

THE FEDERAL LOCO FOCO RESOLUTIONS.

How any man of character could have put his name to this farago of nonsense, contradiction and error, is to us a matter of great wonder. What could be more barefaced and puerile than the following: "We are highly gratified to learn from the last Annual Message of the President of the United States, that a reduction of eleven millions of dollars has been made in the expenditures of Government for the last two years."

Look to the direct assertion, that there were "no Farmers, no Mechanics" in the Harrisburg Convention. It is scarcely possible that the individual who drafted those resolutions should not have known that Thomas Allison, who represented the Iredell district, and who resides within thirty miles of this town "is a Farmer" and a first one at that.

Among the number of those whose presence was solicited by the Committee of Invitation, a letter was addressed to the Hon. John Ruggles, United States Senator from Maine, who has heretofore been friendly to the Administration.

To the Hon. John Ruggles, U. S. Senator. Dear Sir—The undersigned, acting on behalf and under the direction of the delegates from the City of Baltimore, to the National Convention of Whig Young Men, have the honor to request that you will attend the sittings of the Convention as one of its guests.

THE RESOLUTIONS OF 1855. We call the attention of our readers to the resolutions passed at a meeting in this County on 17th May, 1855. These, as well as the call from the grand Jury, are the production of the Hon. Charles Fisher, a member of Congress from North Carolina, now an ardent supporter of Mr. Van Buren's reelection, so much so, that he travels all the way from Washington City to attend a Federal meeting in this town, in order to make a speech in favor of the Federalists.

Episcopal Convention.—The Convention of the Episcopal Church for the Diocese of North Carolina, commenced its Session in this Town on Wednesday last—the Right Reverend Bishop Ives presiding.

Congress.—The general appropriation bill for the year 1850, after a long and searching discussion, and after undergoing many modifications, has at length passed through the House.

Newbern Spectator.—This paper has again made its appearance after a suspension of two or three months. Until the Presidential election, it will continue to be edited by Mr. G. R. Moore. The Spectator is a spirited Whig Journal.

Senator Ruggles from Maine has formally backed out from the support of Mr. Van Buren's administration. See his letter in today's paper.

THE DANIEL DINNER. The Complimentary Dinner to Gen. BEVELY DANIEL, late U. S. Marshal, took place on Saturday, and we have never been present at any entertainment, where there was greater rational enjoyment, or where the proceedings were characterized by more decorous conviviality. It must have been a grand day for Gen. DANIEL, and amply atoned, we have no doubt, for the violence done to his feelings by his unjustifiable removal.—Raleigh Register.

A Van Buren meeting was held in Salisbury on the 6th inst., affording Mr. Fisher an opportunity to explain to "my constituents." Resolutions were adopted which we suppose embody the principles that Mr. Fisher now answers to when he is at home. They partake largely of the "entire figure" character of first rate Van Buren doctrine.—Greensborough Patriot.

We learn from the Watchman that Charles Fisher still denies that he is a Van Buren man. He is also terribly opposed to Gen. Harrison. Mr. Fisher is fastidious—he is hard to suit in the way of a candidate. Mr. Fisher had better set up for the Presidency himself; there seems to be no other way to get a candidate to suit him. And this nation will take it mightily to heart if he is not suited.—Ib.

No pressure that any honest man should regret, says the President: We learn from a gentleman direct from Burke, that Corn last week brought at Sheriff's sale in that County two cents a bushel—a horse of great value, the full sum of five dollars—and a mare with a mule colt, two dollars and fifty cents.—Whig Banner.

Sir Astley Cooper's maxims for preserving health, were temperance, cleanliness, exercise, and early rising.

From the Fayetteville Observer. REMARKABLE FACTS.

The more the subject is examined into, the more are we struck with admiration of the wisdom and sagacity of the Harrisburg Convention in the nomination of Gen. Harrison. The following table tells a tale of popular feeling which surprised us.

In 1836, Mr. Webster was run in Massachusetts; Judge White in Tennessee, North Carolina, Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana; and jointly with Harrison in Virginia; whilst South Carolina voted for Mangum. Gen. Harrison was run in the following 15 States only:—

Table with 4 columns: State, Popular votes, Elect votes, and Total. Rows include Maine, N. Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, Illinois, and Total.

It will be seen, that in these 15 States, Van Buren, with the aid of Jackson's great popularity, received but 27,921 votes more than Harrison, though the latter had only been a candidate for a short time, and had been cut of public life for many years. It will be seen that he carried 7 out of the 15 States, and that a change of 16,420 votes in the States of New York, Pennsylvania, and Rhode Island, with the 74 Electoral votes in the States which he carried, would actually have elected him President of the United States!

All this happened at a time when the Whigs were divided, and in some sort dispirited; when they had the overwhelming popularity of Jackson to contend against. Now, we are all united; Van Buren has no popularity of his own; and the country is tired of suffering the evils of misgovernment. Of the States which voted for Van Buren then, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Virginia have already, expressly under the banner of Harrison, thrown off the shackles; and New York, Pennsylvania, and North Carolina stand ready to follow in the footsteps, to say nothing of Massachusetts, Tennessee, and Georgia, which voted for Webster and White.

Who doubts that Harrison will be elected? Not we!

From the Raleigh Beacon.—Extra. ARRIVAL OF THE GRAY WESTERN. Fourteen days later—War declared by England against the kingdom of the two Sicilies—Arrival of Fanny Elssler.—Queen Victoria, Prince Albert, &c., &c.

The Great Western arrived in New York on Monday last at 11 o'clock. A. M., eighteen days from Bristol. She had a very rough passage—encountered several gales. From the New York Herald, which invariably gives the fullest and promptest foreign news, we compile our abstract of the news brought.

The market continues easy. The exchanges do not improve, and a small export of coin continues. Cotton is down 1/4. The duty on wheat has been reduced 4s. the quarter.

Parliament adjourned April 15th to 30th. The Queen of England in the most interesting situation. It is now certain beyond a doubt that Prince Albert has earned his salary as a husband, including a bonus of one million for extra.

Ministers have issued an order in council to dispose of Chinese prizes, and done all but declare war against China. The rupture with England and Sicily has widened. There is civil war in Switzerland.

Wm. M. Price was arrested in Paris, for an old debt of \$1,000 and imprisoned in the rue de Choiseul. He immediately had a fit of patriotism, said the United States was the only country fit to live in, and accordingly started for Liverpool as soon as possible, and embarked thence for New York on the 8th of April. Swartwout is preparing to go to Texas. Of Surtees, Dumbey & Co. there are no tidings.

Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson were present at the Queen's drawing room, April 9th—being the first given this season.

The University of Oxford have made Prince Albert an L. L. D.

Madame Caradori Allan has had a severe attack of the measles.

Five new government steamers are to be launched at different harbors in France next summer.

SICILY.—Great preparations in the defensive way are making here. Thousands of troops are collected under the immediate command of the King. The English Minister had demanded his passports, and all was excitement. The peace of all Europe may be shaken by this matter.

SPAIN.—All is confusion, but little fighting doing.

The queen of dancers, Fanny Elssler, is the most important personage whose arrival we see chronicled. She will create a sensation.

Further particulars on Saturday.

Mother and Child in the Woods.—It is stated that one of the Texian prisoners among the Comanches, Mrs. Webster, who escaped and came into San Antonio a few days after the Terrible slaughter, was twelve days, after leaving the Indians, wandering about before she reached a point of safety. She carried her child the whole time, and gleaned her subsistence from the fruit of the prickly pear, which abounds in these regions.—Several times she saw marauding bands of the enemy, but contrived to elude them.

The Militia Army.—The Federal Locofoco papers tacitly admit the enormity of this project by refusing to publish the Secretary's detailed report. They have been dared, and defied, and persuaded to give it forth to the public, but they will not.

What most be thought of a measure which their own Presses are afraid to lay before the public? As a set off, they say that General Harrison proposed a scheme to educate children in military tactics. Well, why not publish that. Why not let us judge of the merits of this plan for ourselves. We have never seen any such scheme, but from the uniform and consistent Republicanism of Gen. Harrison, we are confident that no plan ever submitted by him will be found in conflict with our interests. Until we are furnished with something more than the assertions of the Federal Newspapers, we shall continue to deny the truth of this charge.

A good one.—Mr Fisher in his speech to the people of Rowan, stated that the Whigs were keeping back the Appropriation Bill to make money scarce, and thus make the people more dissatisfied. Nearly the whole of this money goes to the President's dependants: to them, according to this statement, the people have to look for plenty. What fearful truth is this, if true! be. But we cannot think it is so—the mercenary, who care for nothing but their pay, may feel a little inconvenience by a few days delay of their accustomed sops: they may growl and grumble at it, and threaten their masters with rebellion, but enormous as is, the amount of this stipendiary fund, we doubt whether it could possibly affect the people at large.

Virginia.—There seems to be some difficulty in arriving at the exact Whig majority in this State, but it is certainly as much as 10 on joint ballot in the two houses, and probably more. The popular vote as far as ascertained is still more favorable.

Why are certain Federal-Democratic-Lochofoco-State-Rights-Van Buren-Republican Whig prints like weather cocks?

WHIG MEETING IN SURRY. At a meeting of the Whigs of Hamptonville (Surry county) and vicinity, held on Saturday, the 2nd day of May, on motion of E. Hough, Esq., Capt. John Wright was called to the Chair and A. W. Martin and John F. Douthit were appointed Secretaries. The objects of the meeting was explained from the Chair in a speech of some length, in which the Sub-Treasury—Standing Army—Extravagant expenditures of the Administration were denounced in strong and perspicuous language. The meeting was also addressed by James Parks, Esq. and Eph. Hough, after which, the following Resolutions were presented by J. Cowles, and unanimously adopted:

- 1. Resolved, That it is incumbent on the freemen of North Carolina frequently to assemble to consult together for the public good, and to adopt such measures for the preservation of their inalienable rights as shall seem best calculated to secure them and hand them down unimpaired to posterity.
- 2. Resolved, That we disapprove of the Sub-Treasury Scheme of large Standing Armies in time of peace (two prominent measures of the Administration) as being subversive of our Republican Institutions; of the rights of the States, and of the liberties of the People.
- 3. Resolved, That we disapprove generally of the measures of the Administration of the Federal Government as developed under the auspices of Martin Van Buren, and that we will use all lawful measures to effect a change of President and Vice President.
- 4. Resolved, That in the rigid virtue, stern Republican principles, and tried honesty of WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, we have a sufficient guarantee, that he will, if elected President, restore the Government to its original purity and simplicity—vastly curtail its expenditures—restore confidence and diffuse happiness throughout the Land.—Therefore further resolved, that he is entitled to the cordial support of the friends of good order and Republican Government at the next election for President of the U. States.
- 5. Resolved, That we cordially concur in the nomination of John M. Morehead for Governor of this State, and that we will use all lawful means to effect his election.
- 6. Resolved, That in our opinion slander and defamation has become too much the order of the day, and that the situation of that party must be desperate, who make a reckless use of such unholy weapons to the prejudice of an high and honorable opponent.
- 7. Resolved, That the Chairman appoint fifteen delegates from this election precinct to meet at Rockford, on Tuesday of May Court, to fix upon suitable persons to be voted for at the next August Election, for Senator and three Representatives for this County in the next Legislature of this State.

In pursuance of the authority conveyed in the last Resolution, David Day, William Tulbert, John F. Douthit, Wm. Collins, John N. Messick, James Johnson, Yarborough Jones, Willie Fells, Miles Wilcox, G. D. Holcomb, Jr., Moses Austin and Thomas Lindley were appointed.—On motion, Capt. John Wright and Josiah Cowles were added to the list of delegates.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the Editors of the Carolina Watchman with a request to publish, and that this meeting do now adjourn.

JOHN WRIGHT, Ch'n. JOHN F. DOUTHIT, Sec'y.

REPUBLICAN WHIG CANDIDATES. CANDIDATES IN ROWAN. For the Senate.—Samuel Ribelin, H. C. Jones, Isaac Burns, Francis Williams, For Sheriff.—Col. K. W. Long, and John H. Hardie, Esq.

CANDIDATES IN DAVIDSON. For the Senate.—Alfred Hargrave, Esq. B. L. Beall, Chas. Brannell. For Sheriff.—Col. John M. Smith, and Mr. B. B. Roberts.

CANDIDATES IN CABARRUS. For the Senate.—C. Melchor, Esq. For the Commons.—Col. D. M. Baringer.

An elderly lady of this place has suggested the term "HYPOCRAT" as the more consistent with truth, than "DEMOCRAT" for the willingly blind Tory.—Good name and true.—Whig Banner.

MARRIED. In this County, on the 7th ult., by Robert N. Fleming, Esq., Mr. William E. Barber, to Miss Margaret Lysterly.

In this County, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. James D. Hall, Dr. George R. Johnston, to Miss Sarah, daughter of Capt John McCulloch.

DIED: In this Town, on Tuesday evening last, of camp, Richard, son of Col. R. W. Long, aged about two years.

LANCASTER, C. H., S. C. APRIL 14th 1840. Messrs. Editors:—I have under-stood that in one or more numbers of your paper, I have been published as a loafer; one who is fond of contracting small debts, and then decamps without paying them. I have never seen the paper, and can not perhaps repeat what was published; but this I do say, that its author is a vile calumniator, and a distributor of falsehoods. I never contracted while I was in Concord, or any other place debts, that I did not pay, except the sum of \$2.00, to Mr. Dobbins, \$0.50, to Mr. Crowder, and \$2.75, to Mr. Getting, all of which I left in the hands of Mr. Price, the gentleman with whom I worked, and requested him to pay them for me, or that he would do so when I left him. I own business, less perchance, they might meet with difficulties in their way.

PLEASANT G. MAY. [We very readily give place to the above letter from Mr. May. He feels himself aggrieved by a publication which appeared in the Western Carolinian of the 27th March, over the signature of "A Citizen," (of Concord) and has a right to vindicate his character from the charges therein made.—Eds. Watchman.]

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the citizens of the surrounding country, that they have just received their supply of Spring and Summer Goods. They are FRESH, & consist of a great variety of Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, and Groceries, and, in fact, every thing commonly kept by Merchants in this part of the Country.

Their Stock having been selected with the greatest possible care, by one of the firm, they feel happy to invite all—the most fastidious not excepted—to call and see, and judge for themselves.

They would return their most unfeigned thanks for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended them, and hope by strict attention to their business, to merit its continuance.

Their prices and terms are such as will suit these peculiar times, which is certainly a desideratum, and ought to receive due encouragement.

C. & H. PARTEE. Concord, May 15, 1840.—1842

North Carolina Book Store.

Valuable works on Farming, Gardening, Botany, Cattle, Orchards and the Grape Vine, &c. &c. The complete Farmer, American Gardener, Florist Guide, The Green House, Bridgeman's Gardener's Assistant, Loudon's Encyclopedia of Gardening, Art of Winemaking, Memoirs of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society, Treatise on Cattle, their breed, management, &c. Farmers' Own Book, Modern and Pastry, History of the Horse, New American Orchardist, Ornamental Trees, Farmers' Register complete as far as published, Masons' Fraternity improved, Loudon's Encyclopedia of Agriculture, together with a splendid collection of Books in every department of Literature, for sale at reduced prices by

TURNER & HUGHES. Raleigh May 6. N. B. Book Binding done with neatness and despatch, at the N. C. Book Store.

NEW FASHIONS, FOR THE SPRING & SUMMER 1840.

HORACE H. BEARD, RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he still carries on the TAILORING BUSINESS at his old stand on main street, next door to the Apothecary Store. He is ever ready to execute the orders of his customers in a style and manner not surpassed by any workman in the Western part of the State. He is in the regular receipt of the latest London and New York FASHIONS, and prepared to accommodate the tastes of the fashionable at all times.

Cutting garments of all kinds attended to promptly, and the latest Fashions furnished at all times to country tailors, and instructions given in cutting.

NOTHING NEW: A NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now carrying on the above business in a room just back of Mr. Fraley's Tailor Shop, in Mr. Cowan's Brick House. He solicits public favor in his line; but feels it his duty to urge the necessity of cash payments for work. He cannot afford to give as good bargains and credit out his work. His prices will be reduced for cash, but he will charge the same as heretofore paid if he has to book it. JAS. GLOVER. Salisbury, March 15, 1840.—3m33

COTTON WANTED.

THE Proprietor of the Leakville Factory will give liberal prices for 200 Bags of Cotton, of a fine quality, delivered at Leakville, N. C. April 6d, 1840.—36tf

TO OWNERS OF MILLS.

THE Subscriber has an improved Patent SPINDLE for Mills, by which a mill will do much better than with the usual form of Spindles. It is so constructed as to keep from heating or killing the meal in any manner. The runner is so confined by the Spindle as always to preserve its balance, and of course there is no rubbing of the stones.

I think, by this improved Spindle, the water will do at least one third more business, and the meal of superior quality.

Any person wishing to use one of these Spindles, may obtain one more, by making application, (within a short time) to the Subscriber at Mocksville, Davie Co. N. C. I think the probable cost will not exceed \$30 for the Patent and Spindle ready for use.

The following persons have my patent Spindles in successful operation:—Gol W. Kelly, Theo. Foster, Joseph Hall and Samuel Foster, of Davie County; Gilbert Dugan and David J. Ramsor of Lincoln; Charles Griffin of Rowan; Addison Moore of Davidson; and William Doss of Surry, all of whom are highly pleased with its performance.

Call and See. THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and customers, that he has removed to the house next door to George W. Brown's Store, where he intends keeping an assortment of

GROCERIES; such as Molasses, Sugars—Coffee, Salt, Powder and Shot, Snuff, &c. LIQUORS of all sorts—such as French Brandy, Holland Gin, Malaga and Tenerife Wine, Champagne, Muscat, Lemon Syrup, &c. ALSO AN ASSORTMENT OF CANDIES.

And other things in his line too tedious to mention, which can be bought for cash as cheap as at any other place in Salisbury. NOAH ROBERTS. March 20, 1840.—1834

DR. LEANDER KILLIAN. RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the citizens of Salisbury and surrounding country. His Office is in Mr. West's new brick building, nearly opposite J. and W. Murphy's store. August 30, 1839.—45

\$50 REWARD. ABSCONDED about the last of October, from the subscriber, at that time residing in Stokes County, N. Carolina, my Negro man, COLEMAN, about 27 or 28 years of age, and of a very bright complexion. He is a Shoemaker by trade, has a very bushy head of hair, a thin visage, spare built and weighs from 135 to 140 pounds. He has a very large scar on one of his legs near the ankle, believed to be the right one, also a scar on each arm just below the elbow occasioned by a burn. His heels have been frost-bitten which injury has left scars upon them. Coleman has a wife (a free woman) near Blakely, N. Carolina, and it is probable that he may be in that direction, although many persons believe that he was decoyed off by a white man, named Joshua Young, who left the neighborhood about the same time for Indiana. I will give a reward of Fifty Dollars to any one who will deliver Coleman to me near Brook Neal in Campbell County Va. or who will confine him in jail so that I get him in my possession.

RICHARD OVERTREEST. Brook Neal, Campbell City, Va. } 1839 December 21, 1838

NEGRO FOR SALE. I have a young boy seventeen years old which I will sell for cash or on time. A. W. BRANDON. Salisbury, May 15, 1840.—4w42

PRICES CURRENT AT SALISBURY, May 15.

Table with 3 columns: Item, Cents, and Item. Rows include Bacon, Brandy, Oats, Butter, Cotton in seed, Coffee, Corn, Feathers, Flour, Flaxseed, Iron, Lard, Molasses, Nails, Oats, Pork, Sugar, Salt, Tobacco, Tow-Linen, Wheat, Whiskey, Wool, and Lard.

CHEWAW, May 1, 1840.

Table with 3 columns: Item, Price, and Item. Rows include Beef, Bacon, Butter, Beeswax, Paggung yd, Bale rope lb, Cotton lb, Cotton, Corn bush, Flour bri, Feathers, Iron 100lbs, Lard, Nails cut assor, wrought 16 x 10, Oats bushel, Oil gal, lamp, linseed 1 10 x 1 25, Pork 100lbs 5 x 6, Rice 100lbs 5 x 6, Sugar lb, Salt sack, Steel Amer. 10 x 6, English, German 12 x 14, Teamp. \$1 37

FAYETTEVILLE, May 6, 1840. Brandy, peach 40 x 45, Do, Apple 37 x 42, Bacon, 7 x 8, Beeswax, 23 x 25, Coffee, 12 x 15, Cotton, 6 x 7, Cotton Yarn, 18 x 24, Corn, 60 x 65, Candles, F. F., 17, Flaxseed 90 x \$1 00, Flour 84 x 85, Feathers 90 x 40, Iron, 5 x 6, Molasses, 53 x 54, Nails, cut, 7 x 10, Sugar brown, 7 x 12, Lump, 18 x 19, Salt, 15 x 20, Sack, 20 x 30, Tobacco leaf, 4 x 6, Cotton bag, 10 x 10, Bale rope, 8 x 10, Wheat new 85 x 86, Whiskey 83 x 87, Wool, 15 x 16