

ing upon the Legislature of Virginia to increase the capital stock of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company to a sufficient amount to warrant the construction of a branch to Milton. In an article which he publishes in the Enquirer he says:

"At the recent session of the Legislature of North Carolina an act was passed authorizing the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company to build a branch of their road to the town of Milton, N. C., and to establish there a depot and erect the necessary warehouses, &c. It also gave them the same privileges and corporate powers possessed by the railroad companies of that State, and authorized the town of Milton, in its corporate capacity, to subscribe the ten thousand dollars in amount of the increased stock necessary to build the proposed branch road, a privilege never before given to any town in that State, to subscribe to the stock of a company incorporated by another State. This is an important measure in reference to the interests of the road, as well as the trade and commerce of the cities of Richmond and Petersburg. The building of the proposed branch railroad to Milton, which is only a distance of five or six miles, and will cost about \$120,000, will insure a speedy connection with the North Carolina Central Railroad, either at the town of Greensborough, in Guilford, distant about fifty miles, or the town of Graham, in Allemanee, distant about thirty-seven miles, probably nearer to each by a railroad route.

"The route from Richmond to the town of Greensborough, and thence to Salisbury and Charlotte, going in a straight line, as will be seen from the map, will go directly through the town of Milton, and a connection once formed from the Richmond and Danville road, through Milton, to the North Carolina Central Railroad, will make it the great thoroughfare from North to South, having continuously on it a stream of travel unprecedented in the Southern States, if not in the whole Union. The route will be direct—a very healthy one, the climate salubrious, avoiding on the one hand the miasma of the South and East, and on the other, the cold, harsh climate of the mountains. In addition to all this, it will bring a trade and commerce to the cities of Virginia, and which they can form no conception, but which the immense resources of Western and Southwestern North Carolina, and the upper part of South Carolina, will fully develop. It is the finest country naturally in the world, and only needs the facilities and encouragements which railroads give, to unfold its great capabilities of production of tobacco, cotton, wheat, corn, potatoes, fine fruits, minerals, &c. &c.

"All acquainted with the state of things in North Carolina, know that the only chance for a connection with her Central Railroad is through Milton, the nearest and best route to that road. Our Legislature will not grant a connection from any other place. The trade and commerce of Milton, with its rich surrounding country, and its various manufacturing establishments and stores, will afford no small aid to the business of the railroad."

Bishop Ives.—The recent extraordinary conduct of Bishop Ives seems to call for the re-publication, at this time, of the following extract from the Journal of the Episcopal Convention of 1851. It will be seen that at that time, being pressed by the determined opposition of the Convention to his Romish notions and practices, the Bishop formally and emphatically recanted them all. And even what appears on the Journal of the Convention, strong as it is, it is not so strong as the verbal statements made by him to the Convention. The Bishop attributed his conduct to "baldly disease or a constitutional infirmity." Various circumstances at that time, and many others since, have tended to show that that constitutional infirmity (insanity) has produced the strange course of the Bishop. One of these circumstances (he receipt of six months salary in advance, and the asking and receiving of money from members of the Church on the plea of travelling for the health of his wife and himself, just before he started for the city of Rome) is utterly inconsistent with common honesty, unless attributable, as we have no doubt it is, to that constitutional infirmity.

We may add, in reference to the idea advanced abroad, that the Bishop's defection is likely to have an important influence on the clergy and laity of the Diocese,—that no such influence is apprehended here, as will, doubtless, be plainly manifested when the next Convention shall assemble.

BISHOP OF NORTH CAROLINA. [PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.] Extract from the Journal of the Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, held in Fayetteville, North Carolina, May, 1851, having relation to Bishop Ives.

The Committee to whom was referred the Report of the Committee of Investigation, appointed at the last Convention, with its accompanying documents, with authority to confer with the Bishop or any other person touching every matter referred to them, beg leave to report: That the Bishop appeared before them, and in explanation of the several charges which have been brought against him with respect to doctrine, made the following statement:

LARGE HOES.—D. C. Moore, of Duplin county, killed 7 hogs on the 18th inst., which weighed 412, 572, 558, 552, 518, 465, 415. Total 3742, Average 531 4/7 lbs. Average age 27 1/2 months.

Among the patented articles which have lately made their appearance, is a knife for cutting bread in slices of uniform thickness. This is effected by means of a guard, which can be graduated by screws at such a distance from the knife as to cut a slice of any number of slices of the thickness required.

THE TRAVEL.—It is said that Messrs. Everett and Crandall's responsibility, and failure, was returned to the State Department on the 21st of the month.

at one time a very favorite man with them to bring about a union of the Roman, the Greek, the Anglican, and the American Churches; and that in his zeal for Catholic union, he had overlooked the difficulties in the way, which he was now sacrificed was insuperable. That this tendency of his mind towards a union of the Churches had been greatly increased, and his ability to perceive the difficulties in the way had been diminished, by a high state of nervous excitement, arising either from bodily disease or a constitutional infirmity. That in the pursuit of his favorite idea, he had been insensibly led into the adoption of opinions on matters of doctrine, and to a public teaching of them, of the impropriety of which he was now fully satisfied; and upon a review of those opinions, wonders that he should ever have entertained them. That this change in his views has been brought about in part by a return to a more healthy condition of mind and body, but mainly from having perceived the tendency of those doctrines to the Church of Rome, as sad experience has shown in the cases of Archbishop Manning and others. That among the effects of his desire to bring about this union of the Churches, he was induced to tolerate the Romish notion of the Invocation of Saints, as expressed in his letter to the Rev. C. F. McKee, which expression he now retracts and would denounce as strongly as any one. That on the subject of Auricular Confession and Absolution, whatever extravagances of opinion or expression he may have heretofore indulged, he now holds that confession to a Priest is not necessary to salvation; and that he does not believe in judicial absolution, or the power of the Priest to forgive sins. Nor does he hold that the absolution recognized by the Protestant Episcopal Church is merely declaratory, but that the Priest is therein an instrument through whom pardon is transmitted to the penitent, while its efficacy does not in any degree depend upon the volition or intention of the Priest. That absolution is not essentially necessary to the forgiveness of sins, but that it is important when practicable to obtain public absolution as contained in the ritual of our Church, which is the only absolution that he holds proper, except in those cases in which that is impracticable. That he had at one time, under the influences before mentioned, entertained doubts whether our branch of the Church was not in a state of schism. That he had never gone so far as to believe that it was, but merely entertained doubts. He was now satisfied beyond a doubt that she was not in schism. That he had never held the doctrine of the real presence in the Holy Communion, as synonymous with transubstantiation, but on the contrary had always abhorred it.

L. S. IVES.

The Committee would further state, in addition to Dr. Page's letter, they have before them statements tending to show that the Bishop has for several years past been in a state of mental excitement, which has impaired his memory and rendered quite uncertain the determination of his judgment. An oral statement quite in detail, but which the Committee have not had time to reduce to writing, was also made by Josiah Collins, Esq., to show that the Bishop's mind has been for several years past, from an attack of fever, singularly affected, so as to impair his judgment and enfeeble his memory, while other powers of the mind have been rather exalted: A state of mind well calculated to mislead its subject, and at the same to expose him to gross misconception on the part of others.

All which is respectfully submitted, EDWIN GER, Chairman.

Bishop Ives.—The New York Churchman, after announcing the secession of Bishop Ives, from the Reformed to the Romish branch of the Church, says:

"His well-known infirmity forbids us either to wonder at the deed, or to blame the man; in his case we may say with peculiar emphasis—'Forgive him, for he knows not what he does.' Those who have known him longest and best, need not be told that his course is justly attributable to a most pitiable pre-disposition which renders him at times irresponsible for what he does. In healthier periods he has himself been aware of this, and our readers will remember how long since he begged and obtained that indulgence and commiseration which his constitution of infirmity would not suffer to be withheld. Such being the case, our only wonder is that the Romanists should be so impudent as to boast of his proceeding, and the Secretarians so uncautious or so dull as to ignore the cause thereof, and lay the blame on the Church. We have foreborne all allusion to this matter, till the certainty of the thing should fully appear; being well assured that if he had gone, the cause for mortification would be with those to whom, not, those from whom he went."

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SIGN OF THE RED FLAG.

Salisbury, Oct. 12, 1852.

THE subscriber having met with some disappointment in receiving his goods, owing to detention on the South Carolina Railroad, takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he IS NOW RECEIVING

A large and beautiful Stock SUITABLE FOR THE FALL & WINTER TRADE,

which, when opened, will comprise the most Attractive Assortment he has yet offered, among which are— Plain and figured Dress Silks, of the newest styles; Extra rich de Lains, and Cashmeres; Monilla de Lains at 12 1/2 cts. per yard; English, French, and German Merinos; Bombazines, Alpacas, and Canton Cloths; French, English and American Prints; Linen Cambric & Lawn Handkerchiefs, from 12 1/2 cts. to \$13 Embroidered Sleeves, Collars, Cuffs and Capes; Mourning Collars, Cuffs and Sleeves; Swiss and Cambric Trimmings, Bands and Flouncings; Thread and Bobin Laces, Edgings and Insertings; Rich Bonnet and Neck Ribbons.

silk and cotton Hose, Kid Gloves, long and short, Malair Mitts, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Damask Table Cloths, Sheetings, Long Cloths, &c. &c. Also, A Splendid Lot of READY MADE CLOTHING,

which will be sold at unusually low prices, at the sign of the RED FLAG. E. MYERS. 22

500 AGENTS WANTED. \$1000 A YEAR. WANTED in every County of the United States, active and enterprising men, to engage in the sale of some of the best Books published in the country. To men of good address, possessing a small capital of from \$25 to \$100, such inducements will be offered as will enable them to make from \$3 to \$10 a day profit.

For further particulars, address, (postage paid,) DANIELS & GETZ, Successors to W. A. Leary & Co., No. 138 North Second Street, Philadelphia. December 2, 1852. 21330

COWAN'S VEGETABLE LITHONTRIPTIC, OR FRIEND OF THE HUMAN FAMILY.

SUFFERING FROM DISKIDNEY, STONE IN THE BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, WEAKNESS OF THE LOINS, &c.

This valuable medicine is for sale at the Davie Hotel, in Mocksville, at Dr. R. Campbell's, in Iredell, at the Drug Store, in Charlotte, and at the Carolina Watchman Office, in Salisbury.

The subscriber is General Agent for the sale of the above Medicine, in this State, of whom any quantity may be obtained by addressing him at Salisbury, N. C., or calling at his house, 10 miles West of this place. E. D. AUSTIN 1111

FRESH AND CHOICE STOCK OF NEW GOODS. Maxwell & Horah, Ave receiving and opening their stock of Fall and Winter Goods.

Just purchased in New York and Philadelphia at reduced prices, which will enable them to sell remarkably low, consisting of the usual variety of Foreign, Domestic, and Ladies' Fancy.

DRY GOODS, COOKING STOVES, HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, HATS, BONNETS, BOOTS AND SHOES, CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE; STATIONERY AND FANCY ARTICLES; GROCERIES!

Cheap! to all of which they solicit the attention and patronage of the public, and pledge themselves to use every effort to merit it. Small Profits and Quick Returns will be their motto. Salisbury, October 7, 1852. 21f

DOGT D S PARKER, HAVING permanently located in Mocksville, offers his professional services to the public. Can be found at the Davie Hotel, Office just opposite the Hotel June 10, 1852.—16f.

More Fine Buggies, ROCKAWAYS, AND IRON AXLE CARRIAGES—of the best quality. Just finished, and for sale cheap—very cheap. Call and see. J. S. JOHNSTON. Salisbury, August 26, 1852. 171f

MARTIN & BRYAN, FACTORS, And General Commission Merchants, No. 3, Boyce & Co's Wharf, CHARLESTON, S. C.

T. C. WORTH, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA. July 29, 1852. 17p413

M. BROWN & SON, Are now receiving their Fall and Winter GOODS,

Comprising a large assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Hardware and Cutlery, Hats, Bonnets, Caps, and Shoes, Sugars, Coffee, Tea, Cheese, Molasses, &c., The Iron, 14 in., 14 in., 14 in. and 2 inch, Band, round, square and horse shoe Iron & Steel, Delph China and Glass Ware, Window Glass, assorted sizes, Blasting and Rifle Powder, and Safety Fuse, together with a great variety of other Goods, which in addition to their former stock, will compare with any in this market; and will be sold on terms for cash or on time at equally low prices. We invite our customers and the public to give us a call. Salisbury, Nov. 1, 1852. 271f

Embroidered Cambric Handkerchiefs. October 14, 1852. E. MYERS, Red Flag.

E. MYERS, has just received a lot of Embroidered Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, which he is selling off rapidly at 62 1/2 cts. S. R. FORD, WILMINGTON, N. C. DEALER IN MARBLE MONUMENTS; HEAD AND FOOT STONES; PAINT STONES; IMPOSING DO, and in short, any article called for either Italian, Egyptian or American Marble; and work warranted to please or no sale; and if damaged before delivery, it is at his expense. Orders for any of the above enumerated articles left with the Editors of the Watchman, will be attended to with dispatch. Nov. 9, 1849—291f

GREENSBOROUGH MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. The cost of insurance on the mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with that of a company! This company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country. The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public. At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year: JAMES SLOAN, President. S. G. COFFIN, Vice President. C. P. MCKENNA, Attorney. PETER ADAMS, Secretary and Treasurer. WILLIAM H. CUMMINS, General Agent. DIRECTORS. James Sloan, J. A. Mebane, C. P. McDaniel, W. S. Rankin, Rev. C. F. Deems, J. M. Garrett, Dr. P. Weir, W. J. McConnell, of Greensboro; Dr. S. G. Coffin, J. W. Field, Jamestown; F. Elliott, Guilford; W. A. Wright, Wilmington; Dr. C. Watkins, Carolina Female College; John S. Shaver, Salisbury; J. H. Cook, Fayetteville; E. F. Latta, Wadesboro; J. J. Biggs, Raleigh; Leroy Springs, Charlotte; J. J. Jackson, Petersburg; H. B. Elliot, Cedar Falls. PETER ADAMS, Secretary. Dec. 2, 1852. 1f30

Paper, Paper, Paper. The subscriber having been appointed agent for the sale of the Eagle Paper Manufacturing Company, Lincoln county, is prepared to furnish all kinds of Paper at the Factory prices. E. MYERS. Salisbury, Nov. 25, 1852.—30f.

State of North Carolina, DAVIE COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1852. Anson Hodgson, John McKee, George M. Ringham and Bailey and Howell, vs. William Tackett. Original Attachments levied on 133 Acres of Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that William Tackett, the defendant in the above cases, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman, notifying the defendant to be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Davie, at the Court House in Mocksville, on the 4th Monday in February next, and show cause, if any he have, why Judgment final shall not be rendered against him, and the land levied on condemned for the payment of P. M. Smith's debt and costs. Witness, Caswell Horton, Clerk of said Court, at office, the 4th Monday in November, A. D. 1852. C. HARBIN, Clk. Price adv. \$5 50. 6w36

THE STAGES. LEAVE Raleigh and Salisbury, every Sunday and Wednesday, at 7 A. M., after the arrival of the Cars from the North, at the former place, and arrive at each end at 7 P. M. next day, via Ashboro', Pittsboro', Hayward, &c. The Road is stocked with good Three Horse Teams, and Troy built Coaches. Fare through \$8 only. JAS. M. WADDILL, Conductor. Dec. 23, 1852. 1f31

NO. 63, FOREVER. The subscriber has just received a splendid assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, & Vestings, of every hue and color, which cannot be equalled in this market. J. A. WEHMAN, Tailor, No. 63, Cowan's Brick House, Salisbury, N. C. Dec. 2, 1852. 2w30

R. M. ORRELL, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, Fayetteville, N. C. January 30, 1851. Just received a fresh supply of TOMB STONES. The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Salisbury and the surrounding country, that he has opened a Marble Establishment in Salisbury, which may be found at his residence, on Market street, where he is prepared to furnish Grave Stones of Marble Slabs—fancy upright stone on pedestals, tombs, monuments, &c., at a very small profit.—Engraving done neatly at Northern prices. Having made the necessary arrangement, the subscriber can, at a short notice, fill any order from five dollars to \$500. No pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Old Tomb Stones restored to their primitive whiteness. GEORGE VOGLER. Salisbury, Nov. 25, 1852.

HENRIETTA LINE OF Steam and Freight Boats. ARE all in excellent order for business. Our Tow Boats have been recently repaired and made good as new. We have also added a new Flat for low water, and well adapted to the service. She will carry 700 lbs. merchandise, and draw only 20 inches water. Those favoring us with their patronage, may expect prompt and cheap service in every particular as any other Line can offer. G. DEMING, Proprietor. R. M. ORRELL, Agent. A. D. CAZAUX, General Agent. Fayetteville, Dec. 21, 1850. 28f

Dr. Bason, Dentist. Has the pleasure to say that he is now in Salisbury, ready to attend to the duties of his profession. Oct. 11, 1852.—42f

CATAWBA SPRINGS HOTEL. V. STIREWALT, HAVING purchased this beautiful Summer retreat takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public in general, that he is making every necessary improvement for the convenience and comfort of those who may repair to those valuable Springs in search of pleasure or health. Arrangements are in progress, and if practicable the water will soon be brought into the house by hydraulic machinery; convenient bathing houses are being erected; lodging rooms are being renovated and furnished with all that will contribute to the enjoyment of the occupants; and the spacious premises are being ornamented in various ways. In short, the proprietor is determined to render the Catawba Springs a place of real enjoyment, to those who may patronize him; and he assures the public that every possible effort shall be made to secure the favor of those who call upon him. The Traveller who stops at Catawba Springs, will find the very best of entertainment; and to all, the charges will be as low as the provision markets will allow. Catawba Springs, March 3, 1852. 1f5

LEATHER BANDS. The subscriber has put up machinery for stretching, cementing and riveting bands with copper rivets. The bands are stretched with powerful machinery, made expressly for that purpose, and the difficulty of making them, is entirely removed by this process. Bands made in this way will hold their width evenly, run true, and have a uniform bearing on the drum or pulley, and will give from 15 to 20 per cent. more power than those made in the ordinary way. They are made out of the best selected oak tanned Spanish Leather, and no pains will be spared to make them equal to the best Northern bands, and will be sold as low as they can be brought in New York. Bands will be kept for sale by J. G. Cairns, at the Salisbury Factory. CHAS. M. LINES. Hant's Store P. O., Guilford Co., N. C. July 8, 1852. 111110

Valuable Lands for Sale—4 or 5 Tracts. I HAVE several small but valuable plantations on the waters of Hunting Creek, in Iredell county, which I will sell on good terms. There is water power on one of these tracts sufficient for any purpose. Any one wishing either to purchase it or to invest capital as a partner in the erection of a Factory, or machinery of any description upon it, will give me a call soon. These lands are all within one day's travel of the Great Central Rail Road, in a healthy section of the country. The above named water location is joining the Eagle Mills Manufacturing Company, and this place is now called South Troy; and there is a fair prospect for a Rail Road or a Plank Road, to run via Eagle Mills and South Troy, or near there, leading via Mocksville, Hamptonville and Wilkesborough, on towards Virginia and the mountains; when done, the rich provisions of those rich valleys will flow to Salisbury, and thus enrich the Great Central Rail Road.—Then there will be a chance to spread all kinds of manufactured goods to a ready market. Come and help me build Paper Mills, Brass and Iron Foundries, Wool Mills, or any thing else you please. We can commence and build a Rail Road to Salisbury, and then to the mountains, we can make the Iron, here, either the T or U, Iron, and we can also build the Cars and Locomotives at Eagle Mills or South Troy. So let us look into this matter for our own advancement, and the credit of the State. ANDREW BAGGARLY. N. B. The citizens of North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia, are requested to consider the above. Eagle Mills, Iredell Co., N. C., Sept. 23, 1852—241f

PLANK ROAD. At a meeting of the Directors of the Fayetteville Plank Road Company, held at the Chamber's Store, September 24th, it was ordered, that the Treasurer charge interest on all subscriptions arrears, unless paid within thirty days, and that the Treasurer charge interest on all subscriptions which may be called for, and that the Treasurer retain all moneys until the same are paid. It was further ordered, that the Treasurer be empowered to make collections of back payments, and to suspend, in accordance with the provisions of the company's Charter. L. BLACKMER, Pres. Salisbury, Sept. 24, 1852. 112f

Hopkins & Fairchild, No. 230 Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE. KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF READY MADE CLOTHING of all qualities, to which they invite the attention of dealers. MAY 20, 1852. 113

DE LAINS, DE LAINS, November 25, 1852. E. MYERS, has just received a large quantity of De Lains, also, another lot of Velvet Ribbons, and forget the sign of the Red Flag. E. MYERS. LAND FOR SALE. THE undersigned offers for sale a valuable tract lying four miles South of Salisbury, between Salisbury and New York, a small lot of rock, and a tract of 252 ACRES, all wood land, excepting a few which are fresh cleared. It is well timbered, and several eligible locations for building. A. S. COO. Another Tract situated on the waters of Fourth Creek, 14 miles North west of Salisbury, containing 226 acres. This tract is well watered and improved, having on it a good dwelling house and all necessary out buildings. The land is generally high, and any person wishing to purchase either of these tracts can obtain a great deal of information by calling on the undersigned, who will be pleased to show them. DAVID WATSON. August 3, 1852.—114

Mantillas, Mantillas, Oct. 14, 1852. THE subscriber has just received a lot of PLAIN and WHEATFLOUR MANTILLAS, of the best quality, and which he is offering at the low price of \$5 50. Call soon at the Red Flag. E. MYERS. 21

JAMES THORAH, WATCH AND CLOCK-MAKER, Opposite the Watchman's Office, Salisbury, N. C.

DAVIE HOTEL, MOCKS VILLE, Davie County, North Carolina. THE undersigned having purchased the above named Hotel, lately the property of R. F. Johnson, would inform the Public, that he is now prepared to extend a welcome to the travelling community, and to accommodate his guests in a manner equal to any hotel in this section of North Carolina. No attention will be spared to render all who may favor him, their patronage happy and satisfied while they take their "case in his inn." H. R. AUSTIN. May 4, 1852.—111f

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS FOR 1852. DRY GOODS, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready Made Clothing, Bonnets, Caps, and Ingenui Carpets, Rugs and Java Coffee, Loaf and Brown Sugars, Molasses, Cheese, Molasses, Buggy Tires, Band and Horse Shoe Iron, Nails, Springs & Axles, Carriage Trimmings, (a large stock.) Saddle Leather, White Lead, Spirit and other Candles, Tacking and Rope, Sewing Machine, GARDEN HOSE, &c. &c. We invite all who visit this place to call on us. Wholesale or Retail, to give you a better idea of our goods, we have adapted the cash system, and will give general inducements to cash buyers, than has ever been offered in Western North Carolina. Our motto is—small profits and quick sales. CHAMBERS & CALDWELL. Salisbury, Oct. 7, 1852. 1123

FALL AND WINTER GOODS. H. H. BEARD & SON, Fashionable Tailors and Clothiers, HAVE just received a most superb stock of Fall and Winter Ready Made Clothing, Cloths, &c. with a general assortment of coats, Dress and Frock Coats, Pants and Vests. Also a beautiful assortment of Box and Cloth Buttons, Gent's Dressing Gowns, Heavy Dress Gowns, Fur Caps and Vests, Fur Shirts, Collared Caps, Suspenders, Drawers, &c. &c. and a large stock of kerchiefs of a superior quality, and a most extensive article belonging to a Clothing Store, together with superior lot of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Overcoats, &c. &c. which they will sell as cheap as any other large Southern market, and will be made up to order, in the most superior style, and with the best trimmings. The Southern market could afford. These have been their Fall and Winter Fashions for 1852 and '53, and are ready to put up with the latest fashions. Tailors' Shears, Points, Trunkers and Sewing Machines for sale. The undersigned respectfully invite their friends to the public to call and examine the stock. H. H. BEARD, JAMES P. FRANK. Sept. 16, 1852. 1121f

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