LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

Highly Important. The New York Courier and Enquirer contains a long

teresting desputch, dated London, July 28th, 2 clock, P. M. from which we make extracts:

HUNGARY-MORE GOOD NEWS, Vienna letters and papers of the 23d, furnish further corroboration of the defeat of the Ban Jellachich, without, however, giving any particulars of the battle or bat-tles, by which that result had been brought about. The Vienns papers are filled with violent recriminations against the war office, for they protest it was evi-

dent that unless some diversion was made in the Ban's favor in the South, he must be completely crushed by

the Hungarian armies. VIENNA, JULY 22d .- The Ban had been driven back to Rumas, twenty-five miles north of Peterwarden .-The rout of his army appears complete. The whole

frontier towards Gallicia swarms with Hungarian irreg-ular troops. Their incursions caused much alarm. GEORGEY'S MOVEMENTS .- It is now known, as a fact, that the Northern Russian army has been completely ontwitted by Gen. Georgey. "The Times" correspondent states on the best authority that Prince Paskiewitch, himself, is totally ignorant of the whereabouts of Georgey and the 44;000 men he was led to believe he

engaged at Waitzen. LATEST FROM TRANSYLVANIA, -The news from Transylvania is favorable to the Hungarians. A Russian force was ordered to hasten to the assistance of the Russian General Audes, at Cronstadt.

The Chronicle's Vienna correspondent gives as the latest news, that Gen. Luder was marching on Cronstadt, to cover the subjected districts

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 8th .- The Porte has issued a solemn protest against the marching of Russian troops through the Turkish territory of Transylvania; if in consequence of defeat, the Russians wish to repass, they will be immediately disarmed. This protest and other ener-

getic measures create great sensation. The Paris " Nationelle" gives news from Hungary very favorable to the Hungarians.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH INTERVENTION.—The third edition of the London Herald says that a rumor prevailed on the Paris Bourse yesterday that England and France had agreed to make a joint effort to put a stop to Hostilities in Hungary through mediation, and that the rumor was taken up with satisfaction, the impression being very strong in Paris that the Russians will repent the invasion. The effects of Georgey's splendid movements in breaking through the allied armies will have an immense influence.

LATEST FROM ROME .- Rome, July 20th .- Nothing particular had taken place nor has any clear information been given of the Pope's intentions. M. de Corcelles had gone to Gaeta, and the Austrian General, Wimpffen, had arrived in Rome. The greatest order prevailed, and the conduct of the French officers and soldiers was exemplary.

The Concordia, of Turin, states that the Austrian General Wimpsfen had arrived at Rome, to concert measures with General Oudingt. Garibaldi entered Saraeno at the head of 4,000 or 5,000 men, part of whom he subsequently detached to occupy Mount Rendio, a position commanding the town, when they threw up some intrenchments-from that point he can easily reach had sent out detachments in order to prevent all surprise of gratitude which I have not language to ex. duty of this Government to observe the faith to defend himself at Montepulciano, for he had ordered barricades to be constructed in the principal streets .-Gen. Oudinot is placing garrisons in most of the towns and villages in the neighborhood of Rome, Umbria, Orrecian, and the province called Patrimony of St. Peters, in order to protect them.

THE POPE'S RETURN .- A dispatch dated Genoa, 22d, states that the French squadron under Admiral Baudin has set sail from Toulon for Gaeta, to convey the Pope

LATEST FROM SARDINIA-PARIS, Friday.-La Patria says: "We have received a letter from Turin which leads us to believe that Piedmont is not yet reduced to the necessity of submitting to the ultimatum of Austria. DENMARK AND THE DUCHIES. Letters from Altona, of the 24th inst., in the Kolnur Zeitung, state that the retreat of the Prussian, German, and Schleswig troops from Jutland, commenced on the 22d.

The Bayarian troops in Schleswig were ordered home immediately after official notice was given of the armistice. All the Prussian prisoners taken in the last battle have been sent home

The rumors of the Bavarian protest against the arnistice are unfounded. MONETARY INTELLIGENCE.

London.-Business in foreign exchange, yesterday, continued limited, and but with very slight change in

quotations. The Times understands that the impediment to the transfer of Mr. Hudson's stock in York, Newcastle and Berwick Company has been removed

The bank account shows a continued influx of specie. The commercial features of the week do not appear favorable, but the credit of the treasury had increased upwards of 91 millions United States Stock 109 to 110, and American Stocks

831 : 31 per cents, 977 4 Pages. - The return of fine weather caused reanima-

tion on the Bourse to-day, and prices improved. Fives specting the Austro-Sardinian question.

One Week's Later Intelligence. Arrival of the Hibernia.

THE HUNGARIANS VICTORIOUS! The steamer Hibernia arrived at Halifax on the 14th inst., with a week's later advices from Europe-her dates from London and Liverpool being to the 4th instant.

There seems to be no news of consequence from any quarter except Hungary. The Magyars, it appears, have gained at least another battle, besides some other advantages over their enemies. Of two of the conflicts mentioned below we had full accounts by the last arri-

GREAT BRITAIN.-The Queen having quitfed Osborne prorogued by commission. The speech delivered at the close contains nothing very novel.

The inhabitants of Cork, Dublin, and Belfast, are making the most active preparations to give a loyal and enthusiastic reception to the Queen, and political feel-

FRANCE-The President has been on a tour to the South. On his return to Parishe is to review the whole of the army of the Seine, amounting to 150,000 men. This speciacle is at present fixed for the 15th of August. The President is still accused of aiming at the imperial crown. The Liverpool Journal says that he has received a reception in the Provinces which did not warrant the hope he is said to entertain of being re-elected for

ITALY.—Although the French have restored the government of the Pope in Rome, they have not persuaded the Pontiff to return to the Vatican. General Oudinot has been himself to Gaeta, in the hope of modifying the intentions of his Holiness, but with what effect has not been unnounced.

The Austro-Piedmont treaty is not yet settled, nor, from present appearances, is it likely to be at present, if at all. On consenting to the payment of 75,000,000 of indemnity money, the Piedmontese Government further insists apon amnesty being granted to the Lomand Placenta, which Austria peremptorily refuses to comply with. Both parties have expressed their determination to make no concessions, and it is said that, under the ciscamstances, Sardinia has demanded the sup-

Charles Albert, ex-King of Sardinia, died at Lisbon

on the 28th of July. HUNGARY -- The Hungarians continue successful --They have defeated and out-manauvred the enemyplaced the Austrians in peril, and cut off the Russians from their three of operations The three Hungarian Generals are now in communication with each other, and ready to act together if necessary. Their respective positions are rendered secure by the nature of the country, while there is nothing to prevent their emerging from their fastnesses when occasion presents itself. The whole population serve them with heart and hand, and bring them food, horses, and intelligence of the one-The London News, of August 3, has Vienna dates to

July 28. The Faglish papers, with the Hungarian de-bate, had arrived, and the Vienna public were occupied extensively in studying the translation which appeared, on the store date, of Lord Palmerston's speech This, at is said, has been a clap of thunder to the Ministry. The news of Georgey having beaten the Russians at Jasseo, entered Kaschau, and crossed the Theiss, came at the same time, and already there were rumors of in-

sentions to negotiate for peace. Lamistar is reported to have surrendered to the Mag-

The Ban of Jelischich was continuing his retreat tovictory to Kozauth, says: "Our army requires now to conquer only two Generals more, Julius and Augustus,"

Letters from Cracow of the 23d of June state that number of Russian troops, who were on the point of leaving the above city for Hungary, had received coun-

Seventy railway wagons had arrived recently in Cracow, filled with wounded Russians

ANOTHER ACCOUNT .- Another version of the above news is contained in a postscript to the Liverpool Courier of the 4th instant, as follows:

The accounts from Hungary, through Paris, Vienna, and Cologne, announce another battle in Hungary, and another victory for the Hungarians at Eylaw. It appears that the troops of Dembinski and Paskiewitch is

and Georgey are in communication. Haynau is described as in a most perilous situation. The Magyar generals are masters of the whole line, from Isey to Assoba, facilitating their communications with

cut off from his line of operations, and Dembinski, Bem,

Belgrade and the Turkish provinces. The Cabinet of Vienna are evidently in a state of alarm. A peremptory order has been issued prohibiting the purchase of foreign stock, shares, &c.; the object being, it is supposed, to prevent money being sent out of

On the 15th of July, a desperate battle was fought between the Russian commander, Paskiewitch, and the Hungarians, under Georgey, in which the former was

The army of Georgey broke through the lines, and marched north, thus effecting a junction with the main

A letter from the seat of war says the attack of the Hungarians upon Paskiewitch's division was tremendous, and the Russians were borne down and compelled to yield before the terrible onslaught of the Magyars, who ought with unexampled courage and daring. Another letter describes the Russian's retreat to Duna Kess as disorderly flight before Dembinski's hussars, and states that the Russians were only saved from annihilation by the arrival of Romberg.

It was admitted in Vienna, on the 20th, that the victory at Waitzen had been complete. There has been a change in the Austrian Ministry.

Advices from Constantinople state that an army of 80,000 men is ordered to assemble on the Hungarian all who may be driven across the frontier.

A polish paper states that a republican conspiracy has been discovered in Russia, which trad caused numerous

THE PRESIDENT IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The President was warmly received and welcomed at Lancaster, Pa. He was addressed on behalf of the citizens by Thaddeus Stevens, Esq., and made the following reply:-

"The distinguished compliment paid me by the citizens of the town and county of Lancas. ter, whom you represent, in welcoming me so cordially on my arrival here, and in tendering me this hospitality, has filled me with feelings ba as the object of his expedition. It is the thusiastic character of my reception, convinces our citizens upon the territories of friendly na me that the many kind invitations which I tions. I have, therefore, thought it necessary have had to visit Lancaster come from the hearts of your intelligent and patriotic citizens. have come to Pennsylvania with no political purposes in view, but that I might witness in in violation of our laws and our treaty obligaperson her agricultural, manufacturing, and tions that they will thereby subject themselves mining operations, and I am gratified to know, that thus far, the people have welcomed me by our acts of Congress, and will forfeit their without distinction of party, to this renowned claim to the protection of their country. No commonwealth. I have come among you too that I shall, nevertheless, receive kindness and hospitality wherever I visit or sojourn. In this duced in consequence of their conduct. An spirit the people met me at my first entrance corted me from place to place.

ing notice of my career in Mexico. It must be recollected, however, that our successes there were mainly due to the strong arms and bold hearts of freemen, regulars and volunteers, who participated with me in those hard fought battles; and none, I am pleased to say, on either line of our operations, were more conspicuous

In regard to the development and protection of the great interests of Pennsylvania, her coal and iron, no one takes a deeper interest in them than myself, or will more heartily co-operate with the National Legislature in recommending and carrying out such measures as will facilitate the objects referred to. In conclosed at 87h. Threes 53,30. No further news re- clusion, sir, I thank you, and through you the citizens of Lancaster, for the cordial reception I have met with on this occasion."

The Committee of Arrangements, composed equally of gentlemen of both parties, had a very handsome entertainment prepared, to which a company of some fifty persons sat down at 9 o'clock. Among the distinguished gentlemen present was the Hon. James Buchanan, whose seat was on the right of the President. Pleasantry and cordiality marked their intercourse.

Artesian well-Charleston-We regret to see from a communication in the Courier," that all hopes of obtaining a supply House for Ireland, on the 1st inst., the Parliament was of water from this source must be abandoned" the auger having already passed formations where water might be expect-

Whatever affects the prosperity of ings are almost forgotten in the general excitement Charleston is of the deepest interest to every citizen in the state. In her prosperity he should rejoice, and in her adversity he should mourn, for as the heart in the human body receives and sends forth again the circulating fluid of life, so does our Commercial emporium receive the streams of commerce from the most remote parts of the State, and send them forth again with redoubled force to animate, to enrich and to bless the country.

We are happy to hear from a reliable source that at a point near the Rail Road, some eleven or twelve miles from the city an abundant supply of the purest water may be conveyed to Charleston at a mod erate expense .- Tem. Advocate

Credit of the State. We extract the following paragraph from the New York Courier and Enquirer:

"Forty thousand dollars of North Carolina 6 per cent. bonds, re imbursable in twenty years, are about to be issued by the State Treasurer, for the payment of the State's subscription to the Fayetteville at a small premium."

Accident in Camphine - A daughter o Mrs. Stanyon, living at Kingston, (N. H.) lost her life last Tuesday evening by the explosion of a camphine lamp. The accident occurred whilst the mother was engaged in filling the lamp, and she, too,

pected to survive.

THE ISLAND OF CUBA. PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following Proclamation of the President of the United States we find in the National Intelligencer of Tuesday. It was received on Monday at the Department of State, in a communication from the President at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. The National Intelligencer, in referring to it, says : " For some weeks past the country has been disturbed with rumors of the assembling and drilling of bands of men in different parts of the United States. Various places have been artfully designed as the object of their destination. Tampico and the Seirri Madre Provinces of Mexico, Yucatan and Cuba, have all been alluded in connexion with the enterprise. But the truth has been studiously concealed by the leaders engaged in it. The common soldiers who have been enlisted were not to be entrusted with the secret as to the object to be effected until after embarkation. How far the expedition has proceeded we know not. But we do know that bands of men have lately assembled at a point not far from New Orleans; and that the evidence is clear that Cuba is the real object of those engaged in it. Most earnestly do we hope that the President may succeed in arresting the preparation of such an outrage on a friendly nation, and maintaining unsullied the honor of our country. Plunder can be the only motive of such an enterprise; and all good men must rejoice to witness the honest redemption of General Taylor's pledges to his country, to preserve the faith of our treaties and to suppress all illegal enterprises against friendly foreign nations. The gallant soldier who has spent forty years in the camp, and braved the bullets of his country's enemies in so many frontier, to protect the Turkish territory and to disarm battles-who has sounded all the shoals and depths of military glory-proves himself to the world to be, as we predicted before his election that he would be, the " MAN OF PEACE"

[Pet. Intelligencer.

OFFICIAL. By the President of the U. States.

A PROCLAMATION.

There is reason to believe that an armed expedition is about to be fitted out in the United States with an intention to invade the Island of Cuba or some of the Provinces of Mexico .-The best information which the Executive has been able to obtain points to the Island of Cu-The warm, indeed I may say the en- of treaties and to prevent any aggression by and proper to issue this Proclamation, to warn all citizens of the United States who shall connect themselves with an enterprise so grossly to the heavy penalties denounced against them such persons must expect the interference of in a plain and unostentatious manner, feeling this Government in any form in their behalf, no matter to what extremities they may be reenterprise to invade the territories of a friendin the State, and in this spirit they have es. ly nation, set on foot and prosecuted within the limits of the United States, is in the high. I am more than gratified, sir, at your flatter. est degree criminal, as tending to endanger the peace and compromit the honor of this nation; and, therefore, I exhort all good citizens, as they regard our national reputation, as they respect their own laws and the laws of nations as they value the blessings of peace and the welfare of their country, to discountenance and prevent by all lawful means any such entermore faithful to duty than the sons of prise; and I call upon every officer of this Government, civil or military, to use all efforts in his power to arrest for trial and punishment every such offender against the laws providing for the performance of our sacred obligations to friendly powers.

Given under my hand, the eleventh day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and torty-nine, and the seventyfourth of the independence of the United States.

Z. TAYLOR. By the President:

J. M. CLAYTON, Secretary of State.

COLUMBIA MARKET

COTTON It will be recolleted that our last report closed on an active and steady market at the quotations then given 7 to 10 cts. During the three first days of the week now under review, the markets remained active and steady, and the quotations given in our previous report freely obtained. On saturday morning the Liverpool advices by the Steamer America, to the 28th ult., came to hand, reporting that during out-break once begun, panic ensues, conthe early part of the week prior to the fidence is lost, and the promising settlesailing of the steamer, the market had been steady and prices firm. But toward the close, the demand had rather slackened and prices turned a point in favor of to a sense of duty, and will perhaps not the buyer. These accounts not being as be much regretted, if they ultimate in the was expected had a depressing effect on our market, and prices receded 1 to 1 on those of the previous day. On Monday and Tuesday, the market continued inactive with prices still tending downwards, until at the close of business on the latter day, it was found that a decline of 1 to 8 had been established on rates current prior to the receipt of the steamer's news The sales of the week comprise, 1,150 bales, as follows, viz: Wednesday 337 bales at 75 to 101; Thursday 228 at 75 to 10; Friday, 66 at 71 to 10; Saturday. 105 at 7 to 97; Monday, 163 at 67 to 94; Tuesday, 191 at 63 to 95 cts. We now quote Inferior 43 to 71. Ordinary 7 to 81. Middling 83 to 94. Fair 91 to 95. Choice a shade higher. - Advocate.

LOCUST GROVES.

Says one of our exchanges, may easily be grown on knots of hills, or the poorest soil, and in five years will yield per acre and Western Plank Road Company, now annually, from \$5 to \$10 worth of post building from Fayetteville to Salisbury. timber, produce more grass than it would We understand the whole of these bonds without trees, and every year improve the have been taken by a house in Wall street, soil. On Long Island, Locust Groves have grown up in 38 years to be worth \$300 per acre. We have been urging our farmers, and especially those occupying poor lands, to cultivate the Locust, but as yet but few have done it.

DEATH OF ALBERT GALLATIN.

This venerable man, whose health has long been feeble, and the news of whose death might at any moment have been expected, departed this life on Sunday last, in the eighty ninth year of his age.

He has left no wiser man, no purer patriot, no more enlightened, quick-sighted, and sagacious statesman. His whole life, nearly, had been spent in the service of this his adopted country. But at no period of his life had his intellect been more clear, devotion to his country's welfare more fervid, or his pen distinguished by greater ability, than during the latest years of his life. Had he left no other evidence of his patriotic zeal, his profound wisdom, and his distinguished talent, than his papers on the Northwestern Boundary, on the Oregon question,and on the Mexican war, they together would constitute a valid title to a renown more durable than monuments of brass or

We shall take an early occasion, from such materials as are within our reach, to prepare for publication a brief memoir of the life of this great man, to whose memory we at least owe all honor and respect .- Nat. Inteligencer.

POPULATION OF CALIFORNIA.

The Editor of the " Alta California" estimates that the population of that country on the 1st of November next will be 60,000 souls. On the 1st of January last, he says it was 15,000, exclusive of Indians and divided thus: 9,000 Californians, 5,000 Americans, and 1,000 foreigners of all nations. From the 1st of January to the 30th of June the arrivals by sea are estimated at 9,500, and those by land at 5,500. Of these new comers there were about 5,000 Americans, 6,000 Mexicans, 2,000 Chilians, and 2,000 other foreigners hailing from other countries .-These estimates show that, up to the 30th June the preponderance of the immigration was foreign, and the following was the character of the then population:

naracter of the the	in population
Americans,	10,000
Californians,	9,000
Mexicans,	6,500
Chilians,	2,500
Other nations,	2,000

30,000

The Editor then estimates 25,000 Americans to be on their way to California from the States, all of whom will arrive before the end of October, and makes an addition of only 5,000 for increase in the foreign population during the same time. It is thus he runs the sum of population up to 60,000 on the 1st of November next, which he classifies as follows:

> 35,000 Americans, 9,000 Californians 16,000 All other nations, 60,000

Of the population already in the country, it is supposed that one-half, including women and children, are engaged in various business pursuits, and the other half in digging gold. - Nat. Intelligencer.

FROM FLORIDA.

day has the following on the subject of ing. There are some eight or ten build- is the progress of decomposition that in Tho

"We continue to have flying accounts of further depredations by the Indianskilling men, plundering and burning housment of outrage since the attact on the trading-house at Charlotte Harbor. We incline to the belief that the startling acfrom the fears and confusion of the inhabitants, who are flying from their homes in the counties near the line and taking refuge in the towns. Numbers of people have flocked into Tampa, Ocala, St. Augustine, Garey's Ferry, Pilatka, and some have even taken refuge so far north as Myers, who expects to leave for the Nor-Jacksonville. This is the condition of things brought about by the two forays that are known to have taken place. An ments in Southern Florida are abandoned.

"But these events have fully awaken- and appearance of the Town. ed the State and the General Goverment removal of the savages."

Accident in Church .- On Monday afternoon, while a large congregation was assembled in a church at Spotswood, to at- learn, is to be a handsome one. tend the funeral services of Dr. Lefferts, and just at the prayer preceding the sermon, nearly the whole of the ceiling came down with a tremendous crash upon the congregation. The fright and alarm are said to have been truly awful; the more so, no doubt, as just at that instant the what prevalent by the middle of this whole edifice was shaken by a terrible clap of thunder, which is supposed to have disengaged the ceiling-it being before considerably cracked. Those of the congregation who were able left the church, making their exit through the doors and windows in the wildest confusion. Some three or four persons were very much injured, but it is hoped not fatally. The services were postponed .-

Conviction of Negroes .- The Charleston Mercury of Tuesday says: "Four the recent outbreak at the workhouse, were tried yesterday and convicted. The evidence was not conclusive as to a capital offence, and they were accordingly sentenced to five years imprisonment, and An exchange says a distinguished pole day of every month for six months—their ors, barbers and boot blacks. Woman is had arrived in that city. It must have owners, however, having privilege of sell- the last and most perfect work of God! was so badly burnt that she is not ex- been the one which "knocked down the ing them out of the State at the end of "Ladies" are the production of silk worms, twelve months."

THE CAROLINA WATCHMAN.

Salisbury, N. C.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 23, 1849.

RAIL ROAD SUBSCRIPTIONS. Since our last, ten shares more of Rail Road stock have been taken. How many more shares shall we have the pleasure announcing in our next? There are a great many other gentlemen-farmers, mechanics and merchants-who say they intend to subscribe, but propose to wait yet a few days: Why wait? It throws a damper over the feelings of those who would otherwise be zealous, and discourages many from subscribing at all. There is no use of talking any longer about this matter: There is scarcely a man of intelligence in the county but must be convinced, we think, of every important argument in favor of the work; and it only remains for them to act in accordance with those convictions. There is scarcely a man in the county but is decidedly in favor of the Road's being built. Let every such an one come forward without delay and subscribe as much as he is able, if it is only one hundred dollars. The enterprise cannot succeed while those who should be helping, hold off with folded arms and spend their breath in vain wishes. No man ever built a house or made a crop by sitting down on his hams and wishing that the one would spring up before him complete without the use of saw and adze, or that the other would grow and produce without the use of the plough sition party the lower House. How the and hoe. Houses can't be built in that way, neither can crops be so raised .- of the Legislature we do not know, Well, surely it can't be expected that a rail road is going to wind itself through to the principles of the Locofocracy-m the country like a monster snake, or spring "joined to her idols"-as almost beyond up like a mushroom. The fact is, this the hope of redemption; but the signs of thing of building a rail road, is a big job, the times give us a ray of hope, and prove and when such a work is undertaken all that if the Whigs do their duty they will the hands in the neighborhood must at. yet see the cause of real republicanism tend and help. It is something like roll- triumphant. Let them continue theirer. ing logs: Now and then a great log is to ertions, and all will be well, and our coun. be moved, and every man must be in try permanently redeemed from the thraid. his place. He must not only answer when om of disunionism at the North and the the word is given, but he must also hold up his end of the hand-spike, and do his

OUR TOWN.

tions is approaching.

counts of subsequent occurrences arise is putting up a large brick dwelling house; will commence at half past ten o'clock. and B. F. Fraley, James Murphy and Moses L. Brown, are each of them remoddling and considerably enlarging other buildings. Mr. Fraley is preparing a house to be used as a store, by Mr. E. thern cities in a few days to purchase a stock of goods. These, when finished, with the improvements of Dr. Whitehead and Joseph F. Chambers, lately completed, will add very considerably to the interest

We hear of others who intend to build, but have not yet commenced. Preparation is making, however, for erecting a new Lutheran Church. A lot has been purchased for that purpose, and workmen are making the brick. This building, we

Up to this time, since warm weather set in, we have enjoyed unusual good health. But few cases of chills and fever have yet occurred, whereas for several years back the disease was somemonth. The Board of Commissioners, with a laudable zeal for the health of the citizens, took some pains, this summer, to have back yards and foul places cleaned up; and though this was done with the particular object of saving the community from a visitation of cholera, yet we doubt not it has more or less affected, for good, the general health of the place .-We trust that the board will continue their vigilance on this subject, and that they may experience the gratification of more of the Negroes who participated in believing that they have been the means of doing much for the health and happiness of their fellow citizens.

" Men are made in the image of God. to receive fifteen lashes on the first Fri- "Gentlemen" are manufactured by tailmilliners, and dressing maids.

STATE ELECTIONS.

TENNESSEE .- The election in this 8 has resulted in the success of Trousday Locofoco, for Governor, and seven men. bers of the same party have been chosen to represent the State, in Congress, being a loss of one to the Whigs. In the State Senate, the Whigs have the majority and in the House the Locofocos have the ascendancy. The returns from the whole State more or less show a great falling off in the Whig vote, proving beyond doubt that a most unaccountable apathy prevailed among our friends there. No doubt hundreds remained at home under the impression that since the election of General Taylor, no exertion of the Locofocos could come within gun shot of the party in any contest, but they now see, we trust, to their heart's content that a party to maintain its ascendance. must always be vigilant-ever on the look out-ready at all times to strike a blow which will crush at once all opposition. Whigs of North Carolina take warning. Put not your trust in your acknowledged majority, but as on former occasions let the polls for the future tell that every Whig has been at the boxes.

ALABAMA.-In this State the White made no opposition to the regular nomi. nee of the Locofoco party for Governor so that Collier, Loco, is certainly elected Governor. In the Congressional canvas the delegation stands as in the last Con. gress, two Whigs and five Locofocos. The Whigs, we see it stated, hoe to Senate by a small majority, and the opport Whigs happened to gain the upper branel every one regarded the State as wedded

MANURE.

We invite public attention to Mr. Davis' advertisement in this paper, on the Our Town has presented the appear- subject of a new, or as it is called, the ance of a decided improvement in busi- Bommer method, of manufacturing Ma- Brov ness during the present week. The streets nure. Any invention whatever, that is they have been generally thronged with wag- calculated to assist the Farmer in his are hand ons and visitors from a distance, selling duous labors-to fertilize his soils and renderly and trading. This is an indication that der his fields more productive, is of sufficient the usual dullness incident to the Sum- cient importance to claim his attention .- deter mer season here, is beginning to break On yesterday we visited the pile of straw, char up: and that the time of active opera- weeds and dirt, which Mr. Davis is now converting into Manure for Mr. John L. But what we designed saying under Shaver, of this place. The heap was place this head more especially, is in relation to formed about a week ago, and is now in The Tallahassee Sentinel of last Thurs- the improvements going on here, in build- a high state of fermentation; and so rapid the late disturbances by the Indians in ings in progress of erection. The carpen- a few days more the heap will be ready ters hammer and saw are briskly plied, for spreading out on the fields. Mr. Daand by the first of January, our Town vis is selling rights pretty freely, and prowill be graced by a number of new hous- poses to deliver a public lecture on the Hou es. B. Craige, Esq., Mr. John H. Hardie, subject of this plan for making manure at es. &c.; but we have no anthentic state. John D. Brown, John M. Horah, and Rob- the Court House in this Town, on the 30th ert Murphy, are severally building large instant. All persons interested in the subframe residences. His Hon. Judge Ellis ject will do well to attend. The lecture

> We learn that Mr. B. Clegg, of Mocksville, has lately established an iron foundry about one mile distant from that village, and that it is now in successful operation. He is already doing quite a pretty business-supplying demands for mill gearing, boxes, cranks, gudgeons, inks, &c. An establishment of this kind has been much needed in this country and if we are not mistaken Mr. Clegg ba embarked in a business, which, by thees ergy he is capable of throwing into it, will become equally as profitable to himself as it will be advantageous to the community, so long destitute of the convenience a foundry near at hand.

Charlotte.-Persons having friends re siding in Charlotte, may be glad to learn, that the place is, at this time, remarkably healthy. The Hornets' Nest, from which this information is derived, also states as an evidence of the increase of the bust ness of that place, that there is a great demand for business houses and family residences; and suggests that there could not be a more profitable investment of capital than in the erection of buildings suitable for these purposes.

JOHN T. WHITE'S SPECIMEN. Mr. John T. White, of New York, has favored us with a copy of his new Specimen of Type, which contains a great many of the most beautiful styles we ever saw. These are so numerous and varied as to size and shade, that it is out of out power to particularize. We would so vise all persons who may wish to buy Type, to see Mr. White's specimen before they make out their orders.

Making use of a Friend .- 'I've broken your rotten wheelbarrow usin on't; you'll please get it mended right off-I'll want to borrow it again this afternoon.