NATIONAL DIVISION OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The fifth Annual Session of the National Division of the Sons of Temperance of the U States commenced at Baltimore on Wednesday last. Representatives were present from 26 States, and the British Province of New Brunswick. The returns show the order to be in a very flourishing condition. The election of officers for the ensuing two years resulted as fol-

M. W. P., Samuel F. Cary, of Ohio; M. W. A. Wm. R. Stacy, of Mass. ; M. W. S., Fred. A. Fickard, of Penn.; M. W. T., J. B. Wood, of Penn., M. W. C., Rev. Finch P. Scruggs, of Gen. Cass on the Proviso. He alluded to Ala., M. W. C., Bernard Bryan, of Missouri; M. W. S., W. S. Williford, of Ga.

The next annual session of the National Division of the Order of the Sons of Temperance, the ariginator of the Proviso-had inducwill meet in the city of Cincinnati, on the third | cd certain members of the House of Rep-Tuesday in May, 1849.

From the Baltimore American Farmer.

THE YELLOWS IN PEACH TREES.

The in-pruning, or the shortening of the branches of the peach trees, and the application of ashes, is recommended as a cure or preventive of the yellows in peach trees. Of the efficacy of this treatment we know nothing but from report; but this we do know, that ashes is a most excellent manure for most fruits, and believe it to be well adapted to the one in question. If the disease proceeds from over luxuri- litician is the ne plus ultra of political ant vegetation, the shortening of the limbs, if judiciously done, would serve as a corrective. It is said that this operation may be performed this month, and that the quantity of ashes is a peck of unspent, and double the quantity of leached for each tree. It is recommended that it be placed around the trunk of each tree. If this really be a cure, or preventive, it will prove a great desideratum in the culture of this delicious fruit, which, in certain sections of our country, has suffered so severely for years from this "interesting change," in his letter to of David's Speech? He shook his head very the yellows, and, as the experiment is not ex. Mr. Nicholson. pensive, we trust, that peach culturists may be induced to try it, and report their success or failure, as the case may be, for publication in our journal. In testing its efficacy, it would be L. Yancey, of Alabama, to the Editor of well to leave a lew diseased trees untreated, as the Charleston Mercury: by so doing the virtue of the treatment would be fairly tested. We believe that half a peck of unleached ashes would be enough for a tree.

#### ORCHARDS.

These should be looked through and have all catterpillar nests destroyed. The trunks of peach trees near to, and just under the ground, should be examined for worms, which should be killed with the point of a pen knife or piece of wire sharpened for the purpose. This done, it would be well to paint the bodies of the trees down to the earth. If you have trees which are prevented, through luxuriance of growth, from yielding fruit, open the ground around the roots and cut through a few of the largest descending ones, - be careful to smooth the wound with a chisel.

## FALL TURNIPS.

It is too early to sow these; but it is not too early to give the ground you mean to grow them in the first ploughing and harrowing neither is it too early to advise you to provide the manure. You should make all your arrangements so as to be ready to sow your turnips from the 25th of July up to the first week in August, the nearer the first named period the greater certainty will be of your success. It you put into compost equal quantities of cow manure and mould, at the rate of twenty double. horse cart-loads for each acre, and mix with that quantity five bushels of ashes and one of plaster, shovel it over once in two weeks between this and the time of using it, you cannot well fail to make a good crop of turnips, unless the plants should be destroyed by the fly, which will not be the case if you take our advice, soak your seed in fish oil, sprinkle it over the plants when they first come up, and dust them with soot and plaster. This is troublesome, we know, but not so much so as to deter one from making an effort to save one's crop.

Draining .- All wet lands should be drained -by such process their capacity for production is greatly increased, while the quality of the crops grown on them is much improved.

American Farmer.

STOP THEF. - In the Biographical Sketch " Life and Public Services of Gen. Lewis Cass," published in the Union, and copied into the Locofoco papers all over the country, occurs the following passage, in allusion to the surrender of Gen. Hull

"Stung with mortification on hearing of the surrender, Col. Cass, when ordered to deliver up his sword, indignantly shivered it in pieces, and threw it to the earth. refusing to surrender it to the enemy."

This incident, thus lugged in to glorify. Gen. Cass, is stolen bodily from a dead hero and patriot, and Gen. Duncan McAuthur, formerly of Ohio, as will appear by reference to Nile's Register of Sept. 19 1812, vol. 3; page 45, in which will be found the following passage:-

"When Col. McArthur's sword was demanded; he broke it into three pieces, tore his epaulets from his shoulders and stamped them on the ground, and ovorcome with mortification, threw himself upon the earth and wept. His brave rage upon it."

The man who thus filch the honors from the dead to glorify the living, would steal the cent off a dead negro's eye. if he could get a fair chance, and hope to escape detection.

A drunken countryman, returning from town, fell asleep by the road side, where a pig found him and began to lick his mouth. "Who's kissing me now?" exclaimed the drunkard. "Heaven bless the women!"

How singular it is, that so many should be of opinion that Lewis Cass did make a speech at sometime in favor of the Wilmot Proviso. Mr. Yancey asserts it in the following extract of his speech at Charleston-but Mr. Yancey goes a whole bar's length beyond anything we have seen elsewhere, and affirms that he, the said Lewis Cass, was the originator of that delectable article, which he now pretends, at least, to repudiate:

South can wield when united, Mr. Yancey gave a brief history of the views of certain developments made by Mr. Rathbun, an ex-M. C., in the Utica Convention, which showed that Gen. Cass had been resentatives to tack it on to another measure in that body, as the great principle upon which the North could and would be allied and carried by the Provisoistshad promised to support the move; and had, in the U. S. Senate, actually endors ed it, in a few remarks upon it, as correct in principle! This was, of course, before the South had been aroused to action; but, continued Mr. Y., no sooner had we spoken in firm and united tones, than the Northern Democracy became alarmed lest it should be deserted by the South and left in a minority, (and that to a popunishment) and began to tremble, and finally to recede. Of course this quite interesting change in the public sentiment of the Democracy was not unnoted by so the white in the following style: keen an observer of the political atmosphere as Gen. Cass. His own opinion changed in a corresponding degree. He deserted his poor bantling, and left it unprotected in the hands of those political

## THE WILMOT PROVISO.

Extract of a letter from the Hon. W.

Montgomery, (Ala.) June 16, 1848.

Sin: Two errors of statement appear in the report of the speech made by me at the recent Democratic meeting in Charleston. They will be found in the following extracts of the report of that speech, which appeared in the Mercury of the 12th inst. :

"He (Mr. Y.) alluded to certain developments made by Mr. Rathbun, an ex-M. C. in the Utica Convention, which showed that Gen. Cass had been the originator of the Proviso," &c.

The answer was: "Gen. Cass voted against that veto of Mr. Polk, and if we put this in, we will condemn our nominee!

The first error consists the word " originator," Gen. Cass, I belive, cannot be justy charged with having originated the Wilmot Proviso-however liable to the imputation of being at one time its advocate. The facts to which I alluded are thus reported in the official proceedings of the ate Utica Convention." I extract from the speech of Mr. Rathbun:

views and feelings of that Senator (Gen. Cass) in the month of August 1849 On the day that Congress adjourned, and at the time that Senator Davis, of Mass., spoke up to the adjournment of the Senate, on the Wilmot Proviso, I met the Senator at the railway depot in Washington. any rode near to him, and conversed freely with him between that place and Baltimore. The Senator appeared somewhat excited, spoke freely and with a good deal of energy on the subject of the proviso. He stated to me, that every Northern Democratic Senator had agreed to vote for it, and but for Mr. Davis's speech would have voted for it. He said, repeatedly that "he regretted very much that he could not have recorded his vote for it before the adjournment." \* \* \* " This, sir, continued to be his language all the way to Michigan, as I understand."

Mr. Rathbun then went on to relate another interview between Gen. Cass, Mr. Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, and himself, at the next Session of Congress, in which, after Mr. R. had urged reasons for pressing the Proviso to a vote in both branches of Congress, Gen. Cass replied : " Oh, if it comes to the vote, I am with you, you know." -. " Of

ion the Proviso. Such are the facts upon which I asserted that Gen. Cass " promised to support the move." i. e. the Proviso.

# JUMPING THE TRACES.

In New Jersey, the Locos have as much as they can do to keep down spontaneous Hon. Henry Dodge, who has been nomicombustion in favor of General Taylor. nated by the Barnburners for the Vice Their Committee of Vigilance for Burlington county have deemed it necessary to issue an address, urging their own partizans not to support Old Zack. The New Brunswick Times, a loco paper, begins

a long leader in this lugubrious strain: We have heard that a few of our friends in the county have expressed a determination to vote for Gen. Taylor, Reports spirit will have satisfaction for this out to this effect are now circulated, and lows: among others several Democrats of influ-

> which are affoat in reference to promi- Senate, vote against any proposition for nent men of our party, but still think it its further extension, and for every reasproper to refer to the subject at this time onable and just one by which the area of for the purpose of bringing it fairly be- freedom may be extended." fore our readers.

The Merchant's Bank of Newbern has declared a dividend of 31 per cent.

reader will recollect that when General Harrison was the Whig candidate for the Presidency, in 1840, he was denounced by the Democratic, or Locofoco party, as a coward, who skulked from the battle of the Thames, in October, 1813. Some of them went so far as to affirm that he was two miles from the field of action, picking "huckle-berries," (whortle-berries,) all the time that the battle was going on. When reminded that it was too late in the season for this fruit, they turned it off by saying that they were As an evidence of the moral power the "winter huckle-berries," just then beginning to ripen, and the "petticoat hero" was out after a bait, while Colonel Johnson killed Tecumseh and won the battle. Now they claim immeasurable glory for Gen. Cass, who was present in this battle of the Thames, acting as the Vol unteer Aid of General Harrison! What! and Harrison two miles off picking "huckle.berries!" Now these clamorous patriots must admit the one or the other of two things : either that they were guilty of a mean and wanton perversion of the truth in regard to Gen. Harrison, or that they are now trying to lie Gen. Cass into the battle of the Thames as the Volunteer Aid of Gen. Harrison. They can take whichever horn they please; for in either case they are unworthy of the confidence of an honest people. Those who undertake to get along by prevarication, ought to have good memories. Wadesborough Argus.

#### "DAVID'S SPEECH."

The Wilmington Commercial takes a pop at this target, with its big-bored riffe, and splits

"The speeches of Mr. Reid, the Democratic nominee for Governor, reminds us of the anecdote of the old gentleman and his son, the latter of whom was a candidate for office. The old gentleman was present at the stump speech midwives, Wilmot, Brinkerhoff and Rath- of his son David, and on his return home his bun! He very ingenuously confesses to wife said,—" Well, husband, what do you think dispairingly, and said, "I've whipped that boy a great many times for telling lies, but I see it has done no good."

#### WE OBJECT TO THE TESTIMONY.

The Locofoco papers are publishing a letter written by General Cass himself in 1842, which, they say, "is a sufficient refutation of the calumny of Federalism !"

In this letter General Cass says: "I am a member of the Democratic party, and have been so from my youth up. I was first called into public life by Mr. Jefferson, thirty-six years ago, and am a firm believer in the principles laid down by him."

We object to the testimony. It is not competent. Who ever heard of making the declarations of a culprit, denying the perpetration of a crime when its commission was charged upon him, evidence to acquit him on his trial. It cannot be admitted. And the attempt to get it in shows the straits to which the defence is re-

But this letter shows two things-yea, three of them: It shows that Gen. Cass was accused of Federalism long before he was nominated for the Presidency by the Baltimore Convention.

It shows that at the period which he fixed upon as the dividing point of time between his youth and manhood, was 1806, when, according to his published life, he was about twenty-"Mr. President, I know very well the four years of age. And it seems to us that he might have been responsible for his own actions before that time. William Pitt was Premier of England at twenty-five.

And it shows, furthermore that either Mr. Cass, or the aforesaid life of Mr. Cass, is unworthy of credit; for that life says, that he commenced his public career as a Legislator of the Territory of Ohio .- Argus.

Our friend of the Jeffersonian seems to her duty." think that a "little learning" is likely to prove a "dangerous thing" to our correspondent. " Many Whigs,"-and eke to even our humble self !- Mr. Reid, the Jeffersonian's candidate for Governor, doubtless thinks that a "little learning," and much more, a great deal, would he a very "dangerous thing" for the poor white to be honest. Greenup county, it will be children of this State-otherwise he would not have voted in the Legislature of North Caroli- Kentucky. na, to have the school fund distributed according to federal population-by which very proper arrangement, according to the ideas of "democracy," a rich man of Caswell county, with fifty slaves to labor for him, and but one child to send to school, gets just THREE TIMES AS MUCH of this fund as the poor citizen of Stanly or any other county, with no slave to labor for him, and nine children to send to school! In other words: while the poor child who has course you are," was the reply; and thus eight brothers and sisters, gets one dollar to we separated. This conversation was educate him, the only child of the bloated na. Ohio. These noble-hearted and high some three weeks previous to the vote ta- bob gets TWENTY SEVEN DOLLARS out spirited neighboring and sister States will Presbyterian Church, where they were also of the same fund for his mental improvement! All this by the aid of Mr. Reid's democratic vote! To the poor, he surely thinks, any amount of learning would be a "dangerous thing !"-Argus.

# SENATOR DODGE'S VIEWS.

The new Senator from Wisconsin, the Presidency, was addressed by several members of the Legislature as to his views on certain points .- One of the ques- every evidence of party satisfaction. tions was as follows :-

tle slavery into the territory now owned tion. or which may hereafter be acquired by the United States."

"I am opposed to the extension of slaence are named as being in favor of Tay- very, either into territory now owned, or hereafter to be acquired by the United We do not believe half the stories States, and that I shall, if elected to the

> No official announcement has yet been made as to whether Senator Dodge has excepted or declined the Barnburner's nomination for the Vice Presidency.

### Caught in their own Net .- The intelligent | KNOCKED DOWN WITH HIS OWN WEAPON.

The Nashville Union, which emulates its Washington namesake in political virulence and unscrupulousness, recently put forth an elaborate article to prove that Gen. Taylor is in favor of the Wilmot Proviso!!! Whereupon the Whig of the same place quietly shows up the mendacity of its confrere by republishing the following editorial paragraph.

Extract of the Nashville Union Febru-

"We believe that in Tennesssee and two or three other southwestern States, Gen. Taylor would be stronger than Mr. Clay. But we are equally confident that Mr. Clay is vastly stronger in the Union. We should have no fear that the anti-war, abolition Whigs, who make up a majority of the Whig party in the U. States, would ever vote for General Taylor, the hero of the war, A LARGE SLAVE HOLDER and ANTI-WILMOT PROVISO."

The Nashville Whig simply adds that a particular description of persons ought to have good memories.

For our part we entertain no doubt whatever that before the close of the campaign, the Locofocos will swear that OLD ZACK is an abolitionists, that he never won the battle of Buena Vista, that he was an ignoramus, and it would not greatly surprise, us, were they to call him a coward. N. O. Bee.

# SIGNING OFF.

Capt. Otis Caldwell, one of the Democratic Vigilance Committee in Bottetourt county, publishes a card in the Fincastle Valley Whig, in which he says:

"I beg leave to say, that being a Republican, I feel it my duty to give my hearty support to General Taylor, and thereby contribute to the furtherance of the principles advocated by Washington, Jefferson, and Madison.'

The Valley Whig says:

"There are a number of others in this county, whose names stand upon those flattery of Locofoco leaders can deter them from their purpose."

#### GEN. TAYLOR IN KENTUCKY. From the Nashville Eagle.

The Frankfort Commonwealth, in the height of its admiration for the tried and unwavering devotion of the Whigs of the "Gibraltar district" in this State, cries 'Huzza for the gallant Whigs of the mountains!" and gives a letter from an old and tried friend of the Mountain district, who says:

"Tell the boys down in the 'settlements' to go to work: If they could witness the enthusiasm produced by the news of Old Zack's nomination, it would put them all to work in his cause, lest in the grand struggle in November they may be distanced by the never-flinching Whigs of the mountains. You have seen something of our people in the times of high political excitement, but if you will come up in the course of the next six weeks we will show you how we manage a canvass for the Old Hero of Buena Vista. You may rely upon it, this Congressional district will give a majority for Taylor and Fillmore of four thousand! Set the figures down, and if I am not very much deceived we will exceed the number."

"This" (says the Commonwealth) "is the language of a plain old fasionhed farparts of the State the same encouraging news comes to us. Our friends abroad may rest assured that Kentucky will do

Our advises (says the Eagle) are to the same effect. An Intelligent gentleman just from Greenup county assures us that because they loved him and believe him recollected, is the iron region of northern

From the iron region of Ohio, Lawrence and the adjoining counties, we have similar intelligence. The hard-working, hardfisted, no-office-seeking yeomanry are ralsupport of Gen. Taylor. Numbers who voted for Polk in 1844 are satisfied with that experiment, and will now go in for the Whig nominee.

Thus rolls the ball in Kentucky and again vie with each other, as in 1810 and 1844, for the largest majority for Old Rough and Ready. Success to both, say

## THE BARNBURNER'S CONVENTION. The Barnburner's Convention of New York

have nominated Martin Van Buren a candidate for the Presidency, and Hon. Henry Dodge, of Wisconsin, for the Vice Presidency. These nominations were made unanimously, and with

It was stated positively in the Convention, "With regard to the extension of chat. that Mr. Van Buren will accept the nomina-

The Washington correspondent of the "Baltimore Clipper," says that Senator Dodge, im-To this question he answered as fol- mediately on receiving intelligence of his nomination, sent a despatch back, declining to ac-

The "Jonrnal of Commerce," in announcing the nomination of Mr. Van Buren, says: "This divides the Democratic party in New York at the Presidential election next November, and give its 36 electoral votes to Taylor and Fillmore by a plurality of at least 100,000 votes."

Toucey, Ex-Governor of Connecticut, has been appoint ed Attorney General of the United States, in the place of Hon. Nathan Clifford, resigned.

# CAROLINA WATCHMAN.

Salisbury, N. C.

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 6, 1848.

FOR PRESIDENT, GENERAL ZACHARY TAYLOR, OF LOUISIANA.

> FOR VICE PRESIDENT, MILLARD FILLMORE OF NEW YORK.

> > FOR GOVERNOR,

FOR SENATOR,

CHARLES MANLY. OF WAKE COUNTY.

JOHN A. LILLINGTON, OF DAVIE. FOR THE COMMONS,

Col. JOHN F. McCORKLE, WILLIE BEAN, Esq.

#### The Candidates for Governor.

Messrs. Manly and Reip, the Whig and Democratic Candidates for Governor, may be expected to address the People at the following times and places, viz :

At Waynesville, Haywood Co., Saturday, July 8. Franklin, Macon Co., Tuesday, July 11. Hendersonville, Henderson, Thursday, July 13. Rutherfordton, Saturday July 15. Shelby, Tuesday, July 18. Lincolnton, Thursday, July 20. Reid's Store, Iredell Co., Saturday, July 22. \*Statesville, Monday, July 24. †Charlotte, Monday, July 24, Salisbury, Wednesday, July 26. Ashborough, Friday, July 28. Greensborough, Monday, July 31.

\*Mr. Manly at Statesville. +Mr. Reid at Charlotte The friends of the Candidates are requested to cause his notice to be advertised and made public in their respective Counties.

#### THE FOURTH JULY.

The late Anniversary of American Independence was celebrated in this Town, on Tuesday, with a greater degree of animation than for many years before. The day was ushered Vigilance Committees, who occupy the in by the firing of guns and the ringing of bells, same position of Capt. Caldwell-they the music of the one and the roar of the other, are determined to support Gen. Taylor for strangely blending, were well calculated to imthe Presidency, and neither the threats or press one with the importance of the event, so long ago enacted, but thus commemorated by the descendants of those who lived 71 years

At an early hour the military from the country, composed of volunteer companies of Captains, Stirewalt and Correll, were seen pouring into Town, besides a great many in citizens dress, including persons from other counties. At 9 o'clock, the Marshalls of the day, mounted on horseback, were seen dashing to and fro, bringing the mass of people into line; and at ten, the whole, in procession-Military, Sons of Temperance, citizens, &c .- moved forward to the Lutheran Church, where, after the reading of the Declaration of Independence by Mr. Robert W. Long, a Temperance Address by J. J. Summerell, and an Oration by J. Clarke, Esq., were delivered, both of which were as happy and appropriate to the occasion as they were creditable to their authors. These speeches were prefaced by Temperance Odes and National Airs, sung by the Ladies, in strains so sweet and harmonious, as to stir the most inanimate soul.

At 2 o'clock the procession was again formed, and marched to the centre of Town. Here the Temperance Society and citizens separated from the military. The former retired to the dining room of Mr. John I. Shaver, to partake of a repast prepared to order. After dinner, mer Whig, who resides in a central coun- but while yet seated, the Rev. Mr. Baker, Mr. ty in the Mountain district. From other Geo. L. Gould, Rev. Mr. Allen, Rev. Mr. Coffman, and J. M. Love, W. P., were severally at your hands. called upon for a speech, to which they responded in brief, but extremely neat style. The company broke up amidst mutual congratulations, and various and numerous were the remarks of the 'Sons,' as to how 'John I.' can do up things a number of Democrats within his knowl- in his line. The military, after firing a number edge have determined to vote for Old Zack, of salutes, marched into the grove just opposite the Hotel of Col. H. L. Robards, where was spread an ample board, also prepared to order, by Mr. Willie Rufty. From this cool retreat, so welcome after a wearisome march, and exposure to the heat of a July sun, went up the loud huzza, as each toast was read and dranked to. Here the military were dismissed, and lying with the heartiest enthusiasm to the each man choosing his own time to depart, the company gradually broke up; when, at evening, the picked bones and scattered fragments alone remained to tell of what had there transpired during the day.

At night the Sons of Temperance met in the joined by a number of our citizens. After the singing of a Temperance Ode, the meeting was opened with prayer by the Rev. J. B. Anthony. This was succeeded by another Ode, and then, on the announcement of the Worthy Patriarch, Mr. J. II. Enniss came forward in an address which was handsomely conceived and forcibly delivered. This was followed by another Temperance Song. Rev. Mr. Allen, of Mocksville Division, was then called for from all parts of the Church. He appeared in the pulpit to the satisfaction of all, and as is his wont, on such occasions, dealt out a few sledge-hammer blows against the practices of distilling, retailing, and drinking ardent spirits. His appeals to the judgment and feelings of his hearers to enlist in, and push forward, the cause of Temperance, were strong as sacred truth could make them. When he had concluded, the choir sung another Temperance piece, and the meeting was then dismissed with the benediction by the Rev. Mr. Coffman.

Thus closed one of the most interesting parts of the celebration of the 4th. The Ladies of the choir, were tendered the thanks of the Division, through their W. P., Mr. J. M. Love, United States Attorney General.—Hon. Isaac for the handsome and delightful part they had Bishop of the Diocese, taken in the exercises of the occasion. Well denouncing the atte merited politeness thought we, for such music, is a rank despotis

for richness and ex seldom to be heard.

The Democra tallest kind of com Convention brought the Presidency. G say they, for the sal they pretend to be question " are the p a trick?" This is I very blind are they take a look at hon ticket first, and br Gen. Cass and Gen. scarcely anounced party presses, all ov lishing sketches of t being hard run for so actually attempted to of a little incident render of Detroit. idea of seeing a milite and they very artless are not like General ified for the Preside difference; for whilst the merits of General rate to his fame, all find the bright side of

GEN. CASS IN The Whigs are ha the incident recorded

GEN. CASS AT

From the Cleveland Gen. Cass arrived drick Hudson, was re tary honors, and was at the New Engla Soon afterwards the balcony and was people assembled in brief and exceeding

following effect: Fellow citizens: I troducing to you Gen. a candidate for the h of the people.

Then turning to the I am delegated by th der to you its hosp the name of the De tion for the high o States has nowher heartfelt enthusiasm of the State of Ohi

And, sir, permit your attention to the ponents declare that provement of our V and that we have al with the assurance a Western man, we interests of the West. to the improvements

West and of the wh It may not be in to one more topic immediate district, a rest-I refer to the are told, sir, that, sh to the Presidency of administration would

extension and perpe The People here greatest pleasure, nov cation which, sir, it submit. Again, sir, talities of the city.

To which (says the sponded substantially Sir, the noise and

this assembly will pr important topics to w tention. I must, then thanking you for the I, the unworthy re Democratic party of Fellow-citizens, fi

of seventeen years, North-western Terri population of 20,000 000. No young man more unlikely to occu which I have been beautiful illustration th acter of our glorious low-citizens, cling to

as we have strength. I hope you have addressed to the Na tion. I declared that litical professions. I years of services for n and the field, in city and abroad, do not then any thing which be mere delusion.

Again I thank yo

ception which you ex This was a fix! 1 what were his op points, and by a friend party, seems utterly t He first pleaded, in his be heard because of t But finding, probably, ages of his friends excuse, he changes I to his letter of acce does not contain one improvement of Weste

07 Mr. Miller, of tailed, in the Senate sations he had forme on which occasions G clared himself to b Wilmot Provise !

on the subject of sla

How can Southern Will they go it any patted and gently stre wills shall meekly st

BISHOP DE LANCEY. Evangelical Episco ciety, estensibly for pub body an influence again nation. A convention