# Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY:

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1843.


## Republican Whig Ticket!

*For President of the United States,*

**HENRY CLAY.**

OF KENTUCKY.

## Rally Whigs!

It is proposed to hold a Public Meeting at the Court-House in Salisbury, on Monday of March Court, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the Whig District Convention, to be held at Mount Moorne, on the 4th of April next. The Whigs of Rowan are requested to attend and participate in its deliberations. It is probable that several addresses will be delivered, which will doubtless be interesting.

MANY WHIGS.

CORRECTION.—A few mistakes occur in the first piece of poetry published on the out side of this week's paper. For "upborned," read upborne. The words gossamer and sinn ons as they occur in the poetry are not spelt correctly.

### HON. A. RENCHER.

This gentleman not long since, addressed a letter to the Editor of the Raleigh Register, in which he states as an excuse for his *base abandonment of the principles he so zealously advocated before the People in 1840-'41, wherever he had an opportunity*, that the Whigs have failed to fulfil the promises they made in the year 1840. Will he tell the People, that he (Mr. Rencher,) so soon as he was entrusted with that confidence he was unworthy of, began to meditate upon betraying that trust, ARNOLD like, into the hands of the enemies of that cause? No, he will do no such thing; but attempt to justify himself by simply asserting that the Whig Party have not done their duty. Will Mr. Rencher be so good as to inform the People wherin the Whigs have failed to carry out the principles which they advocated in 1840, so far as they were able? Did they not pass the Bill establishing a Bank, and the Distribution bill, as they promised? Will he tell the People why he has not stood firm by them when the clouds of adversity were thickest, and opposed as if they were ready to burst upon them with the destruction of an Eastern Sirocco, and blast their hopes forever? And whether the Whig Party has not reduced the expenditures down to about *TWENTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS A YEAR?* Nearly *TWENTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS LESS THAN UNDER THE DEMOCRATIC ADMINISTRATION OF VAN BUREN.* And Why he has not urged the adoption of those measures not carried out upon the attention of Congress.

We cannot, for our lives, see how Mr. Rencher can have the impudence to charge the Whigs with neglecting to comply with their promises, when he was as much bound to bring them forward and press their adoption as any other Whig. But like every recreant servant, he turns round and abuses his friends for not accomplishing that which they were unable to do, and which he had not even the courage to attempt. Such conduct in public men, deserve to be looked upon with contempt by every honest man, whether Whig or Locofoco.

### PROGRESS OF THE DOG FIGHT!

Under this head we propose to give our readers an occasional peep at the sayings and doings of the Van Buren and Calhoun wings of the "unterrified Democracy." Every body recollects how the organs of the two wings abused each other in our State a short time ago,—how the Jeffersonian and Washington Republican squirted mud on the Standard—and how the Standard threw dirt on them in return. It appears that the fuss is becoming general in the family—that is spreading far and wide.

To show how the brethren love each other, we copy the following from the Richmond Whig, written by a Van Buren Locofoco. He narrows the contest for the Presidency down to Van and Cataline, and all parties will admit, that he makes the *fur* fly. Read it Whigs and Locofocos:

Mr Editor:—As Mr Ritchie has declared, that he will publish nothing upon the next Presidential election, coming from the friends either of Mr Calhoun or Mr Van Buren, until after the Spring elections are past,—I throw myself upon your liberality, and beseak a hearing through the columns of the Whig.

I do not wish to be understood as censuring Mr Ritchie for the course he has marked out, yet, I entirely dissent from the propriety thereof. I believe that it is now narrowed down, in the Republican ranks, to Mr Calhoun and Mr Van Buren as the candidates for the next Presidency.—Mr Buchanan has no strength out of Pennsylvania; Geo Cass is out of the question. Col. R. M. Johnson although deservedly popular, yet his chances are but feeble at best. As a Republican then, I have to choose between Mr Calhoun and Mr Van Buren. And what true or genuine Democrat can hesitate for a moment in making up his mind? How can any one, who hailed as a Democrat, during the Administration of Gen Jackson and Mr Van Buren for a single moment hesitate to declare against Mr Calhoun? In the great and arduous struggle between the Democrats and Whigs, during the Administration of Gen. Jackson, *where was John C Calhoun?*—Against the Democrats. *When the Bank of the United States, put forth all its power and influence aided by its one hundred millions of paper dollars, in order to put down the Democratic Administration of the Hero of New Orleans,* where, then, was John C Calhoun? Against the Democrats. Who was it excited the citizens of South Carolina, and other States to treason, and was ready to see these United States wrecked and torn to pieces? *John C. Calhoun.* Who was it, that sought to array brother against brother, father against son, in deadly combat, and to redden our fair land with the blood of its citizens, because a tariff of which he was the father had been passed by the Congress? John C. Calhoun. Who was it that stigmatized and abused the Democrats, and called them by the odious names of ROGUES and ROYALISTS? John C. Calhoun. After all this can I, as a Democrat, under any circumstances, vote for Mr Calhoun? NO, NEVER!! NEVER!! NEVER!!

Mr Calhoun has talents of the highest order, and he may be an honest politician, and his motives may be pure and honest; still, I am utterly and unalterably opposed to him, I shall have more to say upon this subject. ARISTIDES.

*King & Queen.*

*The ringtail* has even extended to Massachusetts. By the following paragraph from the Boston Atlas, it will be seen that the prospects of the "Kinderhook dandy," are as blue in the Bay State, as Calhoun's are in Virginia:

"THE LOCOFOCO CONVENTION.—We are informed that the Locofoco Convention held in the Representatives Hall, on Thursday evening, was not very satisfactory, in its proceedings, to the Party. Resolutions are said to have been offered, approving of Martin Van Buren, the Kinderhook Dandy, as some of the Locos call him, for the Presidency, but it was decidedly no go. After much confusion and perplexity, the Calhoun branch of the party succeeded in laying the Van Buren resolutions on the table, very much to the discomfiture of the adherents, of the Little Magician. There are curious stories told, of certain midnight discussions, which occurred in certain public houses, after the adjournment of the Convention, in which discussions the "unterrified democracy" were not a little disunited in their opinions of matters and things. Kinderhook may as well retire peaceably. Measures are probably in train which will give "the Great Nullifier" the ascendency. Tyler's influence, if it is worth any thing, is likely enough to go for the latter. Hill, Woodbury, and the other bloodhounds of the party, are falling into that scent—and the little curs about the State House are preparing to join the pack. Let them go on. The Whig Candidate for President will be elected in 1844."

The Atlas, we think, is mistaken in supposing that the "Great Nullifier" will ever "gain the ascendency" among the Locos. Why?—Because the great body of the party, ("*the original panel*" as the Standard calls it,) entertain the same opinion of him as "Aristides," the Virginia Locofoco, does. They cannot forgive his former denunciations of their *demi-god*, Andrew Jackson, or his treasonable nullifying doctrines. We regard his prospects as far more gloomy than those of any other Locofoco aspirant—not excepting "*Capting*" Tyler. The party will cheat Mr. Calhoun in going into a National Convention, where he will be thrust aside without ceremony, and Dick Johnson or Martin Van Buren will have the honor of being beaten by HENRY CLAY.

The Raleigh Register of the 3d instant, contains a long address to the People of this State, from Judge Saunders, in compliance with a promise made some time since. The principal topic of this address is the Senatorial election at the last session of the Legislature; its object, the defence of the Judge against certain reproachful charges touching his conduct as one of the actors in that scene. We think Judge Saunders shows plainly, that he was somewhat badly handled by the Brown faction of the Locofoco party of the Legislature.

*The Re-nominations.*—The arrogant and insulting course pursued by Mr. Tyler, in attempting to force the Senate of the United States into a compliance with his wishes, has met with that condemnation on all sides, which it so justly deserves. We have not yet seen the person or paper that even attempts to extenuate his conduct. The Washington Globe, which attributes the course persued to Mr. Webster's counsel, thus speaks of it:

"The feeble and wavering Mr Tyler we consider as nothing in this case: he did Mr Webster's business for Biddle in 1834, and he did Mr Webster's business in insulting the Senate on Friday night last: and certainly the Senate of the United States is reduced to a low ebb when Daniel Webster is the man to insult it.—Certainly he has reasons not to love the Senate. Besides the well known fact that they would not confirm him to London, the Senate has just spoiled a part of the fraudulent scheme of smuggling him there in the recess: they had just put a *proviso* to the Chinese $40,000 bill, requiring the "*agent*" who was to be appointed under it to be approved by the Senate before he went. This was spoiling a part of the game.—The Chinese mission was a contrivance to vacate the London mission in the recess, whereby it could be filled in vacation; and thus filled by Webster. The proviso compelled the managers of this scheme to "*let the cat out of the wallet.*" The bill was passed at midnight, and Mr Everett appointed at midnight; but Mr Webster could not be nominated in his place,—and hence his reason for insulting the Senate.—The whole Chinese scheme was to make an opening for Webster, and to furnish an "*unfrocked priest,*" (to use Mr Benton's words,) and a vacant youth, with public money to travel upon in the East. This was the design. Forty thousand dollars to make room for Mr Webster; then outfit and salary to start him: near $60,000 to smuggle the "God-like" to London.

☞ Mr. Buchanan has replied to a letter addressed to him by some of his Pennsylvania friends, in which, speaking of Democratic candidates for the coming Presidential election, he remarks that he would resign his pretensions *if* he could secure harmony, and that "in his opinion the candidate who would either intrigue or personally electioneer for the Presidency raises a strong presumption that he is unworthy of it." Should he himself be nominated by the "Democracy of Pennsylvania" with unanimity enough to give moral force to the act, he says he should "feel that he ought not to counteract their wishes."

### THE REPEALED BANKRUPT LAW.

Question has arisen as to whether the law repealing the Bankrupt Law excludes from bankruptcy those whose petitions were filed while the bill was in the hands of the President and before he signed it. We give below the law as it stands. It will be seen that it says no proceeding commenced before its "PASSAGE" shall be affected by it. We do not know how the word "passage" can be construed to cover any time after the *passage* of the bill by Congress:

*An Act to Repeal the Bankrupt Act.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved 19th August, 1841, be and the same is hereby repealed, *Provided*, That this act shall not hereby cause any proceeding in bankruptcy commenced before the passage of this, or any pains, penalties, or forfeitures incured under the said act; but every such proceeding may be continued to its final conclusion, in like manner as if this act had not been passed.

The Comet mentioned in the following paragraph from the New Bedford Mercury as visible at midday on the 28th ultimo, to several of the Northern Cities, was seen in this place on Monday night and Tuesday night, for an hour or two by several persons after the sun went down.—The body or nucleus was below the Western horizon when first noticed, just after the sun had set, but the tail streamed off brilliantly towards the South East, nearly a fourth of the distance across the heavens.

"Its brilliancy was almost equal to that of Venus. Its situation is very near the limb of the sun; its tail appears about three degrees in length. It may be the Comet announced some three months in Europe; it was then traversing the constellation Draco; be it that or another, it is of rare brilliancy. There are but three on record of sufficien. brilliancy to be seen in the day season. The first was 43 years before Christ, and is called a "hairy star;" it was seen with the naked eye in the day time. The second was in the year 1402, and was so brilliant that the light of the sun, at the end of March, did not hinder people seeing it at mid-day; both its nucleus and its tail was, to use the language of the day, "two fathoms long." The third appeared February 18th, 1744, and nearly equalled Venus in splendor, and many persons saw it at mid-day without glasses. It may yet prove that the comet of to day is the same as that of 1402."

### THE WEATHER.

March is upon us hereabouts in great style; last Wednesday presented indications of good pleasant weather, but, alas, on Thursday, we had the wind from the north-east, which drove the clouds in flying movements over the heavens:—The rain descended, and the trees were all belted with ice, which hung in glistening festoons from the drooping boughs.

Duncan K. McRae, of Fayetteville, has been appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate Attorney of the United States for the District of North Carolina, in the place of William H. Haywood resigned.

The President of the United States has revoked the sentence of the Naval Court Martial under which Commodore Ballard was suspended from command for the period of twelve months.

*From Matamoras.*—The schooner Watchman says the N. O. Bulletin, arrived at this port on the 23d ult., from Matamoras, and we have a file of the Lantiga to the 13th ult. The Texian prisoners had all left for Mexico—six of the principal officers in advance of the main body and mounted. The Monterey paper announces their arrival at that post. Generals Fisher and Green wrote a complimentary letter to Gen. Ampudia, thanking him for his generous treatment of them, and his honorable conduct throughout. She brings about $33,000 in specie.

### LATE FROM MATAMORAS.

*Reported Escape of the Texian Prisoners.*

The schooner Emblem, Captain Kinney, arrived at New Orleans from Matamoras on the 1st instant, which port she left on the 19th of February.

The Captain reports that on the 22d, while lying off the bar waiting for a pilot, news came that the prisoners captured at Mier, with Col. Fisher, had risen upon their guard at Saltillo, overpowered them after a short struggle, and started in hot haste for Texas. From Saltillo to the Rio Grande, there is a direct road, and as Col. Jordan once made a successful escape from near the same point, with a less number of men, it is more than likely, that Fisher's men will be able to do the same thing, provided they were able to secure a sufficiency of arms and ammunition to fight their way through.

We are fearful, however, so many false reports are started and circulated in Mexico—that the attempt to escape was not made, although there is much to confirm us in the opinion that the brave followers of Col. Fisher are once more at large. In confirmation, it is said that Colonel Kinney, who was soon taking passage for the United States, had been arrested after the Emblem left Matamoras, on suspicion of having some hand in assisting the Texian prisoners to escape.

*The End.*—Parson Miller lately described, in a sermon at Bennington, Vermont, appearances that will probably be presented when his doctrine is realized by the sudden destruction of this world:

"A small bright spot will first appear in the east, which will gradually expand as it approaches the earth. By and by, a small cloud will appear before the luminous ball, and between it and the earth. On this cloud will be seen the Son of Man, standing erect, his figure plainly visible to the spectators on the earth. At the sound of the trumpet, (or some other signal) the bright spot, having gradually illumined the whole heavens, the righteous dead shall rise from their resting place, and the risen and living saints shall together be caught up and meet the Saviour in the air, when they will be instantly changed and clothed with immortality. The Saviour will then present them to the Father, whose presence is denoted by this luminous mass, perfect, without spot or wrinkle. The Father will then give the saints, by the marriage covenant, as a bride to the Son. They will then be constituted the New Jerusalem, and, together with the Saviour, will descend to the earth, which, during their absence, has been purified, and the wicked burned up,—where the saints will dwell with Christ forever."

*Naval.*—The brig William, at Charleston from Matanzas, we have received advices that the United States brig BOXER, Lieut. Com'g Bullus, arrived at Matanzas, on the 20th ultimo, from a cruise near the Isle of Pines; having fallen in with and given chase to a topsail schooner whose movements and appearance excited suspicion, but which contrived to make her escape without being overhauled.

The Canal across the Isthmus of Panama, uniting the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans, has been commenced by a company of citizens of New Grenada. The distance of excavation will be only 12½ miles—the remaining distance (37 miles) will be through the rivers Chagress and Grande, which can be made navigable. It will take five years to complete the work—ships of 1400 tons can pass through it.

### LOCOFOCO DISTRICT CONVENTION.

We learn that the Locofoco Convention which assembled in Statesville completed the *arduous* task assigned them by the "*unterrified Democracy*," on Tuesday last, by nominating BURTON CRAIGE, Esq., of Lincoln county for Congress.—Well, they have a right to run who they please, but we had rather beat Burton than any other man belonging to the *Calhoun-tail*, in the District, *and we intend to do it too.*

For the last seven or eight months we have been sending a paper to F. Oates, at Muddy Fork, Cleaveland county. We received the following letter from the Post Master there this week, and this is our reply: The paper has been regularly mailed and put into the Post Office here every week. If it has not been regularly received, the fault does not rest with us. If Mr. Oates will pay for it $1 50 up to this date, we will discontinue it; otherwise, we will send it on till the end of the year, and try if they have any *law* up that way. Here is the letter,

N. CAROLINA, Cleaveland County. } *Muddy Fork, March 11, 1843.*

*Mace C. Pendleton*—Sir: You have been sending a few papers to this Office since the 28th July last, fifteen numbers, and the subscriber not paying for his subscription agreeable to your terms, the paper was to have stopped. I want you to send no more, the subscriber, F. Oates, not wishing to pay for a paper that has no more of the affairs of Government than yours has. Your demands was paid when your agent presented them. If you want pay for your fifteen papers, send your account on—a continuance, the postage will be charged to you.

WM. OATES, P. M.

*Curious Calculation.*—It was sometime since stated that at a dinner given by President Tyler, a bottle of wine was broached which was four hundred years old. The Tennessee Herald enters into a calculation of what it was worth, basing its first value at 50 cents; this sum, put out at six per ct. interest, would, in that time, amount to the enormous sum of $7,159,185,493.

### SOUTH CAROLINA.

The following gentlemen, it appears by returns published in the South Carolina papers, will compose the Representation of this State in the next Congress:

First District—James A. Black.
Second District—Richard F. Simpson.
Third District—Joseph A. Woodward.
Fourth District—John Campbell.
Fifth District—Armistead Burke.
Sixth District—Isaac E. Holmes.
Seventh District—R. Barnwell Rhett.

### BANK FAILURE AT NEW ORLEANS.

We learn from the New Orleans papers that the *Commercial Bank* of that City suspended payment on the 20th ult. The circumstance is thus noticed in the Bee of the 21st:

The City was yesterday thrown into real confusion by the announcement, in the morning, that the Commercial Bank had stopped payment. This fact was the more astounding as no run had been made upon it of late, and some little confidence was beginning again to be felt in our monetary institutions. The causes which led to this result, must have grown out of the previous management, whereby she was so much weakened as to be unable to stand up against the natural demands and exactions of commerce. She actually fell from exhaustion.

As was to have been expected from so unlooked for an event, the note holders, and in some instances the depositors, took the alarm and made a run upon the other Banks. The Mechanics and Traders, and the City Bank had to meet the brunt of the panic. They both paid out specie with great alacrity; neither made any attempt to evade the run upon her—every officer being engaged in counting out the dollars to those who wanted them.

Towards three o'clock, the run upon the City Bank greatly abated; but the Mechanics and Traders kept her doors open for two hours after the usual time to accommodate such as desired to exchange her notes for specie.

Upon the State, Union and Canal Banks, the run was very trivial.

*Honor to whom honor.*—Mr. Tyler has, at last, done one act, for which we desire to give him credit. He has appointed Mr. Wise, of Virginia, Minister Plenipotentiary to France.—He has thus got him out of Congress, where he is a perfect mar-plot, and we feel willing to give him full credit for his discretion in the matter.—By giving him an honorable appointment, he has paid Mr Wise for taking him out of the country, he has benefitted the people.—*Ral. Reg.*

*The Richmond Enquirer.*—Mr. Ritchie, for thirty-eight years sole Editor of this paper, gives notice to the Public that he has associated in the interest and fortunes of the Enquirer his two sons, William F. and Thomas Ritchie, Jun., and that the paper will be hereafter conducted under the firm of *Thomas Ritchie & Sons.*

*A Good Thing.*—The following, although brief, is beautiful and comprehensive:—"Every fly, and every pebble, and every flower, are tutors in the great school of nature, to instruct the mind and improve the heart. The four elements are the four volumes, in which all the works are written. Every man has in his own life follies enough—in his mind, troubles enough—in the performance of his duties, deficiencies enough—in his own fortune, evils enough—without being curious about the affairs of others."

*A Yankee Enterprise.*—The steamer *Bangor*, Captain Dunn which left Boston last August for Constantinople, was, by the last accounts, at Trebisonde, in the Black sea, at which place she arrived from Constantinople, with 700 passengers! She was to return to Constantinople with about the same number. An admirable illustration of Yankee enterprise.—*Inquirer.*

### ALTAR OF HYMEN.

"Those whom love cements in holy faith
And equal transport, free as Nature live.
"What is the world to them,
"Its pomp, its pleasure and its nonsense all,
"Who in each other clasp whatever fair
"High fancy forms, and lavish hearts can wish

### MARRIED.

In this County, on the 9th instant, by the Rev. James D. Hall, *Mr. George G Quillman*, of Cabarrus, to *Miss Mc.Ritchie Marinda*, youngest daughter of Mr. Kindall Jacobs.


## LIME! LIME!!

ANY quantity of fresh LIME can be had at the Kiln of the late Joseph Williams dec. By the 100 bushels and over 16 cents; 50 to 100 bushels 18; 5 to 40 bushels 20; unslacked in proportion.

All persons wishing lime either at the kiln or their residence, will apply either to J. or R. WILLIAMS.

Rockford, Surry county, N. C. } March 18, 1843. } 1f34

## Lost or Mislaid,

A NOTE of hand, signed by Lamb Taylor & payable to Anson James, with James Eaton as security, and payable three years from 4th January, 1840. Any person finding said note and returning it to the subscriber, or giving me information so that I get it, will be liberally rewarded.

JAS. CORNELL.

Davie county, March 18, 1843—3w34

## Ecclesiastical Notice.

THE Presbytery of Concord will meet at *Providence*, Mecklenburg County, on the second Wednesday in April, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

STEPHEN FRONTIS, *Stated Clerk.*

☞ The Charlotte papers, "the Watchman of the South," and "the Presbyterian," will please copy the above.

March 4, 1843—4w32

## Salisbury Female Academy.

THE Summer Session of this Institution, will commence on Monday, March 6th. Arrangements are making to procure an assistant Teacher, who will probably enter on her duties in one or two weeks. Terms as formerly, but a class of small children, learning only Reading and Spelling, will be taught at $6. Every branch usually taught in the first Female Seminaries will be attended to, and it is believed that its present arrangements are superior to those of any former session. Rev. S. Frontis (a native of France) is instructing a class in the French language, and it is desirable that others who intend joining should do so immediately.—He has also consented to take charge of a class in Crayon Drawing; a branch which is highly appreciated at the North, and but little attended to among us. A few young Ladies will be received into the family as boarders, and Col. R W. Long will take 8 or 10. His residence is agreeably situated in a retired part of town, and very convenient to the Academy. No deduction made for absence, but in cases of long continued sickness.

*TERMS.*

Tuition $6—8—10—or 12 50 according to the advancement of the pupil.

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|---|---|
| Music on Piano per session, | $22 50 |
| Guitar per quarter, | 12 00 |
| French per session, | 10 00 |
| Drawing with crayons per session, | 10 00 |
| Painting in water colors do. | 10 00 |
| Wax Work, | 5 00 |

Needle Work, &c. taught if desired.

EMMA J. BAKER, *Principal.*

Salisbury, March 1st, 1843—tf32

## FRESH ARRIVALS!

NEW

## Fall and Winter GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

ARE now receiving and opening in the brick house west of the Court-house, their

FALL AND WINTER

**GOODS,**

Among which are Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Bonnets, Saddlery, Carriage Trimmings, Crockery, Paints, Dye-stuffs, Medicines,

## GROCERIES,

**ROPE AND BAGGING,**

*And in short, a general assortment of*

GOODS,

which we are determined to sell as cheap for *Cash*, as can be bought any where in Concord. We invite old customers and the public in general to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we think we can give such bargains as will be a great inducement to purchasers.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods.

J. & R. WINECOFF.

Concord, Nov. 19, 1842—tf17

## State of North Carolina.

*DAVIDSON COUNTY.*

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—Febreary Term, 1843.

George Zeracor and others, vs Samuel Rothrock & Margaret Daniels. } Petition for reprobate of Samuel Zeracor's Will.

IN this case it appearing to the Court that the defendant, Margaret Daniels, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered, that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Carolina Watchman, for the said Margaret Daniels personally to be and appear before the Justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the next Court to be held for said county, at the Court House in Lexington, on the second monday in may next, and answer or demur to said petition, or it will be set down for hearing exparte, as to her and Judgment entered against her.

Test, CHAS. MOCK, c c c.

march 11, 1843—6w33—Printer's fee $5 50

## $25 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 9th of February last, my negro fellow HENRY, he is about 32 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 12 inches high, dark complexion, slender made, talks fast, and is very plausible in conversation. Henry has a wife at R. J. West's, in Davidson co.; no doubt he is lurking in that quarter, where he is well known. Ten dollars will be paid for the delivery of said negro fellow in the Salisbury Jail, or to Mr Samuel Reeves, Salisbury, and fifteen dollars for the conviction of any person or persons of harboring said slave.

R. MACNAMARA.

Rowan co. march 11, 1843—tf35

## GARDEN SEEDS!

A GENERAL assortment, may be found at the Salisbury Medical and Drug Store

Salisbury, N. C. Jan. 21, 1843. tf26

## NEW

SUPPLY OF CONFECTIONARIES AND GROCERIES!!

F. R. ROUECHE, respectfully informs the citizens of Salisbury and the surrounding country, that he has received a new and splendid supply of Confectionaries and Groceries, consisting of all kinds of

*WINES AND LIQUORS*

of the very best quality, such as Madeira, Port, Teneriffe, Champaigne, Muscat, Claret, and Malaga, Wines, French Brandy, Holland Gin, Porter, Ale and New Ark Cider, and Cordials, Lemons, Almonds, Raisins, Oranges, Oysters, Sugar and Coffee, Candles, Cameras, Madder, Indigo, and various other articles too tedious to mention, which I will sell as cheap for cash as they can be bought at any other *Establishment in Salisbury.*

F. R. ROUECHE.

march 4, 1843—1w32

### CONSUMPTION AND LIVER *Complaint.*

DR. *TAYLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVERWORT*—from 375 Bowery, New York—for the cure of coughs, colds, catarrhs, Asthma, soreness of the chest, pain in the side and breast, raising of Blood, *Liver Complaints*, Bronchitis, and all those affections of Throat and Lungs,—which are a source of so much suffering, and unarrested, so often terminate in Consumption—this remedy is highly and justly distinguished. It is purely vegetable, mild and gentle in its effects upon the system, and can be taken in the most delicate cases, with safety as well as utility. Physicians, aware of its medicinal properties, and witnessing its effects even in extreme, and in some instances, apparently almost hopeless cases, often prescribe it in their practice, both as a palliative and a remedy, and with the Medical Faculty generally, it has met with great approbation.

☞ *CONSUMPTION.*—The following remarks were taken from the last number of the Medical Magazine:

"The surprising effect produced by the genuine Balsam of Liverwort, made at 375 Bowery, in consumptive cases, cannot fail exciting a deep and thrilling interest throughout the world. We have so long believed this disease (consumption) incurable, that it is difficult to credit our senses when we see persons, evidently consumptive, restored to health. Yet it is a fact of daily occurrence."

The following was given us a short time since, by Capt Scott, of Elizabeth City, N. C.

*Certificates.*

"Being constitutionally predisposed to Consumption, (a number of my family having died of this disease,) and having suffered severely from irritation of the lungs, accompanied with cough and raising matter and blood, together with severe pain in my side and breast, till I was supposed to be beyond recovery, I was induced by advice of Dr Perkins, as a last resort to try Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort. I have taken five bottles in all. I began to improve with the first bottle, and while taking the third, was so far recovered, as to be able to get about. Since which time, by continued use of it, I am quite restored and able to attend to my usual business. To persons suffering from coughs and affections of the lungs, I do earnestly recommend it.

(Signed,) JAS C SCOTT.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Dec 16, 1842.

*Liver Complaint* and General Debility.—I was given up by two physicians, and told to prepare for death. I was so weak I could not raise my hand to my head. I was in this low state when a friend sent me a bottle of Dr Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, from 375 Bowery, and before I had used up the bottle, I was able to get up in bed. By the further use, I have completely regained my health. GEO WELLS,

23 John st.

*Violent pain in the side.*—I have been cured of a violent pain in the side, extending through to the shoulder, indigestion, dizziness, loss of appetite, and general debility, by the use of two bottles of Dr Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, from 375 Bowery. J F H Allen,

No 7 Merchant's Row.

For sale at the Drug Store of C B Wheeler, Salisbury. march 4, 1843—1w32

## TRUST SALE

OF

## LANDS & NEGROES!

BY virtue of sundry Deeds of Trust executed to us by different persons, for the purposes therein mentioned, we will expose to public sale, at the Court-House in Salisbury, on Tuesday the 21st of March next, (it being the week of Rowan Superior Court,) one Tract of Land adjoining the lands of Robt. Macnamara, Wm Chambers, Charles Brown and others, containing

**282 ACRES,**

more or less. One other Tract of Land lying on both sides of Crane Creek, adjoining the Lands of William Chambers, Jacob Moyers, and others, containing about

**220 ACRES,**

Also two other Tracts of Land joining each other on the south side of the Yadkin river in Rowan county, called the Parker Lands, containing about

**373 *Acres,***

all of which are known as the Craige Lands.—Also, at the same time and place, between

**THIRTY AND FORTY NEGROES,**

*Consisting of MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and Girls, very likely. Terms cash.*

Purchasers are invited to attend the above sale, as the property is desirable and valuable, and the terms may be changed on the day of sale to a credit of six months.

JAS. OWENS,
W. CHAMBERS,
*Trustees.*

Feburary 18, 1843—5w30

## NEGROES FOR SALE.

WILL be sold, at the Court House in Salisbury, on Tuesday, the 21st day of March next, (it being Tuesday of Court,)

**Fifteen Likely Negroes,**

consisting of men, women, boys and girls.

SAMUEL REEVES, *Agent.*

Feb. 25, 1843—4w31

**Job Printing neatly done here.**