THE WHIGS OF NEW YORK.

The Address of the Whigs of the State of New York, to the Whigs of the United States, deserves particular attention. Where is the Whig to be found that will not from henceforth follow the noble example of the Whigs of New York, by giving his time or at least a portion of it till the election in so good a cause. We call upon all in the name of the country to come forward and put their shoulder to the wheel, and never desist until the nation is rescued from the impending ruin which threatens it.

We call upon all who are opposed to the establishment of the agrarian doctrines which must inevitably follow the election of POLK and DALLAS, to be up and doing, the time for *action* instead of *talking* has arrived. All who are opposed to a system of *public robbery*, as practised under the VAN BUREN *Sub-Treasury* system—all who are opposed to the Locofoco doctrine of creating a *gold* and *silver* currency for the office-holders and *paper rags* for the People—all who are opposed to being brought under a system of *Colonial vassalage* to *Great Britain*, by the destruction of the TARIFF—all who are opposed to taking the bread out of the mouths of our own *Mechanics, Manufacturers* and *Working Men*, and putting it in those of *British paupers*, will see and feel the *great* necessity of giving some time to the cause of the country—we mean that of the WHIGS, for it is *emphatically* the *cause* of the People, in opposition to the destructive and levelling principles of Locofocoism—the common ally of *Great Britain*: And all who believe the election of HENRY CLAY to the Presidency will redound to the honor and glory of the country, and give stability to the government, we hope will not fail to attend the polls on the fourth day of November.

Upon the result of this election we verily believe depends the very existence of the present form of free Government, and would admonish *all* who value the privileges they now enjoy to be on the alert—to work while it is called to-day.

☞ The Locofocos seem to be as blind as bats, as it regards the last Letter of Mr. CLAY on the annexation of Texas to this country.—Almost every little locofoco sheet from one end of the Union to the other, are bawling out inconsistency! (as if *they* ever had any regard for consistency or honor,) and to prove it, are publishing a *garbled* extract from this letter; thereby intending clearly to deceive and make Mr. CLAY say that which he never had any idea of saying. Is it not too bad, that men *professing* to be striving for the *public good*, should resort to such despicable means to accomplish such end? No, the prosperity and happiness of the country never enter their minds, although they make such loud noise about it; they are fighting for the "*spoils of office*." Do they not richly merit the indignation of every friend of *truth* and *honesty*? And will not the People mete out to this double-faced Locofoco democratic party, that reward which they so justly deserve? The affairs of the nation are not safe and never can be, when in the keeping of such a corrupt and debased party. Let the People see to it, that they do not permit them to get the Government into their hands, by default; but let them be on their guard, and all will be well.

The extract which has been going the rounds of these "*democratic*" papers, make Mr. CLAY say:

"I have, however, no hesitation in saying that, far from having any personal objection to the annexation of Texas, I should be glad to see it. H. CLAY."

As the above reads, Mr. CLAY is personally in favor of annexation, without any condition whatever. It is, however, only a part of the sentence. Here is the whole of it.

"I have, however, no hesitation in saying that, far from having any objection to the annexation of Texas, I should be glad to see it, *without dishonor, without war, with the common consent of the Union, and upon fair and just terms.*"

Now, we leave it to every man of common sense to say, whether there is any inconsistency in the language here used by HENRY CLAY, and that employed by him in his first letter on the annexation of Texas. But how can any one expect any thing better from these men. It is their business to do the *dirty* work of the party to which they are attached; and no one need be astonished when they see any big lie going the rounds of the Locofoco papers.

MARYLAND ELECTION.

It gives us the greatest pleasure to be able to make known to our readers, the complete triumph of Whig Principles in Old Maryland, after one of the hottest contests ever witnessed in that State. The most extraordinary exertions were made by the Locofoco party to overwhelm the unflinching Whigs of Maryland. British gold flowed freely, and foreign voters colonized or *harbored* by the enemy to effect their object, but all would not do, the Whigs achieved a glorious victory, electing their candidate for Governor by a majority of 532, and an overwhelming majority of Whigs to the Legislature. The

Senate stands,	Whigs 15	Locos 6
House of Delegates,	" 61	" 21

Whig majority on joint ballot 40, securing the election to the United States Senate a good and true Whig.

The American Whig in heralding forth this triumph, makes the following just comments upon the frauds perpetrated by the Locofoco party in Baltimore on the day of election:

"That the vote polled by the Locofoco ticket was not the legitimate vote of this city is palpable. Since the Mayor's election in 1843—the largest vote ever given here—the increase has been 2260—requiring, at the ordinary proportion of seven to one, an increase of population in this city of over 15,000 inhabitants in one year! Of this increase of votes 1892 were polled for the Locofoco candidate! The Whig increase being 368—the natural, usual, regular increase in all times past! In almost every ward large numbers of votes were polled, which were never heard of before, and never have been and can never be located. Thus was it, that while the noble whigs of the city have stood their ground, like good and true men as they are—an imported, illegal majority has been bodily and successfully foisted upon us!

We are rejoiced, however, that in the rest of the State, as our returns will shew, corruption and violence have had no sway. We have beaten the Locofocos EVERYWHERE, BUT IN BALTIMORE AND CECIL COUNTIES, AND WE HAVE REDUCED THEIR MAJORITIES THERE!

We have gained *three Senators—a large majority of Delegates—and have beyond all question elected the Governor by at least 500 votes—being the first Whig Governor ever elected by the people in Maryland, and a gain of more than 1000 votes over the last Gubernatorial election, in spite of pipe-laying and violence—slander—fraud and* BRITISH GOLD. Three cheers then for Old Maryland!

For HENRY CLAY, she is safe by 3,000.—Nearly all the colonized locofoco majority has already left us—on foot, on horseback, by coach and by railroad. We have a heavy Whig vote still left—made cautious by defeat—wise by experience and determined, in another contest, to maintain their rights. Let our friends in Pennsylvania and New York be of good cheer. But for the causes we have assigned, our majority for Mr. Pratt must have been 2,500. We have it still among us, and with God's blessing, we will *make* it tell!"

☞ Some of the Locofoco papers are making light of the disclosure, that the British are using all their means to elect POLK and DALLAS, and to have the Tariff repealed. But it seems just as they were uttering the denial, an Agent of a *British House* in N. York, publicly proclaims in the streets of Baltimore, that he had orders from his employers in England! to make use of all the means (money of course) in his power, to procure the repeal of the American Tariff, as will be seen from the following article from the *Baltimore Clipper*, a neutral paper:

Startling Fact.—An Agent of an English Iron Manufacturing Establishment, stated a few days since to a dealer in hardware, of this city, that he had received positive instructions from his principals in England, to use all the means in his power to procure the repeal of the American Tariff. The agent resides in New York, and will comply with the instructions he has received. So here is proof positive of English interference with our domestic concerns. British gold will be lavishly spent to influence affairs in this country; and British agents will roam through our land, to cheat and deceive our people into the support of British measures. Are they to be thus imposed upon or corrupted? We do not believe it. The influence of British gold may be partially felt, it is true, in the purchase of a few venal presses, which are a disgrace to the country; but the mass of the American people will spurn this foreign attempt on the purity of our government, and cling with more tenacity to the measure which England is so desirous to destroy. The knowledge that British agents are at work, under instructions from their employers, to procure the repeal of the Tariff, will be sufficient to stimulate the American people to its support. No Congress will dare to unite with England in the destruction of our manufactures. No patriot would sanction so unholy an union; and no man, other than a traitor to his country, would sustain it.

This same British Agent offered to bet *five thousand dollars* of *British Gold*, no doubt, that POLK and DALLAS would be elected, when a good Whig stepped up and told him he was not in the habit of keeping that much by him, but if he would wait till morning, he could have his bet taken, if not, he had $1,200 by him, which was at his service on the spot; but no, this British agent—this enemy to American prosperity, backed out and skulked off.

MR. CLAY'S CALUMNIATORS.

It seems that Mr. Clay's revilers and slanderers cannot satiate themselves, although they have exhausted the whole vocabulary of mean epithets in traducing and villifying him. They have blackguarded him until they have made themselves sick, and still he shines forth as an unclouded star, bright and burning; and, like that emblem, seems rather to improve in his brilliancy by the blasts which howl below.

But his revilers, although they have done much, have not ceased to do: Their last effort to blemish and defame, we believe was, the publication of a picture of Mr. Clay, "with a coat of arms, exhibiting cards,"—indicating that Mr. Clay is a gambler, we suppose,—"a pistol,"—showing that he is a regular duelist, we again suppose—"a bottle"—that he is a drunkard—and the words—"shoot lower!"—Such is the last effort to dim the lustre of that crown, worn by Henry Clay, which many envy, and which thousands of Democrats hate him for.

But let not these things trouble the mind of any Whig. All that enmity, malice or hatred can do, to injure Mr. Clay, may easily be put in the vest pocket.

To the Whigs of Iredell, Rowan, Davie, Lincoln, Catawba, Cabarrus and Mecklenburg:

The Committee of Arrangements for the Mass Meeting at Cowan's Ford, are now able to say that extensive preparations are in progress and will soon be completed to make the affair the greatest that has ever come off in Western North Carolina. A Free Barbacue is offered, and while splendid instrumental music has been provided, the ladies from all quarters promise to be present, to aid us with their smiles and tuneful voices. Meanwhile Thompson, Yeadon, and Preston from South Carolina—Mangum, Badger, Miller, Cherry, Stanly, Clingman, Graham, Bynum, Gaither, from North Carolina, have each of them written that they will be present, and others will assuredly be there to add to the enthusiasm of the affairs. They expect Iredell—old Iredell—with her 1400 Whig majority to furnish the largest part of it as her delegation. Davie, Cabarrus and Rowan, assure us that they will send multitudes of their gallant Whigs; and Mecklenburg, Lincoln and Catawba, in whose territory the meeting takes place, will rival their brethren from the Whig counties in enthusiasm and numbers.

Come one—come all—and on the battle ground of the Revolution, and on the blood of patriots, let us awaken our ardour and pledge our resolutions for the redemption of our country.

LOCOFOCO FALSEHOODS.

We sincerely wish we knew who the "*impudent Locofocos*" are referred to in the communication below, furnished by an esteemed and well informed friend. If we knew, we would take particular delight in holding them up to public indignation. We think we have a pretty good idea who they are, and if we find out for certain, we assure these busy bodies that we will expose them to the public gaze. The Whigs are not opposed to the re-building of the Mint but are to a man we believe, desirous that it should be rebuilt immediately. It does not come within the province of the Whigs, to oppose *any thing* which is calculated to benefit the *Public*, but more appropriately to the Locofoco party—the opposers of almost *every thing* intended to prosper the country.

FOR THE WATCHMAN.

Messrs. Editors: I have lately heard that some impudent Locofocos in the mining regions of the West, and particularly in the counties of Rowan, Stanly, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg and Lincoln, are deluding the uninformed portion of our People, by telling them, that the Whigs are opposed to the re-building of the Branch Mint at Charlotte. I at first could not believe that there was a man to be found so daring and so silly, as to attempt an imposition of so base and palpable a character on any community. But such is the fact! All through this section of the State are certain *secret agents*, who, finding that their late stock of published lies, manufactured by Kendall, Haywood, Duncan and Co., has run short, or that the investment in the same has not turned out to be as profitable as expected, have "got up" a new domestic article in the following ridiculous style: "Mint's burnt; Gaither's nigger did it; Pearson a Federal Judge, cleared him; and Clay and all the Whigs dead set against re-building!" Not only so, but I have heard from a gentleman of veracity, that personages of no less importance than "Democratic Electors," are occasionally harping upon this *golden* theme, to elevate Jas. K. Polk to the Presidential chair! Such is Loco-Polko-focoism, in even the "good Old North State!"

This is rather too small a matter to be noticed in a public Press; but I only do so to warn the Whigs against any secret and infamous falsehoods that might be propagated a few days before the election. And there is also sometimes danger of very small things working great injury, especially in political affairs.

As far as the Whigs are concerned with the Branch Mint, Democratic logic would make us *all* in favor of rebuilding. For, (say they,) Mr. Clay having during the 27th Congress, when there was a strong inclination to abolish it expressed an opinion decidedly in favor of its continuance, and voted for the appropriation to carry it on (*a priori*) his obsequious followers would, of course, be of the same mode of thinking. And this would be very proper in this instance. But let the People recollect that the Democrats have a majority in the present Congress, and that the application will be made this winter for the appropriation to rebuild. Should it fail, the defeat of the measure will lie at their door. GOLD HILL.

☞ We acknowledge the receipt of some valuable School Books, from O. L. CLEAVELAND, Bookseller Raleigh, N. C., through the politeness of Col. WHEELER. Not having had time to examine them thoroughly, must be a sufficient apology for their not being noticed more extensively. They are as follows:

Elements of Mythology; Emerson's North American Arithmetic, 2d part; 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Class Reader; and Emerson's Outlines of Geography.

FRIDAY MORNING.

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

Liberation of O'Connell—Sentence Reversed by the House of Lords—The Difficulties between England and France settled—Prorogation of Parliament—Visit of the Queen to Scotland, &c.

The Steamer Caledonia reached Boston on Thursday. We are indebted to Messrs. Adams & Co. for a copy of Wilmer & Smith's European Times.

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.—On the 5th of September, the Lord Chancellor delivered the Queen's Speech, proroguing parliament to the 10th of October.

THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO SCOTLAND.—The Queen and Prince Albert left London on Monday, the 9th instant, for Dundee, in the steam yacht Prince Albert.

LIBERATION OF O'CONNELL.

The Lord Chancellor delivered his opinion in the case of O'Connell on the 4th ult., reversing the decision of the court, and ordering the liberation of all the prisoners, concluded by moving that the judgment be reversed.

IRELAND.—*Public Feeling in Ireland.*—The excitement in Dublin when it became known that the House of Lords had reversed the judgment of the Irish court, was intense. Great crowds had assembled on Kingstown pier. The packet arrived before five o'clock, some repeal agents on board, holding up white flags, inscribed, 'Judgment reversed by the House of Lords—O'Connell is free!' the crowd hurraed—the news spread—and cheers re-echoed throughout the city. Mr. O'Connell's rooms in Richmond Penitentiary were at once invaded by a crowd of congratulators.

ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

It is gratifying to announce, says Wilmer's European Times, that all apprehension of a collision between us and our neighbors is at an end. The Tahiti question has been settled after a fashion; the wounded feelings of the Missionary Consul, Mr. Pritchard, is to be healed by a present of francs, and the French officer who maltreated him is censured, but hardly disgraced.

FRANCE AND MOROCCO.

The war between France and Morocco is at an end. The Sultan has given way, and dreading the power he has provoked sues for terms.

FRANCE.—After long denying the fact, the Paris papers admit that the Tahiti question between the French and English governments is settled. The Courier Francais, states that 25,000 francs will be the amount of the compensation offered to Mr. Pritchard for the outrage inflicted upon him by M. D'Aubigny.—

ROWAN CENTRAL CLAY CLUB.

The members of the Central Clay Club, are requested to meet at the Long room of Dr. Samuel G. Boyden, on Saturday evening the 12th instant, for the purpose of transacting business of importance. A full meeting is earnestly desired.

By order of the President.

THE MARKETS.

SALISBURY.—Coffee 7 a 9; Corn 25 a 30; Flour 3 a 3 50; Cotton Yarn 80 a 85; Irish Potatoes 25 a 30; Wheat 50; Molasses 35 a 37 1-2; Butter 10 a 12 1-2.

FAYETTEVILLE.—No change in the prices says the Observer of the 9th inst., and but little produce in market

CHERAW.—Bacon 7 a 8; Cotton 4 1-2 a 5 7-8; Corn 40 a 50; Flour 3 50 a 4; Molasses 35 a 37 1-2; Sugar 8 a 10; Salt, sack 2 a 2 25; Coffee 9 a 10; Beeswax 22.

Died

In this County, on the 23d ult., MARY VIRGINIA, oldest daughter of Osborne G., & Lucy L. Foard, aged 2 years and five months.

In La Fayette County, Mississippi, on the 17th ult., at the house of Franklin & Whitfield Canon, Mrs. MARTHA WALLACE, aged about 60 years, wife of the late Jediah Wallace, formerly of Cabarrus County, N. C.

MOCKSVILLE MALE ACADEMY.

THE undersigned trustees of said institution, take pleasure in recommending it to the public, under the charge of the Rev. Baxter Clegg, whom they know to be highly qualified in every particular, to teach the studies preparatory to an entrance into any of the Southern Universities; they have witnessed, for the last three years, to their entire satisfaction, the praise-worthy manner in which said Institution has been conducted, by the Rev'd. Gentleman, who now has charge of it, which has been fully developed in the progress and proficiency of his Pupils, the good and harmonious government of the Institution, the great attachment of the Pupils to their Preceptor, and their qualification and ability for admission into the various classes in the different Colleges to which they have gone; and they confidently believe this Institution presents the strongest claims to the patronage of the public, whether in reference to the superior experience and capacity of the instructor, or location and moral character of the society in its neighborhood. It is hoped such a favorable opportunity for a good education, will not be permitted to pass without a respectable share of public patronage, while the benefits are so reciprocal.

R. M. PEARSON,
A. G. CARTER,
L. BINGHAM,
J. McRORIE,
M. D. ARMFIELD,
JOHN CLEMENT.

The Session commenced on the 16th September, to continue 5 months, payable in advance.

For Latin and Greek, inclusive of all lower branches,	$15
For Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, &c.	$12
" English Grammar, Arithmetic, & Geography,	$10
" The lower branches,	$8

October 12, 1844. 3w24

SANDS' GENUINE SARSAPARILLA,

AND Pamphlets may be had at all times of Henderson & Wheeler, our Agents for Salisbury, at our retail prices in New York. A. B. &. D. SANDS.
October 12, 1844.

APOTHECARY BUSINESS!

PENN AND AYRES

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO,

ALSO—Spanish Cigars, for sale at the *Peoples Drug Store*, by

HENDERSON & WHEELER.

DR. P. Henderson's Ague and Fever Remedy,

A *SAFE* and *certain* cure, may be had at the *People's Drug store*, from

HENDERSON & WHEELER.

ROWAND'S TONIC MIXTURE,

GRAY'S Ointment, Jayne's Vermifuge, Hemlin's and McLane's Vermifuge, Dr. Rowand's and Jaynes family medicines, Lee's, Dean's, Dyott's Hooper's Spencer's Hull's, Peter's, Phelps' and Beckwith's pills; also, Dr. P. Henderson's Stomachick Elixer, may be had at the *People's Drug store.*

1000 lbs. of good Tallow and Sperm candles for sale at the *People's drug store*, by

HENDERSON & WHEELER.

DR. P. Henderson's invaluable Anti-bilious pills for sale at the *People's Drug store*, by

HENDERSON & WHEELER.

Salisbury, Aug. 17, 1844 tf16

STATE of NORTH CAROLINA—Davidson County.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS—AUGUST TERM, 1844.

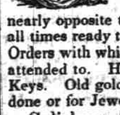
David Huffman and Margaret his wife. vs. George Miller, and others. } Petition for Reprobate of Jacob Miller's Will.

IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants, Leonard Feazor and his wife Barbara, Henry Miller and Michael Miller, are not inhabitants of this State: It is ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Carolina Watchman, for the said Leonard Feazor and his wife Barbara, Henry Miller and Michael Miller, persoually to be and appear before the Justices of our said court, to be held at the court-house in Lexington, on the 2d monday in November next, and plead, answer or demur to the plaintiffs petition, or it will be set for hearing exparte as to them, and judgment entered against them. Test,

CHAS. MOCK, c. c. c.

6w19 Printers fee $5 50

NOAH G. TAYLOR,



TAKES this method of informing the Public, that he has opened a shop for the purpose of repairing

CLOCKS & WATCHES,

nearly opposite the Postoffice, where he may be found at all times ready to receive work in his line of business.—Orders with which he may be favored will be faithfully attended to. He keeps on hand Thimbles, Rings and Keys. Old gold and silver taken in payment for work done or for Jewellery.

Salisbury, Sept. 7, 1844 6m19

STRAYED

FROM the subscriber on the 2d instant two mares, one a sorrel and the other a roan, both bought from a drover, and when last heard from, they were on the road to Wilkesboro'. A liberal reward will be paid to any one taking the said mares up, so that I get them.

ROBERT W. FOARD.

Concord, Sept 10, 1844 tf20

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Davidson county, N. C., on the 20th May last, a negro girl who says her name is MARY, and that she belongs to Thomas Cue, near Camden, S. C. Said girl is some 18 or 20 years old, 4 feet 10 inches high, black and stout. She says she was purchased by M. Madlock, a trader, from Mr. Skiner, of Perquimons county, N. C., and sold to Mr. Cue. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away. B. B. ROBERTS,

Lexington, June 8th, 1844:tf Jailor.

ATTENTION!

Officers of the 64th Regiment, No. Ca. Militia!

YOU are hereby commanded to parade in the town of Salisbury on Thursday, the 17th day of October, at TEN O'CLOCK, with side arms for drill and Court Martial; and also on Friday the 18th, with your respective companies for review & inspection.

By order of
J. M. BROWN,
Col. Com'd't 64th Regiment N. C. Militia.

A. STIREWALT, Adjutant.

N. B. Captains will please make their returns on the day of drill. A. STIREWALT, *Adj't.*

Sept 29, 1844 2w23

State of North Carolina,

Davie County.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS—AUGUST TERM, ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOUR.

Lydia Holman, widow of Jacob Holman, *vs.* John Holman, David Holman, Isaac Holman, Andrew B. Holman, Lydia Ratledge, Sarah Holman, Mary, wife of Ashley Dwiggons, Mary and John Smoot.

Petition for Dower.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that John Holman and David Holman, are not inhabitants of this State: It is ordered that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Carolina Watchman, that the said defendants in this case be and appear at the next term of this court, to be held at the court-house in Mocksville, on the fourth monday of November next, and plead or judgment will be taken pro confesso. Witness *John Clement*, clerk of our said court, at office, the fourth day of August, 1844, and 69th year of American Independence. *JOHN CLEMENT, Clk.*

6w21 *Printers fee* $5 50

State of North Carolina,

Davie County.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS—AUGUST TERM, ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOUR.

Benjamin H. Eaton, Isaac N. Frost and wife Mary, Peter Eaton, Holden Smith and wife Nancy, Ebeneezer Eaton, James Eaton, Daniel Eaton and Elizabeth Eaton, *vs.* Margaret Taylor.

Petetition for Partition of Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Margaret Taylor, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is ordered that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Carolina Watchman, that the defendant in this case be and appear at the next court, to be held for the county of Davie, at the court-house in Mocksville, on the fourth monday of November next, and plead or judgment pro confessso will be taken.

Witness, John Clement, clerk of said court at office, the 4th monday of August, 1844, and 69th year of American Independence.

JOHN CLEMENT, Clk.

6w21 *Printer's fee* $5 50

LOOK HERE.

IN obedience to the last will and testament of Wm. Thompson, dec'd, I will sell as administrator, with the will annexed, on Tuesday, the 22d of October next, the

VALUABLE PLANTATION,

of said deceased, 11 miles from Salisbury, on the road leading to Statesville, containiug 239 acres, with about 100 acres of good clear land, with tolerable buildings &c. Any person wishing to purchase a good plantation between second and third creek's, would do well to attend. I am persuaded that it will be generally admired. I will also sell the new *CROP of CORN*, 2 horses, wagon and geer, a good cow, windmill, balance of household and kitchen furniture, and various articles not here enumerated. THOS. BARBER, *Adm'r. with the will annexed.*

Rowan county, Sept. 21 5w21

State of North Carolina.

CABARRUS COUNTY.

In Equity—August Term, 1844.

Sarah Jimeson and others vs. Jos. McKinley and others. } Petition for sale of Lands of Jos. Rodgers, dec'd.

IN this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John Rodgers, Robert Rodgers, Isabella Anderson, Joseph McKinly, Moses McKinley and Eri Rodgers, defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this State: It is ordered that publication be made for six successive weeks in the "Carolina Watchman," printed in Salisbury, that the defendants in this case be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the court house in Concord, on the 3d monday in February, 1845, and plead or judgment will be taken pro confesso, and the lands decreed to be sold.

Witness, W. Barringer, clerk and master at office in Concord, the 3d monday of August, 1844, and 68th year of American Independence.

W. BARRINGER, C. M. E.

6w18 *Printers fee* $5 50

Executor's SALE of Valuable Property.

ON the 22d of October next, (and the day following if necessary,) will be sold at the late residence of Andrew Ramsay, dec'd., in Iredell county, 4 miles north of Mount Mourne, **SEVEN LIKELY NEGROES,** 2 men, 1 woman and 4 children: Eight head of horses, fifteen head of cattle, a number of hogs, three stills and vessels, an apple mill, a number of hogsheads and casks; over 300 gallons of peach and apple **BRANDY,** from 2 to 5 years old, by the cask; corn, hay, and other articles unnecessary to be mentioned here.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

J. LEROY DAVIS, ROBT. RAMSAY. } Executors

Iredell, Sept. 28, 1844.—22:3w p'd

NOTICE.

HAVING made Sam'l. Reeves my agent for settling up the books of the late firm of Douglas & Williams, all persons indebted to them will call on him and settle their accounts by cash or note, as the business of the firm must be closed immediately.

GEO. B. DOUGLAS,

Sept 28, 1844 22:tf Surviving Partner.

LAND FOR SALE!

THE subscriber will offer for sale on the 12th of October next, at the Court House in Salisbury, an excellent tract of land, lying in Davidson county, adjoining the lands of Edom Wood, Daniel Limbaugh, and others. There are on the premises a good house, a first rate spring, an excellent peach and apple orchard. Any one wishing a good *Mill Site*, will find it greatly to their interest to attend the sale.

There will be sold on the same day a quantity of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Wagon and Horses, and an excellent set of Brick Yard Tools. Terms made known on the day of sale.

FELIX SOWERS.

September 28, 1844—3w22

Administrator's Sale.

HAVING obtained letters of administration on the Estate of Jesse L. Foster, dec'd, and by an order of Court, I will expose to public sale on Tuesday the 22d of October next, **SIX LIKELY NEGROES,** Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Wheat, Hay, Fodder, Oats, Farming Utensils,

House-hold and Kitchen Furniture,

besides a number of articles not mentioned. Reasonable credit will be given. Terms made known on the day of sale. HENRY KISTLER, *Adm'r.*

Sept 18, 1844 tf21

SHERIFF'S NOTICE!

AN Election will be held at the usual precincts in the county of Rowan on Monday the Fourth day of November next, to vote for Electors of President and Vice President of the United States. R. W. LONG,

Sheriffs Office, Sept. 7, 1844 Sh'ff.

P. S. All persons that have not paid their Taxes for the years 1842 & '43, will please call and pay the same on or before the 16th instant, it being monday of Rowan Superior Court, if not, I will certainly put the receipts in the hands of an officer for collection.

R. W. LONG, Sh'ff.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.

Just rec'ed a fresh supply of *Sands' celebrated fluid extract Sarsaparilla* sept. 28, '44:tf J. H. ENNISS.

PUBLIC SALES!

LAND FOR SALE!

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Equity for Rowan county, at Fall term, 1844, the clerk and master will offer for sale at the court-house in Salisbury, on Monday of the next county court, the 4th day of November, a tract of land containing about

300 ACRES,

lying on Sills creek in Rowan county. On which land there is a valuable **MERCHANT'S MILL** and **SAW MILL** on it, in a brick house, and a

SAW MILL,

all in good repair. Also, two lots, no. 43 and 44, in the great North square of the town of Salisbury, being the property of the heirs at law of Richard Kerr and Mary Allison, dec'd. A credit of twelve months will be allowed, and bond with sufficient security for the purchase money required on the day of sale.

SAM'L SILLIMAN, C. M. E.

October 5, 5w23

Sale of Land.

IN conformity to a Decree in Equity for Rowan county, the clerk and master will sell at the court-house in Salisbury, on the 4th day of November next, being monday of Rowan county court, a tract of land in Rowan county, lying on second creek, adjoining the lands of Thomas Todd, E. D. Austin and Wm. Barber, containing about **400 ACRES,** the property of George McConnaughey's heirs. A credit of one year for half, and two years for the other half, bearing interest after the end of one year, will be allowed. Bonds with sufficient security for the purchase money required on the day of sale. The purchasers title to await the order of the court.

ALSO—at the same time and place will be sold under the same authority, another tract of land, lying in Rowan county, on crane creek near Salisbury, containing about **160 ACRES,** adjoing the lands of John Murphy, J. I. Shaver and others, belonging to the heirs of Mary Utzman, dec'd, On a credit of six months upon bond and security for the purchase money being executed. Title to be made pursuant to further order of the court

AND further, at the same time and place, the clerk and master will sell two other tracts of land, lying in Rowan co., the property of David Kerns, Esq. one of

160 ACRES,

adjoining the lands of W. E. Powe, and others on crane creek. The other of

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

adjoining the lands of M. Chambers and J. Kerns, on the waters of crane creek. A credit of twelve months will be allowed, and bonds with sufficient security for the purchase money required on the day of sale, the purchasers title to await the order of the court.

S. SILLIMAN, C. M. E.

October, 5 5w23

SALE OF LAND.

BY virtue of a decree of the court of Equity at Fall term, 1844, for Rowan county, I shall expose to public sale, at the court-house in Salisbury, on the 5th day of November next, it being Tuesday of Rowan county court, the two following tracts of land, as the real estate of Dr. Henry Graeber, dec'd, viz: the one containing 181 Acres, adjoining the lands of John Castor, David Roseman, Jacob Phillips and Adam Roseman. The other containing 50 Acres, adjoining the above described tract, both situate in the county aforesaid, on the head waters of Dutch Buffalo creek. Terms of sale: the purchaser to have a credit of six months by giving bond with approved securities. *PAUL A. SEAFORD, Com'r.*

October 5, 1844 5w23

SALISBURY FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE winter session of this Institution will commence on Monday October 7th. The terms will be as formerly $6, 8, 10, or 12 50, according to the advancement of the pupil. Music on the Piano $20; Guitar $4 per month. No deduction made for absence.

Oct 5 3w23 EMMA J. BAKER.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Salisbury, 1st October, 1844.

Andrews George	Helsabeck Rev S H 2
Alexander Peter	Howard Miss Catharine
Arry Moses	Justice of the Peace
Alexander N W	Jones H C
Beaver Henry	Jinkins Hiram
Boyd Charles 2	Love Robert E
Banister 2	Mull John
Brown Mrs C K	McNeely Wilson
Burns Robert	McKisson 2
Bogle Joseph M	McCowan James
Bettis Sylvester	Moore Cicero A
Battle Hon W H.	McCorkle S E
Bostin Daniel	McCulloch Mrs Eliza
Cauble George	McLennan Wm A
Clark John	McCulloch Capt John
Cowan William	Owens Mrs Elizabeth
Crages Miss Ann	Parks Eady
Chambers Joseph 2	Phillips Mrs Francis
Cowan Levi	Parker Drury
Corley William C	Powe Miss Elizabeth
Dent Mrs Mary	poisonmaster Fred. 2
Evans Mrs Jane W	pcarson John H 2
Earnheart Polly	Ribelin Samuel
Frieslin Polly	Richard Samuel
Foster Richmond	Sloan James
Forkner Tavner	Sloop peter 2
Gorman Henry S 2	Stewart James A
Gifferd Rev John	Smith Miss Mary A
Goggenhammer N	Simmons Henry
Gattin Elizabeth	Smith Thomas B
Geen George	Thomas James K
Hathman David	Tucker William 2
Huske Joseph C	Trexler capt Adam
Henderson Dr P 3	Troutman John
Haden Miss Malinda E	Thomas col. Dan'l
Hornbarker Mrs Cath.	Vermal Miss Charlotte
Hollifield Dr W	Vail Thomas
Hill Henry	Walton Miss Mariah
Hathman B	Williamson Geo M 2
Hickman John	Wells William
Haas E	Yonts Eli

B. JULIAN, *P. M.*

New Fashions for the Fall and Winter of

1844-5.

THOMAS DICKSON respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he still carries on the TAILORING BUSINESS in all its various branches, two doors above J. & W. Murphy's store, where he is ready to execute all orders of his customers in a style and manner not inferior to any work done in this part of the country. He is also in the regular receipt of the *NEW YORK FASHIONS*, and prepared to accommodate the tastes of the Fashionable at all times.

Oct 12, 1844 1y3

DAVID L. POOL,

TAKES this method of informing his friends, and the public, that he still continues to carry on the Watch and Clock making and repairing business, at his old stand, near the Court house. All work done by him will be warranted for 12 months. He still keeps on hand a small assortment of Jewellery.

Gold and silver taken in exchange for Jewellery or work done. March 12, 1843

TAILORING!

THE above business is carried on in all its various branches, by

B. F. FRALEY,

in as fashionable and durable style as it can be done in the Southern States, and warranted to fit well. He also keeps on hand ready made

COATS, VESTS AND PANTS,

for sale very low for cash, and a full supply of cloths and trimmings, which will be made to order cheap. Clothing cut on short notice.

N. B. Persons wishing to learn the art of cutting garments, can be taught as he acts as agent for some of the most fashionable establishments in New York and Philadelphia. tf27