

Camp near Kinston, N.C., July 22.

Mr. BROWN:—It becomes my painful duty to chronicle the death of Captain Rowan's noblest son, A. A. Hohouser, first Sergeant of the Rowan Artillery. Although it was not his lot to fall on a field of fame, where he stood as firm and as cool, as if he was a veteran in years of war, and at the same time laboring under the disease that took him from amongst the many friends he has made by his kind disposition and manly bearing, it will be a consolation to his friends to know that every attention needed, was paid by a fond brother, several members of the Battery, and the cordial co-operation of the family where he was removed to. Quite a young man, when appointed to the official position he occupied in the Battery, he performed his duties with a devotion and zeal that gave entire satisfaction to all, and his loss at this time is lamented by every member in the Battery, and particularly by the writer of this.

Yours respectfully,
JAMES REILLY,
Capt. Commanding Rowan Artillery.

Two negroes were hung on Friday last at Kinston, by order of Col. Sol. Williams, commandant of the post, one of them belonging to the estate of the late Rev. W. F. Biddle, of Crenson, the other to Mr. Coward, of Greene county. The negroes had been in jail for some time, charged with going off to the enemy, communicating intelligence to them, inducing other slaves to abscond. The evidence was clear against them.—*Nat. Standard*, July 26.

CONSCRIPTS VOTING.

Will the conscripts in camp near this place be allowed to vote? If they are organized into companies or regiments, they will have the right to vote, in camp, for Governor, members of the Legislature, and Sheriff, under the ordinances of the Convention; but if not so organized, they will have the right to vote, at the Courthouse in Raleigh, for Governor. Or, if they reach their regiments in Virginia in time, they will have the right to vote there, under the ordinances of the Convention.—*ibid.*

THE LATEST NEWS.

News by this Morning's Mail.

We have verbal rumors of an expected advance of a portion of Burnside's troops from Newbern to Kinston, and that our forces are preparing to meet them.

Raleigh, July 26.

The cartel for a general exchange of prisoners was signed on the 22d instant, by Major Gen. Jas. A. Dix, of the Fed. of Army, and Major Gen. Daniel H. Hill of the Confederate Army.

The news from the West, is that John Morgan had captured eleven cities and towns, with heavy amounts of army stores, and that he has a force sufficient to hold all the counties between Lexington and Frankfort. The bridges between Lexington and Cincinnati have all been destroyed.

Six Federal Colonels in Curtis' army have resigned and gone home on account of Lincoln's lately declared policy on the negro question.

Commodore Tattnall has been acquitted for the destruction of the Merrimac, or Virginia.

Another steamer, with a cargo of arms, ammunition, &c., ran into Mobile on the 23d, after an exciting chase from the blockaders.

Jackson is said to be at or near Gordonsville. This is Federal news. Reports from the same source, indicate considerable excitement at Washington, fearing he may plunge into the Capitol before they are aware of it.

The Federal Confiscation bill against the property of rebels, has become a law. It sweeps everything a man has; and is probably no worse than the plundering and stealing herebefore practised by the invading army.

The Boston Courier says the only chance to save the three hundred thousand troops called for, is by draft.

From the Raleigh Telegraph.

LATEST FROM THE NORTH

The New York Stock and Bond Markets.

Raleigh, July 23.

In New York on the 19th inst. gold advanced to \$132 and finally closed at \$134.

Bills on London rose to \$134. The last quotations were 130 to 131.

Stocks were generally lower—Governments declining two per cent since the 16th. Sixes, registered, of 1861, quoted at 98 to 98½. Treasury notes 70 to 70 2-10.

Flour advanced 10 to 15 cents.

FROM THE WEST.

Capture of Henderson, Ky., and Newburg, Ind., by the "Rebels"—More prisoners and arms.

Raleigh, July 23.

New York papers of the 19th contain a dispatch dated Cincinnati, 15th, which says Indianapolis dispatches to the Executive Department says that Henderson Ky., and Newburg, Ind., have been taken by the Rebels. At the latter place 250 sick soldiers were taken prisoners. The Rebels also took 250 stand of arms.

FROM KENTUCKY.

Col. Morgan again—Great destruction of Yankee Government stores.

Raleigh, July 24.

Baltimore papers of the 22d say that the excitement caused by Morgan's movements in central Kentucky, continues. He destroyed an immense quantity of government stores at Lebanon.

FROM CHARLESTON.

Visit of a French War Steamer to Charleston Harbor.

CHARLESTON, July 24.

The French war steamer *Risbanche*, Capt. Le Cordeur, from Port Royal, arrived yesterday, and is now at anchor off the battery. Her object is unknown.

LETTERS FROM EUROPE.
The news of the late battle is bad—What the press says of the British troops has to be withdrawn from Canada—The new Yankees have regard to almost a declaration of war upon England—See in notice.

Raleigh, July 23.
Baltimore papers of the 22d received. The Asia had arrived with Liverpool advice to the 12th.

The results of the fighting before Richmond are treated as a severe reverse for the Unionists by the English press. Lord Palmerston had stated in parliament that the British troops in Canada would not be withdrawn. Quite a young man, when appointed to the official position he occupied in the Battery, he performed his duties with a devotion and zeal that gave entire satisfaction to all, and his loss at this time is lamented by every member in the Battery, and particularly by the writer of this.

The cotton market closed with an upward tendency.

INTERESTING FROM VICKSBURG.

The Mobile Advertiser makes the following extract from a private letter from Vicksburg. It is suggestive of some important matters of which we are in ignorance here. Can it be, that Baton Rouge is reoccupied after all the denials from New Orleans? The New Orleans papers of the latest date have confessed to a score and that a Maine regiment was sent in hot haste. Farragut's request to be permitted to pass the batteries is repeated in this letter in conditions greatly amplified. If half what is suggested by the writer be confirmed, the Yankees are certainly in a bad way on the Mississippi; and Butler was right in thinking that "groups and crowds in the streets of New Orleans were dangerous to the public peace." But to the extracts:

Vicksburg, July 13.

We have just received exciting news from our batteries. A Yankee flag of truce has arrived to request permission for their gunboats to pass our batteries at Vicksburg and Baton Rouge unopposed, and they will evacuate New Orleans and the river. It is said that Gen. Van Dorn has refused the request, for he says that before two months he shall have the whole of the Yankee fleet between Vicksburg and Baton Rouge.

Officers refusing to comply with this order will be reported to the War Department.

By order: PETER MALLETT,
Major & A.A.G.P.C.S.A.

WAR DEPARTMENT.
Adj't and Inspector General's Office,
Richmond, July 14, 1862.
GENERAL ORDERS.
No. 2.

A LL persons subject to the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the public defence," approved April 16, are hereby warned not to join or enlist in any regiment or company whatever. They must report to the commandant of this Camp for duty or be considered as deserters. All officers are hereby notified not to recruit or enlist in this State men enroled or liable to conscription. All persons enlisted by officers for any company or regiment in the State of Confederate service, since enrollment under said Act, must be returned to the commandant of this camp.

Officers refusing to comply with this order will be reported to the War Department.

By order: PETER MALLETT,
Major & A.A.G.P.C.S.A.

WAR DEPARTMENT.
Adj't and Inspector General's Office,
Richmond, July 14, 1862.
GENERAL ORDERS.
No. 49.

A LL persons engaged in enrolling Conscripts, A, are hereby authorized and required in arrest deserters from the army, and deliver them to the commandant of the nearest Camp of Instruction, or to lodge them in the nearest jail, and to return their names, company and regiment to the Adj'tant and Inspector General.

Jailors are requested to detain them, and will be allowed the fees and charges for the detention of prisoners, prescribed by the laws of the State in which the jail is situated.

Enrolling officers are also required to report to the Adj'tant and Inspector General the names and address of all persons absent from the Army, without leave, whether by the expiration of their leaves of absence, furloughs, detaches or otherwise; and when this unauthorized absence exceeds the time required to correspond with the War Department, the enrolling officer will arrest the person and send him to the nearest Camp of Instruction, reporting the arrest to the adj'tant and Inspector General.

Commandants of Camps of Instruction are required to forward deserters and persons absent without leave, to their regiments, and have the powers of arrest conferred upon enrolling officers. By command of the Secretary of War.

R. COOPER,
(101) Adj'tant and Inspector General.

Notice to Conscripts.

STATEVILLE, N.C., July 21, 1862.

THE impossibility of getting the camp in readiness to receive troops renders it necessary for the delaying till further orders, the calling out of conscripts destined for this camp. The Colonels of regiments of the Yanks will therefore not pull out their respective commands till further orders.

JAMES C. MCRAE,
Capt. & A. A. Gen'l. P. A. C. S.
July 28, 1862.

110—
STRAYED.

ON Friday last, four miles from the Quar't Master's Office, Salisbury. They are all branded C. S., on the left shoulder. Any one returning them will be liberally rewarded.

HENRY MCCOY,
Capt. A. Q. M.

July 28th, 1862.

10—
LINSEED OIL.

20 GALLONS LINSEED OIL, OF

good quality, \$15 per gallon.

E. B. DRAKE,
Statesville, N.C.

July 28, 1862.

10—
NOTICE.

HAVING gone into the army for our defense, I leave all my business affairs in the hands of Mr. Richwine. Those therefore, who have unfinished or other business with me, are requested to call on him, who is fully authorized to take care of my interests.

H. L. BROWN.

July 21, 1862.

30pds.

OFFICE Q. M. C. S. A.

SALISBURY, N.C., July 14, 1862.

100 lbs. of superior French Sand.

100 lbs. of Grain Black Pepper.

100 lbs. of Spices and All Spice.

100 lbs. Superior Va. made Coppers.

For sale at the Post Office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

100,000 Bushels of Corn

FOR THE USE OF THE ARMY, FOR

which I will pay the market price. As

the Army is much in need of the Corn for

age, I hope all planters who have more than

they can consume, will report and sell the same

to the undersigned at Salisbury, N.C.

HENRY MCCOY.

(81) Capt. and A. Q. M. C. S. Army.

(82) July 21.

60 Reams of Letter Paper,

Envelopes, Pens, and Ink.

For sale at the Post Office, by

MOSES A. SMITH.

July 21.

45

Ladies' Goods and Dress Trimmings.

Ready-Made Clothing,

Boots and Shoes,

Confectionaries, Toys, &c., &c.

For sale at the Post Office.

WHEAT FANS.

I HAVE bought out the entire Stock of

Mossey & Son, and moved one door above

where the Post Office was, where I will be pleased

to have my former customers to call and see

me. Thankful for former patronage. I solicit

a continuation of the same. I will do my best

to keep up the stock during these war times.

I charge nothing for showing goods, and small

profit for selling them.

MOSES A. SMITH.

Post Office.

Salisbury, July 21, 1862.

45

JUST RECEIVED.

100 lbs. of superior French Sand.

100 lbs. of Grain Black Pepper.

100 lbs. of Spices and All Spice.

100 lbs. Superior Va. made Coppers.

For sale at the Post Office.

Paper, Envelopes, and Ink.

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Envelopes, Pens, and Ink.

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