

in the different states, with the amount	
capital paid in:	
Stock subscribed:	
302 shares,	\$1510
2882 "	14410
3613 "	18065
C. 1284 "	6420
C. 35251 "	176255
43,332	216,660

They also submitted a resolution, which was adopted, requiring the whole amount of the stock paid in, except so much as may be necessary to defray the expenses of making surveys, to be loaned to the several banks and other corporations dealing in money, on the best terms which it can be done, until the first of January next; and the Directors in each State are required to make these loans in their respective States.

The Committee on Memorials submitted an address to the Legislature of Kentucky, praying an amendment to the Charter, the granting of banking privileges, and a subscription of stock to the company, and authorized the President of the Company to prepare to memorialize the Legislatures of North Carolina and Tennessee on these subjects, and also the Legislature of Ohio on the subject of subscribing to the stock of the company. Col. Blending was delegated by the stockholders to bear the memorial in person to the Kentucky Legislature.

ALL HAIL! REJOICE!

The people of Fayetteville complimented the person of receiving the news of the Legislature having passed the Internal Improvement bill, with a salute of one hundred discharges of cannon. One gun was fired in honor of Mr. Haywood, who so bravely and magnanimously advocated the measure on the floor of the House, and in honor of E. L. Winslow, Esq., who so ably and ably conducted the affairs of the Fayetteville and Western Rail Road company as its President. They intended according to the Observer, also to illuminate the town. At Wilmington also, the news was greeted with discharges of artillery.

SINGLE SPEECH HUTCHISON

The Honorable gentleman from Mecklenburg, has at last immortalized himself. He celebrated Mr. Hamilton in the British Parliament, in a speech, the first and only one we have ever heard of his delivering in the Legislature. It was upon no subject more difficult to tell what was his own bearing; after doling out a whining complaint against Mr. Harris of Cabarrus, for something that was contained in a published speech of his, he demands to know of gentlemen (most typical like) who were published remarks were intended to apply to him; if so, why they were "unkind, uncharitable, false and slanderous!!" And Mr. Harris got up and says, that his "remarks were flung at with truth, and with unerring certainty reached their aim." To reason Mr. Hutchison says is satisfied and for the hand of fellowship.

Just one fifth of this magnificent production, measured with the dividers, we like to particular in these grand matters was related to the Editor of the Watchman in which he certainly endeavored with hearty will to belabor us. We shall not, however, permit our temper to be ruffled by the poor demagogue, with whom we have been so anxious our readers should to erect himself into a magnifying glass to call us low names. We shall continue to laugh at political mountebanks whenever the moment of party feeling shall bring them out of the slough of their native ignorance, and enable them to cut fantastic capers in elevated places. This party from Mecklenburg who has neither principle or manners we had singled out because he was the minimum of his class; we had held him to ridicule on more occasions than one, and we mean to do it when he comes to the fore. That he is already pretty well flea bitten we think his impotent rage on this occasion fully shows.

JOHN H. WHEELER, formerly of Hert and Co. N. C., late (we believe) of Washington City, has been appointed Superintendent of the Mint at Charlotte, with a salary of \$2,500 dollars per annum: equal to the salary given to the highest functionary of our State. Has good old Revolutionary Mecklenburg no son of her own blood, and golden soil, whom the powers of Washington, might have thought worthy this honor? We have all along heard of Mr. Conner had the disposal of this for his Congressional district. Could present no name to the distributors of things in the Kitchen, that might urge pretension, either on the score of office or merit?

General DAVID CAMPBELL, has been elected Governor of Virginia, over Judge William Daniel & Wm. H. Roane, Esq. The thing done according to the most approved mode of the Albany Caucus System. In the hands of present Rulers, Virginia is becoming degenerate.

THE C & C. RAIL ROAD.

The Banking Privilege, &c.

We have already given our views of that measure. We did not believe, nor do we believe, that it was prudent or wise for the State to confer so important a power upon irresponsible agents: there is danger of these privileges being abused, and if so, the office is beyond our reach either to punish or remedy; but after all, there may have been an emergency of the common good that authorized the Assembly to risk the danger. They were the final judges on the subject, and they have decided: unless therefore, the Standard wishes to apply the charter-breaking powers contended for in Pennsylvania, why not acquiesce until we see what may be the consequences: Let us judge the tree by its fruits. If these shall be bitter, we for one, will help the Standard to (how it down we cannot, and that is the worst of it,) but to bark it as poor Dave would have said.

Collector of the Port of Wilmington.

Dr. Thomas N. Cameron has been appointed to this office vice Gen. James Owen. The Register says it is a case of prescription: which the Standard questions: which, ever it may be, the government has lost a most faithful, honest and able officer.

William Allen (V. B.) has been elected U. S. Senator from Ohio, in place of Thomas Ewing (Whig). There were 13 balloting, is the last of which Allen received 55 and Ewing 52 votes.

Wm. Herod (Whig) has been elected to supply the vacancy in Congress from the Indianapolis district, in Indiana, occasioned by the death of G. L. Knapp (V. B.). His vote was 52; for Wm. Herod 3703, for W. W. Wick (Van) 3493.

The committee appointed by the House of Representatives in the early part of the session of Congress, to investigate the cause of the fire by which the Post Office Department was consumed, have reported their inability to arrive at any satisfactory conclusion in relation thereto.

It is stated that Gov. Cass, our minister to France, was the bearer of a private letter from Gen. Jackson to Louis Philippe, disavowing all the injurious interpretations put on certain phrases used by him in his celebrated Message to Congress on the subject of the controversy between the two governments, and to some of his acts. He likewise announces his intended retirement from the Presidency from public life altogether,—and his determination of paying a visit to France.

Revised Statutes.—James Iredell, and William H. Esq., have been appointed by the Governor to superintend the revision of the revised Statutes. Every citizen has a copy.

Raleigh S. ar.

HICKORY JOHN vs. RODOLPH.

We understand that Col. Crowell has challenged the friends of Rodolph, to run a hour and a half over the Hampden Course, in the vicinity of Augustus, with Hickory John, and offers an indemnity of \$20,000 to \$25,000; or to run the same match over any of the Northern Turfs for \$20,000 aside. Old Kentucky, we hope, will stand up to the rack.

(EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 12th, 1837.

My Dear Sir:—

On Monday night last, the Senate completed the measure of its own shame. The Journal of the Senate was obliterated by its own order, to gratify the sentiment of General Jackson. A resolution passed by a vote of 25 Senators was expunged by a vote of 24, being two less than a majority of the whole. Of that twenty four, not one member, one from Ohio, one from New Jersey, one from Indiana, one from Georgia, one from Tennessee, and the two leading gentlemen from North Carolina—making in all seven, do not at this time represent a majority of the people of their States. Here then is a Journal, ordered to be kept by the constitution for the benefit of the people, actually expunged by less than a majority of the whole Senate, and many of that minority known to be in opposition to a majority of their constituents. Will the people permit their most sacred rights to be so perverted?

It was thought the party would consummate their purposes on Friday, but Mr. Moore of Alabama, in the indignant spirit of a free man, challenged the slaves of power to do their deed then if they intended to do it at all—that it was hazardous duty, and therefore, a very proper day for the perpetration of such a deed. The idea alarmed their guilty spirits, and they put it off till Monday, when about 10 o'clock at night the Journal was expunged. Those who witnessed the act, did so with the most manifest indignation. They could not feel that their country was degraded. On the next day Mr. Benton, who is the author of this political drama, carried the pen with which the erasure was made to Genl Jackson, and gave it to him as a sacred memento. What makes this proceeding the more humiliating is, that many of those knights of the black line, as Mr. Clay sarcastically called them, purporting to be Senators representing sovereign States, have been driven to flee from the foot of Gen. Jackson. To many it is a bitter cup, but they were made to drink it.

The Select Committee raised to enquire into the agency of Robert M. Whitney, are progressing with the investigation. They have had Benton before them, and he has refused to answer, on the ground that Congress has no right to enquire into his private affairs. I think one thing is pretty certain—the party will let Robert go, and if they are not afraid of him, if Whitney refuses to answer it will be proof of his guilt.

Your Commissioner under the Spanish Treaty has written letters to the President asking for help. He wants another Commissioner associated with him. Mr. Henry was not at all qualified for the appointment, but he was a good party man, and that is the main question now. I dare say the question was never once asked, whether Mr. Henry was well versed in maritime law or not. The more important question in not appointment was this, is he a good Jackson Van Buren man?

Since the destruction of the Post Office, it is said an attempt was made to burn down the land office. A strange looking box was seen in one of the lumber rooms and outside. About midnight it ignited and burned up. It is said they know here who set fire to the Post Office Department, but keep the name concealed till the individual can be apprehended.

Honor to whom honor.—With pride and pleasure we refer the reader to the list of Acts passed at the late Session of the Legislature. It is the first time, we believe, during our Editorial life, that we have had it in our power to express almost unalloyed satisfaction at the doings of the General Assembly.

The leading measures of the Session have been,—the reception of our share of the Surplus money; the appropriation of \$400,000 of it to the Fayetteville and Western Rail Road; \$500,000 to the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road; and 2-5ths of the estimated cost of a Road from Beaufort to Fayetteville, (provided individuals be found willing to invest the remaining 3-5ths;) \$200,000 to draining the Swamp Lands; \$300,000 to an increase of the capital of the Bank of Cape Fear, with privilege of increasing the amount of individual stock \$400,000 more; the perfecting of a complete Digest of the whole Statutes Law of the State; and last, but not least, the devotion of a million of dollars to the Literary Fund, together with all future dividends from work of Internal Improvement.

The Judicial appointments made at the late session, are of the best kind. Not mere party men, but gentlemen of great legal attainments, and unimpaired integrity, in whom all parties have confidence. We honor this Legislature for not following the example of its predecessor in this matter.

Long will this General Assembly be remembered, for the people will now perform their duty, North Carolina will be redeemed. It remains for the citizens of Fayetteville and Cumberland, of Moore, Richmond, Anson, Montgomery, Randolph, Rowan, Davidson, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Lincoln, Rutherford, Iredell, Stokes, Surry, Wilkes and Ashe, to put their shoulders to the wheel in earnest. There must be a flagging; for if they let this opportunity pass, their fate is sealed. But they will not fail in this time of need. We are sure they will not.

The State owes a heavy debt of gratitude to Mr. Haywood. Unhappily, he has hitherto been regarded merely as a party leader, and his fine talents, and untiring zeal and energy, have been devoted mainly to the purposes of party. But on this occasion he came forward to the rescue of his State, at the period of her sorest need. Discarding all personal and local considerations; he advocated her cause, with an ability and disinterestedness which commanded success, when all others had well nigh despaired. We trust that what he then did will lead to such glorious results as will entitle him to a far higher station in North Carolina's roll of Statesmen, than any mere party triumph could give.

Nor should we for a moment forget our townsman, the President of the Rail Road Company, who has devoted his valuable time and extensive information and influence, to the attainment of the important results of the Session. Let him go on in the great work, and he will raise still higher a name always honored in this community.—Fay Ois.

The news of the final passage of the Internal Improvement Act was greeted here on Saturday last, with a salute of 100 guns.—lb.

We learn that the Banks of Subscription to the Rail Road, which opened in this place on the 1st of February, and in the various parts of this State, have a prospect of being successful. Copies of the Charter will be in readiness to distribute in a few days.

The following notice has also been handed in for publication.

The citizens of the County of Cumberland, who are desirous to act in the purchase and prosecution of the Fayetteville and Western Rail Road, are requested to meet at the Court House, in this place, on the 21 day of February, 12 o'clock, P. M.

E. L. WINSLOW, President.
Fayetteville, January 25, 1837. lb.

The notorious Rubeus M. Whitney, lately 249, one of the most splendid parties that have ever been known in Washington, eclipsing all the parties of the House of Representatives, and even of the President himself. It was attended by the President elect, the Secretaries, and many other distinguished men, who ought to have been ashamed to give such countenance to a perjured witness, such as Whitney. We infer, that he is still to be sustained by the party without standing reports to the contrary.

A day or two after this, he was summoned to appear before the committee appointed to investigate his connection with the Deposite Banks, and refused to answer, on the ground that the questions related to his private affairs. There was some expectation that he would be summoned to the bar of the House, to answer for this contempt.

Mr. HALE: The firing of cannon on Saturday last, in celebrating the "Glorious Landing" of the passing of the two path principle of the Legislature are the day before, was arranged under the following circumstances: Two guns were fired as a general salute on the 21st, after an intermission of two minutes, 4 guns were fired in quick succession on the part of the States two officers; then 6 guns on the part of the Corporation or individuals there in. We then fired one gun for W. H. Haywood, Esq., and one for our distinguished citizen and worthy advocate, Edmund L. Winslow.

We would say to our friends in the interior, that the guns were stationed in the W. & C. road of Hay Street, as a signal of our intent to meet them in this enterprise.—A grand illumination will yet take place on the occasion.—lb.

Steam Boat Navigation.—We have neglected our duties, to take such measures have been adopted by the Rock-Run Navigation Company, to test the practicability of navigating our river with Steam Boats. We imagine the most sanguine expectations with regard to the results. The success of the enterprise will give a new spur to this section of country.

[Milton Spectator.

SANTA ANA OUTLAWED.

The following intelligence, to be relied upon, will have an important influence upon the question of the acknowledgement of the independence of Texas.

VERY LATE FROM MEXICO.

From the New Orleans True American, Jan. 16.

IMPORTANT NEWS

Prospects of a war with Mexico.—Independence of California.

The United States Sloop of war Boston, having on board our Minister near the Government of Mexico, touched at the Balize on the 12th inst. on her way to Pensacola. Gorostiza had arrived in the city of Mexico. After his arrival, Judge Ellis demanded his passports, and left the city on the 28th ultimo.

A letter under date of January, 3, from Vera Cruz, states that California has declared her independence of Mexico. Rostamante was about to be elevated to the Presidency.

It was not positively known at Vera Cruz whether Santa Ana had been released. His return to Mexico was expected to produce a tremendous revolution. The strongest apprehensions were entertained of a war with the United States. The Boston left Vera Cruz on the 3d Jan. Every thing wore the indication of approaching trouble.

AN ACT

To lay off and establish a County by the name of DAVIE.

1. Be it Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That a County shall be, and the same is laid off and established in the Territory now comprehended in the limits of Rowan county, north of the South Yadkin River, beginning at the junction of the North and South Yadkin River, thence up the South Yadkin River to the Iredell county line, and all that part of the present county of Rowan, lying and being North of said River, shall hereafter constitute a separate and distinct county, to be called and known by the name of DAVIE, in honor of the Revolutionary Patriot, William R. Davie, and it shall be, and is hereby enacted, with all the rights, privileges, and immunities of the other counties in this State, except as is hereafter provided.

2. Be it further Enacted, That all Justices of the Peace, and Officers of the Militia, who reside within the limits of the county of Davie, shall continue to hold and exercise all the official powers and authorities, in and for said county, that they have hitherto held and exercised in and for the county of Rowan.

3. Be it further Enacted, That a Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions shall be, and the same is hereby established, in and for said county of Davie, to be held by the Justices last aforesaid, and such officers as may hereafter be appointed in and for said county, on the fourth Monday of February, May, August and November in each and every year: the first session of which shall be held on the fourth Monday in February next, in the town of Mocksville, when the Court aforesaid, a majority of the Justices of said county being present, shall appoint a Clerk of said Court, a Sheriff a Coroner or Coroners, Constables, and other officers for said county, who shall enter into bond as required by Law, and shall hold and exercise in said offices, until successors to them are duly chosen and qualified according to the acts of the General Assembly in such cases provided, and the said Court at its first session aforesaid, may appoint the place of its future sessions, and a Court House shall be erected in said county.

4. Be it further Enacted, That the County Court of Davie, a majority of the Justices being present, shall appoint five Commissioners, to select and determine upon a site, for a permanent seat of justice in said county, and shall purchase or may receive by donation, for the use of said county a tract of land, consisting of not less than Twenty five acres, to be conveyed to the Chairman of the County Court, and his successors in office, upon which they lay off a Town, the name of which shall be determined by themselves, in which the public Court House and Jail of said county shall be erected, and after the completion of the same, the Courts of said county shall be held, and the Clerks and Registers of said county be kept in said Town.

5. Be it further Enacted, That the Commissioners so appointed aforesaid, after paying off the debts of the Town aforesaid, and designating such site as shall be retained for public use, shall expose the residue to sale at Public Auction, upon a credit of one and two years, and shall take bonds with security for the purchase money, payable to the Chairman of the County Court, and his successors in office, and the said Chairman shall execute titles thereon upon the payment of the purchase money, which shall go into the County Treasury, and the said Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, may levy Taxes for all public uses, under the same rules, regulations and restrictions as the like Courts in other counties.

6. Be it further Enacted, That all persons who may be liable to imprisonment under any process, either civil or criminal in said county, before the completion of the public Jail therein, may be committed to the Jail of any adjoining county, in like manner, as when a Jail has been destroyed by accident.

7. Be it further Enacted, That the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, established by this act, and the Superior Courts of Law and Equity, which may hereafter be provided for said county, shall have the like powers, authorities and jurisdictions, as the same Courts possess and exercise in other counties, and all suits now depending in any of the Courts of Rowan county, wherein the citizens of Davie are both plaintiff and defendant, and all judgments against them or any of them, shall be transferred to the Court having jurisdiction thereof in the county of Davie, in the manner now provided for transferring suits from one county to another.

8. Be it further Enacted, That all criminal offences, which may be committed in the county of Davie, which shall be cognizable only in the Superior Court of Law, shall be and continue under the jurisdiction of the Superior Court of Law of the county of Rowan, until a Superior Court of Law shall be created for the county of Davie.

9. Be it further Enacted, That nothing in this act contained, shall be so construed as to prohibit the Sheriff of Rowan county, from collecting such sum or sums of money as are due or may become due on any Judgment before the first Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for said county of Davie.

10. Be it further Enacted, That the counties of Rowan and Davie, shall continue to be represented in the General Assembly as one county, and in the name of the county of Rowan, until a future Legislature shall otherwise provide, and direct, and an election shall be held for members of both Houses of the General Assembly and of Congress, by the Sheriff or other returning officers of Rowan county, in all the territory hereafter comprehended in the limits of said county, at the times & places, and under the same rules, regulations and restrictions, as have been appointed or may hereafter be appointed by Law, and

the certificate of said Sheriff or other returning officer, to the result of said election or elections, shall be as valid, and effectual to all intent and purposes, as if his act had never been passed.

11. Be it further Enacted, That provided nothing in this act, shall be so construed, as to prevent the Sheriff of Rowan county, from collecting arrears of Taxes in the same manner as he would have done previous to the division of the county, provided nevertheless, that Sheriff of Rowan shall not collect any Taxes in the county of Davie, or of the citizens of said county, imposed by the County Court of Rowan, and which are collectable in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, but the same may be collected by the Sheriff of Davie county, to the use of said county.

12. Be it further Enacted, That all the papers now in the Post Office, originally from Davie, shall be transferred to the Wardens of said County.

13. Be it further Enacted, that this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

IV-JCT.

Supplemental to an act passed at the present General Assembly entitled, An Act to lay off the County of Davie:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That there shall be a Superior Court of law and Court of Equity opened and held in the Town of Mocksville, until a Court House shall be built as provided for in said act, then at said Town and Court House, in the county of Davie on the eighth Monday after the third Monday in February next, and on the eighth Monday after the third Monday in August, and on the same days in each and every year hereafter, which Courts shall have the same jurisdiction that the present Superior Courts of law and Courts of Equity in the several counties in this State now have and exercise.

2. Be it further enacted, That the county of Davie shall hereafter constitute a part of the sixth circuit, and the Judge and Solicitor, who shall attend the Superior Courts in said county, shall be respectively entitled to the same pay for attending said Courts that they now by law are entitled to receive for attending the other Superior Courts in said circuit.

3. And be it further enacted, That a Clerk & a Clerk and Master in Equity, both men of skill and probity, and residents in the county of Davie, shall be appointed for the same by the Judge attending the first term of said Court; they shall give bond & security as directed by law for such officers, and take the oath prescribed for their qualifications; the clerk so appointed shall hold his office until the regular election and qualification of his successor. The county Court of Davie shall appoint thirty Jurors to attend the said Court in the same manner as Jurors are appointed to attend the Superior Courts in the State.

4. Be it further enacted, That all civil causes depending in the Superior Court of Law and Equity for Rowan, the Plaintiffs in which cause reside in Davie county, and also all actions of ejectment and trespass, quare et non, &c. &c. commenced in Rowan county, shall be transferred with all process and proceedings therein to the Superior Court of Law hereby established for the county of Davie, and the provisions of the act passed in the year eighteen hundred and six, entitled an act amendatory &c. supplementary to an act entitled an act for the more convenient administration of Justice and all other acts supplemental thereto for the appointment, summoning and attendance of Jurors, for the transmission and receipt of the records, proceedings and papers for docketing and bringing the causes forward for trial; for summoning witnesses; for issuing original and mesne process prior to the first term of Davie Superior Court; and generally for all other purposes relative to the preparation for trial and determination of the business of said Court, be, and the same are hereby extended to the Superior Court of Davie county; the neglects and failures of the several officers of the Superior Courts of Rowan and of the County Courts of Davie, shall be subject to the same penalties and forfeitures as are provided for similar neglects and failures by the said act; and the said officers shall be entitled to the same fees for their services as are established by the said act for like services.

5. Be it further enacted, That the Constables now residing in the county of Davie shall continue to hold their respective offices and perform all the duties appertaining thereto, subject to the same rules & penalties, regulations and restrictions as Constables in other counties in this State, until the first County Court to be held for said county.

6. Be it further enacted, That it shall be competent for a majority of the commissioners who shall be appointed by the County Court of Davie to select a site for a seat of Justice, and for other purposes, to do all things belonging or appertaining to their commission as fully and effectually as the whole of said commissioners might do, and that the said commissioners or a majority of them may let out to the lowest bidder or contract for the building of a Court House and Jail, upon whatever plan or form they may deem advisable, and that the permanent seat of Justice shall be in Mocksville, or within two miles of the same; and they may receive any quantity of land for that purpose not less than fifteen acres, any thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

7. Be it further enacted, That the County Court of Davie a majority of the Justices being present, may lay a tax not exceeding one dollar on the pole, and thirty cents on every hundred dollars valuation of real estate, for the purpose of building the Court House and Jail.

8. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

AN ACT Supplemental to an Act supplemental to an Act passed at the present General Assembly to lay off and establish the county of Davie.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That for the purpose of organizing the first Court, it shall be lawful for any

Justice of the Peace of the county of Rowan, to administer the Oaths prescribed by law, to such persons as may be appointed at the present session of the General Assembly, Justices of the peace for the county of Davie.

That at the holding of the first Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, of the county of Davie, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the county of Rowan to administer to the Justices of the Peace of the said county of Davie, such oaths as may be necessary to qualify them for the duties of Justices of the Peace for said County.

Death of Gen. Austin!—The Texas Patriot.—This distinguished advocate for the rights and liberties of Texas, died near Columbia on the 25th of December. Great sorrow is manifested in N. Orleans for this event by the friends of that brave little State. The New Orleans Bulletin gives a short biography of Gen. Austin, and pays his memory a warm eulogium. It says, his name is associated with the earliest existence of Texas; and that he was indeed her patriarch, and labored for her advancement with the sedulous care and solicitude of a father; his life in a history of exertions and struggles in her behalf, and his last days were spent in the promotion of the same great cause which had constituted the chief aim of his existence.—Register.

FOR SALE AT THE NORTH-CAROLINA BOOK-STORE

The following interesting works, viz: The Life of Manasseh Waucho, a Tailor in Denmark. The Castilian. Apian Morsels, with Cuts. The Incognito, or Sims and Peemadilloes. Faircraft, or the Patriarch of Venice. Clara Gize, or How not to quarrel with yense. Zorah, the Hostage. The Posthumous Papers, fictions and travels, of a person lately out of Town. The Wonderful Tale of Alroy, the Sire of Israel. Amusements at Large. The Road and other Tales, by F. L. Bulwer. My Uncle Nicholas on the Bullwinkles of Underwood Hall. The Life of Scidder. Memoirs of Marshal Ney. Marbais's History of Louisiana. The Friend, a series of Essays of Coleridge. A Visit to Greece and Constantinople. Frois's History of Harid University. Waverly Novels. Also, the American Almanac and Repository of Useful Knowledge for 1837. TURNER & HUGHES. Raleigh, Jan. 21 1837.

FOR SALE upwards of 300 ACRES OF LAND, and 212 acres of Swampy, with a GRIST & SAW MILL and in a good neighborhood for culture.

ALSO 8 NEGROES.

and all the personal property attached to my farm viz: HORSES, CATTLE, HOGS, Grain, Furniture, Working Tools &c. &c. If the above property is not sold privately, I will sell the same at auction, on the premises on the 10th day of August next.

JACOB TRAVIS. Salisbury February 4, 1837—6-29.

HEAVY CITY AND FOREIGN HIDES.

THE Subscriber has constantly on hand, and receiving daily HEAVY CITY, NEW YORK AND FOREIGN HIDES, well worth the attention of Farmers in the interior, which he offers for sale at the lowest prices and most accommodating terms for cash or City acceptances.

Also, Leather of all kinds on hand, and finished to order at the shortest notice.

S. CRUIKSHANK. Charleston, S. C. Feb. 4. 1837—5-29.

CASH FOR COTTON.

I WISH to purchase 700 Bales of Cotton for which, I am willing to pay the Fayetteville prices, and if those who think proper to sell me their Cotton think the price is not high enough on delivery, they may draw the money in part, and let the cotton lie at my own risk and choose the price any time between now and next May.

HENRY HUMPHREYS. Greensborough, N. C. Jan. 31, 1837—3-29.

THE Subscribers having imported direct from the manufactures in Europe, a large assortment of British

DRY GOODS, FRENCH SILKS AND SWISS MUSLINS.

Offer them for sale by the piece or package, at their Store at the corner of Finner wharf and East Bay, in Charleston, South Carolina, on liberal terms for approved paper.

SILCKELFORD, BOJG & CO. 6-29

E. B. REVELS,

Barber, Hair Dresser and Perfumer, takes this opportunity to inform the citizens of the village of Lincoln and the surrounding country, that he has located himself in the town of Lincoln, and intends to carry on the above business in all its branches. He has met with encouragement and success wherever he has followed the business, but it is the natural propensity of all men to make all they can; he is therefore, throws himself on the public spirit of the citizens of Lincoln County to render unto him whatever he is deserving of.—Try me gentlemen, and if I fail to please either in shaving or trimming, then say the subscriber has no skill in his business. But again, if I succeed to your fancy, then give me a liberal encouragement. The more an encouraged the greater will be my exertions to serve you.

Yours Respectfully,

E. B. REVELS, Barber, Hair-Dresser, &c. Razors set to order and warranted to shave well. E. B. R. February 4—3-29