MR. LAWRENCE IN ENGLAND. The Hon. Abbott Lawrence, our Minister in Landon, attended the celebration of the 184th Andrew's Day, and introduced himself to the British Public in a most favorable manner, we may judge from the cordial greetings of the assemblage and the commendations of the press. Sir Charles Napier presided at the din.

the descandants of this country, and when they came over here we were always delighted to see them. We received them as a parent received his child, and was sure the child would be always happy to be welcomed. He felt quite sure that every man in this metropolis would not only be happy and contented to receive an American citizen here, but also to receive the goods of America in exchange for the products of this country. But we ought to be still more friend. ly to America for another reason, and that was that the American Govroment are at this moment undertaking to complete a work which this subject. that Providence who created the world seemed

to have left to the ingenuity of man-he meant to cut a canal through the Isthmus of

He referred to the plan as altogether wise and liberal, and creditable to the American peonle, since it was to be even on equal terms to will be soon put under contract. all the world. The gallant chairman concluded by proposing the " Health of the President of the United States," and he hoped and trusted that peace and amity would subsist between the two nations till the end of the world .--[Drunk amidst enthusiastic cheering.]

Mr. Lawrence, the American Minister, reumed thanks, and said he hardly knew how to express his feelings at that moment. He begid assure the company that he felt, with deep sensibility, the honor that had just been conterred upon his country, not only in the seniment which had been proposed, but also in the reception it had met with from the assembly. He offered them his profound and grateful acknowledgements for the kindness with which the toast had been received. [Cheers.] He was there a stranger in one sense ; he was in a strange land, yet he did not in truth feel himsilf a stranger. [Loud cheers.] The recepion he had met with from her Majesty, and from her Majesty's ministers, and from all classes of persons with whom he had had the happiness to come in contact, had rendered it impossible for him not to say that he felt at ne in this country, and he felt at home on

THE RAIL ROAD. We understand that about seventy-six of the hundred men have been made up. anniversary of the Scottish Hospital on St. Of these, 51 were obtained at the Greensborough Convention. The remaining 25 have been found, 4 in Wake, 1 in Randolph, and the balance in Davidson, Rowan, Cabarrus, at Mount Mourne, and in Davie. To Gov. Morehead, Graves, Gil ican envoy in the most complimentary terms, mer, and Thomas, belongs the honor of as "one of our children :"

"The citizens of America, he added, were State. We are anxious to learn what has been Gen. Saunders success in the Eastern part of the State. We trust his report will be a good one, and that the work will still go on until all is made up. We beg those gentlemen who are to be benefitted by this road, and who have not yet subscribed, to do so at once. They will feel much better by doing what their judgment admonishes them is their duty on

> The Plank Road .- That part of this Road between Little River and Carthage, about 25 miles, bas been surveyed since the 20th December; and it is expected

Reception of the British Minister .- Sin Henry Lytten Bulwer was presented to the President, by the Secretary of State, on Monday, the 24th instant, at 2 P. M ..

as the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Great Britain.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE, Jan. 14, 1850. Messrs. Bruner & James-Sirs : Having elected our Officers for the ensuing quarter, herewith send you a list of those that have been elected Officers in Davidson Division, No. 66.

	C. C. Shive, W. P.
	T. A. Wilson, W. A.
	J. Rumple, R. S.
	Joseph Patterson, A. R. S.
- č	T. W. Sparrow, F. S.
	S. M. Withers, T.
	R. L. Beall, C.
	J. C. McCallum, A. C.
	R. H. Gray, I. S.
	D. Patterson, O. S.

THE REVENUE-NEW REGULA. TIONS IMPENDING.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Express. WASHINGTON, Jan. 2, 1850. The cost of collecting the revenue, under Mr. Walker, was \$2.100,000 (Iwo millions one hundred thousand dollars)but on the 3d of March last, on the eve of the adjournment of Congress, an act was passed allowing but \$1,500.000 for the cost of collection. Since that expenditure of 2.100,000, California has been added to the United States-Oregon bru't within our jurisdiction-and the lower Rio Grande has been brought within the dominion of the Custom houses. It is, therefore, impossible now to collect the revenue even for \$2,100.000-but the law is imperative-and it must be done for \$1.500.000.

To meet such a crisis, the Secretary of the Treasury has applied to Congress for instant action-but in the holydays of Congress nothing is done, and the Secretary in distress, to prepare for the law,

prepares instructions for the Collectors, and others, which must throw upon the merchants a very large portion of the expenses of the revenue, certainly to the amount of \$7.000.000.

All warehousing expenses will have to be paid by them; all costs of appraisements, and of re-appraisements; all weighing and guaging-in short, about every TEN, aged about 27 years thing, save the salaries of the officers of the customs. New York in particular will be startled by the new regulations which it will be indispensable for the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Customs to order.

It is in the power, and it is the duty of Congress to remedy all this immediately -but it is very doubtful whether Locofocoism will not rather rejoice over, and chuckle, in the mischief it has done, than remedy it.

CONGRESS.

We see no use in cumbering our columns with the minute and dry details of the Congressional proceedings of the past week, as we find but little of interest in them. After having passed the Holy days, however, Congress may now he considered fairly under way. The Clerk has not yet been chosen-the Democrats generally voting for Forney, and the Whigs for his friends in South Carolina, when he shall be pleased Campbell. The latter have been so hadly duped in conceding the Speaker to the former, that they will doubtless keep their generosity to themselves, in the present instance.

has reasons for 'boldly announcing that the question of abandoning Canada, as a British colony, has been the most absorbing topic. (with the Cabinet) and we learn, from authority in which we are apt to place firm reliance, that it has been all but determined to give up Canada, as a dependency of the British Crown

MA TRIRITIZIO.

In this county, on the 9th instant, by the Rev. Ste-phen Frontis, Mr. G. W. PINKSTON, of Tennessee, to Miss ELIZABETH W. BLACKWELL, daughter of Mr. Joseph Blackwell of this county.

In Davie county, on the 3rd instant, by Tennison Cheshire, Esq., Dr. JOHN W. ELLIS, of Davidson county, to Miss MARGARET GAITHER, daughter of the late Zachariah Gaither.

In this county, on the 20th ult., by John McCulloch, Esq., Mr. ANDREW L. BOSTIAN, to Miss ELIZA SMITH.

BRIER PORTS

"A babe in a house is like a well-spring of pleasure, s messenger of peace and love; Yet it is a talent of trust, a loan to be rendered back with interest."

BORN Jan. 5-A daughter to Dr. Pendleton, Davidson Co. Jan. 5 A daughter to Jesse Howard, Town.

Died

In this county on Saturday morning last, Mr. JA-COB WALTON, aged about 60 years. The deceased was a worthy man and good citizen, and has left a large family In this Town on Saturday last, Mr. GEORGE CA-

PENMANSHIP.

HE undersigned proposes to teach a Class in Penmanship in this Town, provided a sufficient number of pupils can be obtained. His terms are \$3 for 20 lessons-two lessons each day

Writing is most easily executed by the combined action of all the joints, of the arm, hand, and fingers .-According to this system, it seems to be a grani object to give the pupil a bold and free use of the pen, by instructing him as to the proper movement of the arm and hand, as well as the fingers. What is called cramped writing, it is believed by the advocates of this system, arises in a great measure from the arm remaining stationary on the desk, while the fingers make a constrained and imperfect movement forward, rendering the frequent lifting of the pen unavoidable. Precise rules are also given in this system for forming the letters on scientific principles, so that the pupil may judge of his own progress, not merely by comparing his own writing with a fuir copy, but by his degree of conformity to the rules of this art

The undersigned would avail himself of this method to express his thanks to those citizens of Anson for the kind patronage they have extended to him heretofore, and hopes to be able soon to visit them again, and also



N order to reduce my stock of CLOTHING as much as possible before Spring, I am determined to offer greater inducements than have ever before been offered in this Market. My stock consists of-Pilot, Beaver and Broadcloth OVERCOATS. Black Frock and Dress COATS. Broadeloth and Tweed SACKS Polk and Fancy Casimere PANTS. Satia, Cashmere, and Velencia VESTS. Persons desirous of purchasing would do well to give me a call before doing so. E. MYERS. Jan. 3d, 1850. (34.1f)

Negroes to Hire.

THE subscriber has eight or ten negroes to hire until the first of January next. Among them is a first-rate Hotel servant, and a Biacksmith. Persons wishing to hire, will please call. A. HENDERSON.

Jan. 3d, 1850. (34:2t)

State of Dorth Carolina, IREDELL COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term,

PETITION FOR SALE OF REAL ENTATE. Fergus Stevenson, admr. of James McLeiland

ohn M. McLeiland, John L. Lafferty, Harvy Camron and wife Amanda. McCamy Largent and wife Eliza, William S. Stevenson, John L. Stevenson, Mary E. Stevenson, Rufus Sloan, Mary L. Sloan, Adaline Sloan and Mary Ann Lafferty and others.

T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants John M. McLelland, John L. Lafferty, Harvy Camron and wife Amanda, McCamy Largent and wife Eliza, William S. Stevenson, John L. Stevenson; Mary E. Stevenson, Rufus Sloan, Mary L. Sloan, Adaline Sloan, and Mary Ann Lafferty, are non-residents of this State -It is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman for the term of six weeks, notifying said Defendants to appear at the next Term of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County aforesaid at the Court House in Statesville, on the 3d Monday of Febuary next; then and there to answer, plead, or demur to said petition, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against them, and the prayer of the petition granted accordingly. Witness, J. F. Alexander, Clerk of our said Court, at office the 3d Monday in Nov., A. D. 1849. J. F. ALEXANDER. CI'k.

Dec. 26, 1849. (34:61)

State of Dorth Carolina. DAVIE COUNTY.

Paul Moody, et. al. In Equity, Bill to foreclose Mortgage Martha Ann Newell.

Affidavit having been made before me, and filed in of fice, that the defendant, Martha Ann Newell, is not an inhabitant of this State : Notice is therefore, hereby giv-

MOFFATS Life Pills and Phonix Bitters. These Medicines have now been before the pubhe for a period of FIFTEEN YEARS, and

during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of decase to which the human frame is liable.

IN MANY THOUSANDS of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrams of the day had gtterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their afficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scurcely less than miraculous to those who were acquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and enduing them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for

their name. Unlike the host of perulcious quackeries which boast of vegetable ingredients, the LIFE MEDI-CINES are purely and solely vegetable ; and contain neither Mercury, nor Antimony, nor Arnenie, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and receptly to some eminent pharmaceutical themists, are altogether auknown to the ignorant pretendets to medical science ; and were never before adminis tered in so happily efficacious a combination.

The first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and eradities constantly settling round them ; and to remove the hardened frees which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collocted masses behind to produce habitual Costivepess, with all its train of evils, or sudden Diarriena with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists who examine the numan bowels after death ; and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder ; and, by this means, the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs, before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by tham, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach. courses freely through the veius, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

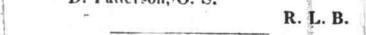
The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be mini

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, justead of the stale and acrid kind ; FLATULENCY, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill-temper, Anxiety, Languer, and Melanchaly, which are the general nptoms of Dyspepsia. consequence of its cure. Costiveness, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence : all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days. Diarrhosa and Cholera, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrane. Fevers of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others. The LIFE MEDICINES have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints. Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthoning the kidneys and bladder : they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL Also Worms, by dislodging from the turnings of the boweis the sinny matter to which these creatures adhere. Asthma and Consumption, by relieving the air-vessels of the lungs from the mucous which even slight colds will occasion, and which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces these dreadful diseases. Scurvy, Ulcers, and Inveterate Sores, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDI-CINES give to the blood, and all the humors. Scorbutic Eruptions and Bad Complexions, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which ocrasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexious. The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two even in the worst cases. PILES. As a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the VEGETABLE LIFE MRDICINES deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the former proprietor of these valuable Medicines was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of THIRTY FIVE VEARS; and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He however at length tried the Medicine which is now offered to the public, and he was cared in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

his occasion. [Cheers.]

He felt, in the midst of this ancient Scotch Society, that he was among his brethren. He was there as the representative of a country. many of whose people were of that company's with and kin : he was there upon the soil which held the ashes of his ancestors, [cheers ;] he was there as a citizen of a country speaking the same language, having the same religious faithland he trusted in God, the same feelings which animated the British people. [Loud cheers.] Why, then, should be feel a stranger when he was among his kindred? He came there for the purpose-for nothing else could have brought him there-of doing what he could to perpetuate, to establish ineradically, the good feeling which existed between these two mighty nations. [Cheers.]

He came there that night, because he would of he opportunity of assuring that assem. bly, and through it the British public, that there was no other than the kindliest feeling existing n the part of the Amyrican Union towards. Great Britain. Why should there be? [Cheers.] The Americans were Anglo Saxons, as well as Englishmen. They were older than his fellow countrymen; but previous to the year 1776 in common with his countrymen, had the same pride and glory in the British name that any British subject could entertain that night. and he could tell the chairman, and all present, that every Scotchman he had met with in the United States felt proud of his country ; and the American citizens were proud of them as adopted sons of their own country. And why should the not be so ? Scotland the favored land of iberty-the warrior, the statesman, the poets where were they born ? Where could they hd a territory containing two millions and a half or three millions of population, where the copie had done so much to civilize, elevate, and improve the condition of man as Scotland had done ? [Cheers.] He was not a Scotchman himself, but was proud to be amongst those who were, as he always had been everywhere. His gallant friend, the chairman, had alluded to tome great improvements contemplated by the Unned States Government. He (Mr. Lawrenge) was happy to inform them that a railway was now under construction to connect the two ceans, and in the course of a year and a half the Baltimore Sun, writes as follows: hey would see the iron horse steaming over the sthmus. With regard to another great project, which had been contemplated for the last three undred years, he trusted its accomplishment the not far distant, He begged, however, in connexion with this subject, to state that the United States asked for no exclusive privileges a either of these schemes. They would ask bisicountry to subscribe with themselves topunications to be open to all the worldfree to all mankind. And, so far as the United States are concerned, they should bed dedicated the benefit of mankind all over the world. [Cheers.] His excellency then concluded by giving as tonst, "Great Britain and the United States ! May the stars and stripes of the Union float side by side with the cross of St. George, and may peace be preserved forever !" [Loud cheers.] The Morning Chronicle says : "We have it som had to record an ambassadorial oration which gave us more pleasure, or which seemand manly thoughts. We join Mr. Lawrence whole country. inan carnest protest against any exclusiveness the use of so magnificent a work. It would too petty for a mighty nation like America seek a monopoly of a public highway of the "prid." "The Panama railway, it is also said has a commercial grandeur unequalled."



MARYLAND AND THE UNION.

The following passages from the address of Hon. Wm. L. Gaither, on taking the Chair as Speaker of the Senate of the State of Maryland, express the sentiment of devotion to the Union of the States which is very generally entertained by the People of that State :

" Invested by the Constitution with legislaive and executive powers-possessing the pow er of proposing and passing on amendments to the Constitution of the State-this body may be truly said to be the temple of republican lib erty, where the genius of enlarged patriotism and unshrinking conservatism should always preside.

" All that concerns the interests of the peo ole of Maryland as an independent sovereignty, as well as all that affects her interest or her honor as a member of the Union, are objects of our special duty, and at no time in the history of our State or nation has the importance of calm wisdom and self-sacrificing patriotism on the part of those selected to guard the public liberty, and preserve the Union of the States, been more necessary than now. The existence of strongly marked feelings, on the part of our State, in regard to a question of domestic concern-the violent antagonism of feeling which sectional jealousies have created among those inhabiting different sections of this great confederacy, this sacred Union itself being me. naced in the angry strife-demand of us calmness and firmness in the discharge of our duties as Senators of Maryland.

"The historic recollections by which we are surrounded, and which consecrate this chamber in the eyes of every American patriot, will animate us to send forth from this, the cradle of the Federal Constitution, a voice and an example which I hope, may call back to their allegiance those who, in disregarding its mandates, jeop. ard the existence of the Union, and who seem to have forgotten the motto that "Liberty, and Union, now and forever, are one and insepara-

"X." the Washington Correspondent of

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3, 1850. Fate of the Wilmot Proviso-Conserva. tism of the Senate-Mr. Benton-Patriotism of Mr. Clay.

The fate of the Wilmot provise is sealed in the Senate. That body, eminently names of subscribers, has decided, that when conservative, will-not pass it. Mr. Ben- the Postmaster is agent for the publisher, he ton will not vote for it; some of the Nor- has the power to frank such letters, and his Finds these great improvements. They would thern Senators, friends of the administra- Agency will be presumed from the fact that he uk Great Britain to join them in guarantying tion, will help to bury it. Mr. Hale, by franks them. As no Postmaster has any authe neutrality of these great highways. They offering his Wilmot proviso amendment thority to frank these communications but when using no exclusive privileges, and they did not to Mr. Foote's resolution, will be the hero he is such an Agent, it is proper to regard him mean to grant any. They wished these great of an unfinished tragedy. His virtues will as acting in that capacity when he so conducts

On Thursday last, Mr. Atchison presented memorial of the Legislature of Missouri against the Wilmot Proviso; and declaring that the conduct of the North had released the South from obligation to respect the Compromise of 1820, but proposing for the sake of peace, to extend the compromise to the newly extended ter-

ritory; also instructing the Senators in Congress from Missonri to carry out those views. M1. Benton opposed the motion to print, declaring that the resolutions did not represent the sentiments of the people of the State-who were a law abiding people. They had no right to pledge the State to go out of the Union, in a

certain event. He would not discuss the res. olution, but declared that the Assembly had had made a mistake. Remedies were provided by the constitution for all grievances of the people. The remedies were by law, and were intended to prevent a resort to the sword.

Mr. Atchison said the resolution did express the sentiments of the people of Missouri, and they would manifest it whenever the occasion should arise.

On Friday, Gen. Cass' resolution, instructing ed. the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of suspending diplomatic intercourse with Austria, was called up, and that gentleman addressed the Senate with some eloquence, and at considerable length, upon its merits. Mr. Foote also addressed the Senate upon the same subject, and Mr. Hale expressing a desire to speak, it was postpened until Monday.

A message was received from the President, on Friday, recommending an appropriation in aid of those, who are endeavering to discover Sir John Franklin.-Ral. Register.

FRANKING NEWSPAPER SUBSCRIP. TIONS.

The N. Y. Mirror publishes the following letter from the Assistant Postmaster General from which it will be, seen that postmasters in the country may properly frank letters containing remittance to editors.

Post Office Department, ? Appointment Office, Dec. 31, 1849 Sir :- The Postmaster General, after care. ful consideration of the question as to the right of Postmasters that have the privilege of frank. ing, to frank letters to publishers of newspapers covering money for subscriptions or the

to serve them in the line of his profession, as teacher of Penmanship. H. J. HARRIS. Jan. 17, 1850. 3:36

PENMANSHIP.

Dr. Harris having taught a Class at this place in the science of Penmanship, we take great pleasure in stating that the improvement of his pupils, and the entire satisfaction he has given, together with his gentlemanly manners and correct deportment, entitle him to the most favorable consideration of all those who wish to become accomplished in the beautiful science which he is so well qualified to teach.

L. BLACKMER, J. M. WORTH, J. M. COFFIN, M. L. HOLMES, A. M. NESBITT, J. A WORTH, C. COFFIN. Gold Hill, Dec. 17, 1849

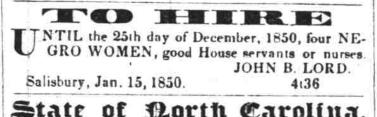
STRAYED

A ROM the subscriber on the 8th inst., a bay horse, 5 years old next Spring, with a narrow streak in his face, broader at the top and runs to his nose very narrow, left hind from Alfred Sheldon, of Henry County, Va., and will 12 miles south-east of Salisbury, or giving any informa- | County, N. Carolina. tion so that I can get him shall be handsomely reward-AUGUSTUS GRÆBER.

Jan. 17, 1850. 2:36 D^{R.} SUMMERELL

OFFERS his Professional services to the citizens of Salisbury and the surrounding country. He will always be found at his Office, in Shaver's Ho-

tel, between the Drug Store of Drs. Brown & James and Buis' Confectionary, or at his residence. True objects of charity punctually attended to as such. August 2, 1839



CALDWELL COUNTY. Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1849. Emilia Stanly

Petition for Divorce. 22.

Os affidavit of the Plaintifl, it appearing to the Court that the defendant, Willie Stanly, is not an inhabitant of this State : It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register and Carolina Watchman. for three months, for the defendant to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Caldwell, at the Court House in Lenoir, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer or demor to the said petition, or the same will be taken as confessed, and the cause set for hearing and determined ex parte.

C. C. JONES, csc.

bbls TANNERS' OIL, just received and for sale by M. BROWN & SON. Salisbury. Jan. 10, 1850-35if

en to the said defendant, Martha, to be and appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Davie, at the Court House in Mocksville, on the 4th Monday in March, next, and plead, answer or demur to plaintiffs bill of complaint, or the same will be taken as pro confesso, and the cause set for hearing ex parte. litness, L. Bingham, Clerk and Master of said Court of Equity, at office, the 13th day of December, in the the year of our Lord, 1849.

L. BINGHAM, C.M.E. 6w33-Price adv \$5 50

BELVOIR CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

HIS School, which is now in a more flourishing condition than it ever yet has been, is continued on the terms heretofore published, viz

BOARD AND TUITION IN THE RECTOR'S own family, \$125 per annum. Board may be had in other families at a rate, which will reduce the whole yearly expense to \$80 or \$90, according to the studies pursued. The year divided into two sessions of five months each. No charge made till after the pupil has foot and his right fore foot white up to his ancle, and a entered. After entrance no deduction for absence durstripe darker than the rest of his color runs from ing the session on account of tuition except in cases of the root of his tail towards his withers. He is about 16 long personal illness or expulsion from the school Where hands high. The above described horse was bought the pupil boards in the Rector's own family, no deduction is made for absence either on the score of board or tuition probably try to get back there. Any person taking up except for the same reasons. For further particulars, adsaid horse and returning him to the subscriber, living dress the undersigned, at Belvoir, near Lenoir, Caldwell THOS. S. W. MOTT. January 18, 1849. lam37

For Sale very Cheap.

BEAUTIFUL white hickory Buggies ; also, 2 ex cellent light family Rockaways, for 1 or 2 horses, and a fine well made carryall, all which, I will warrant 12 months. J. S. JOHNSTON. Dec. 18, 1849 33

INDEPENDENT AGENT

LL goods consigned to me (for shipment) will be forwarded by first vessel or steamer, without regard to lines, at as small commission as any house in the place. All orders promptly attended to.

WILLIAM BRANSON. Dec. 8, 1849-3m33 Wilmington, N. C.

George S. Cox.

GILCHRIST & COX, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

WILL regularly attend the various Courts of Butler, Lowndes, Autauga, Dallas, and Conecua counties, and the Supreme Court of the State.

They will attend to all business entrusted to their charge, with promptness, and will use every effort to

Particular attention will be given to the collection of

IF Office at Hayneville, Lowndes county, Alabama Nov. 4, 1849-31:1f-

TAKE NOTICE !

THE public is hereby notified against trading for A any notes drawn payable to me at the Salisbury Shop, and also, for a Due Bill given by H A. Mowbray, payable to A. B. Pace for Forty Dollars, cents not recollected, in a temporary settlement with the said A B. Pace, by H. A. Mowbray.

Also, all persons indebted to me by account, are hereby forewarned not to pay the same to Abner B. Pace, as he is no longer my agent. W. H. MOWBRAY Statesville, Dec. 19, 1849 3132

FEVER AND AGUE.

For this scourge of the western country these Medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subsect to a return of the disease-a cure by these medicines is permanent-TRY THEM, BE \$A-TISFIED, AND BECURED.

Bilious Fevers and Liver Complaints. General Debility, Loss of APPETITE, AND DISEASES OF FEMALES-these medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description :- King's Evil, and SCROFULA, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS OF all kinds, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, PAINTER'S Colic, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.

Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of MERCURY, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of

Mercury infinitely sooner than the most powerful

preparations of Samaparilla. A single trial will

place them beyond the reach of competition, in the

BE CAREFUL OF COUNTERFEITS.

Several have lately been discovered, and their

nefarious authors arrested, both in the city of New

Buy of no one who is not an AUTHORIDER

Prepared and sold by Dr. W. B. MOFFAT, 336

Boger & Maxwell,

Salisbury, N. C.

FOR SALE BY

\$15 REWARD.

satimation of every patient.

York and abroad.

Broadway, New-York.

AGENT.

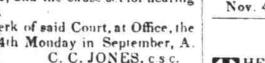
3m33

State of Dorth Carolina, James G. Gliehrist.

Willie Stanly.

Witness, C. C. Jones, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D., 1849. 3m36-Printers Fee \$10





claima

give entire satisfaction to their clients, and extend their

The following are the Officers of Fulton dge, No. 99, for the present year : Archikald H. Caldwell, W. M. Myer Myers, S, W. D. A. Davis, J. W. Wm, Overman, T. Obadiah Woodson, Sec'y. James H. Enniss, S. D. James R. McDonald, J. D. Henry A. Jacobs, Tyler. Rev. John H. Coffman, Chaplain.

not be rewarded in the fifth act, and he will not even be permitted to stab him-

Mr. Clay, the monumental grandeur of the Senate, will employ the influence of his magic name, and the eloquence which on other occasions quelled the storm of popular passions, to preserve the Union and bless his country. Mr. Clay has, on more than one occasion, stood aside to preserve his offspring, and what he has done for a mere party, he will do with a edia more genuine expression of kindly feelings thousand times more cheerfulness for the

HOMICIDE.

A Homicide was committed in this city. on Thursday night last, upon the person of George Fowler, by C. C. Scott. The matter, we understand, will undergo an investigation, today (Friday.)-Rul. Reg.

From Florida.-The steamship Fashion. which arrived at New Orleans on Friday week from Fort Brooke, reports that Gen. Twiggs was at that place on the 26th ultimo. The news current relative to the Indians furnished nothing from which any certain conclusion as route is such a bond, and one of the to their intentions could be drawn. The indi. strongest. cations, however, were regarded as favorable to their peaceable removal .- Nat. Intelligen. cer, Jan. S.

until information is received to the contrary. In doing this business, the Postmaster must be regarded as entirely the Agent of the publisher

and not of the Department. Very respectfully, &c.

FITZ HENRY WARREN. H. FULLER, Esq. Edt. of the Mirror, N. Y.

CHEAP POSTAGE.

In a well written article on this subject, the N. York Journal of Commerce says : We believe that the more the subject of cheap postage is considered, the more apparent will be its desirableness, and that the truest policy requires the lowest rate that may be practicable. The commercial, social, and civil interests of the country alike demand it.

In a land like this, cheap postage is essential to its civil welfare; and will be more and more so, in the progress of its settlement Westward from this ocean, and Eastward from the other. We talk of national roads and continuous iron thoroughfares, as strong bonds to hold the Union together. But every extended mail

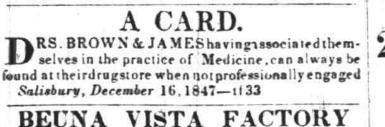
Canada to be abandoned by Great Britain .- The London Paited Service Gazette

It just received and for sale by M. BROWN & SON. Salisbury, Jan. 10, 1850-351f

NOTICE,

HAVING purchased from H. H. Helfer, in May last. WILL be hired on the first day of January, 1850 for there shares of the lands belonging to the Heirs Will for the term of twelve months, to the highest of Daniel Helfer, deceased. I will sell the same in bidder, at the late residence of David Correll, dec'd Mocksville, on the 26th February, being Tuesday of Court, to the highest bidder, for cash. The land lies on the waters of Bear Creek, in Davie county, adjoin- two men and three women. Also at the same time plication to me at this place any information will be given respecting the land.

THUS. BROWN. Mocksville, Davie co., Jan. 10, 1850-6:35



Cotton Yarns.

HE SUBSCRIBER has made arrangements with the Proprietors of the " Beuna Vista Factory," by which he is enabled to furnish their Cotton Yarns at the lowest market rates, either at WHOLESALE OF BETAIL. These Yarns need no recommendation as to their superiority with those who have used them. Those who have not, I would ask to give them a trial. E. MYERS. Salisbury, Dec. 6th, 1849. (31:tf)

WARRANTS

FOR SALE AT THISOFFICE

NOTICE.

FIVE LIKELY NEGROES.

ing the lands of Reynolds, Smoot and others. By ap- and place, will be rented for the same term of time the Grist and Saw Mills. Terms made known on that day. D. R. BRADSHAW, Ex'r.

Nov. 28, 1849-4w31

JUST RECEIVED,

200 Sacks Liverpool Salt, 43 boxes superior Cha 43 boxes superior Cheese, 4 barrels Train Oil. 1 " Sperin do. " Coach Varnish, 1 Tierce prime Rice. 40 boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes,

400 lbs. Putty, Rio Coffee, Sugar and Molasses, M. BROWN & SON

Dec. 6th, 1849.

Important to Mill Owners. CTCHKISS'S Vertical Water Wheels for sale in Eayetteville, by D. McNEILL & Co. And in Lincoln County by E. A. BREVARD. March-19, 1847- 1945

RANAWAY from our camp, on Satur-day morning, 10th instant, eight miles, below Charlotte, a mulatto negro fellow. named Bill, twenty or twenty-two years old. 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high. He was bought from Mr. Hilick of Rowan county, and will probably attempt to get to his old neighborhood. We will give 15 Dullars to have said fellow lodged in Concord Jail, or any other Jail, so that we get him. BOSI & WHITE. November 19, 1843-314 BOOTS AND SHOES. A LARGE assoriment of the finest Boots and Shoes for sale by J. H. ENNISS. August 9, 1843. 14 **Broad** Cloths and Cassimeres. LOT of fine Broad Cloths and Cassimeres on han 1

A which I will sell very low for cash or god! paperr