

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Legislature of this State met on the 1st inst. The Governor's message is to hand, but too late for this paper. The Governor shows at some length that President Lincoln has usurped power, and that his policy is in accordance with the whole spirit and letter of the National Constitution. He recommends the raising and organizing of ten Regiments to serve during the war, and that all appropriate bounties be offered to persons enlisting. He had fully expended and estimated away, about \$25,000 of the \$200,000 appropriated by the last Legislature and says as the State is already armed, the remainder may be appropriated to the preparing of small arms of war, manufacture of arms that may be hereafter needed. The Governor says the duty being collected at Washington is supposed to be, and that if Maryland and Virginia should be engaged and over run by it, it surely will march against our State; and that it is our duty to join Virginia and Maryland to keep them in check. He recommends that a State Convention be called with full and final powers, to pass an ordinance of secession from the Union. We have no objection, though we would like to vote on the question direct.

Prices.—There is an upward tendency of prices on all kinds of produce and groceries. We fear a sort of panic is getting up. We think there is no sort of necessity for it. There is a plenty of every necessary article in the land. We suggest to our citizens to adopt measures to supply themselves without the intervention of merchants who are heartless enough to gouge the people at a time like this. Fire, tea, wheat or a hundred, can join their means and purchase abroad such articles as we need with little trouble, and to protect themselves, if it should become necessary.

A Lively Time.—We had quite a lively time on our streets on Tuesday night, a number of members of the Legislature were, on their way to Raleigh; and our citizens assembling in the street, called on them for speeches. Mark Edwin, T. N. Crumpler, Mr. Worthington and Fink, responded to the calls made on them in very spirited addresses. We have heard Mr. Crumpler's speech frequently alluded to since. They kept up the fire until after twelve o'clock. Every thing here in the evening time, is on a liberal scale and moving as rapidly as possible. Not much else engaging the attention of our people.

Volunteers.—A Company from Catawba, under Capt. Bradburn, numbering 412 men, arrived here on Tuesday, on their way to Raleigh. A Company from Davis county, under Capt. Jesse Clements, 90 members, arrived here Wednesday evening. They will all depart for Raleigh to-day or to-morrow. Volunteers are organizing into Companies all over the State.

Bad Characters.—We understand that a number of bad characters of both sexes, having been run out of Charlotte, have taken refuge here. If this be so, our vigilance men will be apt to find them out, and take such action in the premises as the case requires. If too bad for Charlotte, they are hardly good enough for Salisbury.

C. F. FISHER.

We see it stated in the Raleigh Journal that Mr. C. F. Fisher is raising a Regiment of picked men—not to move until fighting is to be done, and not to stop until fighting is to cease. It is to embrace companies of smiths, carpenters, masons, engineers, &c. Members are now being quartered at the barracks in Charlotte, for instructions. The expenses are all borne by Mr. Fisher.

This is certainly a very liberal enterprise.

Discipline.—Good discipline is a most important matter in war. Let every man in the State who is liable to military duty, and every one who is determined to do his part in defense of his State when the enemy approaches, make the best use of opportunities to perfect himself in military knowledge and drill. It is a dangerous thing to go to war without the discipline and knowledge which experience has proved to be so essential to success. A Northern hero of fame has remarked upon our destruction. Let us be prepared to receive them in the most approved and scientific manner. The Adjutant General advises to drill day and night. It is good advice.

HON. W. A. GRAHAM.

This gentleman delivered an address at Hillsboro, on Saturday last, in which, after reviewing the history of our national troubles, and pointing out the errors and wrongs which had been committed on both sides, said the course of the President had forced Virginia to sever her connection with the Union, contrary to what seemed to be the will of the people, and leaves North Carolina as either alternative but to take the same step. We most anxious in a necessity, and said he give our line for the debt imposed on us by the present Government.

We will publish an extract of this speech in our next.

It Judge Douglas, James Buchanan, Pierce, Fillmore, Dickinson, Fremont, and almost every man known to fame, have thrown away their love for the South, and in some firm pledged to maintain the black republican empire, Lincoln. How fairly have we treated them. New York city is also against us, almost to a man, notwithstanding their great professions of friendship.

"Raised Gun"—The newspapers every where are advising the farmers to raise corn. The farmers in this part of the State are doing it. Potatoes is fast, and farmers can't do better than raise breadstuffs.

FROM WASHINGTON. ALEXANDRIA, April 28. Four vessels—two war steamers and two transports—passed up the Potomac this morning, with Northern troops. Governor Hicks, of Maryland, has issued a proclamation recommending that State to occupy a neutral position. The steamer Adelaide, of the Norfolk line was fired at by the Harriet Lane, on Friday night, off Rappahannock, in Chesapeake Bay. The Adelaide was boarded, and then allowed to proceed. Citizens who are suspected of sympathizing with the South are still being compelled to leave Washington. A large quantity of shell has been landed at Fort Washington by the Lincoln Government. Two persons have been arrested and are now confined in the capitol at Washington for being secessionists. One is a citizen of South Carolina—the other of Washington city. The New York 7th regiment declare that they will not invade the South. They are consequently looked upon with suspicion by the administration. The 11th New York regiment, quartered at Inauguration Hall, revolted on account of their bad quarters, and had to be removed to the Navy Yard. A man named Boyd was shot on the Island (Washington) by two men on account of expressing Southern sentiments. He was called out of his bed at midnight, and shot.—[Guardian.]

- 1. Orange Light Infantry, Capt. John.
2. Washington Guards, Capt. Wade.
3. Baltimore Non-Com. Capt. Williams.
4. Enfield Blues, Capt. Bell.
5. Lumberton Guards, Capt. Norman.
6. Duplin Rifles, Capt. Kenna.
7. Charlotte Greys, Capt. Ross.
8. Thornville Rifles, Capt. Miller.
9. Granville Greys, Capt. Wortham.
10. Columbia Guards, Capt. Ellis.

The Cadets of the "North Carolina Military Institute" will be added to this Regiment when the boys shall have obtained the consent of their parents and guardians.

Like Economically.—The papers are also advising the people to live economically. They will be apt to do it in times like these, because they must know war is expensive, and finances usually tread on the heels of armies. Waste nothing, save all that can be turned to good account, be diligent and just, and trust in a kind, overruling Providence, and all will come right in the end.

The appointment for the "Southern Rights Meeting" advertised to be held at Charlotte, on the 9th May, has been officially withdrawn. There is now no necessity for it, and it will not be held.

Richmond, April 30. The Convention has passed a Stay Law, and will probably take a recess to-morrow.

ALEXANDRIA, April 30. The Maryland House of Delegates has passed, without division, a resolution declaring to the Legislature the power to pass an Ordinance of Secession.

WAR ITEMS, &c.

ALEXANDRIA, April 30.—The monthly Contingent, with troops on hand, passed here to-day.—The Government of the United States will call for an additional 25,000 troops, which, with the 15,000 already called, and the regular army and navy, will make a total of 180,000 men at the disposal of Lincoln.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 29.—By an understanding between the Governors of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, those States will set in conjunction to throw troops and provisions into Washington, or elsewhere South, upon the order of the War Department.

Gov. Curtin, in his message, earnestly recommends an appropriation of \$5,000,000 and the raising of 25,000 men, for domestic defense as well as Federal service.

Boston, April 27.—Edward Everett delivered an eloquent speech to-day, in which he says we are but one heart, one mind, and that the Government must be sustained. We forget that we were ever partisans; we remember only that we are Americans.

The collector at this port has received orders to grant no clearance to any port South of Delaware Bay.

New York, April 29.—In the Northern States, cities, &c., including private subscriptions, the sum of \$11,239,000 has been contributed for war purposes. The steamer F. W. Brine, Fanny Cade's elder and William Woodard were been captured by the United States Government. They left New York on Saturday morning for Trenton, to take troops to Washington.

Several seizures of gunpowder on board of vessels were made on Saturday night. About 15,000 troops are quartered here, destined for Washington.

Alderman Wynn's Zeavens, 500 strong, are quartered in the old Government House on Staten Island. The Tribune says that corn and everything requisite to be prepared, will be supplied.

They will doubtless be a force of 200,000 men sent to the relief of Fort Fisher, and it will march through, not around, Baltimore, Richmond, Raleigh, Charlotte, Savannah, Montgomery and New Orleans, being joined at the last named city by a like force, which will have made its way down the Mississippi.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—A petition is in circulation, urging the President to open the route through to Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, April 29.—Much activity is observable to-day between Forts Mifflin and Carroll. It is reported that gun-bore have been taken to the latter, which is being placed in a position of defense. The city is quiet. Volunteers are offering in large numbers.

ALEXANDRIA, April 28.

Lincoln directed his Secretary of War to take possession of the Railroad from Washington to Annapolis. The Vice President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad will superintend it. Lincoln also directed his Secretary to take possession of the line of Road between Baltimore and York, P.

It has been determined by the government to increase the regular army to 25,000 men and after the navy to 25,000.

Lincoln will issue a proclamation to-morrow declaring to Virginia and North Carolina the blockade. Com. Stringham will command the blockading squadron.

The Brazilian Minister demands that the three months notice of intention, according to the law of nations, be given before the blockade goes into effect.

Several workmen are in prison in Washington for suspected connection with the secession movement. The house of a secessionist named Pomfray was entered by U. S. troops but the occupant had fled, otherwise he would have been hardly dealt with.

Four steamers passed up here to day, with troops. It is the intention of the troops to attack Alexandria and take the Heights and railroad. They are pouring into Washington in great numbers and without hindrance.

It is reported that Gov. Hicks has resigned.

Old Frank Blair says that Maryland

must and shall be a free State if every white man in her border has to be killed. RICHMOND, April 29.

President Davis is eagerly and anxiously and confidently expected to visit some cities considerably North of Montgomery. Of the time, route, place and mode of his visit it is not proper to speak more fully at present.

Gov. W. S. Harney of U. S. A. is now in this city and was on his way to Washington to resign when arrested. He has visited Gov. Letcher.

The Virginia Convention to-day decided to establish a naval force to-day of 2000 sailors with rank and pay as in the U. S. navy.

A nephew of James Buchanan has entered a Pennsylvania company. This is a terrible blow to the South.

THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

Gov. Hicks of Maryland recommends an armed neutrality. The Senate has directed him to refer the question to the people. The House has appointed a Committee to draft a Secession Ordinance.

FROM WASHINGTON.

ALEXANDRIA, April 28.

Four vessels—two war steamers and two transports—passed up the Potomac this morning, with Northern troops.

Governor Hicks, of Maryland, has issued a proclamation recommending that State to occupy a neutral position.

The steamer Adelaide, of the Norfolk line was fired at by the Harriet Lane, on Friday night, off Rappahannock, in Chesapeake Bay. The Adelaide was boarded, and then allowed to proceed.

Citizens who are suspected of sympathizing with the South are still being compelled to leave Washington.

A large quantity of shell has been landed at Fort Washington by the Lincoln Government.

Two persons have been arrested and are now confined in the capitol at Washington for being secessionists.

One is a citizen of South Carolina—the other of Washington city.

The New York 7th regiment declare that they will not invade the South.

They are consequently looked upon with suspicion by the administration.

The 11th New York regiment, quartered at Inauguration Hall, revolted on account of their bad quarters, and had to be removed to the Navy Yard.

A man named Boyd was shot on the Island (Washington) by two men on account of expressing Southern sentiments.

He was called out of his bed at midnight, and shot.—[Guardian.]

ABE LINCOLN STEALING NEGROES.

MONTGOMERY, April 28.

It is reported on reliable authority that the government steamer Baltic touched last week at Tortugas, and took off twenty-two negroes belonging to citizens in Florida. The negroes worked about the forts. Nothing of interest from Pensacola.

The Southern States.—This noble band of Volunteers from Lincoln County, 40 strong, arrived in Charlotte yesterday afternoon under the command of Capt. W. J. Hole, bound for Raleigh. They are a noble band of soldiers, and are just the fellows to take charge of Abo.—Charlotte Bulletin.

They passed through this place Wednesday morning. Two hundred South Carolina troops passed the night before; and 112 from Catawba County, on Thursday.

Plates and Short Swords.—In Baltimore they are manufacturing plates, an excellent weapon, at also the short sword. Our own shops and works should at once commence the manufacture of both these articles.—Char. Bulletin.

Resign.—The N. Y. Times plainly contends that Lincoln and his Cabinet are not fit for the emergency, and calls upon them to resign. It says that "the President runs so small risk of being superseded in his office." Plain talk that.

Two More Survivors.—We are informed by letter from one of the two, that Wilson T. Hodges of Hyde county and Joseph C. Norcom of Washington county, members of the Convention of 1855, are still living, making 46 known to be living out of 120.

The Blockade.—The proclamation of the Rump President, declaring the ports of the seceded States to be in a state of blockade, is one of the best jokes of the season. Fifteen hundred miles of sea-coast blockaded by about two dozen war vessels! All the outside world is to see its trade cut up by such a contemptible naval force! Great Britain is to submit to be ruined by a paper flourish from the pen of Abo Lincoln! France ditto! Every nation in Europe ditto! What a thought!—Petersburg Express.

Convention.—The Governor of Virginia has published a "Convention between the Commonwealth of Virginia and the Confederate States of America," signed by Alex. H. Stephens, commissioner of the latter, and Messrs. Tyler, Preston, Moore, Holcombe, Bruce and Harvie, on the part of the Virginia Convention, providing that until Virginia shall become a member of the Confederacy, the military force and operations of the State shall be under the control of President Davis; that when she becomes a member of the Confederacy, the property acquired from the United States shall be turned over to the Confederacy; and that the expenses incurred by Virginia shall be paid by the Confederacy.

A Gun for the Times.—An citizen of Charlotte has invented a gun which will fire 150 balls in a minute. We have seen it tried, but are not at liberty to particularize at present. Competent officers pronounce it a complete success.—The inventor, an ingenious mechanic, has gone to Montgomery for the purpose of exhibiting it to the authorities of the Confederate States. Western Democrat.

THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE. Gov. Hicks of Maryland recommends an armed neutrality. The Senate has directed him to refer the question to the people. The House has appointed a Committee to draft a Secession Ordinance.

TOWN ORDER.

It is hereby ordered that the Town Patrol of Salisbury have discretionary powers to arrest and lock up in the calaboose any person, white or black, who may be found in the streets of Salisbury after dark who shall be guilty of any disorderly conduct, or be unable to give a satisfactory account of himself; and any person so committed to be brought before me for further proceedings on the following morning. JOHN I. SHAVER, Interdent. May 2, 1861—1864.

Spring Stock for 1861.

HORAH & RAMSAY

TAKE pleasure in informing their friends and the public in general that they are now in receipt of the largest, most varied and cheapest stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

that they ever had the pleasure to offer. These Goods have all been bought for cash at greatly reduced prices, and will be offered for cash only at unprecedented low prices. Call and see them, hear prices and judge for yourselves.

In view of the uncertainty of every thing in business affairs in this revolutionary time, we have adopted the cash system, believing it to be the best for ourselves and our friends.

Those having open accounts with us, will please call without delay, and close them either by cash or note. HORAH & RAMSAY, Salisbury, April 28th 1861. 1550

NO CREDIT.

OUR TERMS after the 1st of May next will be exclusively Cash on Delivery. We are compelled to adopt this plan for our safety and we hope no one will take offense at it. Persons having accounts with us will please call and close the same by cash or note. H. H. HODGINS & FOSTER, Salisbury, April 28, 1861. 1550

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE of a Power of Attorney regularly executed to me by M. Hoffman, we hereby give notice that all persons indebted to the said M. Hoffman, must make payment to us or to our Attorney L. Backman, on or before the first day of June next, for at that date all claims due M. Hoffman are directed to be paid upon without reservation. All the claims due M. Hoffman will be found in the possession of either L. Backman or W. J. Mills. The Goods remaining in M. Hoffman's store will be sold at Baltimore town. HARRISBERG & STIEFEL, April 28, 1861. 4x10

MRS. A. J. BOSEMAN, M. D.

HAVING studied in prominent Medical College and Hospitals, North and South, and having been practicing in the various departments of his profession for nine years with great success, he continues to offer his services to the public where he is permanently located, and by strict attention to his professional duties will endeavor to merit a liberal patronage as heretofore, and holds himself available at all hours, day and night, for professional calls. Office at Roseman's store. April 28, 1861. 3x10

Head-Quarters 68th Regiment, North Carolina Militia.

TO THE OFFICERS OF SAID REGIMENT, Meet in Salisbury on Friday the 19th of May next for drill.

The Captains will have their Companies in Salisbury, and under arms by 10 o'clock on the day following. And all Companies without Officers will report themselves at the same time and place.

P. S.—Captains will also attend to the requirements of the following Act passed by the last General Assembly of the State: Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all free white males and apprentices who are of the age of eighteen years, and under the age of forty-five years, and who reside in the State of North Carolina, except ministers of the gospel, shall be enrolled in the militia of the State by the captain or commanding officer of the militia company within whose district such persons shall reside, and the said officers shall notify such free white males and apprentices of their enrollments by a non-commissioned officer of his company, and by whom said notice shall be proved.

By order of the Col. Commandant, R. F. BREWSTER, Adjutant. April 28, 1861. 1550

WE HAVE IN STORE

- 35 bbls. Coffee Sugars.
10 bbls. Molasses.
6 bbls. N. Orleans Syrup.
800 lbs. Sole Leather.
50 kegs Nail.
25 bags Rio Coffee.
2 casks Rice.

All of which we offer at greatly reduced prices. R. & A. MURPHY, April 8. 3x17.