WATCHMAN.

SALISBURY:

THURSDAY, MAY 29 1841.

NORTH CAROLINA--RIGHT SIDE UP.

The subjoined result of the late election in this State, will be hailed with joy by the Whigs of the whole Union. The political character of our representation in Congress, is completely reversed. In the last Congress, there were *eight* Van Buren, and *five* Whig Representatives from North Carolina. In the new Congress there will be *eight Whigs*, and five Opposition members.

The Raleigh Register remarks, in relation to this result, as follows:—"Thus has North Carolina gallantly redeemed all the pledges made in her behalf, and entitled herself to fresh congratulations from the Whigs of the Union. And the victory has been achieved in a manner, so truly in keeping with the proverbial character of our State. Our citizens, it is known, are never boisterous in the expression of their feelings.—They talk little, but act promptly. They are as calm and silent in their political movements, as they are unobtrusive and unpretending, in their private and social relations. We have made no great [illegible] to do; *but we have quietly done our duty.* And our Whig brethren all over the Country, may confidently rely upon North Carolina, whenever her services are needed, in the great cause of LIBERTY and REFORM.

In publishing the subjoined list, it may not be amiss to remark, in these days of *impracticability*, that all the Whigs returned are good men and true, and will go without scruple for a United States Bank, should it become necessary to establish one, as the means of rescuing the country from its financial disorders.

LIST OF MEMBERS.

First District, -	*Kenneth Rayner*,
Second do. -	J. R. J. Daniel,*
Third do. -	*Edward Stanly.*
Fourth do. -	*Wm. H. Washington.**
Fifth do. -	James J. McKay,
Sixth do. -	Archibald Arrington,*
Seventh do -	*Edmund Deberry.*
Eighth do. -	R. M. Saunders,*
Ninth do. -	*Augustin H. Shepherd.**
Tenth do. -	*Abraham Rencher.**
Eleventh do. -	Green W. Caldwell,*
Twelfth do. -	*Lewis Williams,*
Thirteenth do. -	*James Graham.*

* Those marked thus are new members.
The *italicised* names are Whigs.

"An Observer," in the last Carolinian, says: "I hear that the "learned Theban," who presides over the destinies of the "Watchman" has discovered a "mare's nest," in the hand bill signed "A Free Voter," which *was not received in season for general distribution*, and was only *partially circulated.*"

We shall not notice the malevolence and invective manifested towards ourselves in the above extract, further than to say it comes from a vindictive man; such an one, who, if he had the power, would crush to the earth all who dare oppose him in his wishes. But we would call attention to the two last sentences: It is there stated that the hand-bill was not *received* in season for general distribution. Was not received from where? Who are you, Mr. "Observer? and where do you live?—and where did you get the hand bill *printed*, that you could not receive it in season, &c? Say, who are you, that was thus *necessarily* subjected to the "*scoring*" of the "learned Theban," and, to you, the more important righteous condemnation of an insulted community? To the question no echo answers who;—but we have an answer; and we can assure the author that he is known. No sham *name* or *pretence* can deceive us; we would know the author as well over any other signature; and we *know* that if he had had a desire to give a general circulation to the hand-bill signed "A Free Voter," the preparation of it was completely in his power, and he could easily have done so. But he *chose* to give it a *partial* circulation, and that in a section of the County, and at an hour, where the facilities for, and when the shortness of the time would not allow an explanation or a controvertion of its statements.

But why did "an Observer" take so active a part in the election between Mr. Rencher and Mr. Worth? Was it from Patriotic motives, or was it from pure selfishness? Was it because he thought Mr. Worth the *better man*? or was it that he thought him the "*lesser evil*" in the event Mr. Fisher should be a candidate in 1843?

However much "A Free Voter," may seek to cover his real motives by declarations of love for the people, he cannot, for the life of him succeed; and his mean, sordid designs stand out in bold relief to mock his efforts. He asks "Is it right that this one man, (Mr. Rencher,) without possessing superior claims to many others in the District, should be quartered on the District for all his life?" Let the reader remember that "A Free Voter," is a Loco *aspirant*, and it will not be hard to understand the defence here made of the claims of others' in the District, *his own* A. N. I, of course, and on account of which, and *that alone*, he took so active a part in behalf of Mr. Worth, knowing that he would be easier beaten in 1843.

In conclusion, we would remark that the publication of 'A Free Voter's,' *alias* 'An Observer's' hand bill, the rumored correspondence between Mr Worth and that writer, previous to his leaving Washington last Winter, in which he urges Mr. Worth to become a candidate for the 27th Congress, assuring him of success; together with the numerous private letters written to Van Buren men in the District, revealing the Party *modus operandi* in Rowan county &c. have placed Mr Worth in rather an awkward position as a *Whig*.

Some of the Locofoco papers, we think, are unnecessarily alarmed, if alarmed at all, as to the amount of money that Congress will probably vote to the suffering family of Gen. Harrison. Why not exercise a little patience, and await the action of that body, before making charges of wastefulness of the Public Treasure? Why such indecent haste to find fault? We think such haste comes with an ill grace from a party who went into power without merit, and with an overflowing Treasury; and who were hurled out with the indignation and execration of a hundred and fifty thousand majority of the honest freemen of the Country falling upon them, chiefly because of their extravagance, and waste of the public money. We would say to them, be a little more patient: Congress, it is to be hoped, will act wisely in this matter; and until she has done otherwise, those that have been regularly tried, convicted and punished, as have the Locofocos, should hold their peace.

The National Intelligencer, in an article referring to the approaching Extra session of Congress, says, the measures which may be expected to become the subjects of its deliberation are;

1. The distribution of the proceeds of the sales of Public Lands among the several States.
2. A revision and augmentation of the duties on imports, for the purpose of securing from that source a revenue adequate to the wants of the Government.
3. The repeal of the sub-Treasury law.
4. The establishment of a fiscal agent, central or other, to aid the Government in collecting and disbursing the revenue and equalizing the currency.
5. A temporary loan, if necessary, to supply the immediate necessities, of the Treasury.

These measures, that paper says further, would at once disperse the clouds that have so long overhung and yet obscure the prospect before us. These measures, taken together, would we feel entirely confident, suffice, not only to restore to the country its wonted vigor, but to carry it forward with a firmer step than it has ever taken.

One of the most shameful attempts of the Locofocos to bring odium on the Whigs, is the charge of wishing to contract a "National debt, as a National blessing." Blessing or not, the Nation is *now* in debt, and has been for two or more years past. But it is not such a debt as most of the people can readily understand. It is a real *Locofoco debt*—a sort of dark, complicated affair—known by the name of *Treasury Notes*, or *promises* to pay.

Last Summer the Locofocos labored to prove General Harrison a tyrant and a fiend, in that it was alleged he vetoed to sell respectable whitemen and women to *Indians* and *free negroes*—They now attempt to show that he was opposed to the removal of certain corrupt, partizan officeholders—miserable tools of Van Buren—because it would distress their families—because they would now be reduced to the necessity of laboring for a living. "Consistency, thou art a jewel!" A little while ago, and Harrison was unfeeling and tyrannical: A month or two after, and he is too merciful to be just.

CENSUS OF 1840.

Complete Census of the United States for 1840.

We have the pleasure of presenting our readers with the complete aggregate result of the Census for 1840, and we believe we are the first to give it entire. The Secretary of State furnished all the returns he had to the House of Representatives. By the politeness of Mr Cist, we are furnished with these. They lack however three States, and part of the defective returns are from local papers. We shall first give the totals with the ratio of increase for each, and hereafter furnish some comparative tables.

	1830.	1840.	Ratio of inc.
Maine	399 462	401 793	26 pr et.
Massachusetts	610,014	737,438	21 do.
N. Hampshire	269 533	284 481	54
Vermont	280 679	291,848	4
Rhode [illegible]	99 776	108,827	12
Connecticut	291,711	[illegible]	11
New York	1,913 508	2,432 855	27
New Jersey	320,779	372,252	16
*Pennsylvania	1,357 672	1,700,000	27
Delaware	76,730	78,120	2
Maryland	446,913	467,577	14
Virginia	1,211,372	1,231,434	2
N. Carolina	738,470	753,110	2
S. Carolina	584,450	594,439	2
†Georgia	518,267	618,166	20
Mississippi	136,806	386,699	192
‡Louisiana	215 272	249,638	—
Tennessee	684,822	828 067	201
Kentucky	687,917	777,859	13
Ohio	937,679	1,515,996	63
Indiana	341,582	683 314	100
Illinois	157,575	445,475	183
Michigan	84,620	311,705	590
Missouri	140,074	383,761	160
Arkansas	30,388	95,642	220
Wisconsin	——	30,692	—
Iowa	——	43,036	—
Florida	34 728	no returns	—
D. of Columbia	29,858	43,612	10
Totals.	12,856 171	16,521,001	83

*One county and part of another in Pennsylvania were wanting, for which, however, we have added their proportions.

†Some small counties were wanting in Georgia, but probably contain but few inhabitants.

‡The Western District of Louisiana is omitted. This, with Florida, also omitted, will make up about 150,000 to be added to the sum total.

The Census now taken is the *sixth* since the adoption of the Constitution, and shows conclusively that the population of the United States moves on with the same uniform law of progression without reference to emigration, disease or any other cause. This law is an increase of one *third* of the existing population for each period of ten years.—*Cin. Chronicle*

THANKFUL FOR SMALL FAVORS.

The Opposition prints rejoice beyond measure at their success in the "Metropolitan District." The least gleaming of success intoxicates them with joy. They have, of late years had so many of Job's comforters in the North, South, East and West, that they make as much ado about their success in this District, as if it would affect the parties in the Nation.—*Raleigh Register.*

MR. CALHOUN AND A U. S. BANK.

In a speech delivered by the Hon. John C. Calhoun in the U. S. Senate, in January, 1834, on the subject of the Removal of the Deposites he used the following language:—

"I might say with truth, that the bank owes as much to me as to any other individual in the country; and I might even add, that, had it not been for my efforts, it would not have been chartered.

"I must content myself with saying that having been on the political stage without interruption from that day to this—having been an active observer of the question of the currency throughout the whole period—that the bank has been an indispensable agent in the restoration of specie payments; that without it, the restoration could not have been effected, short of the utter prostration of all the monied institutions of the country, and an entire depreciation of bank paper; and that it has not only restored specie payments, but has given a currency far more uniform, between the extremes of the country, than was anticipated or even dreamed of at the time of its creation."

Mississippi will not be represented at the Extra Session of Congress. Gov. McNutt has declined calling an Extra Session of the Legislature for the purpose of appointing a period for the election, and does not consider himself authorized to order an election without the intervention of the Legislature.—*N. O. Bee.*

From the Greensborough Patriot.

A BRACE OF PORTRAITS.

Space is given below to a couple of interesting sketches, taken from life. There will be no difficulty in recognizing in them the persons of two gentlemen recently before the people of a neighboring district as candidates for a high public trust. Though mere outlines, all who know the originals will allow they are drawn with extraordinary truth and spirit.

FOR THE PATRIOT.

Mr. R——is a tall and finely formed; his gait and air partaking more of the grave than the gay. When speaking he does not present that erect front that distinguishes our friend S——; his general attitude has rather a forward, or downward, tendency. This, however I do not consider disadvantageous: it may detract something from his appearance in point of gracefulness, but is more than made up in the appearance of earnestness and determination with which it impresses his fixed and gazing audience. His arms are long, and kept in graceful play all the time of his speaking; the motion of the right some times becomes violent and menacing, when it is raised to an elevation above his head and brought down with great force as he pronounces some malediction against political heresy. His whole face wears the appearance of deep and severe thinking:—with an expansive but rather receding forehead, now furrowed in to deep and rugged wrinkle, and now smoothed into a polished surface as he makes an easy transition to milder topics; the whole illuminated by a large black eye, kindled into a mental glow, and often brought to bear with a stern and penetrating gaze on individuals in his audience, which you can neither meet nor escape for a moment at a time. His enunciation is by no means rapid; but measured, solemn, distinct, and graceful.

Mr. W——, his opponent, is short in stature, and stoops in the shoulders. His arms are short, with a hand of short fingers. He seems not to have bestowed a thought on the acquirement of the graces of attitude or gesture; perhaps because his good sense informed him it would be labor lost on a physical frame so ill-adapted by nature for the pleasing exhibition of the oratorical accomplishments. His voice is any thing but melody. His lungs seem to have very little to do with the business of speaking: his articulation appears to be produced by some machinery placed in the neighborhood of the *glotis*, and altogether incapable of being modulated into any thing like emphasis or cadence. Yet, with this strange machinery alone, directed by an acute and penetrating mind, he is enabled to produce considerable effect on his hearers. Mr. W's head is large, covered with a suit of jet black hair with a dark grey eye sunk deep under a fine forehead. I am no phrenologist, and cannot speak of the several organs here strongly developed by their technical names, but I look upon him as a *calculating* head. He seems indeed to possess wonderful facility in subjecting every thing to the test of his arithmetical standard. Whether the subject have reference to finances, space and distance, time or locality, things present or things past, all must submit to this va kee process of calculations and receive from his plastic hand the apparent impress of critical accuracy and rigid economy.

Ashboro,' May 4th, 1841.

The 25th Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in North Carolina, assembled in St. James's Church, Wilmington, on Wednesday last, and adjourned on Monday morning.

The attendance was very gratifying, there being of Clergy, including the Bishop twenty-two present, a greater number, we believe, than ever before attended a Convention in the Diocese; and about an equal number of Lay Delegates.

The business of the Convention was conducted and closed in great harmony; and the statistics collected from the different Parishes showed a gradual but sure increase in the number of members.

The religious services of the week were peculiarly interesting. Twenty-four persons were confirmed by the Bishop, one candidate ordained Deacon, and three Deacons advanced to the holy order of Priesthood.

The next Convention will meet in Oxford, on the 3d Wednesday in May 1842.

Delegates elected to the General Convention

The Rev John Singleton, Rev. Jarvis B. Burge, Rev. Samuel J. Johnston, Rev. Richard S. Mason, D. D; Hon. Thomas Ruffin, Wm. C. Lord, Josiah Collins, and George E. Spruill, Esquires.

St. James's Church, in which the Convention was held, is a new edifice, which, for beauty of architecture and finish, is believed to be unsurpassed by any in the country.

GENUINE LOCO FOCO PATRIOTISM.

The North Carolinian informs Mr. Bell, Secretary of War, that the duties of Military Store Keeper and Paymaster at the Arsenal in this town for a whole month, could be performed by any smart clerk in one day. Anticipating that the motive for this declaration might well be impugned, the Carolinian adds,—

"Some may say, why did we not say something about this before General Cowan was removed, and a Whig purchaser put in his place? We answer, we should never have said any thing about it, had the Whigs not promised that they would abolish all *sinecures* and this can be proved to be as great a sinecure as ever existed in the Government."

This is what we call "jumping from the frying pan into the fire." Notwithstanding, in the opinion of the Carolinian, this office "can be proved to be as great a sinecure as ever existed in the government" that paper *would never have said any thing about it!!* if the Whigs had not promised so and so. What a faithful guardian of the public interests!

As to the office being a sinecure, we know nothing, but as it is usual at other similar establishments, and as it is understood to have been created here at the special instance of the Commandant of the Arsenal (a Van Buren man by the way,) the presumption is against the statement.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

WHO IS TO BE CLERK?

It being admitted on all sides, that if all the Whig members who have been elected to Congress, are *permitted* to take their seats, the late Clerk cannot be re-elected, we think that gentleman had better 'come New Jersey' over some two or three States, and thus effect his re-election. As the States ought to suffer for his benefit, turn and *turn about* we think New Jersey ought to be let off this time. What shall be to turning out the Whigs returned from New York, Pennsylvania and Virginia? It is as easy "as kiss your hand." All that he will have to do will be to procure returns for as many Van Buren candidates as are necessary, from some officers of secondary importance, in each of the States such, for instance, as the Secretary of State—accompanied by a certificate that the Whigs have been illegally returned, when these returns and certificates are placed in his hands, he can refuse to *call the names* of the returned Whigs, quote the precedent of the New Jersey case, and the thing is done.

The late Clerk we hope will be grateful to us for this suggestion.—*Pet Int.*

The compromise which rumor had made, between the Whig and Democratic members of the Legislature, turns out to be all on one side.—The General Ticket system is to be submitted to the people next August, but the members sadled on us at the special election, will retain their seats for the full term for which they are elected, even though the People should set the seal of their condemnation on it. The *democrats* opposed its being submitted to the People at all, but finally consented, as a great favor.—They argued that they were too ignorant to appreciate its great merits—No much for profession and practice of the self-styled simon pure *democrats* of the day.—*Sumter County Whig*

ITEMS.

Naval.—The Norfolk Beacon of the 14th says:—"The United States ship of the line Delaware, Captain McCauly, destined for the Mediterranean, dropped down on yesterday to the anchorage off the Naval Hospital in tow of the U. S. steamer Poinsett.

Quack Medicines.—We are, at times, much amused at some of the Advertisements of Quack Medicines. We recently saw a Plaster advertised—the genuine thing—that would cure and prevent ruptures, and was the "very article for fractured bones." Cannot some political Quack invent a "Plaster," that will resuscitate Van Burenism in North Carolina? He may rest assured of being well rewarded.—*Ral. Reg.*

Death of Mr. Ogle.—Hon. Charles Ogle, the distinguished member of Congress from Somerset county, Pa., died at his residence on Monday last. He was yet in the prime of life, and his premature decease will be deplored by a large circle of relatives and friends. Pennsylvania will feel his loss.—*Ib.*

Mail Contracts.—There seems every reason to believe that Mr Granger has been enabled to make large reductions in the cost of Mail Transportation in his new contracts. The Canton (St. Lawrence Co.) Democrat states that the route from Ogdensburgh to Plattsburg (120 miles) has been taken for the ensuing four years at $8,000 per annum less, and that from Ogdensburgh to Chateaugoesy Corners at $1,500 less than the old contract—a clear saving on these two minor routes of $4,500 per annum, or $18,000 in the four years ensuing.—*Ib.*

A SHOT AT THE WHOLE FLOCK.

John Holmes, of Maine, delivered a Lecture on Temperance, at Portland, on Friday evening. Mr. Holmes is a thorough *tee totaller*. The Eastern Argus says, that he goes the full length against Intemperance in all its shapes—eating as well as drinking. To use his own language he shoots at the whole flock: beer, cider, opium, alcohol and tobacco.

Incombustible Clothing.—A London Journal says, that a solution of phosphoric acid has the power of rendering linen, muslin, &c., incombustible. This has been fully demonstrated at the Royal Institution on a late occasion, to the satisfaction of a numerous audience. It is of importance that this test should be made generally known. Posperic acid may be obtained by burning a piece of phosphorus in a bottle, to which it will be collected in the form of a white powder, which is readily soluble in water.

THE PRESIDENT.

From the New York Herald we learn that the packet ship England, Capt. Waite, arrived at that port on Sunday, from Liverpool, and she reports having seen many packet ships, and some islands of ice, but saw or heard nothing of the President. The Philadelphia Inquirer says:—"Capt Davis, of the ship Goodwin, from Liverpool, states that about fifteen days ago he passed a piece of a wreck at sea, and the mate observing it remarked that it evidently belonged to a steamer. He had no apprehension in relation to the President, or he would have picked the fragment up. Capt. D. arrived at this port on Sunday last."

A new hope has sprung up of the safety of the Steam ship President. The Capt. of a British Bark arrived at New York from Bristol, reports that off the Azores or Western Islands, he discovered at ten or twelve miles distance the hull of a large ship, dismasted, supposed by him at the time to be a Man of War, but since his arrival he thinks it was the wreck of the President.

Wilmington Chronicle.

Remarkable Short Passage.—The ship Colon from Havanna, left that port at 7 o'clock in the evening of Wednesday, the 5th instant, and took a pilot off Sandy Hook on the morning of Wednesday, the 12th instant, at 7 o'clock—thus making her passage in one hundred and fifty six hours, or six and an half days. The shortest passage we believe on record.—*N. Y. Com. Exp.*

Swartwouter Taken.—Alfred Phillips, formerly of 202 Chatham street who ran away from this city a few week weeks ago, has been arrested in New Orleans and all the property with which he eloped taken from him. The amount of property found with him exceeded $20,000. After his disappearance papers were prepared and despatched to New Orleans, and on the day of his arrival he was conducted to the calaboose.—*N. Y. Sun*

Slavers Captured.—A letter received at New Bedford on Friday from H. Carrol, Esq. United States Consul at Helena, dated March 26, 1841, states that five Portuguese Slavers had just been brought in at St. Helena, having been captured on the West coast of Africa by the British naval force on that station, with upwards of one thousand slaves on board. The slaves had been landed at St. Helena, and remained of course subject to the orders of the British Government.

N. Y. Express.

Suicide by a Forger.—Mr. John L. Moore, mentioned by us yesterday, as having been arrested and under examination at Murfreesboro', Tennessee, on a charge of committing the recent extensive forgeries on the Bank of Tennessee, committed suicide on Friday, the 7th instant, in a public house at Murfreesboro,' by hanging himself to a bed post.—*Phil. Chron.*

There were three things which Solomon, although the wisest of men, did not understand.—There are two things which have perplexed and baffled all modern sagacity, namely, why dogs turn round three times before they lie down; and why dustmen wear red breeches, which habit is inscrutable.—*Examiner.*

Government.—If your wife happen to be of opinion that absolute monarchy is better than constitutional government, he resigned; you cannot say your sovereign was not of your own choosing.

Importance of Schoolmasters.—One of the surest signs of the regeneration of society will be the elevation of the art of teaching to the highest rank in the community. When a people shall learn that its greatest benefactors and most important members are men devoted to the liberal instruction of all classes, to the work of raising to life its buried intellect, it will have opened to itself the path of true glory. This truth is making its way.—*Channing.*

To *despair* because we are poor and wretched, is not humility, but the most abominable pride; we are not willing to owe the cure to God *alone*.—*Bp. Wilson.*

A warm wish.—A celebrated senator once said 'he hoped to see the day when the negroes in the West Indies would peaceably enjoy their own firesides.' 'Talk of a people enjoying their firesides in a climate when, in January the mercury stands at 92° in the shade! there is fever in the very thought."—*Warner Arundell.*

Sea-Going.—He that cannot eat any thing dressed in any way, at any time, out of any thing and this under the sight of any dirt, the effect of any smell, the sound of any discord, and the feeling of any motion, should not go to sea.

Sir John Leslie. Professor of National Philosophy at Edinburg was often known to pass an afternoon with mere boys, conversing with them just as if they had been his equals in age and attainments.

The New Orleans Bee mentions as shewing the power of resistance of heat of Scott's Asbestos Iron Chests, that at the fire there of the 24th one of those chests in Messrs. Beach & Co's store, was exposed to intense heat, and when opened after the fire, the books and papers were found safe, not even an entry obliterated.

Prentice's Last.—The New York editors complain that their papers are regularly stolen from the doors of their subscribers. What else can be expected in a city that has elected a "paper snatcher" to the mayoralty!

The Mormons.—One of the most singular instances of *American enterprise* is furnished in the fact that the Mormons, or "Latter Day Saints," have sent apostles into Old England, where they are zealously engaged in the work of turning her majesty's subjects to their strange faith. They are said to have met with serious success; in some places they are roughly handled, yet they have made several converts, some of whom have embarked for the 'promised land' in the far west of America.

Greensboro' Patriot

Upper Missouri.—The Hannibal Journal says that Northern Missouri may safely challenge any other part of the United States in producing the article of tobacco and hemp. It is believed that 1000 or 1500 hogsheads of tobacco will be shipped at Hannibal alone the coming season.

The Mississippi.—This war steamer which is moored off our Navy Yard, is an object of great attraction, and numbers are continually flocking to look at her. For symmetry of form, and the nicety of the arrangements for the accommodation of the crew, she has no superior. We are informed that she will soon be ready for sea.—*Phil. Chron.*

Abolition Candidates.—At an adjourned meeting of the American and Foreign Anti-slavery Society held on Wednesday at the Church, corner of Houston and Thompson streets, New York, James C. Birney and Thomas Morris, late Loco Senators from Ohio, were nominated unanimously as suitable candidates for President and Vice President of the U. S. at the election of 1844.

We are much gratified to learn that the U. States Government have adopted for the use of the Navy, Captain Taylor's Submarine Exploring Apparatus. Three of these suits of Marine armor are to be put on board the three first large ships of war, which leave this country—and three are to be deposited at the Navy Yards, to be used as occasion may require.—*Bos. Jour.*

Sentence of Execution.—Judge Barton on Monday passed sentence upon Sarah A. Davis for the wilful murder of Julius Judkin. The proof of the prisoner's guilt was perfectly clear and it is doubted by no one. Judge Barton made the occasion of delivering the sentence more deeply impressive by his remarks and address to the wretched subject of it. She remained composed until the words were uttered, and then swooned. This is the first capital conviction of a woman in this city for at least sixty years.

[Nat Gaz.

THE SCHOOL LAW.

We congratulate the county upon the acceptance of this law. Two years ago, when a similar act was voted upon, the Vanities opposed it, upon party grounds we believe.—Now, however, we have the pleasure of stating, that a number of our political opponents openly expressed an earnest desire to see the system of Public Schools adopted throughout the State. This is as it should be.—*Carolina Gaz.*

From the Petersburg Intelligencer.

THE ELSSLER CONCERT.

Some of the admirers of the "Divine Fanny," in the "Paris of America," in humble imitation of the "Baltimore human Coach horses" undertook a few nights since, to entertain the "Divinity" with that "concord of sweet sounds," vulgarly called a *Serenade*. Trombones, Horns, Bugles, Flutes, Fifes, Clarionets, Tambourines, Base Drums and Kettle Drums, were blown and beaten in a style which beggars all description; and "the Divinity" was enraptured.

"Exulting, trembling, raging, fainting,"

She was

"Possess'd beyond the Muse's painting."

In the midst of the Concert, another party of Amateurs, not liking the exclusiveness of the first, broke in with a flourish of cow-horns, tin pans and bells, which completely drowned the music of the *legitimate* serenaders. Not liking to be thus dinned into insignificance, these last

"Upon the supporting myrtles round,
Hung up their instruments of sound;
And as they off had taken part,
Sung a canon of the *fire-foul art*,"

they pitched it the intruders with fists and sticks and thus the fight ended in a row.

THRILLING SCENE.

The New Orleans papers of the 10th, give an account of a scene which occurred in court on the 8th, which must have been thrilling in the extreme. An individual named George A. Hamilton had some days before been convicted of forgery. When called up to be sentenced, the usual question was asked as to what he had to say before sentence should be passed. To this he replied in an address of an hour in length, in which he endeavored to show that he was the victim of conspiracy, and that he was entirely innocent of the charge. The Judge replied to him, that his remarks had failed to make any other impression than that of pity for his situation, and the still stronger belief that he was guilty of the charge. The Judge then sentenced him four years to the penitentiary. Just at this moment, some gentleman exclaimed, 'the has a knife in his hand,' and before he could be prevented he plunged it into himself in two places, once in the abdomen and once in the region of the heart. He soon fainted from loss of blood, and was taken to a private apartment followed by his wife who had sat by him during the trial. Physicians examined and dressed the wounds, and ascertained that they were not necessarily fatal.

ALTAR OF HYMEN.

"Those whom love cements in holy faith,
"And equal transport, free as Nature live.
"What is the world to them,
"Its pomp, its pleasure and its nonsense all,
"Who in each other clasp whatever fair
"High fancy forms, and lavish hearts can wish!"

MARRIED,

In Yorkville on Thursday 13th instant, by Wm. I. Clawson, Mr. *David Peterson*, (Printer,) of Lincolnton, to Miss *Jane Rogers*, of this place.

THE COURT OF DEATH.

"All pass this gate in one promiscuous crowd
"The grave, the gay, the humble, and the proud
"The rich, the poor, the ignorant, the wise—
"'Tis neutral ground—hence all distinction flies"

DIED.

In this County on Thursday, 27th inst., *Noah Partee*, Esq., aged 56 years.

[*Obituary notice next week.*]

In Southampton, Va. *Holiday Revel*, a Soldier of the Revolution, aged 86 years. He enlisted in the Virginia line in 1776, and served three years. He was at the storming of Stony Point, under the immediate command of General Wayne. After his discharge from the Regular Army, he was engaged in the Militia service upon two occasions, and although not at Yorkton, was in service at the time.

☞ We are authorized to announce John Giles Esq. as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of Rowan.

☞ We are authorized to announce Mr David Kerns as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk, of Rowan.

☞ We are authorised to announce E. R. Birckhead as a candidate for the County Court Clerkship of Rowan.

☞ We are authorized to announce James F. Kerr, as a candidate for the County Court Clerkship of Rowan.

☞ We are requested to announce Maj. Junius Sneed as a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk for this County.

☞ We are requested to announce R. Kirkpatrick as a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk, of Cabarrus.

☞ We are authorized to announce Col Jas. McClelland, of Statesville, as a candidate for Brigadier General for the Fifteenth Brigade of Militia, composed of the counties of Iredell, Burke and Yancy.

DR. *Alexander Walker on intermarriage*, just received by

TURNER & HUGHES.