs. Ida E. Eisenhower, of Abilene, Kas., and four brothers.



GEN. BUCKNER'S BODY TAKEN TO REAR FOR BURIAL—The body of Lt. Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner, Jr., U. S. 10th Army commander, is taken to a Marine Corps evacuation plane for removal to a rear area for burial shortly after he was killed by Jap shell fire at a front line observation post on Okinawa. Death came to him June 18.—(AP Wirephoto from Marine Corps via Navy radio).

FORCES JOIN NEAR LIUCHOW

Two Forces Meet 6 Miles Southwest, Another 10 Miles Away

CHUNGKING, June 21.—(P)—Chinese troops converging on the former American air base city of Liuchow have joined forces six miles southwest of the rail and road junction and another force from the west has reached a point 10 1-2 miles away on the Kweichow-Kwangsi railroad, the Chinese high command announced.

The linked Chinese forces, pressing toward the suburbs of Liuchow, were engaged in bitter battles with the enemy. Chinese forces have advanced to within three miles to Liuchow airfield, U. S. 14th air force bomber base wrecked and abandoned to the Japanese seven months ago.

Meanwhile, the high command announced, Japanese forces striking northeastward from Linmg, at the neck of the Holhng (Liuchow) peninsula about 200 miles southeast of Liuchow—possibly to safeguard their communications with Hainan Island to the south—were repulsed. It was admitted, however, the enemy had advanced beyond Shekkio, his first objective, about 20 miles southeast of Linmg.

In Chekiang province the Chinese lashed at enemy forces withdrawing northward along the coastal highway from the abandoned Port of Wenchow, 220 miles south of Shanghai.

WHAT'S DOING

TODAY

7:00 p.m.—Kiwanis club meets at Hotel Charles.

7:45 p.m.—First Baptists conduct services at Highland mission.

FRIDAY

12:30 p.m.—Rotary club meets at Hotel Charles.

6:30 p.m.—Presbyterians have church picnic at the church.

8:00 p.m.—Regular communication of Cleveland Lodge 202 A. F. and A. M. at lodge room.

8:15 p.m.—Baseball game at high school park between Shelby and Gastonia legion junior teams.

THE WAR TODAY:

Newsman Thinks War With Japan May Run Into 1947

By DeWITT MacKENZIE, Writer

By J. M. ROBERTS, Jr., AP Foreign Affairs Analyst
The Tokyo radio, broadcasting as though it had something new, deviated today from its recent fretting over imminent invasion to record that the United States has started long and complicated preparations against Japan.

That's not exactly what you would call a military secret. Aside from unconditional surrender, there are few signs that is being considered. Tokyo broadcasts on the subject are almost identical

Stilwell Selected To Succeed Buckner

General Is Veteran Japanese Fighter, Headed Slim U. S. Command Driven Out Of Burma By Japs

By Spencer Davis
MANILA, June 21.—(P)—Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, switched from his post as chief of army ground forces to the Pacific, has been selected by Gen. Douglas MacArthur to command the U. S. 10th army now mopping up on Okinawa, it was announced today.

BLANTON FIRMS BUY \$1,250,000

Blue Ridge Insurance Gets \$450,000 Of Bonds, M & J \$800,000

Purchase of \$1,250,000 of bonds in the Seventh War loan for the accounts of Blue Ridge Insurance company, which recently moved its home offices to Shelby, and of the M & J Finance company, both of which he heads, was announced today by Fred W. Blanton.

The entire purchase of \$450,000 for the insurance company was directed to be credited to Cleveland county, while a distribution of credit for the \$800,000 purchase for the finance company was necessitated by the fact the firm operates through branches in many cities, Mr. Blanton said.

Over-all bond purchases for Cleveland county have reached \$2,456,000, exceeding the quota of \$2,089,000, but E bond sales continues lagging so badly that leaders of the campaign are hopeful of approaching the \$744,000 quota but have little reason to think it will be attained unless heavy buying develops immediately.

Laval To Give Up

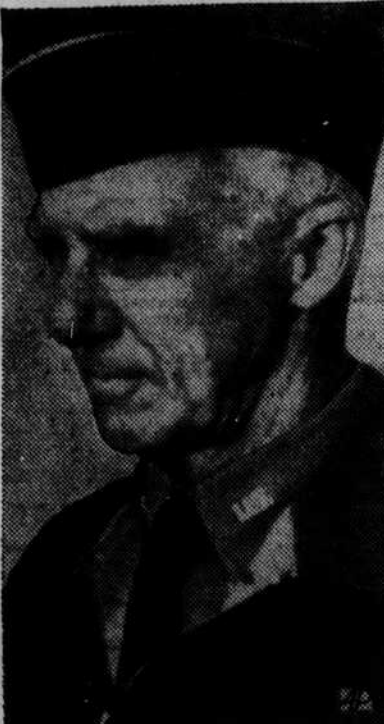
MADRID, June 21.—(P)—Pierre Laval, former Vichy chief of government who fled to Spain shortly before the German collapse, has now promised to surrender voluntarily to French justice when he completes preparations for his defense, it was learned on good authority today.

MacArthur as commander of the army forces in the Pacific has over-all jurisdiction of the Tenth army, but the Okinawa campaign was under Adm. Chester W. Nimitz and under the operational control of the joint chiefs of staff.

STOP-GAP CHIEF
Lt. Gen. Roy S. Geiger, a Marine general, now is serving as a stop-gap commander of the Tenth army in the mopping up operations on Okinawa.

The 63-year-old Stilwell, known as "Vinegar Joe," knows the enemy as do few other field commanders.

After his long and distinguished service in the Burma-China theater, he was known to have been anxious to take another crack at the Japanese as a field commander. He had served as U. S. com-



GEN. JOSEPH W. STILWELL

recently, and it is assumed he will take over the Tenth army as soon as he can get there. Stilwell conferred with MacArthur earlier this week. He left headquarters several days ago but still is in the Pacific area.

It is believed he will take command of the Tenth army upon his arrival. MacArthur as commander of the army forces in the Pacific has over-all jurisdiction of the Tenth army, but the Okinawa campaign was under Adm. Chester W. Nimitz and under the operational control of the joint chiefs of staff.

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MEAT SHORTAGE TO BE WORKED OUT-TRUMAN

Praises Work Of Conference; Denies Intent To Dismiss Ickes

ENJOYING VACATION

By Ernest B. Vaccaro
OLYMPIA, Wash., June 21.—(P)—President Truman today praised the work of the San Francisco conference, promised the meat situation would be straightened out and denied reports of contemplated removal of Interior Secretary Harold L. Ickes.

In his first press conference since leaving the White House the President also expressed gratification over the senate's approval of legislation extending the reciprocal trade agreement program with further tariff lowering authority.

He announced that he would stop over in Portland, Ore., at 11 a.m. (Pacific war time) Monday enroute to San Francisco where he expects to arrive at 4 p.m.

The President expressed confidence the senate will take favorable action on the Bretton Woods agreements as well as the reciprocal trade legislation. The latter, he said, permitting direct quotation, "Places the United States squarely behind the principles of international trade cooperation."

He came out flatly in favor of the postwar completion of the Alaska highway in cooperation with British Columbia and Canada. He said there is about 600 miles of road up the trench to complete.

Would Transfer Food Control To Fight Shortages

WASHINGTON, June 21.—(P)—Broadening a recommendation from Herbert Hoover, representative Jenkins (R-Ohio) today proposed a price control amendment transferring all OPA powers over food to the agriculture department.

Jenkins read to the house yesterday a letter from Hoover in which the former president and World War I food administrator called for "an administrative revolution" to combat meat and fats shortages.

Referring to scarcities in cities, Hoover criticized conditions he said produced black markets and set forth a 12-point program designed to meet the problem. He suggested concentrating authority under a system where no government subsidies would be required. "The existence of black markets in meats and fats (except milk) in every city of the country," Hoover wrote, "is sufficient evidence of a breakdown in control of both distribution and price."

VOTE ON TRANSFER

Voting begins tomorrow, to strip OPA of food pricing and rationing authority and transfer the responsibility to the War Food administration, under the agriculture department. Rep. Clinton P. Anderson (D-NM) takes over July 1 as both secretary of agriculture and WPA administrator.

The amendment will not attempt to embody all the proposals put forward by Hoover. Most of the recommendations, Jenkins said, should be considered as a matter of administration.

"The secretary of agriculture," Hoover said, "should be not only food administrator as the President has already announced, but in my view the secretary of agriculture should also have physical transferred to him all of the price and other powers and staff of OPA which are concerned in any way with animals and animal products, including feed, except the mechanical job of rationing. That the OPA should continue."

FOOD POOL

In his other points, Hoover proposed "one national food pool under the direction of the secretary of agriculture and upon which the armed forces should have the first call." He said there should be "genuine organized cooperation" with the farmers and the legitimate trades.

"If not already done," he recommended, "all of the legitimate

Japs In Cagayan Valley Caught Between Yanks, And Entrenched Igorots

By Spencer Davis
MANILA, June 21.—(P)—A force of possibly 30,000 Japanese was herded north up the Cagayan valley today by onrushing columns of the 37th Ohio infantry division—toward fierce Igorots bent on adding them to the more than 400,000 enemy casualties on Luzon.

The Nipponese were falling back on Aparri, a scant 100 miles ahead of 37th advance patrols, with nowhere to go once they reach that northernmost city on Luzon.

On the west side of the Cagayan river, which splits the valley, the Igorots and other Filipino guerrillas waited in long-prepared positions to frustrate any Nipponese attempt to find refuge among the wild, spiny ridges of the Cordillera mountains.

Maj. Robert S. Beightler's Buckeyes drove unchecked north of captured Ilagan and its grass-grown airstrip. The backtracking foe was hounded by planes, some flown by Mexican pilots, which are making as many as 300 sorties a day in support of the Luzon operations.

Latest field advice added 336 more Japanese to the daily-mounting casualty lists.

On Borneo, Australian forces have made a new landing, this time at the northern head of Brunel Bay to give them control

Work Of Conference Virtually Finished

General Assembly May Discuss Any Question "Within Scope Of Charter Written Here"

By John M. Hightower
Associated Press Diplomatic News Editor
SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—(P)—A charter embracing the views of 50 united nations was wrapped up today into a world document designed to maintain peace.

12 OF 16 POLES ARE CONVICTED

Sentences Range From Four Months To Ten Years In Prison

MOSCOW, June 21.—(P)—Twelve of 16 Poles accused of subversive activities behind Red army lines were convicted by a Soviet court early today and given sentences of from four months to 10 years in prison. Three were acquitted and the trial of another was postponed.

The heaviest sentence—15 years—was imposed upon Maj. Gen. L. Bronislav Okulicki, commander of the underground home army after the ill-fated Warsaw uprising.

Jan Jankowski, deputy prime minister of the London Polish government-in-exile and leader of the Polish underground movement, was sentenced to eight years imprisonment.

The sentences will date from the day of arrest, March 27. (The Moscow radio, heard in London, said no appeal from the sentences would be permitted.)

OKULICKI STOIC
Gen. Okulicki received his sentence stoically. His only show of emotion was a tightening of the

See 12 TO 16 Page 2

Secret Papers Show Nazi Plans For Third World War

By TIM REEDY
WASHINGTON, June 21.—(P)—A senate committee said today it has obtained secret German documents showing how the Nazis intend to "hide" in strategic industries while planning "a third attempt at world conquest."

The announcement was made by Chairman Kilgore (D-WVa) of the War Mobilization subcommittee of the senate military group. Kilgore said his committee will open hearings next Monday on the economic base for German aggression and that additional facts will

of "the shores bordering both entrances into the bay," headquarters announced today.

The Diggers crossed the five-mile strait from previously captured Labuan island in a move which would block any attempt of the Japanese to attack from Jesselton, 60 miles north.

BOMBER ATTACKS
Headquarters reported another in the daily series of attacks by heavy bombers on the oil center of Balikpapan on Borneo's east coast but still said nothing concerning repeated enemy broadcasts that an Allied fleet is offshore, shelling and minesweeping.

In dozens of small scale mopping up operations on Luzon and Mindanao island fronts of the Philippines, ground forces killed more than 350 Japanese Tuesday and captured 160 others.

Some of the stiffest fighting was in the Davao gulf area of southern Mindanao where Associated Press War Correspondent Richard Bergholz reported U. S. 41st division troops captured Calinan.

His announcement was made shortly after Gen. Douglas MacArthur reported from Manila Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, chief of army ground forces, would take over command of the Tenth army.

Victory was made three days after Stilwell's predecessor, Lt. Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner, Jr., was killed by a Japanese shell burst as he watched the final, decisive assault.

The general's stand cost the Japanese 87,343 killed and 2,565 taken prisoner up until Tuesday, and the few soldiers still beside him were hungry, thirsty and short on ammunition.

U. S. army and navy casualties from March 18—when fleet units bombarded Japan's inland sea in preparation for the invasion—to May 24 were 9,602 killed and 25,514 wounded—but they do not include the last four violent weeks of the campaign.

Largest Japanese island captured by Nimitz's forces, Okinawa was invaded Easter Sunday, April 1, with two strategic objectives.

First was the tightening of the blockade of Japan. The second was to provide fields for large numbers of American bombers to hammer Japan into surrender or to soften the home islands for American invasion.

Against the invaders of Okinawa, the Japanese flung kamikaze (suicide) pilots and planes against the American supply ships crowding the surrounding waters, sinking at least 24 and damaging 54, most of them light, small vessels.

In all the enemy lost, by the

WPB CHARGES WEIR EVADED PRIORITY RULES

By DREW PEARSON
WASHINGTON.—The War Production Board is bringing one of the heaviest non-compliance charges of the entire war against Ernest Weir, head of the Weirton Steel Co., for evading priority regulations.

He is being charged with violating priorities on 26 counts, subject to a fine of \$280,000. The main violation, WPB charges, is that Weir used priorities to obtain air-cooling equipment for a hospital, and then installed it in the bar of the exclusive country club operated for the benefit of the 300 top executives of the Weirton Steel Co.

Weir did everything possible to avoid having the charges brought against him publicly. He even offered to pay a cash fine of from \$250,000 to \$350,000 if War Production Board officials would settle the matter without bringing public action. However, they refused.

In addition to the air-cooling unit, Weir also obtained through his regular company priorities copper, aluminum, shower doors, and other critical materials to install showers and build a second-story addition to the company's swank clubhouse.

The case against him is being brought by the U. S. district attorney in the northern district of West Virginia.

See SECRET Page 3

COSTLIEST OF WEST, CENTRAL PACIFIC DRIVES

Gives America Strategic Base Only 325 Miles From Japan

35,116 U. S. DEAD

By Robin Coons
GUAM, June 21.—(P)—The end of the Okinawa campaign after 82 days of savage fighting was announced by Adm. Chester W. Nimitz today, giving American forces a strategic base only 325 miles from Japan.

Costliest of all the central and western Pacific campaigns, the battle of Okinawa took a toll of 35,116 Americans killed and wounded up to four weeks ago, and cost the enemy more than 90,000 dead.

While the big guns of the fleet and the artillery battalions fell silent, U. S. Tenth army forces still hammered with tanks and flame-throwers at two small pockets on the southern tip of the island, mopping up a handful of Japanese who refused to surrender.

Adm. Chester W. Nimitz in a special communique declared all organized resistance had been crushed.

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