LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

IMPORTANT FROM KANSAS.

St. Louis, June 10.

Advices from Kansas confirm the existence of a state of anarchy and blood-shed. On the night of the 3d, the abolitionists burnt the town of Bernard, a pro-slavery settlement. It was reported that the town of Franklin had been captured by the abolitionists after one hour's fighting, in which three pro-slavery men were killed. Another report discredits the capture of Franklin, but confirms the fact of the assault.

Marshal Donaldson and four of his posse had been killed near Hickory Point, while attempting to arrest those who had assailed Captain Patti's party. In the neighborhood of Bull Creek, the abolitionists were burning the houses and driving away the families of the pro-slavery settlers. One hundred and fifty men had gone in pursuit of these marauders.

Gov. Shannon issued a proclamation on the 4th, commanding all illegal military organizations to disperse or be dispersed by the military. He calls for vigilance in enforcing the laws and the protection of the property and persons of all. He had made a further requisition upon Col. Sumner for troops.

Chicago, June 10.

Advices from Kansas received here state that Col. Sumner passed through Lecompton on the 4th, bound for Topeka. It was reported that a new attack upon Lawrence by the pro slavery party was contemplated. It was said that the attack would be made at night by 600 men.—The free State men are determined to offer resistance.

It was reported that Sheriff Jones had been killed in the fight at Franklin.

FURTHER FROM KANSAS.

Chicago, June 11.

Later advice from Kansas confirm the existence of civil war.

Twenty-one Southerners have been killed in different engagements, and several Abolitionists had been wounded, but none killed.

Shannon's proclamations have proved ineffectual.

The death of Marshal Donaldson is incorrect.

Many Missourians were entering the Territory, and a general battle was expected.

The Washington Union has reliable advices from Kansas, which state, that the excitement was increasing, and that forty men had been killed.

Col. Sumner had tried to disperse both parties without success.

An attempt had been made to rescue Robinson.

The Union's correspondent had met many troops near the line on Sunday.

St Louis, June 12.

A letter from Lawrence of the 6th says that Whitfield's command numbering 300 men, near Prairie City, were ordered by Sumner to disperse. They complied, but afterwards reformed. A strong company of troops are ready to intercept their movements.

Advices from Kansas state that Sumner is dispersing all the armed bands of both parties. There is a prospect of peace.

An English Countess Astray.—While Lord Eldenborough, the Ex Governor General of India, is busily engaged in the House of Lords supporting the Tories, in the hope that he may become, in the event of Earl Derby supplanting Lord Palmerston, a Cabinet Minister, is leading a wild life among the Arabs. A correspondent of the New York Observer writing from Damascus, March 23, thus speaks of her:

You have heard of the eccentric English Countess who married an Arab Sheikh? Rumor as usual was false. I was in her villa this morning, just out of the gates of Damascus. She is at Palmyra with her husband, who is a pretty Arab, small in stature, and generally contemptible. Is it not a strange history? She was Ian the, Countess of Eldenborough, young, beautiful, worshipped. Her only daughter was the affianced bride of a Prince of Austria. I will tell you, I saw her Boudoir this morning, and one of its ornaments was her portrait at twenty years old. She was really beautiful. Time and care have changed her perhaps. Among her books I saw familiar volumes. One was "Daily Food," a well worn copy too. Another was entitled "Marriage from a Christian Point of View," a French work. Her boudoir was splendidly ornamented, and had her portraits of her father, a fine looking old English gentleman, and her children, one living now, the other dead, I believe. Her history is but half known. Divorced from Lord Eldenborough for intrigues with a German Prince, she went to Greece; where she maried a Greek Count. Tired of him she went to Damascus, where in a visit to Palmyra she was protected from robbery by this fellow, whose name is Medjul. She determined to marry him. He objected and ran away. She employed Arabs to bring him back. The English Consul interfered. The Turkish Governor objected. She said she was worth £4,500 a year, and all Turkey could not prevent her doing as she wished. So she followed Medjul into the desert and was married to him in Turkish style or Arab style. No one thinks it will be lasting. She keeps him supplied with money, has given him an elegant place near Damascus, and before long will travel away in search of new adventures. Her friends are desirous of keeping her as far away as possible, and it is a matter of surprise that he sent her elegant presents of money on hearing of this marriage, though they knew it to be both illegal and immoral. I assure you that I found it almost impossible to believe that I was in the villa of one who had moved in the splendid circles of St. James, who had been a special favorite with the Iron Duke who had rivalled royalty itself in England, and who was now in an Arab tent, the wife of a dog of an Anazee. He is not even a respectable Sheika of the tribe—he is merely a common Arab.

POWER OF MIND OVER BODY.

Mysterious influences exercised by the mind over the body is well illustrated in the following case, obtained in Dr. Warrens treatise on the "Preservation of Health:"

"Some time since a female presented herself to me, with a tumor or swelling of the submaxillary gland of the neck. It was about the size of an egg, had lasted two years, and was so very hard that I considered any effort to dissipate it by medicine to be vain, and advised its removal by an operation. To this the patient could not bring her mind; therefore, to satisfy her wish, some applications of considerable activity were directed to be made to the part, and these she pursued for a number of weeks without change. After this she called on me, and with some hesitation begged to know if an application recommended to her would, in my opinion, be safe. This consisted in applying the hand of a dead man three times to the diseased part. One of her neighbors now lay dead, and she had an opportunity of trying the experiment, if not thought dangerous. At first, I was disposed to divert her from it but recollecting the power of the imagination, gravely assured her that she might make the trial without apprehension of serious consequences. A while after she presented herself once more, and with a smiling countenance, informed me she had used this remedy and no other, and on examining for the tumor, it had disappered."

A POISONED VALLEY.

A poisoned valley has been discovered near Batten, in Japan. Mr. A. Louden visited it last July, and states that when within a few yards of the valley, a strong suffocating smell was experienced, but this ceased as the margin was approached. The bottom of it appears to be flat, without any vegetation, and a few large stones scattered here and there. Skeletons of human beings, tigers, bears, deer, and all sorts of birds and wild animals, lay about in profusion. The ground on which they lay, at the bottom of the valley, appeared to be a hard, sandy substance, and no vapor was perceived. The sides were covered with vegetation.

It was proposed to enter it, and each of the party, having lit a segar, managed to get within twenty feet of the bottom, where a sickening, nauseous smell was experienced without any difficulty of breathing. A dog was now fastened to the end of a bamboo and thrust to the bottom of the valley, while some of the party with their watches in their hands observed the effect.

At the expiration of fourteen seconds he fell off his legs; without moving or looking around, and continued alive only eighteen minutes. The other dog now left the company and went to his companion. On reaching him he was observed to stand quite motionless, and at the end of ten seconds fell down; he never moved his limbs after, and lived on only seven minutes. A fowl was now thrown in, and died in the space of a minute and a half.

A heavy shower of rain fell during the time that these experiments were going forward, which, from the interesting nature of the experiments, was quite disregarded. On the opposite side of the valley to that which was visited lay a human skeleton. The head was resting on the right arm. The effect of the weather had bleached the bones as white as ivory. This was probably the remains of some wretched rebel, hunted towards the valley, who had taken shelter there, unconscious of its character.

A Dissertation on Hoops.—The spicy correspondent of the Pawtucket Gazette thus "lets himself out" on the expansive subject of hoops in ladies' dresses:

"And, talking of the ladies, they are positively getting bigger and bigger. The petticoat mania rages fearfully. They fill up the sidewalks as they brush by you, you feel bones, I mean whalebones, for there are no others in a half mile of you. What a dreadful reversal of the order of nature is all this. I do not object to plumpness and rotundity in the proper places, but what sense is there in being so tremendously orbicular about the feet? Between you and me, Mrs. P. T. has fallen into this fashion, and, maugre my remonstrances, has purchased one of the most monstrous of these inventions. I examined it with much awe, the other night after she had gone to bed. *O, Rebecto*, it is "fearfully and wonderfully made." It is an institution. In size it is like a small country law office. I think it must have been raised like a barn. It is latticed and corded and stiffend with the utmost ingenuity.—When she has it on, my "gude wife" is (so to speak) like Hamlet's father, "clad in complete still." She is just as safe as if she were in a convent. She is entirely shut out from this vain world. *Quoad* the earth, she is nothing but a large skirt. So much for the safety of the contrivance. The question of beauty is another matter.

GOOD ADVICE TO APPRENTICES.

When serving your apprenticeship you will have time and opportunity to stock your mind with useful information. The only way for a young man to prepare himself to study during his leisure hours—First, be industrious in your business—be frugal, be economical—never complain that you are obliged to work; go to it with alacrity and cheerfulness, and it will become a habit which will make you respected and beloved by your master or employer; make it your business to see to and promote his interest; by taking care of his, you will learn to take care of your own.—Young men at the present day are too fond of getting rid of work. They seek for easy and lazy employments, and frequently turn out poor miserable vagabonds. You must avoid all wishes to live without labor, labor is a blessing instead of a curse; it makes your food, clothing, and every other thing necessary, and frees you from every temptation to be dishonest.

HOW MANY NAILS HAVE YOU IN THE POST?

A father whose son was addicted to some vicious propensities, bade the boy to drive a nail into a certain post whenever he committed a certain fault, and agreed that a nail should be drawn out whenever he corrected an error. In the course of time the post was completely filled with nails. The youth became alarmed at the extent of his indiscretions, and set about reforming himself. One by one the nails were drawn out, the delighted father commended him for his noble, self-denying he-roism, in freeing himself from his faults. "They are all drawn out," said the parent. The boy looked sad, and there was a whole volume of practical wisdom in his sadness. With a heavy heart he replied, "True, father; but the scars are still there." Parents who would have their children grow sound and healthy characters must sow the seed at the fireside. Once bad, although they may reform and become useful members of society, "the scars will still be there." How many have ruined their constitutions and health by bad habits, which no reformation can repair.

Forsythe county, as perhaps many of our readers may know, received its name in honor of Col. Forsythe, a North Carolian, who fell in the war of 1812, on the Canada frontiers. Before he entered the army, the Colonel was in the habit of visiting this place on business, and on one occassion accidentally left his tavern bill unpaid, at the tavern of Mr. S., an old revolutionary patriot.

At the commencement of the war of 1812, Mr. Forsythe received the commission of a captain of a rifle corps which he raised in his neighborhood. He marched to Canada—was a brave and successful officer, and was several times promoted for gallant and successful engagements with the enemy. For each achievement his former host would give him credit on his books for part of the debt; and when, being Col. Forsythe, he fell at the head of his troops, which he had often led on to victory, the patriotic old gentleman finally balanced his account.

Jerusha Jones and a Life Preserver.

A Washington letter says the wives of the Northern members of Congress, are writing to their husbands to arm themselves with pistols and bowie knives. Some think it would be more in character to send them patent India rubber life preservers. That's what Jerusha Jones did, when her husband, Pardon Jones, had the life e'en a'most looked out of him by a Tuckerpaw beef when he was down South in Louisiana.

A Remarkable Boy.—Has turned up in Naples, where he has been creating a sensation by a public display of intellectual abilities of a high order. His name is Giralamo de Mayo, a native of Palermo, and it is said, he is but ten years of age. He possesses an inexhaustible fund of historical knowledge, and translates at sight and with the utmost ease from the Greek, Latin, French, Spanish and English languages. The King has granted him a pension of 450 Neapolitan ducats till the age of twenty one, to assist him in completing his studies.

Anger.—Is a burthen which men not unfrequently inflict upon themselves, as a kind of equipoise, to enable them to bear that imposed by others, forgetful that while one would only serve to *bend* them, doubling the weight might crush them. Sometimes it is a voluntary punishment assumed to show our spleen against fate, or a real or supposed wrong doer.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills are astonishing Remedies for Bad Breasts.—The wife of Mr. John Langton, of Cincinnatti, Ohio, had a remarkable bad breast, in which there were two large running wounds, to what cause to attribute it, the doctors did not know, but advised the adoption of a variety of remedies, which were of no use. At last, Mr. Langton determined to try what Holloway's Pills and Ointment would do, he fortunately purchased a quantity, and after his wife had used them for three weeks, a visable improvement took place, by continuing them for two months she was perfecty cured.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

From information to be relied on it appears that the Peruvian Government, for all its care, anxiety, &c., actually receives but $14 04 nett per ton (2,240 pounds) for its guano.

If the Government of Peru could be induced to alter her policy and sell the article at the islands to any and all parties willing to pay that price, then, in my opinion, it would remedy the evil complained of by the agriculturists in the United States. The competition that would naturally arise among our shippers and importing merchants would increase the demand and reduce the margin between Peruvian home value and the present United States market price to satisfactory figures. May we not hope that this can be done?

MARYLANDER.

Pine Hill, May 30, 1856.

SOME NOSE.

The following incident we had from a friend who knew the party: Deacon Comstock, of Hartford, Conn., is well known as being provided with an enormous handle to his countenance, in the shape of a huge nose, in fact it is remarkable for its great length. On a late occasion, when taking up a collection in the church to which the Deacon belongs, as he passed through the congregation every person to whom he presented the bag seemed to be possessed by a sudden and uncontrollable desire to laugh. The Deacon did not know what to make of it. He had often passed round before but no such effects as these had he ever before witnessed. The secret, however, leaked out. He had been afflicted for a day or two with a sore on his nasal appendage, and had placed a small piece of sticking plaster over it. During the morning of the day in question the plaster had dropped off, and the deacon seeing it, as he supposed, on the floor, picked it up and stuck it on again. But alas for men who sometimes make great mistakes, he picked up instead one of those pieces of paper which the manufacturers of spool cotton paste on the end of every spool, and which read:—"Warranted to hold out 200 yards." Such a sign on such a nose was enough to upset the gravity of even a puritan congregation.

Nat. Int.

A Lady who made pretensions to the most refined feelings, went to her butcher to remonstrate with him on his cruel practices. "How can you be so barbarous as to put little lambs to death?" "Why Madam," said the butcher, "you surely would'nt eat them alive, would you?"

Hall, in his Journal of Health, says that the best method of keeping off a tendency to insanity, is not to dwell too long on one idea. We see a tendency to insanity rapidly developing itself already among our "Republican" friends. Let them heed the warning in time.—*Springfield Argus.*

We fear it is already too late for some of them.—*Exchange.*

Poverty is no disgrace, although it is rather inconvenient.

THE MARKETS.

Salisbury, N. C., June 17.

Apples, (dried)	50	" Mixed No. 1,	10a11
do. Green,	$1.00	" Do Pure,	11 a 12½
Bacon,	10 a 11	Molasses, Cuba,	50 60
Beeswax,	22	" N Orleans,	[illegible] 65
Beef,	5 @ 6	Nails,	6 a 6½
Butter,	12½ @ 15	do. Wrought,	12½ @ 15
Candles, Tallow,	25	do. Horse Shoes,	25
do. Adamant,	33a37½	Oats,	30@33
do. Sperm,	45 a 50	Oils,—	
Coffee, Rio,	13 a 16	Linseed, ℔ gal	a $1 25
do. Java,	16 a 18	Tanners' ℔ gal	60 a 75
Castings ℔ lb,	4 @ 5	Potatoes, Irish,	50 $1
do. Malable	12½ @ 15	do. Sweet,	75 $1 00
Cotton,	9 10	Rags ℔ lb,	3
Cotton Bagging,—		Salt ℔ sack,	$2.60a 275
" Gunny,	20 a 00	do ℔ bushel,	$1.00
" Dundee,	15 a 00	Sheetings, Brown, 4-4	9
" Burlaps,	00 a 12½	Shot, ℔ bag	$2.25
Cotton Yarn,	90	Seed,—	
Corn,	45 48	Clover, ℔ bush.	$11a12
do. Meal,	45a50	Flaxseed,	$1 00
Chickens ℔ doz.,	$1¼ @ 1½	Sugar, Brown,	11 a 12½
Eggs ℔ doz.,	8a16	" Loaf,	12½ a 15
Feathers,	30 a 35	" Crushed,	12½ a 15
Flour, ℔ bbl.,	$4 a 5	" Clarified,	0 a 12½
Iron, Swede,	6	Tallow,	12½
do. Bar,	4½ a5	Turpentine, ℔ gal	[illegible]
" Eng. Refin'd	5½	Wheat,	$1.00
" Moles,	5	Wool,	25 a 00
" Oval,	6 @ 7	Window Glass, ℔ box,	
Lard,	10a11	8×10	$2.25
Lead, bar,	7½ a 8	10×12	$2.50
Lead, Dry White,	10 a 12½		

MARRIED:

In this County, June 12th, by Rev. Samuel Rothrock, Mr. GEORGE A. MILLER and Miss LOUISA, daughter of Mr Lawrence Lingle.

DIED:

June 12th, DAVID ALEXANDER, infant son of Mr. Joseph A. and Mrs. Margaret L. Patterson, in the 2d year of his age.

On the 3d of June, at his own residence, in Iredell County, in the 27th year of his age, Mr. MORGAN GRIFFIN.

It will no doubt be gratifying to the many friends as well as relations of Mr. Griffin, who were not permitted to attend him in his last sickness, to know something in relation to his state of mind when the messenger of Death came to summon him to a higher sphere of action. Being awakened by the Spirit of God, he was enabled to lay hold upon Jesus Christ, the "Lamb slain" for the remission of sins, in whom alone he was willing to trust. Conscious of his situation, he clearly recognized the voice of his Saviour, in this the last storm of life, saying "It is I," and therefore complied with the exhortation, "Be not afraid." His anxiety for those who had been his companions was so great that he earnestly desired that they should comply with his last message to them. "Seek ye first the Kingdom of God and his righteousness." adding with emphasis, "Tell them do it *now*." His own convictions of sin, preceding his first consolations in Christ, were exceeding deep and thorough; his trouble and exercise of mind, by a sense of sin and misery were extensive; and the light let into his mind at his conversion, appears to have had its genuine and humbling influence upon him, to have kept him low in his own eyes, not confiding in himself, but in Christ, looking for the mercy of the Lord Jesus to eternal life. There was a firm and undoubting belief in the Messiah, as the Saviour of the world, the great Prophet of God, and King of God's Church, with an earnest desire that God may be glorified and his Kingdom advanced; an uncommon resignation to the will of God, in this his last, but sweetest affliction; applying the words of his Saviour to his weeping wife "Weep not for me." Truly, was it a new song put into his mouth, for evidently did he appear to be a meek and quiet spirit; full of love, meekness, quietness and forgiveness. And now while a devoted wife with two little children, an affectionate mother, a watchful brother, and a large circle of relations mourn his loss, they mourn not as for one who is lost, but for one who is among those of the upper sanctuary, "singing the song of Moses and the Lamb."—[Com.

DR. M. WHITEHEAD.

OFFICE on the same lot with his residence. In his absence persons desiring to see him will leave their names on the Slate.

June 17, 1856. tf3

LOT SALES.

ON the 8th day of July, 1856, in the Town of Taylorsville, N. C., immediately surrounding the united Baptist Institute, will be sold at public Auction a number of valuable building

LOTS.

The above lots are large, well arranged and are the most desirable localities for building in and around the village. The second session of the above named Institution will commence on the day above mentioned. The United Baptist Institute is surrounded by the finest Mountain scenery in the State—in the immediate vicinity are two first-rate Mineral Springs; and separated from any local cause of disease. It is now in a very flourishing condition under the superintendence of James H. Foote, A. m., and H. J. Grimes, Esq.

Those desiring a pleasant home in the beautiful county and a healthy climate, and near one of the best Literary Institutions in the country would do well to attend the above sale.

WM. G. JAMES.

June 12th, 1856. 3w3

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

ALEXANDER COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Spring Term, 1856.

David Fonger v. E. C. McLelland.

Original Attachment Levied on Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant E. C. McLelland, is not an inhabitant of this State; It is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Carolina Watchman, printed at Salisbury, that the said E. C. McLelland appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Alexander, at the Court House in Taylorsville on the 1st Monday in September, and show cause if any he has why the said land should not be condemned for the satisfaction of the Plaintiff's debt, and sale ordered according.

Witness, A. Carson, Clerk of our said Court at Office, the 1st Monday in June, A. D. 1856, and in the 84th year of our independence.

A. CARSON, Clk.

6w3 Pr adv $6 50

The Board of Trustees

of Davidson College, will meet at Davidson College on Tuesday, the 24th June, at 11 o'clock, A. M.—The examination of the Students will commence on Monday.

W. W. PHARR, Pres't

E. Nye Hutchison, Sec.

June 17, 1856. 1t

ROWAN FACTORY.

Tribute to whom Tribute is due; if to the North Pay it—If not, encourage Home Manufactures.

THE subscribers have put the ROWAN FACTORY (located in Salisbury) in successful operation, and are making superior

SHEETINGS & YARNS,

which they offer on reasonable terms. We are determined to produce goods equal to the best made in the State and spare no effort to give satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

In a few weeks we shall be prepared to fill orders for Shirtings and Heavy Goods. COTTON BATTS kept on hand and for sale. The

GRIST MILLS

are also in operation and Corn will be ground for toll as promptly as possible.

MORNING & MEADER.

Salisbury, June 17th, 1856. tf3

KEITH & FLANNER.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Though Freight to Wilmington pr. Mail Train.

WE have made an arrangement with the Railroad Company to run a freight car with their Mail Trains, twice a week, from Salisbury to Wilmington direct; leaving Salisbury on Monday and Thursday; leave Wilmington on Tuesday and Friday. Our agent will accompany the car to receive and deliver freight at all the intermediate stations.—The first car will leave Salisbury on Monday 23d inst.

KEITH & FLANNER.

Wilmington, N. C., June 11, 1856. tf3

To R. Road Contractors.

ENGINEERS OFFICE, W. N. C. R. R.,
Salisbury, June 17, 1856.

PROPOSALS will be received at Statesville, Iredell County, N. C., until July the 15th, for the Graduation, Masonry, and Cross Ties for the remainder of the first Section of the Western North Carolina Rail Road, commencing at, and extending West from Statesville.

On the first 15 miles of this work there is important Masonry, and especially the Bridge across the Catawba River, but all of which is particularly worthy of attention.

Plans, Profiles, and Specifications with estimates of the work may be seen at the office of the Engineer after the 4th July.

JAMES C. TURNER.
Chief Engineer, W. N. C. R. R.

☞ The Standard and Register at Raleigh; Recorder, at Hillsboro'; Spectator and News at Asheville; Patriot, Greensboro' and Democrat, at Charlotte, will copy until the 15th July and forward their accounts to this office.

State of North Carolina.

IREDELL COUNTY.

Superior Court, Spring Term, 1856.

Nancy Pritchard v. Ransom Pritchard, Petition for Divorce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant in this case being absent so that the usual process of Law cannot be served upon him. It is ordered by the Court that advertisement be made in the Carolina Watchman for six successive weeks, for the defendant to appear and answer at the next Term of the Superior Court for the County of Iredell, at the Court House in Statesville, on the sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in August next, or judgment *pro confesso* will be taken against him.

Witness, C. L. Summers, Clerk of our said Court at office, the sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, 1856.

C. L. SUMMERS, Cl'k.

Price adv. $9 50 6w3

NOTICE.

ALL persons, in any way, indebted to me as Administrator of the estate of Moses D. Kilpatrick, deceased, are hereby notified to come forward and make immediate payment. The credit of the sale of the property of the personal estate has expired, and the estate must now be settled up. Also, all those having claims against the estate, are again notified to present them for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

JAMES G. RAMSAY, Adm'r.

June 17, 1856 tf3

SALE OF LAND.

BY order of the Court of Equity for Rowan County, I will offer the following valuable land for sale at public auction,

240 Acres,

to be sold upon the petition of Jacob Overcash and others, being the plantation upon which Daniel Overcash lived and died, situated near the Organ Church, adjoining the lands of George Barnhardt, Adam Casper and others. To be sold on the premises, the 24th day of July next.

Terms—six months credit, bond and security.

112 ACRES,

To be sold upon the petition of David Camp and others, being the land on which Asa Miller lived and died, situated about two miles from Gold Hill, adjoining the lands of John Lentz, David Earnhart, George Earnhart and others. This land will be sold subject to the widow's dower. Sale to be made on the premises, the 31st day of July next.

Terms—six months credit, bond and security.

L. BLACKMER, C. M. E.

June 17, 1856.—Pr. adv $6 25—7w1

Ten Dollars Reward!

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 29th day of May last, a free negro named HENRY VALENTINE, alias Henry Lomax. Said boy was convicted at the last Term of Rowan Superior Court of misdemeanor, whipped and sold for the payment of costs for the term of 18 months. Said Valentine or Lomax, is about 21 years of age, five feet three and a half inches high, of gingerbread color, large nose, thick lips, bow-legged, stout built, and by trade a Brick-mason, Plasterer and Painter. He was raised in Anson county, and may be lurking about Wadesborough and Albemarle.

I will give the above reward for his apprehension and delivery to me at Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus county, or if confined in any jail so that I get him again. Letters addressed to me at Mount Pleasant, will be promptly attended to.

CHARLES KLUTTS.

June 10, 1856. tf2

NOTICE!

THERE will be sold at the late residence of Hugh R. Hall, deceased, in Iredell County, near Bethany Church, on the 1st day of July next, six or eight likely NEGROES, three likely men, of whom one is a good

Shoemaker.

Four small boys and one woman and girl. The above negroes will be sold on a credit of nine months with interest from date.

JAS. K. NISBET, }
JAS. W. LEWIS, } *Executors.*

June 7, 1856. 1mo2

NEWBERN
Mutual Insurance Co.

THE undersigned has been appointed agent at Salisbury, for the above Company, and is prepared to receive applications from any person wishing to insure property. This company is now in successful operation, and its business is fast increasing. Persons wishing to have property insured in this office will please call on the subscriber.

J. D. RAMSAY.

June 10th, 1856. 6mo2

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber having made James J. McConnaughey interested in his Stock of Merchandise, his business will hereafter be conducted under the name George W. Brown & Co. All persons indebted to of me previous to 2d instant, 1856, will please call and settle.

GEO. W. BROWN.

Salisbury, June 2d 1856. 4w2

Blank Warrants for sale Here.

McNEELY, MOCK & GAITHER,

ARE NOW RECEIVING

AT the old, well known Establishment of Jenkins, Roberts & Co., one of the largest and Most Splendid Assortments of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN WESTERN CAROLINA, consisting of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, Boots and Shoes, Moleskin, Panama and Straw Hats, Bonnets—Buckets, Rope, Carriage Trimmings, Springs and Axels, Window Glass, Queens and Glass Ware, Saddlery, Sole Leather, Bolting Cloths, Blasting Powder, Nails, Iron & Steel, Blacksmiths', Carpenters' and Shoe-Makers' Tools, Tanners', Linseed and Sperm Oil, Paints, Dyestuffs, Castings, &c., &c. A large stock of

GROCERIES

always on hand........Particular attention is called to our large and well selected stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

which will be sold at unparalleled low prices in this country.

☞ All the above goods have been selected with the greatest care, and we most respectfully invite all those buying goods this season to call and examine our stock as we feel no hesitancy in saying that we have a larger assortment than has ever been offered at one season in this place, and that we are determined to sell, and will make it to the advantage of buyers to give our stock an examination before purchasing.

Salisbury, March 31, 1856. 44tf

McCormick's Reapers.

EUGENE MARTIN, Agent,
For the State of North Carolina.

☞ Office next to Cowan's brick row. 48tf

National Agricultural Warehouse,

PLOUGH MANUFACTORY, MACHINE DEPOT AND SEED STORE,

251 PEAL ST. near Fulton, New-York

JOHN JONES, PROPRIETOR.

The subscriber being a practical Mechanic, and having many years' experience in the manufacture of all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Machinery, would respectfully call the attention of Merchants and Planters to his large and most complete assortment of the above Goods, which he offers for sale at lower prices than any other House in the trade.

GUANO, BONE DUST, SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME, PLASTER AND OTHER FERTILIZERS.

March 31, 1856. 4t3m.

Carpetings, Rugs, Druggets, &c.

WE would call attention to our stock of the above articles, which is large and varied, just received. Call at No. 3, Granite Row.

BROWN & COFFIN.

Salisbury, March 25, 1856. 43tf

SQUIRE, ZIMMERMAN & ALLEN.

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

No. 143, Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA

Francis Squire,
D. M. Zimmerman, of Lincolnton, N. C.,
George N. Allen. 43:6m

PRESBYTERIAN
FEMALE COLLEGE,

STATESVILLE N. C.

THE second session of this institution will open in the new building on the 4th day of August next. To make suitable arrangements, the Trustees have spared neither cost nor pains. A commodious and handsome building, furniture and aparatus will be ready in due time; and our worthy and esteemed President will have a number of well qualified Assistants. Our terms are lower than any other similar institution with which we are acquainted.

Board and tuition to be paid in advance.

Terms.

Per session of five months,	$60 00
French Language,	5 00
Latin and Greek, each,	10 00
Music, with use of Piano,	22 50
Oil Painting,	15 00
Water colours and Ornamental Wax Work, each,	10 00
Embroidery,	5 00
Contingencies,	1 00

Candles and Towels furnished by the pupils.

By order of the Board.

S. B. O. WILSON, Pres't.

May 28, 1856. 10w1

PITTMAN, WADE & CHARLTON.

(Successors to WILLS & PITTMAN.)

General Produce
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Petersburg, Va.

BLAKE PITTMAN, } late of the firm of Wills & Pittman.
JAMES WADE. }
T. J. CHARLTON. } Late of Montgomery Co., Va.

Liberal cash advances made upon all consignments in hand.

May 20, 1856. 3mo51

Office N. C. R. R. Co.

SALISBURY, June 7th, 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders in this Company will take place at Raleigh on the 10th day of July next. All transfers of Stock must be filed in this Office before the 1st day of July, that a correct list may be reported to the meeting. None but a Stockholder can be a proxy.

CYRUS P. MENDENHALL,
Secretary & Treasurer.

☞ Patriot, Greensboro', Standard and Register, Raleigh; Recorder, Hillsboro'; Commercial, Wilmington; Intelligencer, Petersburg, publish twice.

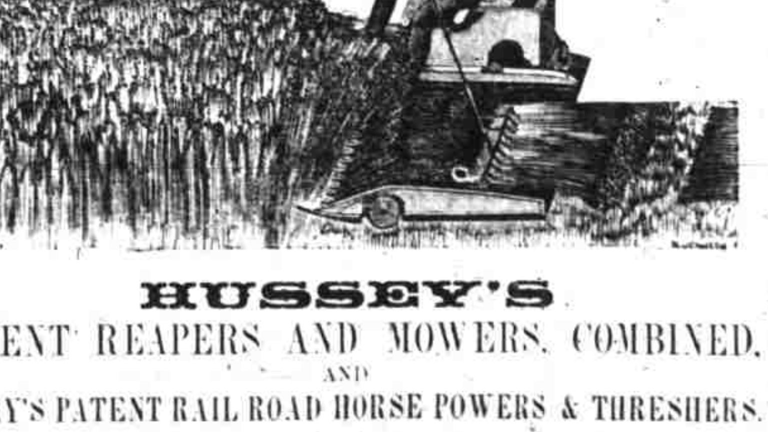
2w2

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of Stoker and Kirk, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES KIRK.

Rowan Co., June 3d 1856. 1t1



HUSSEY'S
PATENT REAPERS AND MOWERS, COMBINED,
AND
EMORY'S PATENT RAIL ROAD HORSE POWERS & THRESHERS.

PERSONS wishing the above Machines for the approaching harvest will apply (by letter or otherwise) to John A. Boyden, general agent for Western North Carolina, who will furnish them in Salisbury at manufacturer's prices, with addition of transportation only.

In the absence of Mr. Boyden application may be made to Eugene Martin, Esq., who is also agent for McCormick's celebrated machines. Office next to Cowan's brick row.

A supply of the very best machines always on hand.

JOHN A. BOYDEN.

Salisbury, May 26, 1856. 1t52

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS
FOR 1856.

MICHAEL BROWN

IS now receiving and opening his large and well-assorted stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of—

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,
Hats, Caps, and Bonnets;
Shoes and Boots;
Ready Made Clothing;
China, Delph, and Glass Ware;
Hardware & Cutlery, Groceries, &c.,

to which he invites the attention of his customers and the public—offering at low prices for cash, or on time to punctual customers, at wholesale or retail.

N. B. All kinds of Country Produce bought at the highest market price.

Salisbury, April 10, 1856. 46tf

ENCOURAGE
This Knocking!

THE undersigned begs leave to return his thanks to those who favored him with a call during the last year, and he respectfully informs the public that he has removed to the Shop lately occupied by Messrs. George & Whisnant, adjoining Mr. J. Rudsill's Planing Mills, where he is prepared to execute all work in his line, as cheap and good as can be done in the State.

Turning, Cutting Screws, Repairing Boilers and Engines,

of all descriptions; making and repairing

Mill Spindles, Wood Plainers, Plows, Ironing Wagons,

&c., and in

HORSE-SHOEING,

I will compare work with any one for neatness, wear, and despatch; Interferring shoes, $1 25; common do. $1; cast steel toes or steel plates, $2.

☞ I have also erected an Air Furnance for melting Brass, which answers finely. The public can get Brass and Composition Castings by calling at the above establishment and furnishing patterns. Also Brass melted over at a reduced price, with neatness and despatch.

☞ Old Copper and Brass wanted.

S. J. PERRY.

Charlotte, May 5, 1856. 49:6m

CLOTHING

For Spring & Summer.

JUST RECEIVED a new and beautiful Stock of Seasonable Clothing of superior quality and workmanship, which we are now selling at very low prices. Our stock comprises HATS, CAPS, COATS, Vests, PANTS, SHIRTS, COLLARS and CRAVATS; DRAWERS, SOCKS, BOOTS and SHOES, and every other article of Clothing required, of the most varied styles, quality and price. ☞ Call and see! Our stock is going off, and we are giving bargains to every purchaser. ☞ Our store at the corner of the Mansion Hotel.

H. F. BAUM & CO.

Salisbury, May 5, 1856. 49:3mo

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!!

J. V. & T. SYMONS & CO,

RESPECTFULLY

ANNOUNCE to the citizens of Rowan and adjoining Counties, that they are now receiving a large and well selected stock of

Spring & Summer Goods,

CONSISTING OF

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods;
Ready Made Clothing;
Hats and Caps;
Bonnets & Straw Goods;
Boots and Shoes;
Glass and Queensware;
Groceries & Dye Stuffs,

which they offer cheap for cash or on short credit. Call and examine, as we are determined to sell.

April 15, 1856. 46tf

ANOTHER
FRESH
STOCK
OF
Spring & Summer Goods

JUST ARRIVING!

HAVING sold off our first extensive purchase of Spring and Summer Goods in a very short time after they were to hand, we have since laid in a second supply, which is now arriving. It was selected with care, bought at very reduced cash prices, and will be sold low. No more desirable goods have been brought to this market the present year, none—we are sure, can be sold for less.

BROWN & COFFIN,
No. 3, Granite Row.

April 29, 1856. 48tf

THOMAS E. BROWN,

Carriage, Buggy and Sulky Builder,

SALISBURY, N. C.,

IS now carrying on the above business, and invites the public to call and examine his work. He is manufacturing very superior vehicles, and feels confident he can give satisfaction to all who want a firstrate article. He can put up work at low prices, if it be desired, but would always recommend the better qualities as cheapest in the long-run. He would advise those who wish to procure any thing in his line to call at his establishment before they purchase elsewhere.

☞ His shop is in the rear of his Livery Stable.

☞ Persons at a distance ordering work, will please accompany the order with a description of the article required—style, quality and price—and when delivered, if it does not give satisfaction they will not be required to keep it.

With the advantages of the Railroad at his door, he will take almost any kind of trade in exchange for work—such as Corn, Wheat, Flour, Oats, Bacon, Lard, Horses, Provender, Timber, &c. &c. His

LIVERY STABLE

is kept up as usual; and those who wish either to buy or to send horses to it are invited to call.

March 29th, 1855. 44tf

MOCKSVILLE
MALE ACADEMY.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on Wednesday the 20th of February, inst. The school is now in a very flourishing condition, and the subscriber will use his utmost endeavors to keep it so and to sustain the reputation which it has heretofore enjoyed. Young men will be prepared to enter any class in the University or any of our Colleges which they may desire.

TERMS:

Primary Department per session of 5 months,	$8.00
Higher English Branches,	12.00
Classics,	15.00

JNO. B. GRETTER, A. B.

Feb. 15, 1856. 1f39

REFERENCES.

President and Faculty of the University; Rev. Drury Lacy, D. D., President of Davidson College; Hon. John M. Morehead, Hon. John M. Dick, Greensborough; F. E. Shober, Esq.; J. F. Bell, Esq., Salisbury.

To the Ladies.

THE subscribers are now receiving the finest and most complete stock of Ladies' DRESS Goods they have ever offered to the public, which they will sell at a small profit. They invite particular attention to their fine embroidered, silk and lace MANTILLAS, and to their latest styles of BONNET RIBBONS, EMBROIDERIES, &c. No. 3, Granite Row.

BROWN & COFFIN.

Salisbury, March 25, 1856. 43tf

JOB PRINTING
Neatly Executed at This Office.