

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

We find in the New York papers some intelligence from Mexico in addition to what we published yesterday:—Nat. Int.

The Constituent Congress were holding their sessions and were occupied on a bill to enable the Government to procure resources for the war.

Another bill was pending, from the Departments of War and the Treasury, declaring—

First. That the Mexican nation finds itself in a state of war with the United States of America.

Second. Consequently the Government will put in action all its resources and powers, to render the war effective, until the reparation of the injury done to the Mexican nation; will complete the corps of permanent militia, and train the active forces, both to fit existing arms and to form others of the same arms, to such number as it may think necessary; and, if other powers shall be necessary; shall propose them to Congress.

Gen. Paredes has decreed the formation of a battalion of city militia of the merchants of Mexico, and two squadrons of cavalry. It was said that he would set out for the scene of war about the 3d of this month.

The following letter to the New York Tribune bears the latest date from Vera Cruz:—

VERA CRUZ, JUNE 30, 1846. We are all in commotion here. Gen. Bravo has demanded for the city of Mexico to assume the responsibility of the Presidency in the absence of Gen. Paredes.

Of course you will be speculating upon whether, if Santa Anna return to power, it will induce a more speedy settlement of differences between the two countries.

From the New Orleans Picayune, July 12. SANTA ANNA AND HIS DESIGNS. By the arrival of the revenue cutter McLane, Capt. Howard, we have received advices from Havana to the 2d inst., and have gathered from the officers of the cutter some hints as to the designs of Santa Anna upon Mexico, and other information of interest from the Island of Cuba.

We are glad to be informed by Capt. Howard that there is not the least prospect that privateers will be allowed to be fitted out at Havana to depredate upon American commerce. It is the firm determination of the Spanish Admiral to allow no evasion of the treaties between Spain and the United States.

A New Republic.—A gentleman recently from Santa Fe, informs the editor of the St. Louis Republican, that before he left that place Gov. Armijo informed him that a measure was in contemplation to form a new confederation independent of Mexico.

Another Sop to the West.—The President has just appointed 30 Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons for the Army, of whom 26 are from the Western States, 2 from Mississippi, and 2 from Georgia.

FOR THE WATCHMAN. THE SIBYLLINE LEAF.

Collecting authentic data for an impartial history of the nineteenth century, the sage historian found among his materials the following sibylline leaf, which, having carefully collated with conflicting authorities, he interwove with other revelations relating to the period to which the cumcean leaf refers.

The internal evidence of its authenticity so wonderfully coincided with the more weighty authorities of the times, that he did not hesitate to record its legible portions on the permanent page of history.

The Sibylline leaf proceeded thus:— "The period included 18th and 1850, teems with many anomalies in politics, political economy, war and international law. In these, the United States of N. A. will stand conspicuous among nations. What had been deemed by the illustrious founders and law-givers of that great confederacy, strict conformity to constitutional provisions and legislative enactments, will be, in later times, denounced as imbecility, extravagance and usurpation, by inferior men; ambitious of being lords of the ascendant, and of persuading the sovereign People, that the so-called Democratic Statesmen and Politicians, are alone worthy and capable of directing their affairs with energy and incorruptible integrity.

By indefatigable exertions, unscrupulous means, and unblushing misrepresentations, the Democratic party succeeded in elevating its nominee to the Presidency. On its banners were inscribed the cabalistic and captivating words, "Retrenchment! Reform! Strict construction! Rotation in Office! Freedom from Executive Influence!"

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True to this explicit announcement, the spoils were grasped with gauntleted hand and vulture talon, by the dominant party. Monopoly triumphed, patronage suborned, discipline subjugated and overruled! Profit and power prevailed in maintaining in office for about ten years the beneficiaries of malversation. The people readily acquiesce in mis-government so long as they do not feel its power or pressure; but when the rulers cry "give up your gold and silver!" they begin to pry into the characters of the inmates of the palace; and for what useful purpose their specie is needed, and think some twenty or thirty millions a prodigious price for driving from Florida about one thousand Indian warriors. A war in which neither glory nor national grandeur was acquired; and of very doubtful expediency and justice from the commencement.

Roused from lethargic confidence, the people now began to pause and to look more narrowly into the conduct and policy of those who chiefly reaped the substantial benefit of "the spoils!" at the public cost. This inspection was much aided by the elite of the community, a large class of citizens, who had foreseen and foretold the ruinous result of the Democratic practice and policy.

The majority of the people in every civilized nation are politically honest. In the present instance, they no sooner perceived the wily policy by which they had been deluded, than they rose in their primitive majesty, and suspended the obnoxious Democratic demagogues, electing men who they deemed better qualified to manage their affairs and restore public credit and prosperity, which had been nearly totally destroyed during the sway of the spoilers.

The cunning and circumventing demagogue, presuming on the magic of reelected names among the great body of the people, has taken advantage in all ages and nations of this influence over confidence, imbecility, or credulous minds. Political corruption, never exhibited a more signal instance of successful delusion by means of popular names assumed by selfish and ambitious demagogues, than they did in the U. States in A. D. 1840.

The able and honest man, general and statesman, whom the people by a vast majority elected in 1840, suddenly died after his elevation to the Presidency. His constituents, who were an ambitious, energetic and driven to bay, and became a facile and unconscious tool in the hands of the political gamblers of the Democratic clique; whose main object was now to thwart and degrade all the beneficial measures of the dominant Whigs, in order to recover to all hazards their former power and place. Self-aggrandizement was their chief, the public weal, a secondary object.

The chief promoter of these was CLAY, a man of great foresight, integrity, and capacity. As a statesman and patriot he was inferior to none in moral courage, political acumen, and undaunted fortitude, and presence of mind in every emergency. On this distinguished man, the Whig party and the friends of domestic industry had placed their hopes of success, by nominating him in 1843 for the Presidency of the United States.

The Democratic party had several prominent and popular leaders, who, by the devices of a few political tacticians, were completely circumvented; and an individual named POLK, of little note and few pretensions, re-elected by the domination of the party, and was finally elected by a large majority over all competitors, under the fascinating wail words of "Free Trade! No Protection!—Texas Annexation!—The whole of Oregon!"

Man is by nature avaricious; his most untiring propensity is to acquire and accumulate, being in general, regardless of whose loss and injury his own avidity is gratified. Offence and defence are common to rational and irrational beings. The rational is peculiarly tenacious of justifying offence, and insisting on the right of defence. The irrational uses its means of defence in all occasions with instinctive energy; and the rational concedes their inherent impulse to do so at their peril.

This is a specimen of P. P. logic in the doctrine of offence and defence, against which, feeble, distracted, and impoverished Mexico may indignantly remonstrate with as much success as a pigmy implores a voracious giant to repress his insatiable appetite of "The Bull has been conceded, not in the Vatican, but in conclave at Washington, claiming and exercising the Kingly prerogative of peace or war—amicable adjustment or conquest, and consequent dismemberment of the Mexican Republic. "Fiat" is the word; and it must be done "ad nutum" of the Democratic conservators, who have taken into their confidential and holy keeping the present welfare and future honor of the sovereign people of the U. States. x x x And Nathan said unto David, thou art the man!"

A large portion of the Leaf was here so worn and obliterated, that the Historian could only decipher the following fragments. x x x Step in where angels fear to tread!—In his first line x x x address! President Polk asserted the claim and right of the U. S. (or rather the B. C.) to be clear and indisputable to the whole of Oregon up to—54° 40' N. latitude, and ignorance and inexperience are commonly arrogant. This claim of right should have been based on irrefragable ground, or never made—especially, during friendly negotiation and joint occupation with the other claimant of a portion of the same territory. P's initial announcement was considered as mere political bravado by G. B. and by the world.

But when the same claim, and something more, were promulgated to his first message to Congress, the British Lion sprang to his feet, shook his sluggish mane, and "erined a horrible smile!"—The doctrine of total exclusion seemed inadmissible, though not new. x The Pseudo-Democracy and its pigmy President had committed themselves before the world! The vast importance of their own popularity and the puissance of England made the pigmies pause in "mid-career," and, instead of making the whole of the disputed territory, a "sine qua non!" as a magnanimous administration, conscious of right, should have done, the clique and its curator, prudently, but pusillanimously, fell back behind the line of 49°! x x x

As the original President could not retain the office, he held on to the Northern ice-berg he heroically determined to place both hands and feet on the imperial neck of Montezuma's Ghost, and bring the murderers of that Monarch to condign punishment. It requires an adept to handle dexterously more than one hot iron at a time. P. avoided the more manly nomenclature by withdrawing his steel-bar from John Bull's furnace, in order to attend to the soft iron he had unceremoniously thrust into the Mexican volcano, even without consulting Vulcan and the Cyclops (the two houses of Congress) whose appropriate function is to forge thunder-bolts for Amrigh-Jovis, and armour of proof for our Achilles, and to open the gates of the temple of Janus. x x x

He could dispense with the vain ceremony, and exercise the royal prerogative with impunity, and oblige the Nation in war, demand and obtain supplies of men and money; and leave to others the futile questions of "qui bono?" and "quam Regium sit!"—The future Historian will state x x x—P. yielded to a manly and powerful antagonist, swallowed his own edicts,—turned on a weak sister Republic with the cunning and ferocity of the tiger,—and x x x

But the same Historian will be compelled to assign reasons why a great, powerful, brave, candid, and magnanimous people, like that of the United States, permitted an ambitious, though pigmy President, to engraft to the National escutcheon a stigma, involuntary and unmerited on their part, that will be "damned to everlasting fame!" amid the halo of glory which their own valor will throw around their continental heroes. It is an unenviable, but we think we do the public a benefit, in saying what we think of them. [From the Missouri News.]

THE BRANDRETH PILLS.—This medicine has been made a subject of much merit throughout the United States while its utility has been extensively acknowledged. The impression seems to be gaining ground that Brandreth's medicine may be employed with safety and effect as a remedy for ordinary infirmities. There are many sensible persons in this city as well as other parts of this country, who with great propriety testify to the good effects of Brandreth Pills, from frequent experiment; and no evil need be apprehended from them, according to the directions. In directing public attention to the Brandreth medicine, we only express our honest convictions, that the Brandreth Pills have done more service to the present generation, than all the patent medicines which have ever been introduced into general use.

These Pills are for sale at 25 cts. per box, by our agents in every town in the State, and by the following highly respectable gentlemen in this vicinity, viz: J. H. Ennis, Salisbury; David Freley, Rockville; A. & D. W. Hammett, Gold Hill; T. C. Hahley, Cowansville; J. Kinder & Son, Mt. Vernon. (July 17, 1846—12-4)

State of North Carolina, IREDELL COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—May Term, 1846. Elizabeth Flowers, Plaintiff vs. William Ford, John F. Ford, John W. Ford, Ann L. Cheairs, Henry F. Ford, Leander L. Ford, John P. Harrison and his wife Elizabeth, Richard B. Ford, George Ford, Thomas L. Ford, Sarah L. McDonald and others. Petition for Dower.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that I William Ford, John F. Ford, John W. Ford, Ann L. Cheairs, Henry F. Ford, Leander L. Ford, John P. Harrison and his wife Elizabeth, Richard B. Ford, George Ford, Thomas L. Ford and Sarah McDonald, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman, a weekly newspaper printed and published in Salisbury, requiring said defendants to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Iredeed, at the Court House in Statesville, on the 3d Monday of August next, then and there to answer, plead or demur to said petition, or the same will be heard ex parte, and judgment pro confesso will be taken against them, and a writ of dower awarded accordingly.

Witness, J. B. Alexander, clerk of our said court at office, the 6th day of July, 1846. J. F. ALEXANDER, Clk. 6w11—Printer's fee \$5 50

Wool Carding. THE Subscriber having recently put in operation, at this Mill, in Rowan county, near Thyatur church, a Wool Carding Machine of the most approved construction, with the best improvements, is prepared to Card any quantity of Wool at the speed of 100 pounds per day, at the usual rates or tolls. Attempting to procure the best machinery and employing the best mechanics to construct, and put the machine in successful operation, the subscriber considers that he is entitled to the patronage of an experimental trial, and a continuance according to results. SAM'L KERR. June 10th, 1846—11-6t

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of H. & W. C. MILLER is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All those indebted to the firm will make immediate payment to HENRY MILLER, as longer indulgence cannot and will not be given. H. & W. C. MILLER. Rowan, July 24th, 1846.

W. C. MILLER would inform the public that he has all suits on the Tanning Business at the old stand 10 miles south of Salisbury, where he will be happy to wait upon his old customers and the public generally. [Rowan co., July 24th, 1846—13-3t.

Our community were surprised and grieved, this morning to learn that their fellow Townsman, Mr. SAMUEL SILLIMAN had departed this life. He died at his room in this Town, about 4 o'clock, A. M. He had been in bad health for some months previous, and being a most patient and noiseless sufferer his friends were not aware of the very serious nature of his sickness until they discovered him in the agonies of death. Mr. SILLIMAN is well known in all the adjacent Counties as a Lawyer, and his brother members of the Bar will mourn to hear of his decease. He was between fifty and sixty years of age.

NEW AND FRESH Patent Medicines, For Sale at J. H. ENNIS' Cheap Drug Store. PETERS' Vegetable Anti-Bilious Pills, in 25 and 50 cts. boxes. Brandreth's Anti-Bilious Pills. Spencers' Vegetable do. Alabaster's Health do. Chinese Blood Pills. Ague & Fever Pills—certain cure, or no pay. Thompson's celebrated Eye Water. Sands' Sarsaparilla—the best preparation now in use. Constock's Extract of Sarsaparilla. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry—a cure for all coughs and Cold, Consumption, &c. Gray's Invaluable Ointment—for cuts, burns, sprains, bruises, &c. Spohn's Head-Ache Remedy—a certain cure for nervous head-ache. Hull's Cough Lozenges. Dr. Perry's Vermifuge, or Dead Shot—a certain cure for Worms. Constock's Tonic Mixture—for chills and ague and fever. Rowan's Venereal Ointment—said to be better than any other. Dr. McMan's Elixer of Opium—said to be better preparation of Opium than laudanum or paragonic. Bernard's Cholera Syrup—a cure for Summer complaints. Swain's Panacea. Healy's Calcine Magnesia—a mild and pleasant opiate. [14-11]

THE CONCORD COTTON FACTORY WE now have on hand a large stock of BALE ROPE, YARN & DOMESTICS. Also, over 1500 pieces of heavy 44 inch COTTON BAGGING, a very superior article, which we will sell lower, than any thing of the kind that can be brought from the Northern Markets. W. P. MOORE, CLK. N. C. Concord, N. C., July 25, 1846—14-11

[From the Globe.] BRANDRETH PILLS.—We were for a long time among the sceptical as to the efficacy of the justly celebrated Pills. We believed that they had got into general and universal use more by the numerous newspaper puff than by any virtue they possessed. A recent trial of them upon a friend of ours, who was attacked with a most violent bilious cholera, has removed all doubts in our minds as to their being the very best cathartics that can be administered; and in using them, we think we do the public a benefit, in saying what we think of them. [From the Missouri News.]

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NOTICE. ALL persons having claims against Daniel A. H. Cress, dec'd, will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery; and those indebted must make immediate payment. A. W. BRANDON, H. H. BEARD, M. BOGER, Executors. Salisbury, May 12th, 1846—14w 3

A RUNAWAY. TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Rowan county, a negro boy named GEORGE. He is about five feet 8 inches high, dark complexion, about 22 years old, and says he belongs to Hamilton Gouch, of Ketham district, South Carolina. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away. NOAH ROBERTS, Jailor. Salisbury, July 17, 1846—13-1f

JEWELRY! JEWELRY! BOGER & WILSON, HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND FASHIONABLE STOCK OF JEWELRY.

Consisting in part of fine full jewelled Gold and Silver Leters, Lepine, Patent Vertical and Patent escapement Watches, gold guard Chains, and Keys, Ladies and Gentlemen's fine Pins and finger Rings, Necklaces, Bracelets, Studs, Coral, Woodward's superior gold Diamond pointed Pens, and ever pointed Pencils, gold and silver Thimbles, gold and silver pencil cases.

Chapman's & Emerson's superior Razor Straps, Chinese Razors, Rodgers' Congress Knives and Scissors, Silver Tea and Table Spoons, also finely plated Glass razors, table and dessert spoons, silver butter Knives, sugar tongs, salt and mustard spoons, tooth brushes, purses, together with many other articles usually found in Jewelry stores; all of which will be sold very low on or time to punctual customers.

PERIFOCAL SPECTACLES. A new and superior Article of American manufacture, constructed upon scientific principles, perfectly easy and natural to the eye.

TWO VALUABLE PLANTATIONS FOR SALE! AND ONE TO LEASE! THE SUBSCRIBER BEING DESIROUS of removing to the West, offers for sale one TRACT OF LAND, on the head waters of Rocky River, in the lower end of Iredeed county, containing 375 ACRES,

about 150 of which are cleared, and in a high state of cultivation. There are about fifty or sixty Acres of first rate BOTTOM LAND on the plantation, 15 or 20 of which have been recently cleared, and are now in cultivation.— There are on the premises a good DWELLING-HOUSE, an excellent BARN, and all necessary OUT-BUILDINGS. Also, an excellent WELL in the yard.

This plantation is in fine repair, and in a very healthy section of country. Also, another tract on the same river, one mile and a half lower down in Cabarrus county, joining the plantations of Wm. Emerson, James Sloan, or formerly the Torrence land, and others, containing 193 ACRES, all of which is Wood Land!

I also offer for rent the valuable plantation on which I now live, containing FIVE HUNDRED ACRES, of which there are about 250 cleared, one hundred of which is fresh; twenty-five first rate bottom, in a high state of cultivation. On the this plantation there are two DWELLING HOUSES, a good barn and all necessary out-buildings—in the yard is a well of excellent water. This place is in fine repair, and can be rented or leased for seven years.

Persons wishing to purchase or rent, are requested to call and examine for themselves;—great bargains may be had. For the terms, apply to the subscriber, living in Cabarrus county, one mile southeast of Coddle Creek Church. The subscriber also offers for sale two tolerably good road Wagons on reasonable terms. ROBT. H. CRAWFORD. June 19, 1846—6w8

State of North Carolina, ROWAN COUNTY. In the Court of Equity. IT appearing that the defendant, Jacob Beaver, is not an inhabitant of this State, but that he resides in the State of Mississippi. Therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Carolina Watchman, a weekly newspaper printed and published in Salisbury, requiring said Jacob Beaver, to appear at the next term of the Court of Equity for Rowan county, at the Court-house in Salisbury, on the third Monday after the fourth Monday in August next, to answer plead or demur to complainant's bill, or that on failure, judgment pro confesso will be entered against him. Witness, SAMUEL SILLIMAN, C. M. E. June 25, 1846—6w9—Printers fee \$5 50

State of North Carolina, DAVIE COUNTY—IN EQUITY. A. G. Carter, Adm'r of N. Chaffin, dec'd, vs. John A. Chaffin, and others. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Joshua Young and wife, Mary, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman, for said defendants to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Davie, at the Court-house in Mocksville, on the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in August next, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's amended bill, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and the cause set for hearing ex parte, as to them. Witness, L. Bingham, Clerk and Master of said Court, at Office, the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in February, A. D. 1846, and in the 70th year of American Independence. L. BINGHAM, C. M. E. 6w9—Printers fee \$5 50

State of North Carolina, DAVIE COUNTY—IN EQUITY. Jos. W. Hodge and others, vs. Joshua Young and wife. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Joshua Young and wife, Mary, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman, for said defendants to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Davie, at the Court-house in Mocksville, on the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in August next, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and the cause set for hearing ex parte, as to them. Witness, L. Bingham, Clerk and Master of said Court, at Office, the 4th Monday after the 4th Monday in February, A. D. 1846, and in the 70th year of American Independence. L. BINGHAM, C. M. E. 6w9—Printers fee \$5 50

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS Neatly printed and for sale at this Office.

Sale of Valuable Books. THE rare and extensive LIBRARY of the late John Giles, dec'd, will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, in Salisbury, on the 4th day of August next, (being Tuesday of the County Court.) This Library contains nearly ONE THOUSAND VOLUMES, comprising Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Works. Among the Law Books may be found the most valuable Elementary Works by James Reports, both English and American, nearly a complete set of our own Supreme Court Reports, and many other valuable works. The medical works are, many of them, rare and valuable. The miscellaneous portion consists of Histories (the standard authors), Biographies, Travels, and most of the old Classic Works in our language. Gentlemen desirous of purchasing, will do well to attend, particularly members of the Bar, as such a library has seldom been offered to purchasers. The Library will be ready for inspection the day before Rowan county Court, in the office one door from George W. Brown's store, where a catalogue may be seen. Terms made known on the day of sale. E. D. AUSTIN, Auctioneer. Salisbury, June 27th, 1846—5w10

SALE OF LAND. PURSUANT to several Decrees of the Court of Equity for Rowan county, at the Spring Term, 1846, the Clerk and Master will offer for sale at the Court-house in Salisbury, on the third day of August next, (being Monday of the County Court,) several TRACTS OF LAND on a credit of twelve months. One Tract of 37 ACRES, lying on Grants creek, adjoining the lands of Goodman, Jacob Stowers, and Valerius, and containing 37 acres of the County of Rowan, and belonging to the heirs of John Stowers, dec'd. TWO OTHER LOTS, with improvements, in the great North Square of Salisbury, No. 41 and 42, belonging to Yorkburgh, Henry M. Giles and others. One containing 228 ACRES, lying on Crane creek, the residence of the late Area, and belonging to his heirs at law. One undivided third part of a tract of Land containing 379 ACRES, lying in Rowan county on Dales creek, adjoining the lands of Samuel Craig and others, and assigned to the heirs of the late John Stowers, dec'd. One undivided third part belongs to the heirs at law of Isaac A. Hill. One tract of land containing One Hundred and Twenty Acres, lying in Rowan county on Dutch creek, and the lands of Paul Miller, David Peeler and others, and belonging to the heirs at law of Henry Miller, dec'd. In each case, bond with approved security, and cash money, will be required on the day of sale. SAMUEL SILLIMAN, C. M. E. June 26, 1846—6w9—Printers fee \$5 50

ROWAN HOTEL FOR SALE! THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO REMOVE FROM THIS PLACE, and offers his HOUSE AND FURNITURE for sale. Persons who wish to engage in Hotel business have now a chance of getting one of the most VALUABLE STANDS they could wish for. The HOUSE is situated in the most desirable part of the town, and is mostly NEW and in good repair. I am warranted in saying to the purchaser by strict attention, the HOUSE will yield a very good income. During the time I have kept the establishment, it has been extensively patronized by travelling and country custom. The House is known from North to South, having been frequently visited for a great many years. Those who wish to purchase, I would advise them to come and see the premises to sell and will give a bargain. Terms made easy to suit the times. Letters addressed to this subject will be attended to in due season. JAMES L. COOPER. Salisbury February 4, 1846—6-4t

LANDS AND MILLS TO BE SOLD. BY order of the Court of Equity for Rowan county, the Clerk and Master will offer at public sale, on premises on the first day of August next, (being Monday of the County Court,) several TRACTS OF LAND, lying in Rowan county, adjoining the lands of Michael Corther, John Deal and others, and containing about 239 ACRES, also one other tract called the Mill Tract on the falls of the Mill Creek, containing about One hundred and thirty-five Acres, adjoining the lands of Allen Row and others, and the remainder in a tract of about One hundred Acres, adjoining the mill tract, which is now occupied by a grapt Penney, and in which she has a life-estate. The lands belong to the heirs at law of John Deal, dec'd. A credit of twelve months will be given for the purchase, and bonds with approved security for the purchase day required on the day of sale. SAMUEL SILLIMAN, C. M. E. June 19, 1846—6w8—Printers fee \$5 50