

There is a far more than a shadow that
speaks.
There is something that cannot be told,
There are words that can only be read in the shadows,
And thoughts that the eyes can unfold.
There is a look so expressive, so kind,
So conscious, so quick to impart,
Though dumb, in an instant it speaks out the mind,
And strikes in an instant the heart.
This eloquent silence, this converse of soul,
In vain we attempt to suppress,
More prompt it appears from the wish to control,
More apt the fond truth to express.
And oh, the delights in the features that shine—
The raptures the bloom that meet,
When, blest with each other, this converse divine,
Is mutually spoken and felt.

From the Illustrated Family Friend.

THE GREEK'S RESCUE;

OR,
The Dungeon of Naples.

A TALE OF ITALIAN PERSECUTION.

I happened to be residing at Naples during the reaction and persecutions which succeeded the return of Ferdinand after the revolutionary crisis of 1796. Many of the victims were denounced by the priests as much for their suspected heresy as their treasonable practice. Father Don Alvarez was particularly active in this "pious work." He was a younger member of a Castilian house, and had been bred in the strictest discipline of the Jesuits. He had spent his life in penances and intrigues, the former, I presume, to give him keener relish for the latter, and the latter to compensate for the tedium of the former. At the time I knew him, he was past the middle age; his features were already wrinkled with years, but marked by that haughty and cruel expression so apt to be produced by the indulgence of arbitrary power. He had come to Naples with high recommendations to the court, to assist in purging the city of the disaffected. His diligence in this pursuit was truly beyond all parallel. I am yet unable to conceive by what process he became so minutely conversant with the previous history of such an immense number of persons in so short a time. His information was never at fault, and his measures very rarely thwarted by miscalculation either in design or execution. As soon as he had made himself master of a suspected person, he did not at once act upon his evidence to bring about an instant infliction of punishment, but used to give the prisoner the benefit of a dogmatical exposition of what he called "the salvation of the holy church." It was the desired effect, after a little longer confinement, the captive was liberated on his good behavior. But if the heretic persevered in his rejection of the prescribed process, he was forthwith handed over to the headman.

The society in which I moved made me acquainted with Father Don Alvarez. I was then young and fond of adventure, and very naturally conceived a strong desire of visiting, with him, some of the unfortunates whom the police were constantly arresting by his orders. By practising some courteous assiduousness, as well as a little flattery, I ingratiated myself with him, and obtained permission to accompany him on his daily visits to the prison.

After visiting one or two cells, in which we found inmates quite willing to believe anything and everything which my guide thought proper to propound, we entered a narrow dismal hole surrounded by walls down which the damp trickled almost in a stream, and with the floor composed of granite of uneven surface and sharp edges. The torch carried by our attendant discovered a bundle of straw in the corner furthest from the door, and resting upon it a young girl. Don Alvarez motioned the jailer to withdraw. The creaking of the hinges disturbed the prisoner. She started from her recumbent posture, but her eyes had been too long accustomed to darkness to endure the glare of the torchlight. She arranged her disordered hair and clothing as fast and completely as she could, and when at length she ventured to scrutinize her visitors; I marked the deep crimson that suffused her face and neck.

I had been accustomed to behold the exceeding beauty of the women of Spain and Italy, but when I saw this unfortunate captive, I felt at once that I had never met with any one whose loveliness was so perfect. When I say that she was a Greek and bore in every lineament the impress of her clime and nation, I need not attempt a description.

Don Alvarez had told me, previous to entering the cell, that it contained a heretic who had been some time under confinement, and appeared resolved to reject every chance of "salvation." "This," he added, "is the last opportunity of repentance I shall give her."

These words still echoed in my ears as I contemplated the stern front of the Jesuit, and the passive innocence of the Greek maiden. "Perverse child!" commenced Don Alvarez; "I have once more come to offer thee liberty, and the favor of the Virgin, if thou wilt embrace the holy faith."

Adela—so the jailer had whispered me she was called—had now sat down on her coarse bed, and with her hands folded on her bosom, seemed prepared for any calamity which might await her. She returned no answer to the priest's overtures.

"What!" continued he: "dost thou treat with contempt the servant of the church? Mark me, perverse infidel. Thy fate is in thy own hands. Thy death, I swear by all the blessed saints, shall be the penalty if thou persistest in thy unbelief; but if thou wilt listen to the truth, not a hair on thy head shall be injured. How sayest thou? Canst thou endure death; or wilt thou live?"

"I am heedless of my fate," replied Adela, in a tone of melancholy which pierced my heart. "Still, not heedless," she added, with animation, "so long as I know not the fate of Conrad. Tell me, priest, I conjure thee, is he in thy power?"

"Why is the fate of that young man so dear to thee," replied Don Alvarez, "that it is preferred to thine own salvation?"

Adela met the look of the Jesuit with a calm and penetrating glance.

"Thou mayest be learned in thy faith," she said, "but thou art a novice here—laying her hand upon her heart—if thou knowest not that a woman's love, in doting upon the object, forgets all other interests."

"Then is it sinful, and deserves perdition," replied the priest.

"Then it is impossible that I can be saved," quietly rejoined the young Greek.

"Insolent heretic!" replied my companion: "I will for the last time inquire, dost thou refuse the mercy of the church?"

"Do I refuse the mercy of the church?" said Adela. "Why, wretch, dost thou call these bolts and bars, this dungeon, this darkness, my long imprisonment, my wasted health, my tortured mind, my almost broken heart—dost thou call these, mercy? I know not what is meant by the church, and I care not: I despise and reject both it and thee. You dragged me hither because I worshipped according to the customs of my fathers and my nation; and you would have dragged hither also another being for the same offence—one who was too noble, too generous, all too worthy to commit the smallest wrong. But he has escaped—thank Heaven, he has escaped. Oh, Conrad!" she exclaimed, clasping her hands; "who shall love thee when Adela is gone?" For a short time she convulsed her beautiful form; she soon recovered, and then added, with an emphasis I shall never forget, "I do reject thee, thy mercy, and thy church; I cannot believe that truth is allied with cruelty, or that Heaven has given you authority to destroy its own creatures. I know not who is your God, but I feel that the great and good Intelligence who rules the world will not punish me for serving him as I have been taught, for believing as my simple reason dictates, and, above all, for rejecting your creed, so full of cruelty, bloodshed, and oppression. Leave me now; in an hour I will be ready to do your bidding."

"Enough!" said Don Alvarez sternly, and moved toward the door. I took advantage of his position to whisper to Adela. "Do not hope too much, but I will be your friend." Her large dark eyes spoke a gratitude which I am confident I shall never again receive from any human being.

The jailer fastened the heavy door, and I followed Don Alvarez, who was hastening from the building. When I overtook him, I inquired his resolution as to the fate of his young Greek. "She dies to-morrow, at noon," was the laconic reply.

It was then near evening. He was at first very unwilling to answer any question concerning her, but, by dint of close application, I extracted as much intelligence as put me on a track by which I at length discovered Conrad. I have not ability to describe that gallant youth. There was the genuine Attic stamp on his character and frame. He entered eagerly into my plan of rescue; it was sufficiently perilous, but that to him was a recommendation rather than otherwise. The design was to bribe the jailer to connive at our admission to Adela's cell, and then to bring her away with us, and light a passage through all opposition. A friendly fisherman engaged to await us in the bay with his skiff, at a point from which, fortunately, the prison was not far distant. With some difficulty I obtained an interview with the jailer, and for one hundred piasters received his promise to admit us.

He was as good as his word. We found Adela in a calm slumber. Perhaps she dreamed of Conrad, for the moment he stepped toward the couch, she sprang into his arms with out a moment's doubt that it was any one but him. She willingly resigned herself to our direction. When we had emerged from the cell, we gained the outer gate before it was discovered that we had with us the condemned captive. The first and second assailants were laid at Conrad's feet by stabs from his rapier. We were now in the street, fleeing for our lives—Conrad first, with Adela on his left arm. I defended the retreat. The fate of two men had a salutary effect in checking the temerity of their companions. After some hard blows had been given and received, we gained the beach. The fishermen placed Adela in the boat, while I and Conrad stood at bay and repulsed our pursuers. I think another life was sacrificed in the scuffle. The case was now desperate, for the number of our enemies increased every moment. We threw ourselves into the boat, and the first stroke shot us into deep water. A volley of musket balls whizzed over our heads without doing us any damage. The night was dark, and we were rowing with our utmost strength, two things which every moment diminished our danger. I cannot tell why no attempt at a chase was made, but so it happened that all our obstacles were at an end when we left the shore.

Before daybreak, we reached a contrahante dista in the offing; and when the sun shone in full lustre on the city of Naples, we were many leagues distant down the Mediterranean.

My part of the adventure of course ended me from the Neapolitan metropolis for a time. As the excitement of the crisis died away, Father Don Alvarez found more difficulty in procuring victims. His zeal could not be satisfied with a solitary delinquent or two; so he retired to Rome in a pique at the aversion of the Neapolitans to undergo martyrdom. When he was gone, I had less difficulty in negotiating an indemnity. I was attached to the locality, or I should not have troubled myself to return. But now I regard Naples as the scene of the action which, of all others of my life, I have most occasion to look back upon with pleasure.

THE DEATH OF INFANTS.—Those who never lost a child, are unable to understand how great a void the death of a little one can make. There is, we think, nothing on earth that can cast so long and wide and black a shadow as a small coffin. It is emphatically the shadow of death which freezes the parent's heart.

Small as is an infant's tomb, it sometimes is capacious enough to hold all the brightest hopes and dearest joys of a whole family circle. The little child is often the bright focus where all the rays of gladness in a household centre, and from which they are reflected again over happy hearts; and when this central light is eclipsed great darkness falls upon all.

How many there must be in heaven, gathered up from all climes, even from heathen shores, who have died so young as to retain no memory of earth, and to whom that world of glory seems as their native land; whose souls were washed and regenerated so early, that no stain of this world was ever visible upon them.

Whatever world of sin there may have been, has healed without a scar; their every thought has been moulded by the society and scenery of heaven, and they stand continually before the face of the Father. In how large a sense we may say, "of such is the Kingdom of Heaven!"

Capt. Cornelius Vanderbilt, of New York, has sold out his entire right in the Pacific line of steamers. He received one million two hundred thousand dollars in cash for it.

M. BROWN & SON.

Are now receiving their Fall and Winter

GOODS,

Comprising a large assortment of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Hardware and Cutlery,
Hats, Bonnets, Caps, and Shoes,
Sugars, Coffee, Tea, Cheese, Molasses, &c.,
Tins, Iron, 14 in., 14 in., 14 in. and 2 inch,
Band, round, square and horse shoe Iron & Steel,
Delph, China, and Glass Ware,
Window Glass, assorted sizes,
Blasting and Rifle Powder, and Safety Fuse,
together with a great variety of other Goods, which
in addition to their former stock, will compare with
any in this market; and will be sold on terms for cash
or on time at equally as low prices. We invite our
customers and the public to give us a call.
Salisbury, Nov. 1, 1852. 27d

NO. 68, FOREVER.
THE subscriber has just received a splendid assortment of **Cloths, Cassimeres, & Vestings**, of every hue and color, which cannot be obtained elsewhere. J. A. WEIRMAN, Tailor, No. 68, Cowan's Brick Row, Salisbury, N. C. Dec. 2, 1852. 2m30

R. M. ORRELL,
Forwarding and Commission Merchant,
Fayetteville, N. C.
January 30, 1851. 1c38

Just received a fresh supply of
TOMB STONES.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Salisbury and the surrounding country, that he has opened a **Marble Establishment** in Salisbury, which may be found at his residence, on Market street, where he is prepared to furnish Grave Stones of Marble Slabs—fancy upright stone on pedestals, tombs, monuments, &c., at a very small profit. Engraving done neatly at Northern prices. Having made the necessary arrangement, the subscriber can, at a short notice, fill any order from five dollars to \$500. No pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Old Tomb Stones restored to their primitive whiteness.
GEORGE VOGEL,
Salisbury, Nov. 23, 1852.

Encourage Home Industry
BY PATRONIZING
THE MACHINE SHOP AND FOUNDRY,
Of Stafford, Clark & Dixon.

MANUFACTURERS of all sizes of Horse Powers and Threshing Machines, (both portable and stationary.) Straw-Cutters of various patterns, Wheat Fans, Mill and Factory Gear, Saw and Grind Mill Irons, Birk Mills, Wool Carding Machines, Edge Tools, &c., &c.
Address, Snow Camp, Alamance county, N. C. October 28, 1852. 13wpd36

VILLAGE HOTEL.
Statesville, N. C.

THE Subscriber having purchased this Establishment, which is pleasantly situated immediately on the Northwest corner of the public square, and has attached to it a number of convenient offices for the accommodation of legal gentlemen and others, will give his undivided attention to the interests of the House, and spare no pains to render comfortable all who may favor him with a call. The house has undergone some repairs, which adds to the comfort of families. The servants shall be faithful and honest. Drivers may find good food and plenty of grain at reasonable prices. Call and give me a trial. Thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of the same.
W. B. GRANT,
Statesville, May 13, 1852. 1yp2

CATAWBA SPRINGS

HOTEL.
V. STIREWALT,

HAVING purchased this beautiful Summer retreat takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public, in general, that he is making every necessary improvement for the convenience and comfort of those who may repair to those Valuable Springs in search of pleasure or health.

Arrangements are in progress, and, if practicable the water will soon be brought into the house by hydraulic machinery; convenient bathing houses are being erected; lodging rooms are being renovated and furnished with all that will contribute to the enjoyment of the occupants; and the spacious premises are being ornamented in various ways. In short, the proprietor is determined to render the Catawba Springs a place of real enjoyment, to those who may patronize him; and he assures the public that every possible effort shall be made to secure the favor of those who call upon him.

Travellers who stop at Catawba Springs, will find the very best of entertainment; and to all, the charges will be as low as the provision markets will allow.
Catawba Springs, March 3, 1852. if5

LEATHER BANDS.

THE subscriber has put up machinery for stretching, cementing and riveting bands with copper rivets. The bands are stretched with powerful machines, made expressly for that purpose, and the difficulty of bands stretching and ripping under the common way of making them, is entirely removed by this process. Bands made in this way will hold their width evenly, run true, and have a uniform bearing on the drum or pulley, and will give from 15 to 30 per cent. more power than those made in the ordinary way. They are made out of the best selected oak tanned Spanish Leather, and no pains will be spared to make them equal to the best Northern bands, and will be sold as low as they can be brought in New-York. Bands will be kept for sale by J. G. Cairns, at the Salisbury Factory.

CHAS. M. LINES,
Hunt's Store P. O., Guilford co., N. C.
July 8, 1852. p4y10

Plank Road Notice.
A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Salisbury and Taylorsville Plank Road Company will be held in the Court House at Salisbury, on Wednesday the 9th of February next. By order of the Board of Directors.
L. BLACKMER, President.
Salisbury, Jan. 1, 1853. 5w35

\$100 REWARD.

RANAWAY during the month of September last, from the plantation of the late Mrs. Martha Cunningham, in Lancaster District, South Carolina, a negro man named **JIM**, said negro about 40 years of age, a mulatto, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, stoop-shouldered, and looks down when spoken to. As suspicion rests upon him as being implicated in the murder of Mrs. Cunningham, he has no doubt absconded from fear of the consequences. I will pay the above reward, if delivered at any jail so that I can get him.
HUGH SUMMERSVILLE,
Admin'r. estate of late Mrs. Cunningham,
ec. 29, 1852. 6w34

THE application of the Plaster between the shoulders has been found a certain remedy for Colds, Coughs, Phthisis, and Affections of the Lungs in their primary stages. It destroys inflammation by prescription. The following commendation is from an agent residing at Trenton, Tennessee:
Trenton, Gibson Co. Tenn., Nov. 1, 1852.

Messrs. SCOTT & MEAD—Gentlemen: The Hebrew Plaster is becoming popular in this section. There is a lady in this county who says she would not be without this Plaster for five hundred dollars a year. She was afflicted for some time with an enlargement of the spleen, which gave her a great deal of pain. The swelling and pain had extended up nearly to the armpit, and occasionally she could scarcely breathe. She was confined for a considerable time, during which she was attended by some of our best physicians, but they gave her no relief. She procured a box of the Hebrew Plaster, and it relieved her almost immediately, and soon she keeps a supply of it on hand constantly. These facts you are at liberty to use as you think proper—they are substantially true.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
JESSE J. WELLS.
Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations! CAUTION.—The subscribers are the only general agents in the Southern States for the sale of this truly valuable Plaster; and, in order to prevent purchasers being imposed on by a counterfeit article, sold in this city and elsewhere, for the genuine, they invite particular attention to the following marks of the genuine:

1. The genuine is put up in smooth, engine-turned bottom boxes, soldered in.
2. The genuine has the engraved head of Jew David on the direction around the box, with accompanying record of count to E. T. Taylor, New-York.

ALSO TAKE NOTICE.
That the genuine has the signature of E. TAYLOR on the steel plate engraved label, on the top of each box—to imitate which, will be prosecuted as forgery. The Counterfeit is commonly put up, in imitation of the old labels, and sold by several dealers in medicine, in this city for the genuine article.
BEWARE OF IT—IT IS WORTHLESS.
SCOTT & MEAD,
113 Chartres st., N. Orleans.

Only Agents for the Southern States, to whom orders and applications for agencies must invariably be addressed.
THE Genuine is for sale only by the following authorized agents in North Carolina:
Salisbury, W. Murphy & Co.; Concord, Murphy & Black; Charlotte, Edward Hill; Statesville, Morrison, Carlton & Co.; Newton, G. B. Gaither & Co.; Lincolnton, B. S. Johnston; Shelby, A. R. Homesley; Dallas, C. J. Fronberger; Rutherfordton, J. W. Calloway; Hendersonville, D. B. & A. Miller; Asheville, Smith & McDowell.
Sept. 16, 1852. 4m30

Embroidered Cambric Handkerchiefs.
October 14, 1852.

E. MYERS, have just received a lot of Embroidered Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, which he is selling off rapidly at 62 1/2 cents.
E. MYERS, Red Flag.

S. R. FORD, WILMINGTON, N. C.
DEALER IN MARBLE MONUMENTS; HEAD AND FOOT STONES; PAINT STONES; IMPOSING DOGS, and in short, any article called for by either
Italian, Egyptian or American Marble:
and work warranted to please or no sale; and if damaged before delivery, it is at his expense.
Orders for any of the above enumerated articles left with the Editors of the Watchman, will be attended to with dispatch.
Nov. 9, 1849—291f

GREENSBOROUGH

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE cost of Insurance on the mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock company. This company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently make the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country.

The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:
JAMES SLON, President.
S. G. COFFIN, Vice President.
C. P. MENDENHALL, Attorney.
PETER ADAMS, Secretary and Treasurer.
WILLIAM H. CUMMING, General Agent.

DIRECTORS.
James Sloan, J. A. Mcbane, C. P. Mendenhall, W. S. Rankin, R. C. F. Garrett, J. M. Deems, Dr. D. P. Weir, W. J. McConnell, of Greensboro; Dr. S. G. Coffin, J. W. Field, Jamestown; F. Elliott, Guilford; W. A. Wright, Wilmington; Dr. C. Watkins, Carolina Female College; John L. Silver, Salisbury; Jno. H. Cook, Fayetteville; E. F. Lilly, Anderson; J. J. Buggs, Raleigh; Henry Springs, Charlotte; J. J. Jackson, Petersburg; L. B. Elliot, Cedar Falls.

PETER ADAMS, Secretary.
Dec. 2, 1852. if30

Paper, Paper, Paper.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for the sale of the Eagle Paper Manufacturing Company, Lincoln county, is prepared to furnish all kinds of Paper at the Factory prices. E. MYERS, Salisbury, Nov. 25, 1852—30. Red Flag.

Valuable Lands for Sale—4 or 5 Tracts.
I HAVE several small but valuable plantations on the Hunting Creek, in Iredell county, which I will sell on good terms. There is water power on one of these tracts sufficient for any purpose. Any one wishing either to purchase it or to invest capital as a partner in the erection of a Factory, or machinery of any description upon it, will give me a call soon. These lands are all within one day's travel of the Great Central Rail Road, in a healthy section of country.

The above named water location is joining the Eagle Mills Manufacturing Company, and this place is now called South Troy; and there is a fair prospect for a Rail Road or Plank Road to run via Eagle Mills and South Troy, or near there, leading via Mocksville, Hamptonville and Wilkesborough, on towards Virginia and the mountains; when done, the rich provisions of those rich valleys will flow to Salisbury, and thus enrich the Great Central Rail Road. Then there will be a chance to speed all kinds of manufactured goods to a ready market. Come and help build Paper Mills, Brass and Iron Foundries, Wool Mills, or any thing else you please. We can commence and build a Rail Road to Salisbury and then to the mountains, we can make the Iron Works and the T or U, Iron, and we can also build the Cars and Locomotives at Eagle Mills or South Troy. So let us look into this matter for our own advancement, and the credit of the State.

ANDREW BAGGARLY,
N. B. The citizens of North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia, are requested to consider the above.
A. B.
Eagle Mills, Iredell co., N. C., Sept. 23, 1852—21f

HENRIETTA LINE OF
Steam and Freight Boats.

ARE all in excellent order for business. Our Tow Boats have been recently repaired and made good as new. We have also added a new Flat for low water, and well adapted to the service. She will carry 700 bbls. merchandise, and draw only 20 inches water. We are glad to use with their patronage, may expect as prompt and cheap service in every particular as any other Line can offer.
G. DEMING, Pres't.
R. M. ORRELL, Agent.
A. D. GAZAUX, Agent at Wilmington.
Fayetteville, Dec. 21, 1850. 28f

Dr. Bason, Dentist,
Has the pleasure to say that he is now in Salisbury, ready to attend to the duties of his profession.
Oct. 14, 1852—1734

THE Books published by us are all useful in their character, extremely popular and command large sales wherever they are offered.

For further particulars, address, (postage paid.) DANIELS & GETZ,
Successors to W. A. Leary & Co.,
No. 135 North Second Street, Philadelphia.
December 2, 1852. 2130

NEW GOODS FOR THE

Fall & Winter Trade,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE RED FLAG,
Salisbury, Oct. 1st, 1852.

THE subscriber having met with some disappointment in receiving his goods, owing to detention on the South Carolina Railroad, takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he **IS NOW RECEIVING**

A large and beautiful Stock
SUITABLE FOR THE

FALL & WINTER

TRADE,
which, when opened, will comprise the most

Attractive Assortment
he has yet offered, among which are—

Plain and figured Dress Silks, of the newest styles; Extra rich de Lains, and Cashmeres; Mouslin de Lains at 12 1/2 cts. per yard; English, French, and German Merinoes; Bombazines, Alpaccas, and Canton Cloths; French, English and American Prints; Linen Cambric & Lawn Handkerchiefs, from 12 1/2 cts. to 913 Embroidered Sleeves, Collars, Cuffs and Capes; Mourning Collars, Cuffs and Sleeves; Swiss and Cambric Trimmings, Bands and Financings; Thread and Bobbin Laces, Edgings and Insertings; Rich Bonnet and Neck Ribbons.

silk and cotton Hosiery, Kid Gloves, long and short, Mohair Mitts, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Damask Table Cloths, Sheetings, Long Cloths, &c., &c. Also,

A Splendid Lot of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
all of which will be sold at unusually low prices, at the sign of the RED FLAG.

Sept. 30, 1852. E. MYERS. 22

COWAN'S
VEGETABLE LITHOTRIPTIC,

OR
FRIEND OF THE HUMAN FAMILY,

SUFFERING FROM
DISEASED KIDNEYS,
Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys, Weakness of the Lungs, &c.

This invaluable medicine is for sale at the Davie Hotel, in Mocksville; at Dr. R. Campbell's, in Iredell; at the Drug Store, in Charlotte; and at the Carolina Watchman Office, in Salisbury.

The subscriber is General Agent for the sale of the above Medicine, in this State, of whom any quantity may be obtained by addressing him at Salisbury, N. C. or calling at his house, 10 miles West of this place.
E. D. AUSTIN
July 15, 1852. 111f

FRESH AND CHOICE
STOCK OF
NEW GOODS.

Maxwell & Horah,

Are receiving and opening their stock of
Fall and Winter Goods.

Just purchased in New York and Philadelphia at reduced prices, which will enable them to sell remarkably low, consisting of the usual variety of Foreign, Domestic, and Ladies' Fancy

DRY GOODS,

COOKING STOVES, HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, HATS, BONNETS, BOOTS AND SHOES, CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE; STATIONERY AND FANCY ARTICLES; GROCERIES!

Cheap! to all of which they solicit the attention and patronage of the public, and pledge themselves to use every effort to merit it. Small Profits and Quick Returns will be their motto.
Salisbury, October 7, 1852. 21f

DOOT D. S. PARKER.

HAVING permanently located in Mocksville, offers his professional services to the public. Can be found at the Davie Hotel. Office just opposite the Hotel in Brick-house.
June 10, 1852.—116.

More Fine Buggies,

ROCKAWAYS, AND IRON AXLE

CARRIAGES—of the best quality.

Just finished, and for sale cheap—very cheap. Call and see.
J. S. JOHNSTON.
Salisbury, August 26, 1852. 171f

MARTIN & BRYAN,

FACTORS,

And General Commission Merchants,
No. 3, Boyce & Co.'s Wharf,
CHARLESTON, S. C.

T. C. WORTH,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING

MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.
July 29, 1852. 1ypd13

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of Joseph F. Chambers & Co., are hereby notified to come forward and make payment between this date and the 1st January next. The business must be closed, and further delay cannot be allowed.
JAMES C. CALDWELL, Agent.
November 25, 1852. if30

LADIES MOURNING DRESS GOODS.
Salisbury, Oct. 14, 1852.

THE subscriber is now opening a splendid Lot of Ladies Mourning Dress Goods, consisting of CANTON CLOTHS, BOMBAZINES, ALPACAS, and DE LAINS, which he is offering at low prices.

Persons in want of goods of the above description, would do well to call soon at

The Sign of the Red Flag.
E. MYERS.

Blanks of every description for sale
AT THIS OFFICE.

THE undersigned having purchased the above named Hotel, (late property of R. F. Johnston) would inform the Public, that he is now prepared to extend a welcome to the travelling community, and accommodate his guests in a manner equal to any hotel in this section of North Carolina. No exertion will be spared to render all who may favor him with their patronage, happy and satisfied while they are "in his inn."
H. R. AUSTIN.
May 4, 1852.—1y1

DAVIE HOTEL.
MOCKS VILLE,
Davie County, North Carolina.

THE undersigned having purchased the above named Hotel, (late property of R. F. Johnston) would inform the Public, that he is now prepared to extend a welcome to the travelling community, and accommodate his guests in a manner equal to any hotel in this section of North Carolina. No exertion will be spared to render all who may favor him with their patronage, happy and satisfied while they are "in his inn."
H. R. AUSTIN.
May 4, 1852.—1y1

NEW FALL & WINTER

GOODS FOR 1852.

THE subscribers are now receiving and opening one of the largest and most desirable stock of Fall and Winter Goods ever offered in this market, consisting of

DRY GOODS,

Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready Made Clothing, Brussels three ply and Ingrain Carpets, Rio and Java Coffee, Loaf and Brown Sugars, Raisins, Cheese, Molasses, Buggy Tire, Band and Horse Shoe Iron, Nails, Springs & Axle Carriage Trimmings, (in large stock.) Saddle Leather, White Lead, Spermaceti and Candles, Bagging and Rope, Nova