

the stomach. If food is placed before him it is swallowed with avidity; it enters the stomach not sufficiently insalivated or masticated, rendering it impossible for the gastric juices to act upon it, and in such cases it is with difficulty that an action can be set up in the stomach necessary for a proper digestion; hence many valuable horses are lost by colic, through injudicious feeding with dry feed. The London Omnibus Company keep some 6,000 horses. In order to economize feed they tried the experiment of feeding 3,000 horses on bruised oats, cut hay and straw. The other 3,000 were fed in the usual way on uncut hay and straw and whole oats, the horses doing their own grinding and cutting. The allowance on the first system was, bruised oats 16 lbs., cut hay 7 1/2 lbs., cut straw 2 1/2 lbs. The allowance to the second was unbruised oats 19 lbs., uncut hay and straw 13 lbs. The bruised oats, hay and straw, amounted to 26 lbs., and unbruised oats, hay and straw, to 32 lbs.; horses that had the bruised oats with cut hay and straw consumed 26 lbs. per day, and the result was that they performed as much work and kept in as good condition as the horses that had 32 lbs. per day. Here is a saving of 6 lbs. per day on the feeding of each horse receiving the ground oats and cut hay and straw. Thus, at 5 cents per day, the company saved the handsome sum of \$300 per day by using bruised oats, cut hay and straw on the entire stock of 6,000 head.

nonproducing consumers, make a nation bearing this relation to the North. It is vain to call ourselves independent. It is a fatal delusion. 'What is the remedy?' This third and last question we will answer in our next. Respectfully,
MARK A. COOPER.

Iredell Express.

EUGENE B. DRAKE & SON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
STATESVILLE,
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1860.

Our Terms.
THE "IREDELL EXPRESS" is published upon the following terms, from which there will be no deviation. Subscribers therefore will govern themselves accordingly. 1 copy one year, if paid in advance, \$2 00; if paid within 3 months, \$2 50; if paid within 6 months, \$3 00; if paid at the end of the subscription year, \$3 00.

Notice.
The Whigs and Americans in Iredell county are requested to assemble in the Court House in Statesville, on Saturday, 18th, at 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Opposition Convention which is to assemble in Raleigh, on the 22d instant to nominate a candidate for Governor, and to transact other business looking to the welfare of the country.

Rail Road Celebration at Newton.
THE PUBLIC GENERALLY ARE invited to partake of a public DINNER to be furnished in NEWTON, on the 22d INSTANT, in honor of the arrival of the Cars in that place.
D. B. GAITHER,
M. L. MCCORMICK,
O. CAMPBELL,
T. W. BRADBURY,
W. P. REINHARDT.
Feb. 10th, 1860.

Patience under Affliction.
The mails that ought to come directly from Salisbury to this place, have arrived at the post office here so irregularly of late, one and two days after due, and then brought by the western train—that we cannot longer refrain from uttering our protest against the abominable bad management known to exist somewhere with those having the custody of the mails. What is the use of a daily mail, and a railroad if, an important mail, which ought to reach us in less than two hours is detained as many days, as it often occurs! By the present schedule of the W. N. C. Railroad the Eastern mail for the West, which arrives at Salisbury at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, is not dispatched in this direction until 8 o'clock next morning—a delay of sixteen hours. But this our business community might submit to patiently provided, their letters, etc. were sent and delivered properly, without additional detention. But so often have we occurred that, regularly is hardly looked for—we are more disappointed when we receive our correspondence in the regular time than when we do not. Our whole community suffer in like manner, and complain of the intolerable grievance.

If the cause continues, our citizens should and will apply the needed remedy—petition the Department for removal of the derelict officer. If the fault be not with the Post-Master at Salisbury, it will be his duty—no doubt afford him a pleasure to, investigate and apply a correction. When mail-matter is deposited in the right pouches at Salisbury, and they be delivered at Statesville, no mistake can occur.

We have received a polite invitation from Messrs. D. B. Gaither, M. L. McCormick, O. Campbell and J. C. Cline, Esquires, Committee, to partake of a public Dinner which is to be furnished at Newton by the public spirited Citizens of Catawba county, on the 22d instant, "in honor of the arrival of the Cars at that place." We much regret that the term of our court, which happens in the same week, will very likely deprive us of the pleasure of participating with our friends at the festive board on the memorable occasion; but we embrace this opportunity to rejoice with them, that the iron-horse, is daily prancing through their hills and valleys bringing prosperity and gladness to their doors.

Charlotte Bulletin.
This excellent Journal has been placed under the Editorial management of Col. E. H. Barron, one of the most gentlemanly, and of the best qualified Editors in the State. The news-columns of the Bulletin are always well filled with the latest foreign and domestic intelligence, Congressional reports, etc. We wish the Col. the largest success, not only in point of pecuniary reward to be derived from journalism—but the more agreeable, pursuit of enterprise among the ladies. That, ere long, our amiable and accomplished contemporary, will form a copartnering with some lovely being whose virtues and graces will be the counterpart of his own, and bestow a wealth of happiness upon two united and trusting hearts.

North Carolina Make of Ladies' Fine Boots, Gaiters, Shoes, and Brogans.
We have had exhibited to us by Mr. Jos. W. Stockton, of this place, samples of Ladies' fine Boots, Gaiters, etc., which were manufactured at Thomasville, in this State, that for elegance and finish are altogether equal to the Northern-made article, and much more serviceable, they will wear twice as long. The prices are about equal.

We also saw in Mr. Stockton's store several other North Carolina Fabrics, among them were plaid and striped cotton Cloths, that were made at a factory in Alamance county, which are really beautiful and quality excellent. Mr. Stockton expects to deal largely in Southern Fabrics hereafter.

Armstrong, Cator & Co.
We do not hesitate to say that this firm, doing business in Baltimore, and whose advertisement may be found in this issue, are eminently deserving of the patronage and confidence of Southern merchants. We have always heard the firm spoken of in commendable terms by Southern merchants, who go—South, not North—to buy

goods; for Baltimore is a Southern city—and there goods are sold as low, no doubt, as they can be obtained in New York.

Death of Capt. Thos. L. Tucker.
We were pained to learn of the death of CAP. THOS. L. TUCKER an old, highly respectable and useful citizen of this county, which sad event happened suddenly on Wednesday night of last week, the effect of a disease to which the deceased had long been subject. In the death of Capt. Tucker Iredell has lost a good citizen, and an affectionate family bereft of a devoted husband and parent.

The British Reviews.
We have received from Messrs. Leonard, Scott & Co., American publishers, "The Westminster Review" for January, also "Blackwood's Magazine" for the same month. The high character which [these works sustains on both sides of the water, is a sufficient recommendation to popular favor—Suffice it, that no gentleman's reading may be considered thorough, without an introduction into the pages of the British Reviews: For terms see advertisement on third page.

Whig Meeting next Saturday.
Bear in mind the Whig Meeting that is to be held at the Court-House, next Saturday, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Dr. J. C. Ayer in a Union Meeting.
Of several conservative and Union speeches that were made at a Union meeting which was held at Lowell, recently, Dr. Ayer made the best. He rebuked the abolition brigands and political charlatans of Massachusetts in terms as severe as deserved. If Dr. Ayer could discover a remedy that would eject Satan from the gizzards of Abolitionists—souls they have not—he would be deserving of a much higher fame than he enjoys for his other excellent "Remedies."

The Salisbury Branch of the Bank of North Carolina, (so we learn from the Watchman,) has gone into operation: It is located in the South-Western end of what has been known as Cowan's Brick Row," now the property of Dr. J. W. Hall—a central and business part of the town. The officers are—

Hon. D. F. CALDWELL, President.
MOSES W. JARVIS, Cashier.
P. A. WILEY, Clerk.
DIRECTORS.—John L. Shaver, Moses L. Holmes, Peter L. Barringer and Robert Murphy.

Simonton House—Change of Proprietors.
On reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the Simonton House which has been kept so admirably by Mrs. Wren, has passed into the hands of Mr. A. D. MOORE, a highly popular and enterprising gentleman of this place, one who will seek to maintain the high reputation which has so meritedly attached to the establishment now in his charge. We are pleased to know that Mr. Moore, by gentlemanly manners, and a good table will merit, the approbation of his guests.

New Advertisements.
J. Rintels & Co. are opening a stock of New Goods, Groceries, &c. in the store formerly occupied by Reese & Stewart.
Wallace & Elias have received an assortment of Saddles and Saddlery.
Jamison, Simonton & Co. offer Salt, Grass Seeds, &c.

J. W. Stockton, offers a Store-house and Dwelling for sale or rent.
Dr. W. H. Wyatt, of Salisbury, has an attractive advertisement in his line.

Clippings from the Press.
On Monday an intense excitement was caused in Anderson, C. W., caused by an assault by negroes upon the family of Mrs. Green. Four negroes went to the house about twelve o'clock at night and made an attack upon it. Mrs. G. and three men were at home at the time, and they defended themselves; but as they were destitute of fire-arms, the negroes made an entrance and knocked down and beat the inmates in a terrible manner. The lady was beaten in an inhuman manner, and then subjected to most fiendish indignities. The next day officers started in pursuit of the ruffians and succeeded in arresting them, but before they could be secured they were rescued by an armed mob and set at liberty. This aroused the white citizens, who formed themselves into bands to assist in the punishment of the negroes.

Recent accounts state that the citizens are determined upon arresting the murderous band who committed the outrages, and the negro population are disposed to protect them, and there is consequently great danger of a general disturbance. The whites and blacks in that and the adjoining township are about equally divided in numbers, and while the latter are villainous, the former are determined to protect themselves from outrage.

The Oregon Sentinel says Miss Cartwright, a young lady of eighteen summers, and daughter of Cartwright who keeps the Calapooia Mountain House, last week shot a fine deer which the hounds had brought to a bay near her father's house. She made a dead shot at the antlered prey, the ball having pierced his heart. It is where young ladies generally hit, we are told. This is the third deer that Miss Cartwright has brought to the ground,—enough to establish her reputation as a "deer" killer.

Dr. William Boyd has been convicted of stealing two slaves, and sentenced to fourteen years imprisonment. The deed was committed in Maryland, soon after the Harper's Ferry outbreak. The slaves were found in a wagon which he was driving about the country, using his peddling business as a cloak for disseminating abolition documents and running off negroes.

A Washington correspondent of the South Carolinian corrects the prevailing impression, that Pennington, who has been elected, is the individual, whom Mr. Brooks excoriated; Speaker Pennington never having been a member of Congress before, and was previous-

ly Governor of New Jersey. He describes him as a "venerable looking old man, about the size and something like Gen. Washington, but thinks him utterly unfit for the duties of his present station, which requires immense tact, quickness and experience none of which has fallen to his lot."

We regret to learn that the Hog Cholera has broken out among the Swine in Charlotte and that it is very fatal. Our Intendant, Major Kerr, has lost several valuable hogs by the disease within the past week, and several other citizens of Charlotte and the neighborhood have met with similar misfortunes. It is not safe to use fresh pork under existing circumstances, unless the animal is seen and inspected before it is slaughtered for use. So says the Charlotte Bulletin.

Judge Bowles, of Tennessee, has been appointed Treasurer of the United States, and the appointment will probably be ratified by the Senate to-morrow.

Hon. John S. Appleton, Assistant Secretary of State, declines the Boston collectorship. Congress will take official action in relation to the inauguration of the Washington State on the 22d of February. Many members have signified their readiness to vote a liberal appropriation to that object, and it is in contemplation to invite the New York 6th regiment to be present. The number of visiting military already reported is large. There will probably be a general suspension of business of that day.

One of the best printed, and best edited papers in the country, is the National AMERICAN, of Atlanta, Georgia. We receive it regularly, and always welcome its arrival. The Whigs and Americans of Atlanta, are fortunate in having so zealous and faithful an organ. We trust the proprietors meet with the success commensurate to the ability with which they conduct their paper.

A bill before the Wisconsin Legislature for the abolition of the Grand Jury system. It has been abolished in whole or in part in nine States of the Union, notwithstanding that the Constitution of the United States expressly provides that no person shall be convicted of an infamous crime except upon indictment by a grand jury.

General Robert Butler, Assistant Adjutant General to General Jackson at the battle of New Orleans, died at his residence at Lake Jackson, near Tallahassee, Florida, on the afternoon of January 12. Only three of General Jackson's prominent officers at that battle now survive, viz: General William O. Butler, of Kentucky, Major Shottard, of Mississippi, and Col. A. P. Hayne, of So. Ca.

The Savannah Express asserts that during this winter a locomotive builder of Philadelphia, has been to the South, soliciting orders, and has obtained them to the extent of fifty-six locomotives for Southern roads. The average cost of a locomotive, is about \$9,000; so here is one house, engaging a business of more than \$500,000 in one season, while we could have the same work done within our own limits, equally as well. Comment is unnecessary.

A "Farmer's Boy" in Kentucky, advertises for a wife. He says:
He wants to know if she can milk
And make his bread and butter,
And go to meeting without silk,
To make a "show and flutter."
He'd like to know if it would hurt
Her heart to take up stitches;
Or sew the buttons on his shirt,
Or make a pair of breeches.

The Wilmington Herald says: A singular accident occurred in this town on Sunday afternoon last, which came near being a fatal one. It was as follows: A son of Mr. Edward Ward, living near Dry Pond unsuspectingly placed a lighted match near the open bung-hole of an empty fluid barrel when an explosion took place, shattering the barrel, and throwing portions of the same some distance, and one piece went with such force as to displace several boards from the roof of the shed. The boy was knocked down and set on fire, but the flames were extinguished—by rolling him over in the sand—before he received much injury.

It is a remarkable fact that nearly all of the candidates for the Vice Presidency in the Democratic National Convention at Cincinnati, June, 1856, have since paid the debt of nature. Lynn Boyd, of Kentucky; J. C. Dobbin, of North Carolina; Gen. Quitman, of Miss; Gen. Rusk, of Texas; Aaron V. Brown, of Tenn., were represented as candidates by their respective States, and obtained a large support. They are now all dead! General Quitman got the highest number of votes of any candidate on the first ballot—more even than Mr. Breckinridge, who finally received the nomination. He was nominated by the eloquent and gifted Harris, of Illinois, who is also deceased. What changes time makes in four years.

The Wilmington Herald says: In the Pennsylvania Senate, a few days ago, there was presented a memorial, signed John H. Wheeler, a citizen of North Carolina, praying indemnity, by the passage of an act, for the loss of services and value of his three slaves—one of whom was his body servant—stolen or "spirited away" by a citizen of Pennsylvania, in July, 1855, while he, the said Wheeler, was in Philadelphia, and on his way through Pennsylvania, westward, for the purpose of embarking to Nicaragua, to which government he had been accredited as minister from that of the United States. The complainant estimates his loss at about five thousand dollars. The citizens of Pennsylvania above alluded to is generally supposed to be Passmore Williamson, whose name figured so conspicuously in the newspapers of Pennsylvania about the period referred to.

The Mississippi Legislature has voted against the introduction of wild Africans into that State for sale, by a vote of three to one.—Sensible.

Gov. Milton S. Latham has been elected U. S. Senator from California, to take the place of Broderick.

It is reported that Louis Napoleon has written a second letter to the Pope of a threatening tenor. This is stated on authority in the Liverpool Post, which gives the substance of the epistle, which says that his majesty is willing and anxious to remain the eldest son of the Church, but if his Holiness would oppose the late proposition, let him remember Henry the Eighth.

Harper's Ferry Trials—Stevens found Guilty.
The Jury, in the case of Stevens, rendered a verdict of guilty. The jury was absent about fifteen minutes. Hazlett's trial commences to-day, and on account of the difficulty with a witness, Mr. Sennott refuses to defend Hazlett.

The Statesville Road—Good News.
It will be seen by the annex which we copy from the Columbia South Carolinian, that the citizens of Columbia are called on to vote upon the question of granting aid to the Road now being built between Charlotte and Statesville:
MAYOR'S OFFICE,
COLUMBIA, Feb. 8, 1860.

In accordance with a resolution passed at the last session of Council, I respectfully invite the citizens of Columbia to convene in a meeting at the City Hall, on to-morrow (Thursday) at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of further city subscription to the extension of the Charlotte and South Carolina Railroad.

President Johnson of the Charlotte and South Carolina Railroad is expected to address the meeting.
ALLEN GREEN, Mayor.

On reference to the proceedings of the annual meeting of the Stockholders in the C. & S. C. Railroad, it will be seen that a subscription to the amount of \$250,000 (by endorsing or exchange of bonds) has been ordered to be made to the Statesville Road.—This act of the Company is worthy of all praise.—Charlotte Bulletin.

Opposition Meeting in Rockingham.
At a meeting of the Opposition of Rockingham County, held in the town of Leakesville, pursuant to public notice, on Saturday, Feb. 14th, 1860—on motion of C. Glenn, Jno. Moir was called to the Chair and Robt. W. Ward requested to act as Secretary. Mr. Glenn then moved, after a brief explanation of the objects of the meeting, that a committee of three be appointed to draft resolutions for the action of the meeting. The Chairman appointed C. Glenn, Robt. H. Ward, Dr. A. B. Johns, Sr. These gentlemen retired, and after a short delay, reported the following preamble and resolutions:

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of the Opposition Party in North Carolina, do hereby recommend the assembling of a State Convention of the Party in the city of Raleigh, on the 22d day of this month, to select a suitable candidate for Governor. Be it therefore

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting be instructed to appoint 20 delegates to represent Rockingham county in said Convention.

Resolved, That the thanks of the whole county, are due to the Southern Opposition in Congress, for their persistent and patriotic efforts to organize the House of Representatives.

Under the first resolution the Chairman appointed the following delegates to the State Convention—C. Glenn, John H. Dillard, James C. Martin, Dr. Robt. Reynolds, G. L. Aikin, Dr. A. B. Johns Sr., A. L. Ward, John D. Watkins, Claiborn Watkins, Jas. W. McDaniel, Daniel E. Guevart, James Wright, T. W. Patterson, Dr. John B. Johnston, W. B. Brooks, Dr. Richard H. Seales, Franklin Harris, Jno. Strong, John G. Rainey.

On motion the Chairman and Secretary, were added.
On motion it was Ordered that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the Iredell Express, Salem Press and G. Patriot.
JOHN MOIR, Chairman.
R. H. WARD, Sec.

Congressional.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.
The Senate was not in session to-day.

In the House, the framing amendment to the postal bill was discussed. There was no action taken upon the bill.

Arrival of Minister McLean.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.
Mr. McLean, the American Minister to Mexico, has arrived in this city. No definite conclusion has yet been arrived at by Senators, in regard to the merits of the treaty with Mexico.

Another Representative Canceled.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.
It was reported here to-day that H. A. Edmondson, of Virginia, severely chastised John Hickman, of Pennsylvania, with a cane yesterday, for his expressions against Virginia, during his speech at Pennington's secondence.

Death of W. E. Burton.
NEW YORK, Feb. 11.
W. E. Burton, the great comedian, died here yesterday.

The night watchman at the custom house was found on the street this morning murdered and robbed.

Later from Pike's Peak.
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.
We have received dates from Pike's Peak to the 3d inst. There was an outbreak at Denver City, between the Jumpers of private claims and the citizens. Serious results were apprehended, the Jumpers having threatened to burn the town in retaliation for their expulsion.

Additional by the Canada.
HALIFAX, Feb. 10.
Richardson & Spence, in their circular quote Flour dull and declining; Wheat dull and declining; Corn steady; Pork quiet, but steady; Bacon steady; Sugar heavy; Coffee quiet; Rice firm; Rosin steady, at 48 @ 48 1/2. Spirits of Turpentine firm, at 30 1/2 @ 30 1/2. GENERAL NEWS.—The rumor that 40,000 French troops were expected to invade Lechore is untrue.

The body of Capt. Harrison, of the steamship Great Eastern, was removed from Southampton amidst the most profound demonstrations of respect. The bells were tolled, minute guns were fired, and places of business were closed.

From Texas.
NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 11.
The steamship Arizona, from Indianapolis and Brazos Santiago, has arrived.

She brings intelligence from Brownsville to the 3th inst.

Later from Europe.
The North American has arrived with foreign news to the 18th ult., and the Asia to the 21st ult.
But few items of interest are reported.

The Emperor of France has issued an edict abolishing the duty on cotton, and otherwise favorably to a free trade programme.

Negotiations for the meeting of the European Congress have been resumed. The King of Sardinia has accepted the resignation of his ministry. Count Cavour was forming a new cabinet.

The Pope has replied to Napoleon, positively refusing to cede the rebellious provinces. It is believed that current events will lead to a war between Sardinia and Naples.

Prussia is increasing her army 40,000 men.
A letter from Vienna, published in the Liverpool Gazette, says that notwithstanding the new political complications government was continuing on a large scale the reduction of the army. This reduction, however, consists only in sending home men who can be called back at a moment's notice.

The rebel force in India has been utterly annihilated.

Congressional.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.
SENATE.—The mail contractors' petition for immediate action on the Postal bill was received. The bill was discussed. An amendment to abolish the franking privilege from the 1st of April was rejected by a tie vote in committee of the whole. The Senate adjourned without definite action on the bill.

The following is a copy of the bill as it came from the House:
Be it enacted, &c., That the sum of four millions two hundred and ninety-six thousand nine dollars and twenty-six cents be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of supplying the deficiencies in the revenues, and defraying the expenses of the Post-Office Department for the year ending the 30th of June, 1859.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That towards the support of the Post-Office Department the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1860, the sum of four million dollars, payable out of any money arising from the revenue of the Post-Office Department is hereby appropriated, and the further sum of two million four hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated; payable out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated—said sums to be expended in conformity with the provisions of the Act approved the 2d day of July, 1856, in the payment exclusively of the compensation of post-masters, the clerks in their offices and mail departments, special agents, and for the transportation of the mails.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum to commence one month after the expiration of the quarter in which the service was rendered, and to the date of the approval of this act, shall be paid on all sums found due to contractors for carrying the mails, and that a sum sufficient to pay the same be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated for the services of temporary clerks in expediting the payment of the creditors of the Post-Office.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.
SENATE.—The Senate to-day agreed to print 15,000 copies of the Agricultural Reports of the Patent Office.

The Postal Bill was debated and passed, with an amendment for the total abolition of the franking privilege.

Adjourned to Monday.
HOUSE.—The Standing Committees were announced. The following are the respective Chairmen:

On Election—John A. Gilmer, of North Carolina.
On Ways and Means—John Sherman, of Ohio.
On Claims—Mason W. Tappan, of New Hampshire.

On Commerce—Elihu B. Washburne, of Illinois.
On Public Lands—Eli Thayer, of Massachusetts.
On Post-Office and Post-Roads—Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana.

On Judiciary—John Hickman, of Pennsylvania.
On Revolutionary Claims—Geo. Briggs, of New York.
On Public Expenditures—John B. Haskin, of New York.

On Private Land Claims—C. C. Washburne, of Wisconsin.
On Manufactures—Chas. F. Adams, of Massachusetts.
On Agriculture—Martin Butterfield, of New York.

On Indian Affairs—Emerson Ethridge, of Tennessee.
On Military Affairs—Benjamin Stanton, of Ohio.
On Militia—Cyndor B. Tompkins, of Ohio.
On Naval Affairs—Freeman H. Morse, of Maine.
On Foreign Affairs—Thomas Corwin, of Ohio.
On Territories—Galusha A. Grov, of Pennsylvania.
On Revolutionary Pensions—John F. Potter, of Wisconsin.
On Invalid Pensions—Reuben E. Fenton, of New York.
On Roads and Canals—Robert Mallory, of Kentucky.
On Patents—Wm. Millward, of Pennsylvania.
On Public Buildings—Charles R. Train, of Massachusetts.
On Unfinished Business—John A. Logan, of Illinois.
On Accounts—Francis E. Spinner, of New York.
On Mileage—John D. Ashmore, of

South Carolina.
On Engraving—Garnett A. Adrian, of New Jersey.
On Expenditures of the State Department—James B. McKean, of New York.
On Expenditures of Treasury Department—David Loomis, of Connecticut.
On Expenditures of War Department—Wm Stewart, of Pennsylvania.
On Expenditures of Navy Department—Robert Hatton, of Tennessee.
On Expenditures of Post Office Department—Geo W Palmer, of N. Y.
On Expenditures for Public Buildings—Wm D Drayton, of Rhode Island.

On the Joint Committee on the Library—John U. Pettit, of Indiana.
On Joint Committee on Printing—John A. Gurley, of Ohio.
On Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills—Thos G Davidson, of Louisiana.

On Tuesday the Post Office Bill was taken up and discussed all day on a proposed amendment as to the franking privilege. No action. The bill was to come up again on Wednesday.

In the House of Representatives, on Monday, the rules were suspended, on motion of Mr. Phelps, to allow the consideration of the Post Office deficiency bill without submitting it to the order of a Committee of the Whole.—Being slightly amended, it was passed by a large majority and sent to the Senate. It appropriates over ten and a half millions of dollars.

George Marston, of New Hampshire, was then elected Doorkeeper, and J. M. Lucas, of Illinois, Post Master.

Mr. Stokes, of Tennessee, gave notice of a bill to regulate the compensation of members of Congress.

Mr. Etheridge, of Tennessee, gave notice of a bill to establish and regulate a uniform paper currency throughout the United States.

Messrs. Florence and other Pennsylvania members gave notice of their amendment (protection) bills.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, gave notice of a bill to punish and prevent polygamy in the Territories and to disapprove of certain acts of the Legislature of Utah.

The House adjourned over to Thursday, to give the Speaker an opportunity to appoint the Committees.

We find the following notice of Gov. Pennington in the National Intelligencer:

"Hon. William Pennington was born in Newark, New Jersey, where he has resided all his life. He is a lawyer, and has for many years practiced his profession extensively in the courts of that State. In 1837 he was elected Governor of New Jersey, and ex officio Chancellor of that State, both of which positions he occupied for six years, or until 1843. Mr. Pennington has ever been a Whig, and it was during his administration as Governor that the famous broad seal controversy occurred in New Jersey. In politics now he is a moderate Republican decidedly conservative in principle and spirit, a firm supporter of the Union, and an advocate for laying aside all subjects that may disturb the public tranquility. His personal character is one of the most pure and estimable, and his presence and manners remarkable for dignity and urbanity.

We had the pleasure of a visit yesterday from Mr. John Atkins, of Austin, Texas, a man known to newspaper fame, a native of South Carolina, but a resident of Texas since the year 1828. Mr. Atkins appeared to be about fifty years of age, but is as full of the fire of youth as though he was but a boy. He emigrated to Texas when it was a Mexican colony, and began the publication of a newspaper at St. Phillipi, called the "Mexican Citizen," which he issued once a week, at \$10 a year, and printed hand-bills at \$20 per hundred.

Mr. Atkins has lived to see a Mexican colony revolutionized—her independence declared, and formed into a republic, and finally the annexation of the Lone Star to the American Union of States. He goes hither to Washington City.—Dem. Press.

We also had the pleasure of a visit from Mr. Atkins. He advises well-to-do North Carolinians, who have taken the "Texas Fever," to stay at home; and his account of the state of things there—with regard to its unsalubrity—cured one who was present at the time he visited us.—Goldboro' Independent.

A Lovely Young Lady Roasted Alive.
A truly distressing accident occurred in Hanover county, Va., on Saturday last. Miss Bettie C. Berkeley, aged eighteen years, while in her mother's chamber, engaged in her ordinary morning vocation, accidentally passed near enough for her skirts to ignite, and quick as thought she was enveloped in a sheet of flames. Mrs. Berkeley seized a blanket and endeavored to smother the flames; but no help being at hand, she failed to check the devouring element until her lovely daughter, just budding into womanhood, and who but a moment before was all life and cheerfulness, was completely roasted alive.