

MR. LAWRENCE IN ENGLAND.

The Hon. Abbott Lawrence, our Minister in London, attended the celebration of the 184th anniversary of the Scottish Hospital on St. Andrew's Day, and introduced himself to the British Public in a most favorable manner...

He referred to the plan as altogether wise and liberal, and creditable to the American people, since it was to be open on equal terms to all the world. The gallant chairman concluded by proposing the "Health of the President of the United States," and he hoped and trusted that peace and amity would subsist between the two nations till the end of the world.

Mr. Lawrence, the American Minister, returned thanks, and said he hardly knew how to express his feelings at that moment. He begged to assure the company that he felt, with deep sensibility, the honor that had just been conferred upon his country, not only in the sentiment which had been proposed, but also in the reception it had met with from the assembly.

He felt, in the midst of this ancient Scotch Society, that he was among his brethren. He was there as the representative of a country, many of whose people were of that company's blood and kin; he was there upon the soil which held the ashes of his ancestors.

"All that concerns the interests of the people of Maryland as an independent sovereignty, as well as all that affects her interest or her honor as a member of the Union, are objects of our special duty, and at no time in the history of our State or nation has the importance of calm wisdom and self-sacrificing patriotism on the part of those selected to guard the public liberty, and preserve the Union of the States, been more necessary than now."

Mr. Clay, the monumental grandeur of the Senate, will employ the influence of his magic name, and the eloquence which on other occasions quelled the storm of popular passions, to preserve the Union and bless his country.

The following are the Officers of Fulton Lodge, No. 99, for the present year: Archibald H. Caldwell, W. M. Myer, S. W. Davis, J. W. Wm. Overman, T. Olanah Woodson, Sec'y. James H. Ennis, S. D. D. James R. McDonald, J. D. Henry A. Jacobs, Tyler. Rev. John H. Coffman, Chaplain.

THE RAIL ROAD.

We understand that about seventy-six of the hundred men have been made up. Of these, 51 were obtained at the Greensborough Convention. The remaining 25 have been found, 4 in Wake, 1 in Randolph, and the balance in Davidson, Rowan, Cabarrus, at Mount Mourne, and in Davie. To Gov. Morehead, Graves, Gilmer, and Thomas, belongs the honor of running up the list in this part of the State.

The Plank Road.—That part of this Road between Little River and Carthage, about 25 miles, has been surveyed since the 20th December; and it is expected will be soon put under contract.

Reception of the British Minister.—Sir Henry Lytton Bulwer was presented to the President, by the Secretary of State, on Monday, the 24th instant, at 2 P. M., as the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Great Britain.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE, Jan. 14, 1850. Messrs. Bruner & James—Sirs: Having elected our Officers for the ensuing quarter, I herewith send you a list of those that have been elected Officers in Davidson Division, No. 66.

C. C. Shive, W. P. T. A. Wilson, W. A. J. Rumble, R. S. Joseph Patterson, A. R. S. T. W. Sparrow, F. S. S. M. Withers, T. R. L. Beall, C. R. C. McCallum, A. C. R. H. Gray, I. S. D. Patterson, O. S.

R. L. B.

MARYLAND AND THE UNION.

The following passages from the address of Hon. Wm. L. Gaither, on taking the Chair as Speaker of the Senate of the State of Maryland, express the sentiment of devotion to the Union of the States which is very generally entertained by the People of that State:

"X." The Washington Correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, writes as follows: "WASHINGTON, Jan. 3, 1850. Fate of the Wilmot Proviso—Conservatism of the Senate—Mr. Benton—Patriotism of Mr. Clay."

A Homicide was committed in this city, on Thursday night last, upon the person of George Fowler, by C. C. Scott. The matter, we understand, will undergo an investigation, today (Friday).—Ral. Reg.

From Florida.—The steamship Fashion, which arrived at New Orleans on Friday week from Fort Brooke, reports that Gen. Twiggs was at that place on the 26th ultimo. The news current relative to the Indians furnished nothing from which any certain conclusion as to their intentions could be drawn.

THE REVENUE—NEW REGULATIONS IMPENDING.

The cost of collecting the revenue, under Mr. Walker, was \$2,100,000 (two millions one hundred thousand dollars)—but on the 3d of March last, on the eve of the adjournment of Congress, an act was passed allowing but \$1,500,000 for the cost of collection. Since that expenditure of 2,100,000, California has been added to the United States—Oregon bro't within our jurisdiction—and the lower Rio Grande has been brought within the dominion of the Custom houses. It is, therefore, impossible now to collect the revenue even for \$2,100,000—but the law is imperative—and it must be done for \$1,500,000.

To meet such a crisis, the Secretary of the Treasury has applied to Congress for instant action—but in the holidays of Congress nothing is done, and the Secretary in distress, to prepare for the law, prepares instructions for the Collectors, and others, which must throw upon the merchants a very large portion of the expenses of the revenue, certainly to the amount of \$7,000,000.

All warehousing expenses will have to be paid by them; all costs of appraisements, and of re-appraisements; all weighing and gaging—in short, about every thing, save the salaries of the officers of the customs. New York in particular will be startled by the new regulations which it will be indispensable for the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Customs to order.

It is in the power, and it is the duty of Congress to remedy all this immediately—but it is very doubtful whether Loco-focoism will not rather rejoice over, and chuckle in, the mischief it has done, than remedy it.

CONGRESS.

We see no use in cumbering our columns with the minute and dry details of the Congressional proceedings of the past week, as we had but little of interest in them. After having passed the Holy days, however, Congress may now be considered fairly under way.

On Thursday last, Mr. Aitchison presented memorial of the Legislature of Missouri against the Wilmot Proviso; and declaring that the conduct of the North had released the South from obligation to respect the Compromise of 1820, but proposing for the sake of peace, to extend the compromise to the newly extended territory; also instructing the Senators in Congress from Missouri to carry out those views.

Mr. Benton opposed the motion to print, declaring that the resolutions did not represent the sentiments of the people of the State—who were a law-abiding people. They had no right to pledge the State to go out of the Union, in a certain event. He would not discuss the resolution, but declared that the Assembly had made a mistake. Remedies were provided by the constitution for all grievances of the people. The remedies were by law, and were intended to prevent a resort to the sword.

Mr. Aitchison said the resolution did express the sentiments of the people of Missouri, and they would manifest it whenever the occasion should arise.

On Friday, Gen. Cass' resolution, instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of suspending diplomatic intercourse with Austria, was called up, and that gentleman addressed the Senate with some eloquence, and at considerable length, upon its merits. Mr. Foote also addressed the Senate upon the same subject, and Mr. Hale expressing a desire to speak, it was postponed until Monday.

A message was received from the President, on Friday, recommending an appropriation in aid of those who are endeavoring to discover Sir John Franklin.—Ral. Register.

FRANKING NEWSPAPER SUBSCRIPTIONS. The N. Y. Mirror publishes the following letter from the Assistant Postmaster General; from which it will be seen that postmasters in the country may properly frank letters containing remittance to editors.

Post Office Department, Appointment Office, Dec. 31, 1849. Sir:—The Postmaster General, after careful consideration of the question as to the right of Postmasters that have the privilege of franking, to frank letters to publishers of newspapers covering money for subscriptions or the names of subscribers, has decided, that when the Postmaster is agent for the publisher, he has the power to frank such letters, and his Agency will be presumed from the fact that he franks them.

In a well written article on this subject, the N. Y. Journal of Commerce says: "We believe that the more the subject of cheap postage is considered, the more apparent will be its desirableness, and that the truest policy requires the lowest rate that may be practicable. The commercial, social, and civil interests of the country alike demand it."

In a land like this, cheap postage is essential to its civil welfare; and will be more and more so, in the progress of its settlement Westward from this ocean, and Eastward from the other. We talk of national roads and continuous iron thoroughfares, as strong bonds to hold the Union together. But every extended mail route is such a bond, and one of the strongest.

has reasons for 'boldly announcing that the question of abandoning Canada, as a British colony, has been the most absorbing topic (with the Cabinet) and we learn from authority in which we are apt to place firm reliance, that it has been all but determined to give up Canada, as a dependency of the British Crown."

DEPARTED. In this county, on the 5th instant, by the Rev. Stephen Frantz, Mr. G. W. PINKSTON, of Tennessee, to Miss ELIZABETH W. BLACKWELL, daughter of Mr. Joseph Blackwell of this county.

BORN. Jan. 5.—A daughter to Dr. Pendleton, Davidson Co. Jan. 5.—A daughter to Jesse Howard, Town.

DIED. In this county on Saturday morning last, Mr. JACOB WALTON, aged about 60 years. The deceased was a worthy man and good citizen, and has left a large family.

PENMANSHIP. THE undersigned proposes to teach a Class in Penmanship in this Town, provided a sufficient number of pupils can be obtained. His terms are \$3 for 20 lessons—two lessons each day.

THE undersigned would avail himself of this method to express his thanks to those citizens of Anson for the kind patronage they have extended to him heretofore, and hopes to be able soon to visit them again, and his friends in South Carolina, when he shall be pleased to serve them in the line of his profession, as teacher of Penmanship. H. J. HARRIS. 3136

PENMANSHIP. Dr. Harris having taught a Class at this place in the science of Penmanship, we take great pleasure in stating that the improvement of his pupils, and the entire satisfaction he has given, together with his gentlemanly manner and correct deportment, entitle him to the most favorable consideration of all those who wish to become accomplished in the beautiful science which he is so well qualified to teach.

L. BLACKMER, J. M. WORTH, J. M. COFFIN, M. L. HOLMES, A. M. NESBITT, J. A. WORTH, G. COFFIN, Gold Hill, Dec. 17, 1849.

STRAYED. FROM the subscriber on the 5th inst., a bay horse, 5 years old next Spring, with a narrow streak in his face, broader at the top and runs to his nose very narrow, left hind foot and his right fore foot white up to his ankle, and a stripe darker than the rest of his color runs from the root of his tail towards his withers. He is about 16 hands high. The above described horse was bought from Alfred Sheldon, of Henry County, Va., and will probably try to get back there. Any person taking up said horse and returning him to the subscriber, living 12 miles south-east of Salisbury, or giving any information so that I can get him shall be handsomely rewarded. AUGUSTUS GREIBER. Jan. 17, 1850. 2336

DR. SUMMERELL. OFFERS his Professional services to the citizens of Salisbury and the surrounding country. He will always be found at his office, in Shaver's Hotel, between the Drug Store of Drs. Brown & James and Buis' Confectionery, or at his residence. True objects of charity punctually attended to as usual. August 2, 1839.

TO HIRE. UNTIL the 25th day of December, 1850, four NEGRO WOMEN, good House servants or nurses. SALISBURY, Jan. 15, 1850. JOHN B. LORD. 4136

State of North Carolina, CALDWELL COUNTY. Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1849. Emelia Stanley Petitioner for Divorce. Willie Stanley Defendant.

On affidavit of the Plaintiff, it appearing to the Court that the defendant, Willie Stanley, is not an inhabitant of this State. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register and Carolina Watchman, for three months, for the defendant to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Caldwell, at the Court House in Lenoir, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, A. D. 1849. C. C. JONES, c. s. 3m36—Printers Fee \$10

4 bbls TANNERS' OIL, just received and for sale by M. BROWN & SON. Salisbury, Jan. 10, 1850—35f

4 bbls NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, just received and for sale by M. BROWN & SON. Salisbury, Jan. 10, 1850—35f

NOTICE. HAVING purchased from H. H. Heller, in May last, three shares of the lands belonging to the Heirs of Daniel Heller, deceased. I will sell the same in Mocksville, on the 26th February, being Tuesday after the 4th Monday in March next, and there to appear the waters of Bear Creek, in Davie county, adjoining the lands of Reynolds, Smoot and others. By application to me at this place any information will be given respecting the land. TH. S. BROWN. Mocksville, Davie co., Jan. 10, 1850—6135

A CARD. DRS. BROWN & JAMES having associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, can always be found at their drug store when not professionally engaged. Salisbury, December 16, 1847—1133

BEUNA VISTA FACTORY Cotton Yarns. THE SUBSCRIBER has made arrangements with the Proprietors of the "Beuna Vista Factory," by which he is enabled to furnish their Cotton Yarns at the lowest market rates, either at WHOLESALE or RETAIL. These Yarns are of the best quality, and are well adapted for all those who give them use. Those who have not, I would ask to give them a trial. E. MYERS. Salisbury, Dec. 6th, 1849. (31)f

1850. CLOTHING. At Reduced Prices. IN order to reduce my stock of CLOTHING as much as possible before Spring, I am determined to offer greater inducements than have ever before been offered in this Market. My stock consists of—

Beaver and Broadcloth OVERCOATS. Black Frock and Dress COATS. Broadcloth and Tweed SACKS. Silk and Fancy Cassimere PANTS. Satin, Cashmere, and Velveteen VESTS. Persons desirous of purchasing would do well to give me a call before doing so. E. MYERS. Jan. 3d, 1850. (34)f

Negroes to Hire. THE subscriber has eight or ten negroes to hire until the first of January next. Among them is a first-rate Hotel servant, and a Blacksmith. Persons wishing to hire, will please call. A. HENDERSON. Jan. 3d, 1850. (34-2)

State of North Carolina, IREDELL COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1849. PETITION FOR SALE OF REAL ESTATE. Fergus Stevenson, admr. of James McLelland,

John M. McLelland, John L. Lafferty, Harry Cameron and wife Amanda, McCamy Largent and wife Eliza, William S. Stevenson, John L. Stevenson, Mary E. Stevenson, Rufus Sloan, Mary L. Sloan, Adelaide Sloan and Mary Ann Lafferty and others. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants James M. McLelland, John L. Lafferty, Harry Cameron and wife Amanda, McCamy Largent and wife Eliza, William S. Stevenson, John L. Stevenson, Mary E. Stevenson, Rufus Sloan, Mary L. Sloan, Adelaide Sloan, and Mary Ann Lafferty, are non-residents of this State.

State of North Carolina, DAVIE COUNTY. Paul Moody, et al. In Equity. Martha Ann Newell. Bill to foreclose Mortgage.

Affidavit having been made before me, and filed in office, that the defendant, Martha Ann Newell, is not an inhabitant of this State: Notice is therefore, hereby given to the said defendant, Martha, to be and appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Davie, at the Court House in Mocksville, on the 4th Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur to the plaintiff's bill of complaint, or the same will be taken as pro confesso, and the cause set for hearing ex parte.

BELVOIR CLASSICAL SCHOOL. This School, which is now in a more flourishing condition than it ever yet has been, is continued on the terms heretofore published, viz: BOARD AND TUITION IN THE RECTOR'S own family, \$125 per annum. Board may be had in other families at a rate which will reduce the whole yearly expense to \$80 or \$90, according to the studies pursued.

For Sale very Cheap. 7 BEAUTIFUL white hickory Buggies; also 2 excellent light family Rockaways, for 1 or 2 horses, and a fine well made carriage, all which I will warrant 12 months. J. S. HUNTINGTON. Dec. 18, 1849. 33

INDEPENDENT AGENT. ALL goods consigned to me (for shipment) will be forwarded by first vessel or steamer, without regard to lines, at as small commission as any house in the place. All orders promptly attended to. Dec. 8, 1849—3m33 WILIAM BRANSON. Wilmington, N. C.

GILCHRIST & COX, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY. WILL regularly attend the various Courts of Butler, Lowndes, Autauga, Dallas, and Concho counties, and the Supreme Court of the State.

TAKE NOTICE! THE public is hereby notified against trading for any notes drawn payable to me at the Salisbury Shop, and also, for a Due Bill given by H. A. Mowbray, payable to A. B. Pace for Forty Dollars, cents not recollected, in a promissory settlement with the said A. B. Pace, by H. A. Mowbray.

NOTICE. WILL be hired on the first day of January, 1850 for the term of twelve months, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of David Correll, dec'd., FIVE LIKELY NEGROES. two men and three women. Also at the same time and place, will be rented for the same term of time the Grist and Saw Mills. Terms made known at that day. D. R. BRADSHAW, Exr. Nov. 28, 1849—4w31

JUST RECEIVED, 200 Sacks Liverpool Salt, 43 boxes superior Cheese, 4 barrels Train Oil, 1 " Sperin do, 1 " Cosh Train Oil, 1 Tierce prime Rice, 40 boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes, 400 lbs Paraffin, Rio Coffee, Sugar and Molasses. M. BROWN & SON. Dec. 6th, 1849.

Important to Mill Owners. HITCHKISS'S Vertical Water Wheels for sale in Fayetteville, by D. McNEILL & Co. And in Lincoln County by E. A. BREVARD. March 10, 1847—413

FOR SALE BY Boger & Maxwell, Salisbury, N. C. S15 REWARD. RAN AWAY from our camp, on Saturday morning, 10th instant, eight miles below Charlotte, a mulatto negro fellow, named Bill, twenty or twenty-two years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high. He was bought from Mr. Hlick of Rowan county, and will probably attempt to go to his old neighborhood. We will give 15 Dollars to any person who will give information in Concord Jail, or any other Jail, so that we will get him, BOST & WHITFIELD. November 18, 1849—31w

MOFFATT'S Life Pills and Phenis Bitters. These Medicines have now before the public for a period of FIFTEEN YEARS, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

IN MANY THOUSANDS of certified instances, they have ever secured cures from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, under which life itself is but a continual blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy been, and so universally proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were acquainted with the beautiful philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently rest, the healthful and manifold and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and ending them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their names.

UNlike the host of perniciious quackeries which boast of vegetable ingredients, the LIFE MEDICINES are purely and solely vegetable; and contain neither Mercury, nor Antimony, nor Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are purely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretensions to medical science, and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

THE first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and crudities constantly settling round them; and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and in very part collected masses behind to produce habitual Constipation, with all its train of evils, or sudden Diarrhea, with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular students of medicine, and is human bowels after death; and hence, the evidence of these well informed men, against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder; and, by this means, the liver and lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and lungs, before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, is conveyed freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

THE following are among the distressing varieties of acute disease to which the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are well known to be applicable: DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; FLATULENCY, Loosening, Acidity, Headache, Restlessness, Irritability, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

CONSTIPATION, by cleaning the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence: all violent purges leave the bowels coated with two days. Diarrhoea and Cholera, by removing the stercoraceous fluids by which the complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrane.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others. The LIFE MEDICINES permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

Dropical of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found to possess certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also Worms, by dissolving from the tunings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere. Asthma, Consumption, by relieving the air-vessels of the lungs from the mucus which even slight colds will occasion, and which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces these dreadful diseases.

Scorbutic Eruptions and Bad Complexions, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the most skin eruptions, such as eruptions eruptive, scaly, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the appearance of the skin; COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two even in the worst cases.

PILES. As a remedy for this most distressing and chronic malady, the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are decidedly the most successful recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the former proprietor of these valuable Medicines was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of thirty years; and that he tried in vain every method prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He however at length tried the Medicine which is now offered to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only impossible, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

FEVER AND AGUE. For the scourge of the western country these Medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system unrefreshed to a return of the disease—a cure by these Medicines is permanent—TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

Billious Fevers and Liver Complaints. General Debility, Loss of Appetite, and Dropsy, &c. In all these cases, these Medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description—King's Evil, and SCROFULA, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NEURALGIC COMPLAINTS of all kinds, FLETTORUM OF THE HEART, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES. Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury, and to restore the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla. A single dose will place them beyond the reach of competition, in the estimation of every patient.

BE CAREFUL OF COUNTERFEITS. Several have lately been discovered, and their nefarious authors arrested, both in the city of New York and abroad. Buy of no one who is not an AUTHORISED AGENT. Prepared and sold by Dr. W. B. MOFFATT, 336 Broadway, New-York. FOR SALE BY Boger & Maxwell, Salisbury, N. C. A LARGE assortment of the finest Boots and Shoes for sale by J. H. ENNIS. August 9, 1849. 14