

Terms of the Watchman. For subscription, per year, Two Dollars—payable in advance. If not paid in advance, Two dollar and fifty cts. will be charged. Advertisements inserted at \$1 for the first, and 25 cts. for each subsequent insertion. Court orders charged 25 per cent. higher than these rates. A liberal deduction to those who advertise by the year. A liberal deduction to the Editors must be paid.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

**FRESH MEDICINES**  
**DRUGS,**  
Chemicals, Dye-Staffs and Perfumery.

THE subscribers are now receiving at their Drug Store, corner of the Mansion Hotel, the largest and best selected assortment of

Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, and Dye-Staffs,  
ever brought to this market. We particularly invite the attention of Physicians, Druggists, and Merchants to our stock, which we pledge to sell at lower rates than any other establishment in Western North Carolina. With this assurance again that our prices and terms shall please all, we return our sincere thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage heretofore extended to us. We present a list of a few of the articles comprising our stock: Pulverized Ipecac, Rhiz., Jalap, Columbo, Sassa, Gamboge, Opium, Arrow Root, Pearl Barley, Corn Cough, Hydr. Chlor. Mit., Sulf. Quinine, Sulph. Morphine, Acid do., Piperine, Salicine, Red Lead, Venetian Red, Spanish Brown, White Lead, Black do., Lignum and Train Oil, Logwood, Coppers, Indigo, &c.

A large assortment of Shop Furniture. Prescriptions furnished at all hours. Orders from a distance punctually attended to.  
**BROWN & JAMES,**  
Salisbury, July 6, 1848 10

**Jonesville Acde my.**  
THE ninth session of this institution will commence on the 22d January, at which time if parents and guardians will enter their children and wards, they will be thankfully received, and every exertion made on the part of the teacher to advance them in their studies; and a close watch will be kept over their morals and general deportment.

Terms per session of five months.  
Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, \$5; English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic, \$8; Philosophy, Rhetoric, Logic and Astronomy, \$10; Latin, Greek and advanced Mathematics, \$12.  
Books can be obtained in the best families for \$4 and \$5 per month. All will be held responsible for their tuition, whether present or absent, from the time of entering in the class, and no deduction will be made except in cases of protracted sickness.  
W. L. VAN EATON,  
January 19, 1849. 536p

**Fall and Winter Fashions**  
FOR  
AND 10

**HORACE H. BEARD, Tailor.**  
Has just received, at his old stand, from New York, the latest and European Fashions for the Fall and Winter of '48 and '49, and will continue to receive them quarterly. He is prepared to execute all orders in his line of the trade, in a fashionable and workmanlike manner, at the shortest notice. From his long experience in the art of cutting and making garments, he is fully confident that he can give satisfaction to his customers. He respectfully returns his thanks to his friends and the public for their liberal support tendered him heretofore, and will endeavor by increased efforts to please his customers, to merit a continuance of their favors.  
H. H. BEARD,  
N. B. All kinds of country produce taken at the market price for cash.  
Salisbury, Sept. 21, 2848. 147 of vol. 4

**Speed the Plough.**  
The subscriber would inform the citizens of the country in general, that he is engaged in the manufacture of the celebrated Davis, Eastman, and Evans Chenoweth double pointed and sidehill Ploughs, which cannot be surpassed for ease of draught or beauty of work. Those wishing ploughs can be supplied at any of the following places, viz: Mocksville, Salisbury, Concord and Charlotte, or at any other point, where a load can be sold.  
J. H. THOMPSON,  
Tyro, Davidson co., N. C., 6m15  
Aug. 10, 1848.

**Medicines, Medicines.**  
We are receiving at Dr. C. B. Wheeler's old stand the largest and best stock of  
**MEDICINES, INSTRUMENTS,**  
Paints & Dye-Staffs, Spices & Perfumery,  
Fancy and Useful Articles,  
ever brought into this country. (See our large hand-bills and Catalogue.) We will sell very low for cash.  
**LOCKE & CHAFFIN,**  
Salisbury, May 11, 1848. 2

**FALL & WINTER FASHIONS**  
Just Received.  
COUNTRY PRODUCE of all kinds taken in payment for work done by  
**GEO. L. GOULD,**  
TAILOR.  
Salisbury, October 5, 1848. 22

**PRICE & UTLEY,**  
Fashioable Tailors,  
CONCORD, N. C.  
April 27, 1848. 152

**FINE Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,**  
For sale by  
**J. H. ENNS,**  
Dec. 21, 1848. 133

**Sticky Wine and Tallow Candles.**  
JUST received a large supply of fine Tallow CANDLES. Also, an excellent article of Sticky Wine or White Cooking WINE, manufactured for cooking purposes expressly.  
**BROWN & JAMES,**  
Salisbury, Oct. 12, 1848. 23

**Military and Masonic Gloves,**  
For sale by  
**J. H. ENNS,**  
Salisbury, Dec. 21, 1848. 33

# THE CAROLINA WATCHMAN.

BRUNER & JAMES, Editors & Proprietors. "KEEP A CHECK UPON ALL YOUR RULES." DO THIS, AND LIBERTY IS SAFE. Gen'l. Harrison. NEW SERIES, VOLUME V.—NUMBER 43.

SALISBURY, N. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1849.

**NEW GOODS!**  
**BROWN & ELLIOTT**  
RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are receiving from New York and Philadelphia, their Fall supply of  
**FRENCH, ENGLISH & AMERICAN GOODS,**  
of the latest and Newest Styles, which have been selected with great care, and bought at the very lowest cash prices. Among their stock may be found  
**For Ladies Wear,**  
Beautiful silk Lustres, Mode Cashmires, Colored do., Satin striped do., satin striped Mous. De Lanes, Plain and black do., Silk and worsted Lustres, satin striped Cheni Alpaca, Mode Tibet Cashmere, satin striped do., black Paramatta, black Merinos and Alpaca, Oregon Plaid, Gingham, French do., Shawls, Gloves, Ribbons, Collars, Linen Cambrie Handkerchiefs, Reviere do., Plumes, Bonnet silks, Velvets, Bonnets and Hosiery.  
**For Gentlemen's Wear,**  
French Black, brown and olive Cloths, French Cassimeres, fig'd doeking do., Fancy do., Wool Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Kerseys, bro. and bird drills, domestic, Whitney blankets, fig'd satin Vestings, cut Velvet do., fig'd silk do., plain satin do., &c.

**HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES,**  
BESIDES A GENERAL STOCK OF  
**Hardware & Cutlery, Groceries, Crockery, &c. &c.**  
Those wishing to buy Goods, would do well to call, as we feel satisfied we can offer inducements to purchasers, by selling cheap for Cash.  
Salisbury, October 5, 1848. 22

**CHEAP FOR CASH.**  
**HARRIS & CRUMP**  
ARE now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, a large and splendid stock of  
**FALL AND WINTER GOODS,**  
which they are determined to sell as low as any house in this part of North Carolina, consisting of all kinds of ladies and gentlemen's dress goods, of the latest and newest styles, which have been selected with great care, and bought at the very lowest cash prices.  
**For Ladies Wear,**  
Beautiful silk Lustres, Mode Cashmires, colored do., satin striped do., Mousine de Lanes, silk and worsted Lustres, Cheni Alpaca, blk and cold Merinos, plain Gingham, French do., Shawls, Gloves, Ribbons, fine Collars, Linen Cambrie Handkerchiefs, Bonnet silk, Velvets, Bonnets and Hosiery.  
**For Gentlemen's Wear,**  
Black French and English Cloths, French Cassimeres, fig'd do., fancy do., wool Tweed, Kentucky Jeans, Kerseys, fig'd satin Vesting, cut velvet do., plain satin do., and worsted do., also—brown and bleached Drills, Domestic, Whitney Blankets, &c.

**Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes,**  
besides a general stock of  
**Hardware and Cutlery, Groceries, Crockery, &c.**  
Those wishing to buy goods, we respectfully invite their attention to the above stock, as we are determined not to be outdone by any.  
Wood Grove, Rowan co., Oct. 26, 1848.—1y25

**Coach and Carriage Making**  
THE copartnership of Witherspoon, Pritchard & Co. having been dissolved by mutual consent, the business heretofore conducted under the name of  
**PRITCHARD, ROSEBOROUGH & Co.**  
In losing Mr. I. A. Witherspoon, we have lost a gentleman and an agreeable copartner, but we trust have not lost that principle that should actuate honest men in the transaction of business, and in offering ourselves to the public in the  
**CARRIAGE MAKING BUSINESS,**  
pledge ourselves for the faithful performance of our engagements. We have no disposition to puff our establishment in the public prints, being assured that time and the character of our work will secure us as a share of public favor. We are thankful for that already received, and would advise our friends and the public to take care of No. 1, and go where they have the most confidence—best treated, and get the best job for their money. Our work shall not be inferior to any in this part of the world.  
**PRITCHARD, ROSEBOROUGH & Co.**  
Mocksville, N. C., Jan. 11, 1849. 136

The undersigned having been connected with the above establishment from its commencement in Mocksville until very recently, and having a knowledge of the qualifications of the gentlemen in charge, can assure the public that they are prepared with good workmen and materials, can execute in as good and fine a style as heretofore, and cheerfully recommend them as worthy of public patronage.  
**I. A. WITHERSPOON, H. REYNOLDS.**

**P Childs & Cos. Oriental or Sovereign Balm Pills**  
Read the following from the Hon. N. F. Winslow, formerly a judge of the St. Lawrence county courts: "I hereby certify, that I have personally, and by my family, used several boxes of Childs & Co's Oriental or Sovereign Balm Pills. At first I used them with an expectation that they were one of those quack impostors so often palmed off upon the public, but I now feel a confidence in saying that they are an excellent medicine, and should be kept for use by every family."  
Norfolk, May 25, 1848. N. F. WINSLOW.  
Each box contains 31 pills; price 25 cents, and is accompanied with certificates and full directions.  
For sale by Boger & Maxwell, Salisbury; Falls & Morrison, Statesville; David Fraley, Rockville; J. P. Mabry, Lexington; D. Honeycutt, Gold Hill; and wholesale and retail by F. M. Cohen, 19, Hayne street, Charleston, S. C. 4w27

**BOGER & WILSON**  
KEEP constantly on hand an extensive assortment of  
**WATCHES, CLOCKS,**  
Jewelry, Silverware, Cutlery,  
Musical Instruments, Revolving Pistols,  
Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles of every description.  
Persons wishing to purchase articles in the above line, will do well to call and examine their fine selection, one door above J. & W. Murphy's store.  
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired in the best manner, and warranted for twelve months.  
Lepine and plain Watches altered to Patent Levers, and warranted to perform well.  
Salisbury, July 20, 1848. 1f12

**A CARD.**  
**WILLIAM J. PLUMMER**  
SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER,  
TAKES pleasure in returning his thanks to all those who have heretofore favored him with their custom. He trusts and believes that he has given very general, if not universal satisfaction; and as he is for the past, so shall he continue to feel grateful to all who may patronize his shop.  
He would inform the public that he has lately received some very fine northern materials, and is now better prepared to do Saddle and Harness work than ever—his prices are not extravagant, but his work is good—He occupies his usual stand, opposite to the store of Boger & Maxwell, and is ever ready to obey orders in the line of business to which he belongs. He keeps on hand a good stock of saddles, bridles, martingales, harness, &c. for sale, and can most generally, furnish instantly such articles as are required of him.  
Salisbury, June 1, 1848. 1f

**REMOVAL**  
**Saddle, Harness and Trunk**  
**MANUFACTORY!**  
MAIN STREET, SALISBURY,  
One Door below the Post Office.

THE subscriber having established himself in the Town of Salisbury, for the purpose of carrying on the above business, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. He pledges himself, that his work shall always be done in the very best style, and his prices to suit the times.  
He will keep constantly on hand Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Harness, Collars, Saddle Walleys, Trunks, Valises, &c. Also, Harness Shirts, Sole and Upper Leather of the very best quality always on hand which can be bought low for cash, or on a short credit to prompt customers.  
In addition to the above, he respectfully informs the public that he carries on the **TANNING and BOOT and SHOE MAKING BUSINESS** in the Town of Statesville, where he will always be happy to see his old friends, and supply them with any of the above enumerated articles.  
Thankful for past encouragement, he hopes by close attention, not only to merit a continuance of the same, but a considerable increase for the future.  
His shop is one door below the "Post Office."  
**WM. H. MOWBRAY,**  
Salisbury, January 11, 1849. 1y

**READ THIS!**  
**BOGER & MAXWELL**  
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public generally, that they are now receiving a handsome stock of  
**Fall and Winter Goods,**  
Consisting of almost every Article usually called for:  
**Dry-Goods, Hardware,**  
Queens and Glassware, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, sole and upper Leather,  
**GROCERIES,**  
of every kind and of best quality, Rope, Bagging and Twine. For the military and sportsman, we have fine  
**CHAPPEL'S** Plumes, Swords, **PEAUS,** Epaulettes, Sashes, **Silver** Lace, **EAGLE BUT-TONS, &c. &c.**  
**Double and single barrel Shot Guns and Apparatus, Pistols,**  
finished and unfinished Rifle barrels, &c. All of which we intend to sell cheap for cash, or on time to punctual dealers, or exchange for the following produce as we are in the market to purchase 500 bushels cleaned Oats, 300 bushels Flaxseed, 500 bushels peeled dried Peaches, and 15,000 lbs. cotton and linen rags, and as much Beeswax and Tallow as we can get.  
Salisbury, Oct. 26, 1848. 1y25

**200 DOLLAR REWARD.**  
**CALDWELL WHEELER,** a native of North Carolina, twenty-one years of age, six feet one or two inches high, brown hair, fresh complexion, round face, sloops slightly when walking, awkward, quick spoken, bashful when spoken to, and speaks with a provincial accent, left the neighborhood of Fulton, December 28th, taking with him a Sorrel Horse about fifteen hands high, blood-like head and neck, sprung in the pasterns, with a long thin tail, in good condition and rather weak in the eyes; and also the sum of six hundred and twenty three dollars, besides some money of his own.  
The above reward will be paid for his apprehension, and the recovery of the money and Horse.  
Further particulars may be learned on application at the Office of the Camden Journal, Camden, S. C. Jan. 10, 1848. 3w40

**JUST RECEIVED**  
A VERY large assortment of Liquors and Wines of all kinds, such as French Brandy, Gin, Rum, Madeira, Sherry, Port, Sicily or White and Malaga Wines.  
**BROWN & JAMES,**  
July 6, 1848. 10

**HATS, HATS,**  
**FINE Beaver and Mole Skin**  
Hats, for sale by  
**J. H. ENNS.**

**A CARD.**  
**Drs. BROWN & JAMES** have associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, can always be found at their drugstore when not professionally engaged.  
Salisbury, December 16, 1847.—1f33

**SURVEYOR'S COMPASS FOR SALE.**  
A NEW and elegant Surveyor's Compass for sale. Apply at this Office.  
August 10, 1849. 1f15

**POETICAL.**  
From the French of Lamartine  
**REMEMBRANCE.**  
In vain—in vain, day follows day,  
They glide without a mark away—  
But nothing shall from my soul remove  
Thy memory, latest dream of love.  
I see my rapid years go by  
Behind me heaped as mountains high—  
E'en as the Oak in Autumn time,  
Sees fall the foliage of his prime.  
The frost of age is on my brow,  
My chilly blood will scarcely flow—  
Like this dark wave o'er which has passed  
The cold breath of the wintry blast.  
But thy serene and youthful face,  
Which sorrow only comes to grace,  
Still lovely in my heart I hold,  
For, like the soul, it ne'er grows old.  
No—thou hast never left mine eye,  
My lonely path thou still art night—  
And when I ceased to see thee here,  
I saw thee in a brighter sphere.  
As I beheld thee such again  
On that last dreary day of pain,  
When to thy bliss abode away,  
Thou fellest with the morning's ray.  
Thy pure and touching loveliness  
In Heaven's sweet air shines none the less,  
And eyes where life had ceased to be  
Are bright with immortality.  
It is thy hand which dries my tears,  
And calms my spirit's anxious fears;  
Thy voice doth whisper in mine ear  
"Pray thou in secret, God will hear."  
And e'en in sleep thou dost attend,  
The guardian angel of thy friend;  
For all my dreams are filled with thee,  
Pure as the thoughts of Seraphs be.

**THE WINE-CUP AND ITS EFFECTS.**  
We were informed yesterday of a melancholy affair by which a young lady will probably lose her life. The facts, as related to us, are as follows:  
The brother of the young lady in question, who had been enjoying himself at a party, was brought home in a cab, and after having been conveyed to his room, insisted upon leaving for the purpose, as he said, of "getting a drink." His sister, in endeavoring to prevent his ingress from the house, was felled by a blow upon the left temple to the pavement, falling down a flight of several steps. She was taken up almost insensible, and medical aid was immediately procured. Upon examination it was found that the skull was fractured, and hemorrhage would no doubt ensue. The brother, who is a clerk in a dry goods store, had not been arrested, but remains constantly at the bedside of his unfortunate sister.—Phil. Dispatch.

**THE TEMPERANCE CAUSE.**  
**ALCOHOL AND IDIOCY.**  
We recommend the following extract from the Report of Dr. Howe, on Idiocy in Massachusetts, to any who have doubted the expediency and necessity of the great movement of the day for Temperance Reformation; and especially to any who may be in the habit themselves of feeding the growing appetite within them, with a little brandy or wine from day to day.—Independent.  
"Directly and indirectly, alcohol is productive of a great proportion of the idiocy which now burdens the commonwealth. If, moreover, one considers how many children are born of intemperate parents, who without being idiots, are deficient in bodily and mental energy, and are predisposed by their very organization to have cravings for alcoholic stimulants, it will be seen what an immense burden the drinkers of one generation throw upon the succeeding. Many a parent, by habitual stimulus applied to his own nervous system, forms, and fashions his child in such wise, that he is more certain to be made a drunkard by the ordinary temptations of life, than the child of a temperate man would be, even if living from his youth upward within the temptation of a bar room."

**WIFE MURDERING.**  
What a respectable business is that which makes men murder their wives! In our last paper was an account of this description, for which the husband was sentenced to the gallows. It is not long since a similar murder took place, also in New York, committed by a man named Slight, whose wife had been forced to leave him in consequence of his drunkenness and mal-treatment, and who, failing to induce her to return, killed her with a pistol, while excited by rum. On coming to his sober senses and finding himself in prison, he was horror stricken at his own conduct, and resolutely refused to take food, being determined to starve himself to death. Just before his death he said to the physician who was trying to induce him to take nourishment: "Doctor, I want to die. My poor wife is gone, and I want to follow her. I have nothing to live for; it is of no use to force anything in this old body; it is worth nothing; it is my mind that suffers more than my body; I feel I am dying now; I shan't be long with you. Oh! the devil tempted me to commit the deed, and the devil is in me now." And that was the last he heard to say, as he gasped once or twice for breath, and in a few seconds his spirit had passed away.  
"This man left six children. What a sad inheritance to those orphans! their mother murdered by their father, their father murdered by himself! Oh, ye ruffians! what a hell does your relentless cupidity make of this earth! Was ever warfare more infernal than yours waged against the peace and happiness of society! Pledge and Standard."

**RUM AND DEATH.**  
We are pained to learn that a murder was committed in Henderson and one in Cherokee last week, both we understand from the effects of liquor, and its attendant evils. Particulars next week.—Asheville Messenger.

**THE TWO RED CENTS.**  
A grocer in Clinton county, New York, sold a drunkard a pint of new rum according to law, and made two red cents clear profit. The drunkard shot his son-in-law while intoxicated; and his apprehension, confinement in jail, execution, &c., cost the county more than one thousand dollars, which temperance men had

to earn by the sweat of their brows! What say you, tax-payers, are you willing to pay a thousand dollars to enable the grog-seller to make two red cents?

**ASHAMED OF HIS BUSINESS.**  
Why is the liquor seller ashamed of his business?—Why does he carry it on in secret? Why have his casks containing the miasma of death come to him labelled, beef, or pork, instead of their appropriate designation? Why crowd it into the back room or down cellar away from the gaze of the respectable and moral? Honesty is not afraid of the light—she covets it—it is her element. Is he honest? Then why not own the works of his hands? As Dr. Jewett fitly remarked in one of his scathing lectures to rum-sellers: "Every other workman feels a kind of honest pride in his successful efforts to produce some striking specimen of his art; but let a man be found drunk in the street, in the neighborhood of some half dozen grog-shops, and let the inquiry be made of these priests of Bacchus, who made him what he is seen to be? and they will every one deny that they had any participation in the affair—'he didn't get his rum here,' goes the whole round."  
[Fountain.]

**THE PRESIDENT'S LEVEE.**—A correspondent of the New York Express, thus notices the Levee at the White House, on the evening of the 8th inst.:  
"Last night brought out an immense crowd, in the expectation that it would be the last. The company was almost as varied as the New Year's Levee, though in much more elegant costume. There were some thirty musicians, and some delightful music to add to the pleasure of the evening. The greatest crowd were present between nine and half past nine, when the east room, the reception room, and the room known as the green, were nearly packed. New York could hardly have turned out a more conspicuous multitude than was present here, an audience more fashionable and gay. Some were present decked in all the plumage of the feathered tribes.  
"There was every color and shade of color of dress, the gaudy and expensive, eclipsing in number and otherwise simple and tasteful. Every country and part of our own country was represented, the fashion of each was prominent, high necks and low necks, velvets and lawn, red and blue, gray and black, pink and purple, white and yellow. Criticism had a full night's labor and a week's comment out of this company.  
"There was a sad straining to force youth into age and age into youth, and one in such a company, could well realize the idea of Burke, descriptive of the court of Antoinette, where 'the daughter begins to bloom before the mother is content to fade,' and it is added, 'there is hardly room in this world for two generations.'  
"I saw beside a lady dressed most elegantly in rich velvet and jewels, one of 'the b'hoys' just from the street, with muddy boots, a torn and dirty coat, and not even a clean shirt or a clean face. Both were probably deemed too aristocratic for the mansion of an American President.  
"Some were present in full ball dress, and others with full equipment for a hard day's work upon the highway. Hundreds came in street dress, and passed their time in staring at others. There were bonnets on and bonnets off, and in short, every variety of person and taste.  
"A Chippewa Indian Chief, an eloquent orator and a noble fellow, in the full costume of home, was one of the lions of the night.  
"Mrs. Madison was another, and one of the chief also. She came early, remained late, enjoyed the scene equally to those of whom there were many, who were here for the first time."

An expedition for California is fitting out at Richmond called the **Madison Mining and Trading Company.** They have purchased the ship **Glennore**, and are loading her with a full cargo of assorted goods, calculated for the market to which she is destined. The company consists of 70 members—well picked, intelligent, healthy, good and true men. Every mechanic art is represented. Among the members, are two gentlemen who have resigned their posts of Lieutenants in the Navy. The Company will be under military organization, each man armed with a rifle and two good pistols, and many of them with Colt's formidable six barreled revolvers. They will be, therefore, thoroughly prepared for defence against land and water pirates. The full capital of the Company is \$70,000. They expect to sail by the 4th March at the farthest.

**Usury.**—The Legislature of Wisconsin has disposed of the Usury question in a summary manner. The following brief and decisive act was passed by large majorities in both Houses:  
Sec. 1. Any rate of interest agreed upon by parties in contract shall be legal and valid.  
Sec. 2. When no rate of interest is agreed upon or specified in a note or other contract, seven per cent per annum shall be the legal rate.

**COLONIAL HISTORY**  
OF  
**NORTH CAROLINA.**  
Gov. Wright, } S. P. O.  
To the Sec. of State, } Georgia, Vol. 218.  
No 51. } Sav. Georgia, 20 June, 1775.

**MY LORD:** The Liberty People have now got another pretence for raising men. They assert that Mr. Stuart, the Superintendent, has been endeavoring to raise the Cherokee Indians to come down against them; this they have got undoubted proof of, and all he can say will not convince them to the contrary; his friends in Charlestown gave him a hint, and he left that and came here, but they sent some of their party here, who have so inflamed and enraged our people that he did not think himself safe, and His Majesty's armed Schooner **St. John** having put in from Providence, he when on board her, and I suppose by this time, is sailed for St. Augustine; and several boats full of men from the Carolina side have been down at our inlet, some days. The accounts differ as to number; some call them 50, others 80, all well and completely armed. Some allege their intention was to seize on Mr. Stuart, which very probably was part of their errand; but I believe they have another point in view, and that is three vessels being expected here from London, and a considerable quantity of gunpowder being on board for the Indian Trade, they intend to seize on that and carry it to Carolina; and this is certainly in their power to do, and it is not possible to prevent it, if attempted. And one of these vessels arrived here on Saturday the 8th, and the Captain, one **Ashe**, informs me that several boats lay off a little way from him, and that one with 3 or 4 men came on board and one of them inquired whether he had any gunpowder on board, and on showing his cockets and their finding he had none, they behaved very civilly and went away, but made great inquiry after another ship, one **Maitland**, who has a large quantity of gunpowder on board, and it is said they intend to watch our inlet till the others come, and to take out all the gunpowder. And if that is the case, I am much afraid it will embarrass us with the Indians, for they have for some time been very impatient for their usual supplies, and in order to pacify them I have told them that the difference we had with them, last prevented the merchants from sending for goods, that none was wrote for till after our disputes were settled in Oct. last, and that it takes a great while for ships to carry letters and orders from hence to England and that there the goods would be to make (I told them this gain time) and afterwards he sent here, and that sometimes ships have very long passages, and we could not depend on a supply till late in the Summer, and with this they were tolerably well satisfied; but if they are now disappointed, they will conclude we have some design against them, and I can't tell what may be the results, for they are a very jealous, suspicious people, and as they have been told by the Chicasaw Indians that the white people are going to join the Choctaws against them, it may confirm that report. And thus your Lordship sees the state we are in every respect, and no King's sloop or cruiser heard of yet.

"By the enclosed paper your Lordship will see the extraordinary resolves by the people in Charlotte Town, Mecklenburg County, and I should not be surprised if the same should be done every where else.  
I have the honor to be, with perfect esteem,  
My Lord, Your Lordship's most obliged and obedient Servant,  
**JAS. WRIGHT.**  
The Earl of DARTMOUTH, &c. &c.  
**THE SOUTH CAROLINA GAZETTE**  
AND COUNTY JOURNAL.  
Tuesday, June 13, 1775.  
Extract. Charlotte Town, Mecklenburg Co.:  
May 31, 1775.

**This day the Committee of this County met and passed the following Resolves:**  
Whereas, by an address to His Majesty by both Houses of Parliament in February last, the American Colonies are declared to be in a State of actual rebellion, we conceive, that all laws and commissions confirmed by and derived from the authority of the King or Parliament, are annulled and vacated, and the former civil constitution of these colonies for the present wholly suspended. To provide, in some degree for the exigencies of this country in the present alarming period, we deem it proper and necessary to pass the following Resolves, viz:  
I. That all commissions, civil and military, heretofore granted by the Crown to be exercised in these Colonies are null and void, and the constitution of each particular colony wholly suspended.  
II. That the Provincial Congress of each Province, under the direction of the great continental Congress, is invested with all legislative and executive powers within their respective Provinces; and that no other legislative or executive power does or can exist, at this time, in any of these colonies.  
III. As all former laws are now suspended in this Province, and the Congress have not yet provided others, we judge it necessary for the better preservation of good order, to form certain Rules and Regulations for the internal Government of this country, until laws shall be provided for by Congress.  
IV. That the inhabitants of this County do meet on a certain day appointed by this committee, and having formed themselves into Nine companies (to wit) eight in the County and one in the Town of Charlotte, do choose a Colonel and other military officers by virtue of this choice, and independent of the Crown of Great Britain, and former constitution of this Province.  
V. That for the better preservation of the peace and administration of justice, each of these companies do choose their own body, two discreet Freeholders, who shall be empowered, each by himself and singly, to decide and determine all matters of controversy, arising within said County, under the sum of twenty shillings, and jointly and together, all controversies under the sum of forty shillings; yet so as that decisions may admit of appeal to the convention of the Select Men of the County; and also that any one of these men, shall have power to examine and commit to any confinement, persons accused of petty larceny.  
VI. That those two Select Men, thus chosen, do jointly and together choose from the body of their particular company, two persons properly qualified to act as Constables, who may assist them in the execution of their office.  
VII. That upon the complaint of any persons to either of these Select Men, he do issue his warrant, directed to the Constable, commanding him to bring the aggressor before him or them, to answer said complaint.  
VIII. That these eighteen Select Men, thus appointed, do meet every third Tuesday in January, April, July and October, at the Court