

...by a minority of the Senators... This discussion was arrested by a motion to adjourn, on which motion the yeas and nays were ordered, and were 37 yeas and 41 nays. By this vote the Senate, according to their rules, as derived by the chair, could not adjourn until the motion of the Senator from Walton, to lay the resolution upon the table, was disposed of. In this important crisis, the Harrison Senators were called upon to take a decided and important step to arrest this bold move on the part of the Van Buren Senators, to defeat the expressed will of a large majority of the people of Georgia, in the election of a United States Senator. That step was taken, at the suggestion of the Hon. Thomas H. Dawson, Senator from Columbia, for which he deserves the highest eulogiums of every friend of Harrison in the State. It was a step prompted by a wish to carry out the will of the people, as expressed at the ballot-box, and was nothing less than the withdrawal of every Harrison Senator from the Senate Chamber. And although there was no previous concert on the part of the Senators, the suggestion of the Senator from Columbia was adopted with great promptitude, and the Senators forthwith withdrew, leaving the minority without a quorum, in which situation the 41 Senators who were desirous to defeat the election of a Senator, could not proceed to the transaction of any business. In this dilemma, which "came upon them like a clap of thunder in a clear sky," and for which they were evidently unprepared, they made several efforts to proceed to business, but the Chair, with a dignity and frankness which commanded the admiration of every patriot, refused to permit them to carry out their designs, because there was no quorum present. They, however, finally adopted a resolution requiring the officers of the Senate to notify the absent Senators to appear in their seats at 3 o'clock P. M. And while the officers were running round to the various boarding-houses in the discharge of this duty, the Senate Chamber was converted into a dining-room, and the most ludicrous part of the scene was, to witness the forsaken self-styled Democrats regaling themselves with the repast which had been sent to them. Thus the time passed till the hour of 3 o'clock came, and finding that the absentees did not obey their summons, they determined to avail themselves of that provision of the constitution which authorizes either House to adjourn. At night the friends of Harrison, both members of the Legislature and citizens, assembled at Beecher & Brown's Hotel, when the following proceedings were held by which you will perceive that the course adopted yesterday in the pressing emergency, will be maintained until the absent and weak Senators can appear in their seats and carry out the will of the people.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Monday Night, November 23d, 1840. At a meeting of the Harrison party, held at Beecher & Brown's Long Room, to take into consideration the secession of Senators from the Senate Chamber, compelled today by the action of their opponents, the Hon. A. Reed, Senator from Monroe, was called to the Chair, and the Hon. J. A. Jones, Senator from Paulding, appointed Secretary. Whereupon the Hon. Robt. Toombs, of Wilkes, offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted: Whereas, The people of Georgia, on the first Monday in October, by a triumphant vote, elected a majority of both branches of the General Assembly, opposed to Mr. Van Buren, his principles, policy and party. And Whereas, The Van party of the Senate, from accidental causes, growing out of the sickness and absence from other necessary reasons, of a considerable number of Senators, had this day a majority in that body, by aid of which accidental majority, they sought to postpone indefinitely the election of a United States Senator, and thereby defeat the wishes and expectations of a large majority of the good people of this State. And Whereas, The Senators of the State Rights party, (having no other rightful means of defeating the consummation of this outrage upon the popular will,) vacated their seats with the intent to prevent the election, by reducing that body below a quorum: Be it therefore Resolved, That we cordially approve the course pursued by our political friends in the Senate on that occasion, and for ourselves and our constituents, tender them the thanks of the country for their bold, decided, independent, and effective performance of their duty to our constituents. Be it further Resolved, That in our opinion a firm adherence to the course pursued by them will continue to display a magnanimity as great as the occasion, and as pronounced as the conflict. On motion of the Hon. Andrew King, of Wilkes, Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be tendered to the Hon. Thomas Sticks, for his firm and independent conduct as President of the Senate on the occasion referred to above. The Hon. Alexander H. Stevens offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted, Mr. J. A. Jones only dissenting. Resolved, That the friends of General Harrison, in the several counties in this State, be requested to send delegates, equal in number to their Senator and Representatives, to the General Assembly, to meet in Milledgeville, on Thursday, the 17th day of December next, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate for Governor. On motion of Mr. Stevens the meeting adjourned. A. REED, Chairman. J. A. JONES, Secretary.

This morning, Tuesday, the Senate met pursuant to adjournment, all the Senators who were present yesterday answering to the call of their names, on reading that part of the journal of yesterday which suspended the rule of the Senate to take up the resolutions, the Hon. A. J. Miller moved a reconsideration; on which motion a protracted discussion was had, and the motion was lost, by a vote of 37 yeas to 43 nays. The Hon. W. W. Gordon, then moved a recess until 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose as he alleged to have a conference of his own party to determine as to what course they will pursue in this emergency, which motion has just been adopted, and the recess taken. The Senate this morning refused to reconsider the bill passed yesterday taking away the College appropriation from and after the first of May next. The mail is now about to close, and I have not time to add anything as to the action of the House this morning, though it is of an unimportant character. For the same reason I must defer any comment upon the action of the Senate. J.



WATCHMAN.

SALISBURY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1840.

We have tried the Magician, his magic woud do, We must weather the storm with Typhoon.

Mr. David Hoffman of Baltimore, has issued an address to the friends of General Harrison and the public, announcing his intention to prepare and publish a work to be called Harrisoniana, or the Political and Civil Chronicles of the election of William Henry Harrison. The work will give a good history of the eventful year, 1840—a history that ought to be handed down to the latest posterity.

It seems there has been a "blow up" between Loring and the Democrats, and Loring and Toole, the Editors of the Standard. The Editor's correspondent of the Greensborough Patriot says: "There has been a blow up between Loring and Toole, of the Standard; the party here wished to get rid of Loring—but no, he was too fond of the spoils;—they wished him to go to Greensboro' to shed light among the "benighted" sons of old Guilford, and let Toole be at the helm,—so which Loring demurred. Toole has issued a prospectus for another paper in Raleigh, to be called the "Southern Times," and is making exertion among the Loco Foco members to raise the wind.

A SUB-TREASURER RUN OFF.

The Mobile Journal says:—The late Postmaster of New Orleans has, according to the reports of the papers of that city started for Texas, both a defaulter to Government and an absconding debtor to individuals. He has carried off considerable property with him, and his creditors have started in pursuit, with hopes of overtaking him. His name is McQueen.

The New Orleans Bulletin says:—"We learn that the Government is not the only sufferer from the Swartwouting of the late Post Master of this city. Private individuals are taken in for large amounts. Several creditors of the absconding defaulter have started hot in pursuit, and some hopes entertained of overtaking him before he passes the confines of Texas."

ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

We had expected to receive, in time for this Paper, the official account of the Proceedings of the Electoral College of North Carolina, which met in this City on the 2d instant. We shall publish them in our next. In the mean time we state that JAMES WELLSBORN, of Wilkes, was chosen President of the College, and EDMUND B. FREEMAN, Secretary. Gen. W. delivered on taking the Chair, an animated Address. Two Electors were absent from imperitive causes, viz:—CHARLES McDOWELL, of Burke, and DAVID F. CALDWELL, of Rowan. Their places were supplied by the appointment, by ballot, of EDMUND JONES, of Wilkes and SAMUEL K. HOLY, of Davidson. The fifteen votes of the College were cast for WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, of Ohio, as President, and JOHN TYLER, of Virginia, as Vice President. The announcement of each vote was received by a large auditory, with demonstrations of high gratification.

DENNIS HEARTY, of Hillsboro', was unanimously elected Messenger to carry the vote to Washington.—Register.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

But little has been done since our last. There have been four unsuccessful ballottings, which we subjoin, for Attorney General:

	1st	2d	3d	4th
Hugh McQueen	68	66	65	73
J. R. J. Daniel	64	62	61	65
James Iredeed	25	29	30	27

The House was engaged all day yesterday, in debating the bill to make the Elections uniform throughout the State—a bill, which having been once rejected was now reconsidered. It may however, and probably will, be modified on its third reading.—Register.

LEGISLATURE OF VIRGINIA.

The General Assembly of this Commonwealth assembled at Richmond, on Tuesday last, and was organized by the election of John W. Nash, (Loco Foco,) as Speaker of the Senate, and Valentine W. Southall, (Whig,) as Speaker of the House of Delegates. The Governor's Message, and the proceedings of the Legislature, occupy so much of our space that we have no room for comments.—Petersburgh Intelligencer.

We have received the Message of Governor DUNLAP. It is nearly as long as the State of North Carolina, and we fear as barren too.—Charlotte Mercury.

Yes sir, the Message has been scattered from one end of the State to the other, and is just like old North Carolina; and she is very barren of certain things, especially Calhounism.

Missouri.—The Legislature met Nov. 16. Col. Sterling Price was elected Speaker of the House. The vote for other officers of the House stood—52 Loco to 38 Whig. Mr. Watson, Loco, was elected Secretary of the Senate—vote 17 to 15. Col. Benton was present at the ballottings.

POPULAR VOTE.—OFFICIAL.

	Harrison.	Van Buren.
Maryland	35,529	28,754
Pennsylvania	144,018	143,675
Rhode Island	5,215	3,263
New Hampshire	26,158	32,761
Connecticut	31,212	24,988
Ohio	148,157	124,782
Vermont	33,446	18,009
Georgia	40,349	81,989
Delaware	5,967	4,874
New York	225,512	212,519
Massachusetts	72,913	52,368
Kentucky	58,489	52,616
Maine	46,812	46,201
New Jersey	58,562	51,034
Michigan	33,914	21,106
North Carolina	46,376	33,782
Indiana	65,276	51,695
	1,040,199	874,316

Harrison's maj. 265,883 in seventeen States.

[For the Carolina Watchman.]

FIENDS IN HUMAN SHAPE.

Messrs. Editors:—I understand that an meeting lately held in the Presbyterian Church, for the purpose of making some arrangement to keep in repair and good condition, the Lutheran Grave Yard of this Town, a certain set of men digressing from the aforesaid object of the meeting, took the opportunity to reveal and declare publicly, a great and monstrous evil and imposition under which this community has been suffering for a series of years! Only think, Messrs. Editors—it is a great evil, a monstrous evil; it is shameful and sore evil; an awful imposition! and one, too, with which the poor good hearted or blind people have been for a long time afflicted! Think, I say, and you will obtain an idea of the magnitude and heinousness of this evil. Then, Messrs. Editors, think again of the great—superlatively great, advantage and benefit which this community is to experience from the important discovery and disclosure; and then try whether you can possibly conceive any bounds to the obligation which the citizens of this Town and County are under to the aforesaid discoverers of the aforesaid awful imposition and evil! But I reckon you want to know what it is? Well, it is a very important matter—but only think what an evil and imposition! The discoverers and disclosers are learned men;—The dignitaries of the land! But excuse me, I forgot—I'll tell you what it is:—Although there have been Cabinet Makers, i. e. Coffin Makers, in the Town of Salisbury ever since it had a name, and long before she could boast an Honorable, or was disgraced by a wolf in sheep's clothing, yet until a few evenings ago, it had not been discovered that they were unfeeling, dishonest, unjust, bold rogues, impious—DEVILS! The discovery has been made,—and it has been proclaimed. And now only think how long the people of Salisbury and Rowan have been imposed upon! At least sixty years! Well, I'll tell you also to whom you are indebted for this discovery:—It is an important one! I'm sorry it has been made—but I might thank my stars it had not been made years ago, as then, we would not be—perhaps.—The Hon. Chas. Fisher, (a right smart man, but who is famous for misrepresenting people and things), Mr. Schleck, B. F. Fraley, Gen. Vogler, C. K. Wheeler, S. Lemly, sen., Esq.; and some others not worth mentioning. But I'm thinking some of you are in the dark about this matter yet. Well, just let us see what it is: At the aforesaid meeting and by the gentlemen named above, it has been urged that the Cabinet Makers of this Town have and do take advantage of the circumstances and charge exorbitant prices for making Coffins. That they are not governed by reason, humanity and honesty in charging for these articles—knowing that most people "would pay an exorbitant charge for the coffin of a near relative or friend, rather than to have it said he remunerated at the cost of burying his wife, father, mother, or as the case might be." And again, that people always feeling a delicacy in the matter, as well as being unprepared for it, never make a bargain with the "Coffin maker before the work is done," and thus, "the matter is wholly in the hands of the mechanic;" which fact, it seems is a sufficient reason to make the grave charges against the Mechanics alluded to: I say grave charges, for such they are, as they involve the honesty, reputation and humanity of a certain class of Mechanics, some of whom at least, flatter themselves as living as high-minded, equitable and generous as those who have so publicly and readily arraigned them. Whether the simple facts stated above are sufficient to justify the accusation of extortion against the Coffin Makers or not, we leave to men of sense to judge. But the case may be summed up in a few words as follows: Because a mechanic has an opportunity to cheat and impose upon a neighbor, therefore he is guilty of cheating and imposing upon a neighbor; and most accordingly be arraigned. This is their logic; and it compares very well with their charity—it is difficult to tell which is which, or which is best. If they were tried by this rule, how think you, Messrs. Editors, they would come out? Let's see: The Hon. Chas. Fisher may or he may not be a humbugger, therefore he is a humbugger. The Rev. Mr. Schleck may or he may not be, as his will influences a financier, therefore he is skilled in money affairs—Banking, &c. Mr. C. K. Wheeler may possibly be a Doctor, therefore he is a Doctor; and thus you see, I might, by their mode of reasoning, prove them to be any thing which the imagination could conceive, however improbable, or inconsistent with their true characters. Now, Messrs. Editors, by a different mode, the correctness of which you and the public may judge, I will endeavor to prove few things, to wit: That these gentlemen are guilty of a mistake, rashness, uncharitableness, ignorance and folly. If I succeed in proving all these points, it is to be hoped that the prejudices which the late of the gentlemen has had a tendency to excite in this community against the Cabinet Makers, will vanish as does the morning mist before the rising sun. Then to my task: It was alleged by their Speaker, the Hon. C. Fisher, that the Cabinet Makers here, charged from fifteen to fifty dollars for making a coffin: this is not correct as I will presently show, and hence the charge of a mistake is established. They have acted rashly in that they made no

enquiries as to the proper price of the Coffin Makers. Their conduct has been uncharitable, in that they have declared to the public, that the Cabinet Makers, have charged more than they ought to have done; when the facts of the case will not justify it, as— Their ignorance and subsequent sanction will prove. The price for making coffins in Salisbury for the last eight or ten years has ranged from one to fifteen dollars, instead of from fifteen to fifty as their orator declared the other evening: In fact, the writer, whose means of knowledge bear him out, does not know of an instance in which for a number of years past, more than fifteen have been paid. This declaration, therefore, was either the result of ignorance, or undue zeal in exposing the monstrous imposition practiced by the Cabinet Makers. Finally, I come to their folly, and this is not, by any means, the least part of my subject. After all the speeches of these philanthropists about imposition, &c., I am informed they have made a contract with one of the Cabinet Makers of this place, who has shown at least, that he knows how to deal with the men of this world. They have engaged him to make and keep on hand a nest of Coffins, to be sold at stipulated prices; which, if any one will take the pains to examine his books, and compare the charges for coffins of one of the Cabinet Makers of this place, at least, they will find that the prices agreed on by the gentlemen in the aforesaid contract, are as great, taking every thing into consideration, as he has heretofore charged; which fact, I am persuaded, convinces these gentlemen of folly, and shows a great want of smartness.

NO REDUCTION OF WAGES.

[For the Watchman.] PROCEEDINGS OF A PUBLIC MEETING Held at Mount Moore, for the purpose of discussing the propriety of establishing a new County, composed of the adjacent parts of the counties of Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Rowan and Iredeed. On motion, Gen. Wm. H. Kerr, of Rowan was called to the chair, and A. M. Emerson, Esq. appointed Secretary. George F. Davidson, Esq. was then called on to explain the object of the meeting, and the propriety of establishing a new County was advocated at length by J. F. A. Milton, and G. T. Emerson, Esqs. The following resolutions were then submitted and unanimously adopted. Resolved, That it is desirable and expedient that a new county be established, composed of portions of the counties of Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Rowan and Iredeed, having for its centre, some point between Reid's Store and Beattie's Ford, and as nearly equidistant as practicable from Smithville and Charlotte, running North and South, and from Salisbury and Lincoln, running East and West. Resolved further, That we desire and request the co-operation of our fellow citizens who held a meeting at Beattie's Ford to consult on the subject, on the 27th of August last, deeming it proper, that such alterations should be made in the boundaries of the proposed new county as will comport with the above resolutions. Resolved further, That a Committee of two from each of the above named counties, be appointed to confer with the people, to ascertain the boundaries and population of the proposed new county, and to have further power, to call a public meeting at any time they may think necessary. Agreeable to the last resolution, the following persons were appointed a committee for the object therein specified, viz: Robert H. Burton, and Alex. McCorkle, of Lincoln, Caleb Ervin and Andrew Springs, of Mecklenburg, Thomas W. Ewen, and Robt. Neel, of Cabarrus, James E. Kerr, and Col. James Jamison, of Rowan, James Turner, and William Haigrove, of Iredeed. Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting, as published in the Watchman, at Salisbury and the Salisbury newspapers, be printed in a pamphlet, to be distributed gratis.

NOTICE.

The Milledgeville Cotton Factory, situated in Montgomery county, 22 miles East of Salisbury, is now in full operation. Those intimately acquainted with the Yarn of this Factory prefer it to any manufactured in the State. EDWARD BURRAGE. N. B. I wish to procure about 100 Bales of Cotton (first rate quality) delivered at Milledgeville, which I will give for their full price, or at eight cents per pound. E. B. December 12, 1840—5w20

STATE LEGISLATURE.

No Attorney General has yet been chosen, though one trial or more is made every day. Since our last, the two Houses have voted twice, as follows:

	1st	2d
Hugh McQueen	68	66
J. R. J. Daniel	60	66
James Iredeed	26	26
Scattering	5	5

We know of no other election of importance to come before the Legislature, but that of two Judges. They will hardly be chosen, until the fate of the bill is known, now before the House, to locate the Judges. It has passed the Senate, but we can form no idea of its prospects in the Commons.—Register.

"OLD ORANGE FOREVER"

The Special Election held in Orange, to supply the vacancies created by the choice of Messrs. Mangum and Graham to the Senate of the United States has resulted in favor of the Whigs by an increased majority. Hugh Waddle, Esq. is chosen in Mr. Mangum's place, by 188 votes over Dr. Julius Bracken (Van); and Col. John Grambs, in Mr. Graham's place, by 382 votes over John Stockard, Esq. (Van.)

The Editors' N. Y. Correspondence of the National Intelligencer, of Dec. 5, says:—Letters from Philadelphia speak positively of a resumption. Stocks are therefore quickened into life, and exchange on Philadelphia declines. There can be no doubt of a general resumption in January.

Mr. CALHOUN has been unanimously re-elected to the U. S. Senate for six years from the 4th of March next.

MARRIED.

In Iredeed county, on the 1st inst. by the Rev. Henry A. Pharr, Mr. Jellon, of Mecklenburg county, aged 78, to Miss Elizabeth Stevenson, aged 68.—All for Harrison.

In this County, on 26th ultimo, by Samuel Martin, Esq., Mr. Jesse Thomson to Miss Mary daughter of the late John Trout, Esq.

DIED.

In this Town on the 9th inst., Mr. Samuel Jones, after a very protracted illness—aged about 67 years. In this County, on Saturday the 5th inst., Mr. Philip Brown, at an advanced age.

The Supreme Court of this State will commence its Winter Term in this City, on the last Monday of December, instant.—Register.

State of North Carolina. WILKES COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November, 1840.

Moses and John Hendrix vs. Elijah Hendrix & others. Petition. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Joshua Hendrix is not an inhabitant of this State: It therefore ordered that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman for 6 weeks, that he appear at our next Court, to be held on the first Monday after the fourth Monday of January next, at the Court House in Wilkesboro', and answer, or the prayer of the Petition will be granted. Witnesses, Wm. Maslin, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 1st Monday of Nov. 1840. W. M. MASTIN, c. c. Dec. 12—6w20—Printers fee 50

CABINET BUSINESS THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY returns his thanks for past favors in his line of business, and begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he still carries on the Cabinet Making Business, in the house immediately opposite the Rowan Hotel, in all its varieties, where he may be found at all times. He takes this opportunity to say, he keeps constantly on hand a supply of ready made Furniture such as BEAUREAUS, SIDE-BOARDS, CUBBOARDS, Tables, Candle-stands &c &c, also a variety of Windsor Chairs; all of which he will sell on as good or better terms than can be had any where in this part of the country. DAVID WATSON. N. B. Inasmuch as a certain set of men, well known in this community, have taken it into their heads, that the citizens of this town and county have been woefully imposed upon by myself and other Coffin makers of the place; and are making arrangements to remedy the awful imposition,—directly opposing me—now, therefore, I inform all whom it may concern, that I shall also keep constantly on hand a supply of Coffins, and do pledge, that I will sell them as low or lower than the aforesaid set of certain men, and yet receive no more than I have here before charged for them. D. W. December 12, 1840—1f20

NOTICE.

The Milledgeville Cotton Factory, situated in Montgomery county, 22 miles East of Salisbury, is now in full operation. Those intimately acquainted with the Yarn of this Factory prefer it to any manufactured in the State. EDWARD BURRAGE. N. B. I wish to procure about 100 Bales of Cotton (first rate quality) delivered at Milledgeville, which I will give for their full price, or at eight cents per pound. E. B. December 12, 1840—5w20

State of North Carolina. WILKES COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—November Term, 1840.

George Eller & others, vs. David Eller & others. Petition for Partition. In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants, David Eller, Alexander Daniel, Elmira Daniel and Chas. Watson and Sarah his wife, do not reside in this State: It is therefore, ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Carolina Watchman, for the said defendants to appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next Court to be held in said county, at the Court House in Lexington, on the second Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur to the plaintiffs petition, or it will be set for hearing ex parte as to them, and Judgment pro confesso entered against them. Test CHAS. MOCK, c. c. Dec. 4, 1840—6w19—Printer's fee 50

State of North Carolina. WILKES COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—November Term, 1840.

Robt. Barrett & others, vs. David Eller & others. Petition for Dower. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants Robert Barrett, David Walk and Peggy his wife, William Coats and Molly his wife, Anderson Barrett and Richmond Barrett, do not reside in this State: It is therefore, ordered that publication be made for six weeks, for the said defendants to appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next Court to be held in said county at the Court House in Lexington on the second Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur to the Plaintiffs petition, or it will be set for hearing ex parte as to them, and Judgment pro confesso entered against them. Test CHAS. MOCK, c. c. Dec. 4, 1840—6w19—Printer's fee 50

State of North Carolina. STOKES COUNTY. Court of Equity—October Term, 1840.

Eli Whicker, wife & others, vs. Alex. Hasel & Nancy his wife, Nathaniel Phillips, Jesse Phillips, and others. Petition for the sale of the land wife of David Phillips, dec'd. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Alexander Hasel and Nancy his wife, Nathaniel Phillips and Jesse Phillips, do not reside within the limits of this State: it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks, in the Carolina Watchman, printed at Salisbury, that unless the said Defendants appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for the county of Stokes, at the Court House in Germantown, on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur, or the Petition will be taken pro confesso against them, and the cause heard ex parte. Witnesses, F. Fries, Clerk and Master of said Court at office, the 2nd Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D. 1840. F. FRIES, c. c. Dec. 12, 1840—6w30—Printer's fee 50

State of North Carolina. STOKES COUNTY. Court of Equity—October Term, 1840.

Matthew R. Moore, vs. Mary Gaines, Edward Moore, & Gabriel Moore and others. Original Bill. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Mary Gaines, Edward Moore and Gabriel Moore, Defendants in this case, do not reside within the limits of this State: it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Carolina Watchman, printed at Salisbury, that unless the said Defendants appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for the county of Stokes, at the Court House in Germantown, on the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur, or the Bill will be taken pro confesso against them, and the cause set down for hearing ex parte. Witnesses, F. Fries, Clerk and Master in Equity at office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in September, 1840. F. FRIES, c. c. Dec. 11, 1840—6w30—Printer's fee 50

WANTED

20 LABOURERS, the most of them to work above ground. Liberal wages will be given by the Washing-ton Mining Company, situated in Davidson County, about 18 miles East from Salisbury and 10 miles South of Lexington. Those wishing to engage by the year will be preferred, and those most studying their employers interest will command the highest wages. Dec. 12, 1840—6w20

NOTICE.

THE SALISBURY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, having commenced operations, are now prepared to furnish Dealers with Cotton Yarn, of a superior quality, on reasonable terms. J. RHODES BROWN, Agent. December, 12, 1840—1f20

\$20 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the delivery of my man DAVE, to me in the upper part of Richmond county, or the prisoner to him in any Jail so that I get him again. He absconded from me on the 23rd ultimo; he is about 30 years of age, about five feet ten inches in height, coal black, straight built, has but a few front teeth, speaks quick, and a little fawning; had on when he went away a Kersey roundabout coat, dark pantaloons filled with wool—also a frock coat made of Satinet; also a stout bundle of Sunday clothes, and a large crowned hat. He was raised by me, and I am uncertain what route he will take. DANIEL McRAE. December 4, 1840—6w19

NOTICE.

THE subscriber would inform all those who are indebted to him at Davidson County, under the former Firm of Michael Brown, (which expired on the 15th of Jan. 1840,) to call and make payment of their respective debts, on or before the 1st of January 1841. It is expected from the long indulgence already given, that this request will be complied with. MICHAEL BROWN. Dec. 4, 1840—6w19

State of North Carolina. DAVIDSON COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—November Term, 1840.

George Eller & others, vs. David Eller & others. Petition for Partition. In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants, David Eller, Alexander Daniel, Elmira Daniel and Chas. Watson and Sarah his wife, do not reside in this State: It is therefore, ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Carolina Watchman, for the said defendants to appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next Court to be held in said county, at the Court House in Lexington, on the second Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur to the plaintiffs petition, or it will be set for hearing ex parte as to them, and Judgment pro confesso entered against them. Test CHAS. MOCK, c. c. Dec. 4, 1840—6w19—Printer's fee 50

State of North Carolina. DAVIDSON COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—November Term, 1840.

Sophia Barrett, vs. Robt. Barrett & others. Petition for Dower. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants Robert Barrett, David Walk and Peggy his wife, William Coats and Molly his wife, Anderson Barrett and Richmond Barrett, do not reside in this State: It is therefore, ordered that publication be made for six weeks, for the said defendants to appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next Court to be held in said county at the Court House in Lexington on the second Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur to the Plaintiffs petition, or it will be set for hearing ex parte as to them, and Judgment pro confesso entered against them. Test CHAS. MOCK, c. c. Dec. 4, 1840—6w19—Printer's fee 50

State of North Carolina. DAVIDSON COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—November Term, 1840.

Sophia Barrett, vs. Robt. Barrett & others. Petition for Dower. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants Robert Barrett, David Walk and Peggy his wife, William Coats and Molly his wife, Anderson Barrett and Richmond Barrett, do not reside in this State: It is therefore, ordered that publication be made for six weeks, for the said defendants to appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at the next Court to be held in said county at the Court House in Lexington on the second Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur to the Plaintiffs petition, or it will be set for hearing ex parte as to them, and Judgment pro confesso entered against them. Test CHAS. MOCK, c. c. Dec. 4, 1840—6w19—Printer's fee 50

RUNAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER ON the night of the 30th of September 1840, a negro man named DAVY

from thirty five to forty years of age. Davy is a tall black fellow, with his front teeth out. Which negro I have no doubt has been persuaded from me, as I have good reason to believe he is harboured in Salisbury by a certain man at this time. I will give a reasonable reward for the apprehension and delivery of said negro in some safe Jail, so that I get him, or for proof sufficient to convict any person in legal proceedings of harbouring or having harbored said negro. I appoint Charles S. Parrott, of Concord, N. C., my lawful agent during my absence from the State. ROBT. HULL. Dec. 4, 1840—1f19

DR. DOUGLAS,

HAVING removed his Office to the second door of Mr. Cowan's Brick row (formerly occupied by Dr. A. Smith) nearly opposite Mr. Brown's Store, politely tenders his professional services to the public. Salisbury Aug. 21, 1840—1f4

CLOVER SEED.

A quantity of Fresh Red Clover Seed, a superior article. Also, a few bushels of Orchard Grass Seed. The above Seeds are for sale at the N. C. Book Store by TURNER & HUGHES. Raleigh, Feb 7, 1840. We shall receive in a few days, the following Grass Seeds; Lucerne, White Clover, Blue Grass, &c. T. & H.

DR. R. T. DISMUKES,

HAS located at Col. David Ramsey's, Oakly Grove, Iredeed co. N. C., and respectfully tenders his services to the public, in the various departments of his profession. January 10, 1840—1f24

A FRESH SUPPLY.

MR. ROUCHE has just received at the "Salisbury Coffee House" direct from Charleston, the following fresh articles in full line, to wit: French Brandy, New Ark Chlo., Oysters, Raisins, Lemons, Sardines, Cigars; All of the best quality, and will be sold low for cash, or on the usual credit to punctual Dealers. Salisbury, Dec. 4, 1840.