

Southern Convention at Savannah, Georgia.

By the People of the Slaveholding States.

THE Southern Convention, which was held in Savannah, Georgia, on the 20th of February, 1852, has just adjourned after a session of several days.

Among the resolutions adopted at that Convention was one nominating a committee to whom was referred all the resolutions which had been adopted at the time of the late Convention, with instructions to prepare and publish an address to the people of the Southern States, explaining and expressing their views fully on the subject of a general and permanent union of delegates at the next meeting of the Convention.

The committee, consisting of J. B. De Bow, of Louisiana; J. M. Calhoun, of Maryland; J. M. McKim, of Virginia; R. K. Meade, of North Carolina; J. M. Moore, of Florida; and J. M. H. Johnson, of Georgia, have the honor to announce that they have completed their address, which is published in the present issue of the Watchman.

The address, which was held at Savannah, Georgia, on the 20th of February, 1852, has just adjourned after a session of several days. Among the resolutions adopted at that Convention was one nominating a committee to whom was referred all the resolutions which had been adopted at the time of the late Convention, with instructions to prepare and publish an address to the people of the Southern States, explaining and expressing their views fully on the subject of a general and permanent union of delegates at the next meeting of the Convention.

The address, which was held at Savannah, Georgia, on the 20th of February, 1852, has just adjourned after a session of several days. Among the resolutions adopted at that Convention was one nominating a committee to whom was referred all the resolutions which had been adopted at the time of the late Convention, with instructions to prepare and publish an address to the people of the Southern States, explaining and expressing their views fully on the subject of a general and permanent union of delegates at the next meeting of the Convention.

The address, which was held at Savannah, Georgia, on the 20th of February, 1852, has just adjourned after a session of several days. Among the resolutions adopted at that Convention was one nominating a committee to whom was referred all the resolutions which had been adopted at the time of the late Convention, with instructions to prepare and publish an address to the people of the Southern States, explaining and expressing their views fully on the subject of a general and permanent union of delegates at the next meeting of the Convention.

The address, which was held at Savannah, Georgia, on the 20th of February, 1852, has just adjourned after a session of several days. Among the resolutions adopted at that Convention was one nominating a committee to whom was referred all the resolutions which had been adopted at the time of the late Convention, with instructions to prepare and publish an address to the people of the Southern States, explaining and expressing their views fully on the subject of a general and permanent union of delegates at the next meeting of the Convention.

The address, which was held at Savannah, Georgia, on the 20th of February, 1852, has just adjourned after a session of several days. Among the resolutions adopted at that Convention was one nominating a committee to whom was referred all the resolutions which had been adopted at the time of the late Convention, with instructions to prepare and publish an address to the people of the Southern States, explaining and expressing their views fully on the subject of a general and permanent union of delegates at the next meeting of the Convention.

Letter from Hon. Thos. L. Clingman.

SALISBURY, N. C., Oct. 10, 1850.

GENTLEMEN:—When I was last in your town I stated to you and your friends that though I might not be able to accept an invitation to meet the citizens of your county before the Presidential election, yet I would certainly endeavor to do so after that event, provided Fremont should carry a majority of the votes.

Should the black Republicans prevail, there is no doubt that I would stand on the side of the Union. I would not be prepared to say, if I were to write to you, therefore, to say, that if all things will be with you on Thursday, the 13th of November, that is a weekday day probably could be selected after the result is known, and I would be glad to see you, and to see the assembly of our Legislature.

Our ancestors had far greater difficulties to surmount than we are now compelled to meet. The Southern States have a population four times as great as all the colonies then had; while the best part of the North, I mean the men of courage and honor, acknowledge the justice of our cause, and are with us in feeling. Instead of having to make governments de novo, we have organized State Sovereignties to act at once.

I hold, however, that the condition of things which may possibly occur, would not justify the secession of any single State, but even a general individual resistance, for any *fact* which *American* might refuse to be degraded as to become the slave of the *whipping* abolitionists.

Our forefathers made that resolution to maintain their equality as men, and communities likewise. They resisted the payment of a paltry tax, because its imposition was an assertion of the right of the British Government to rule them. That government was controlled by a body of men, high-toned in mind, and yet our ancestors refused to accept even their laws.

A few years ago, that hope to fatten on the spoils of a government as corrupt as Fremont would establish, and a few years to their credit, and now attempt to produce a *disunion* in favor of our enemies, but they might have *reference* to our own Committee of Vigilance, in the State government could take the necessary steps to insure tranquility.

Let Massachusetts, New York and others stay out of it, and at the same time let the men of Southern courage for their ships, and Southern patriotism for their manufactures and imports. When their intercourse with us is placed on the footing common between foreign and hostile governments, if they do not find sufficient consideration in the idea that they are freed in their consciences from all responsibility for the sin and turpitude of Southern slavery, then let them, by force of arms, get back into the Union of their country.

Very truly yours, THOS. L. CLINGMAN. To Messrs. Wm. Thayer, R. F. Waring, Daniel Parks, and others, Charlotte, N. C.

Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, N. C.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 19, 1850.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER \$2.00 CASH.

DISUNION. We ask our democratic friends all through the country to remember, that "the Union" was one of the rallying cries of the leaders of the party—*vote for Buchanan and save the Union, said they.*

We see some of the Democratic papers are setting up a great cry because V. C. Barringer Esq. presumed to answer the Hon. D. M. Barringer, in the late canvass, just as if we were an unbound thing, in a few country, for him to talk to differ on politics. We have not cared to allude to this matter before, but we want to see justice done.

We heard Mr. V. C. Barringer's speech at the place, which he made at the solicitation of his friends, and it was far, mostly and distinctly true. He called industry a traitor, that we heard, but he did not mean in terms of severity, the miserable attempts of Col. Barringer to bully freemen into disunion.

There were large calculations of what Col. Barringer would do in his old range. It was given out that he was a party king in Calhoun. He seemed to have a pretty high idea himself of what he could do, for no sooner did he return from the North than he was over here to enlighten the people. He made a speech three hours long, full of abuse of the American Party, not very complimentary to the whigs and breathing slaughter against the Union men.

Mr. V. C. Barringer may take to himself this credit, that as soon as a King of Terror was set up in Calhoun, he laid hands on him, without ceremony, and tore him from his throne. *Charleston Gazette.*

Mr. V. C. Barringer, in his speech here on the night of the 28th of October, also spoke in reply to some of the positions taken by his brother, Hon. D. M. Barringer. We regarded it, at the time, as one of the most manly and scathing rebukes we had ever listened to. But he said nothing personally disrespectful.

THE RALEIGH STANDARD, and similar sheets for the first time in fifteen years, have discovered that Col. is a *mercenary* patriot, and the discovery is made just at the point of his turning a disunion demagogue. "Fain would the wounds of a friend—but death will be the kiss of an enemy."

DEATH OF SENATOR CLAYTON. New York, November 10. Intelligence has been received in this city of the death of Senator Clayton, of Delaware.

Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, N. C.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 19, 1850.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER \$2.00 CASH.

DISUNION. We ask our democratic friends all through the country to remember, that "the Union" was one of the rallying cries of the leaders of the party—*vote for Buchanan and save the Union, said they.*

We see some of the Democratic papers are setting up a great cry because V. C. Barringer Esq. presumed to answer the Hon. D. M. Barringer, in the late canvass, just as if we were an unbound thing, in a few country, for him to talk to differ on politics. We have not cared to allude to this matter before, but we want to see justice done.

We heard Mr. V. C. Barringer's speech at the place, which he made at the solicitation of his friends, and it was far, mostly and distinctly true. He called industry a traitor, that we heard, but he did not mean in terms of severity, the miserable attempts of Col. Barringer to bully freemen into disunion.

There were large calculations of what Col. Barringer would do in his old range. It was given out that he was a party king in Calhoun. He seemed to have a pretty high idea himself of what he could do, for no sooner did he return from the North than he was over here to enlighten the people. He made a speech three hours long, full of abuse of the American Party, not very complimentary to the whigs and breathing slaughter against the Union men.

Mr. V. C. Barringer may take to himself this credit, that as soon as a King of Terror was set up in Calhoun, he laid hands on him, without ceremony, and tore him from his throne. *Charleston Gazette.*

Mr. V. C. Barringer, in his speech here on the night of the 28th of October, also spoke in reply to some of the positions taken by his brother, Hon. D. M. Barringer. We regarded it, at the time, as one of the most manly and scathing rebukes we had ever listened to. But he said nothing personally disrespectful.

THE RALEIGH STANDARD, and similar sheets for the first time in fifteen years, have discovered that Col. is a *mercenary* patriot, and the discovery is made just at the point of his turning a disunion demagogue. "Fain would the wounds of a friend—but death will be the kiss of an enemy."

DEATH OF SENATOR CLAYTON. New York, November 10. Intelligence has been received in this city of the death of Senator Clayton, of Delaware.

Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, N. C.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 19, 1850.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER \$2.00 CASH.

DISUNION. We ask our democratic friends all through the country to remember, that "the Union" was one of the rallying cries of the leaders of the party—*vote for Buchanan and save the Union, said they.*

We see some of the Democratic papers are setting up a great cry because V. C. Barringer Esq. presumed to answer the Hon. D. M. Barringer, in the late canvass, just as if we were an unbound thing, in a few country, for him to talk to differ on politics. We have not cared to allude to this matter before, but we want to see justice done.

We heard Mr. V. C. Barringer's speech at the place, which he made at the solicitation of his friends, and it was far, mostly and distinctly true. He called industry a traitor, that we heard, but he did not mean in terms of severity, the miserable attempts of Col. Barringer to bully freemen into disunion.

There were large calculations of what Col. Barringer would do in his old range. It was given out that he was a party king in Calhoun. He seemed to have a pretty high idea himself of what he could do, for no sooner did he return from the North than he was over here to enlighten the people. He made a speech three hours long, full of abuse of the American Party, not very complimentary to the whigs and breathing slaughter against the Union men.

Mr. V. C. Barringer may take to himself this credit, that as soon as a King of Terror was set up in Calhoun, he laid hands on him, without ceremony, and tore him from his throne. *Charleston Gazette.*

Mr. V. C. Barringer, in his speech here on the night of the 28th of October, also spoke in reply to some of the positions taken by his brother, Hon. D. M. Barringer. We regarded it, at the time, as one of the most manly and scathing rebukes we had ever listened to. But he said nothing personally disrespectful.

THE RALEIGH STANDARD, and similar sheets for the first time in fifteen years, have discovered that Col. is a *mercenary* patriot, and the discovery is made just at the point of his turning a disunion demagogue. "Fain would the wounds of a friend—but death will be the kiss of an enemy."

DEATH OF SENATOR CLAYTON. New York, November 10. Intelligence has been received in this city of the death of Senator Clayton, of Delaware.

Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, N. C.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 19, 1850.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER \$2.00 CASH.

DISUNION. We ask our democratic friends all through the country to remember, that "the Union" was one of the rallying cries of the leaders of the party—*vote for Buchanan and save the Union, said they.*

We see some of the Democratic papers are setting up a great cry because V. C. Barringer Esq. presumed to answer the Hon. D. M. Barringer, in the late canvass, just as if we were an unbound thing, in a few country, for him to talk to differ on politics. We have not cared to allude to this matter before, but we want to see justice done.

We heard Mr. V. C. Barringer's speech at the place, which he made at the solicitation of his friends, and it was far, mostly and distinctly true. He called industry a traitor, that we heard, but he did not mean in terms of severity, the miserable attempts of Col. Barringer to bully freemen into disunion.

There were large calculations of what Col. Barringer would do in his old range. It was given out that he was a party king in Calhoun. He seemed to have a pretty high idea himself of what he could do, for no sooner did he return from the North than he was over here to enlighten the people. He made a speech three hours long, full of abuse of the American Party, not very complimentary to the whigs and breathing slaughter against the Union men.

Mr. V. C. Barringer may take to himself this credit, that as soon as a King of Terror was set up in Calhoun, he laid hands on him, without ceremony, and tore him from his throne. *Charleston Gazette.*

Mr. V. C. Barringer, in his speech here on the night of the 28th of October, also spoke in reply to some of the positions taken by his brother, Hon. D. M. Barringer. We regarded it, at the time, as one of the most manly and scathing rebukes we had ever listened to. But he said nothing personally disrespectful.

THE RALEIGH STANDARD, and similar sheets for the first time in fifteen years, have discovered that Col. is a *mercenary* patriot, and the discovery is made just at the point of his turning a disunion demagogue. "Fain would the wounds of a friend—but death will be the kiss of an enemy."

DEATH OF SENATOR CLAYTON. New York, November 10. Intelligence has been received in this city of the death of Senator Clayton, of Delaware.

Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, N. C.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 19, 1850.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER \$2.00 CASH.

DISUNION. We ask our democratic friends all through the country to remember, that "the Union" was one of the rallying cries of the leaders of the party—*vote for Buchanan and save the Union, said they.*

We see some of the Democratic papers are setting up a great cry because V. C. Barringer Esq. presumed to answer the Hon. D. M. Barringer, in the late canvass, just as if we were an unbound thing, in a few country, for him to talk to differ on politics. We have not cared to allude to this matter before, but we want to see justice done.

We heard Mr. V. C. Barringer's speech at the place, which he made at the solicitation of his friends, and it was far, mostly and distinctly true. He called industry a traitor, that we heard, but he did not mean in terms of severity, the miserable attempts of Col. Barringer to bully freemen into disunion.

There were large calculations of what Col. Barringer would do in his old range. It was given out that he was a party king in Calhoun. He seemed to have a pretty high idea himself of what he could do, for no sooner did he return from the North than he was over here to enlighten the people. He made a speech three hours long, full of abuse of the American Party, not very complimentary to the whigs and breathing slaughter against the Union men.

Mr. V. C. Barringer may take to himself this credit, that as soon as a King of Terror was set up in Calhoun, he laid hands on him, without ceremony, and tore him from his throne. *Charleston Gazette.*

Mr. V. C. Barringer, in his speech here on the night of the 28th of October, also spoke in reply to some of the positions taken by his brother, Hon. D. M. Barringer. We regarded it, at the time, as one of the most manly and scathing rebukes we had ever listened to. But he said nothing personally disrespectful.

THE RALEIGH STANDARD, and similar sheets for the first time in fifteen years, have discovered that Col. is a *mercenary* patriot, and the discovery is made just at the point of his turning a disunion demagogue. "Fain would the wounds of a friend—but death will be the kiss of an enemy."

DEATH OF SENATOR CLAYTON. New York, November 10. Intelligence has been received in this city of the death of Senator Clayton, of Delaware.