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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER—Six dollars for six months. No subscriptions received for a longer time, at present.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING—\$2 per square for the first insertion and \$1 per square for each subsequent publication.

Those sending advertisements, will also send the money to pay for them. Notices of 75 words or less, will cost \$2 for the first, and \$1 for each additional publication. Notices of larger size, in the same proportion.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Sept. 13.—Gen. Ewing recently issued an order, dated Louisville, requiring the Justices of each county to assemble in ten days, and levy a tax sufficient to arm and mount fifty men until further orders.

Gov. Bramlett, on the 5th, issued a proclamation declaring said order to be in derogation of the laws of the State and in conflict with the rights and liberties of the people. He says it is the duty of the Justices to refuse obedience to such orders or immediately resign, and forbids them of make such levy to taxes.

NAVAL PRISONERS TO BE EXCHANGED.

RICHMOND, Sept. 13.—Arrangements have been made for exchange of all the naval prisoners. Yankees hold about sixty officers and three or four hundred seamen and marines. We have nearly the same number, the excess to be made up from army prisoners. The exchange will probably take place at Charleston.

FROM PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 13.—All perfectly quiet to-day. Day observed throughout the city as a day of fasting and prayer.

Grant is receiving reinforcements and completing the rail road from City Point road, to the Weldon rail road. Everything indicates a purpose by Grant to winter in our front. No idea is entertained by our authorities of evacuating this city. On the contrary, every purpose of holding it against all odds. The army is healthy and in excellent spirits.

NORTHERN NEWS.

RICHMOND, Sept. 14.—New York papers of the 12th received. War news unimportant.

McClellan's letter of acceptance caused great sensation among the peace democrats. The New York News says it cannot support a candidate in collision with the Convention that tendered him a nomination.

The military editor of the Metropolitan Record repudiates McClellan.

Vallandigham, who was on his way to canvass Pennsylvania, withdrew his appointments and returned home in disgust. Gold closed at 222.

RICHMOND, Sept. 14.—Herald of the 12th says our recent victories, rumors of victories to come, and the fact that all Presidential candidates are for the Union War Platform, success seems certain, with other causes all combined brings Gold to 19, Saturday.

Vallandigham, after reading McClellan's letter, telegraphed to a friend in Washington that all hope is lost, and withdrew from the canvass. The Louisville Journal has placed the Chicago ticket at the head of its columns. Cass pronounced the platform an ignominious surrender to the rebels, and says he cannot support it. Yellow fever abating at Bermuda.

FROM PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 14.—Some skirmishing on the right to-day and heavy cannonading all along the lines. The city was shelled for several hours in a most vigorous manner. Some damage sustained but no serious accident occurred. The enemy advanced their pickets some what on our extreme right yesterday, but was followed with no movement of importance.

ARRIVAL OF EXILES.

MACON, Sept. 14.—The first train of Atlanta exiles arrived this morning—they were stripped by the Yankees of everything except one change of clothes, and are in a deplorable condition.

The impression that the campaign in Georgia is over for this year is fast gaining ground here.

Sherman is to reinforce Grant and try to hold Atlanta with a small force; but no further advance is anticipated.

Last night a train loaded with prisoners run off the track at Camp Cook, on South Western Railroad, eight cars were smashed up and a large number of yankees killed and wounded. No further particulars.

Hood and Sherman had further correspondence about the exchange of prisoners. No conclusion arrived at.

McCLELLAN RATIFICATION MEETING—GEN. PRICE DEAD—THE STEAMER "ADVANCE" CAPTURED, &c., &c.

RICHMOND, Sept. 15th.—The New York Herald of the 13th says 51 towns in Maine show a net Republican gain of 681. The largest mass meeting ever held in Brooklyn, assembled Monday evening to ratify the nomination of McClellan and his letter of acceptance.

Cairo dispatches mentions the report that Gen. Price died recently in Arkadelphia, of dysentery.

Dispatches from Indianapolis announces the capture of three-quarters of the Missouri guerrillas.

The steamer Advance captured off Hatteras Saturday. The steamer Elsie captured on the 5th inst. Vessels and cargoes worth half a million of dollars.

The Alexandria, now called Mary, arrived at Halifax on the 12th for repairs.

European dates to the 31st say it is rumored in Paris that Napoleon would soon make another effort at intervention in American affairs.

The Washington Union of the 10th says Lincoln will probably send Commissioners to Richmond, as it is known that many leading men of the Republican party have latterly been urging that policy.

Gold market excited and unsettled, closing rates 221.

THE ENEMY DRIVEN FROM MARTINSBURG.

RICHMOND, Sept. 15th.—A letter from an officer at Lomax bridge, says we drove the enemy through Martinsburg yesterday, the 10th, and to-day we are tearing up rail road.

FROM PETERSBURG.

RICHMOND, Sept. 15.—A special dispatch to the Evening Whig, from Petersburg, to-day, says that a force of enemy's cavalry and infantry supposed to be a raiding party, advanced from the Weldon road this morning to the vicinity of Poplar Spring Church two miles West of Railroad and four miles from the city. Skirmishing going on all morning. No particulars yet received.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 15th.—Warren's Yankee corp's advanced Westward this morning to Poplar Spring's Church two miles from the Weldon road. The enemy broke through Butler's lines, and were met by Col. Ferrebee and Dearing's brigade and repulsed. Our loss trifling. The enemy has commenced fortifying at the Church. Prisoners state that it was an attempt to advance their lines in the direction of the Southside Railroad. All quiet on the balance of the lines. No shelling, and but little picket firing.

SALE OF CONFEDERATE BONDS.

RICHMOND, Sept. 16th.—At auction to-day Confederate bonds of the fifteen million loan with coupons, sold at 151. Ditto, registered, 130. Long date eight per cent. coupon bonds brought 123. Four non-taxable bonds 134½. Seven per cent. bonds 75. Cotton bonds 108. Two four per cent. certificates 60 to 66.

BONDS TO BE WITHDRAWN.

RICHMOND, Sept. 16.—Official notice is given that long date non-taxable bonds will be withdrawn from the market on the 20th, and held at higher rates. Persons holding claims against the Government for subsistence stores are notified to present their claims if they wish these bonds in payment at present prices.

FUNERAL OF GEN. MORGAN.

RICHMOND, Sept. 16th.—The obsequies of Gen. Morgan took place to-day. His remains were conveyed to Hollywood Cemetery and placed in a Vault. Funeral cortege large including a number of military and civil officials.

SECOND DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, Sept. 16th.—New York papers of the 16th received. The Railroad between Nashville and Chattanooga repaired and train running.

Railroad trains near Bardstons captured by guerrillas on Monday.

Tribune says the Republicans have carried Maine by the largest majority ever given at a gubernatorial election. They gain a member of Congress and have elected five-sixths of the Legislature.

Park Benjamin a well known literary man, died in New York on Monday.

Gen. Thomas F. Meighet has been ordered to report for duty to Sherman.

Gen. Martindale, of the army of the Potomac, has resigned.

The draft is ordered to commence in Ohio and other States whose quota was not filled up on the 19th inst.

Several journals, formerly republican, have come out in favor of McClellan.

The Cincinnati Times and Albany Statesman, both republicans, predict the defeat of Lincoln and urge his withdrawal.

The Boston Post says it is a great relief to the democrats to be freed of such incubus as the Woods, and says if Vallandigham chooses to follow them he will have a rough road to travel.

Gov. Seymour peremptorily declines a renomination for Governor.

Gen. Hooker advocates the election of McClellan.

Seward, in his speech at Washington, said the draft would surely come if the people do not volunteer.

It is reported at St. Louis that about 15,000 rebels were concentrating at the mouth of Red river.

Gold opened at \$2.19 and advanced to 2.28; and closed at 2.24.

FROM THE FRONT.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 16.—A skirmish line of eighty-eight men, Warren's corps, were surprised and captured near the Davis House, on the Weldon road, this morning in front of Wilcox's division. Prisoners arrive here. With this exception nothing interesting on the lines to-day. The enemy renewed shelling this afternoon throwing several 15 inch mortars, loaded with glass, brass, copper, iron and lead, well into the city, but did no damage.

Our troops are in fine spirits and eager for fight.

GOLDENROD, Sept. 16th.—The State Journal has the following from Plymouth: Pilot Hopkins, and C. S. Ram, Albatross, with 8 sailors and 8 soldiers captured and burned on the 9th, the United States Mail steamer Fawn, plying between Norfolk and Roanoke Island, killed 2 Yankees, wounding 4 and capturing 19 prisoners, exclusive of 5 negroes. Prisoners include, a Lt. Colonel, a Major, a Lieut. and a Corporal. No loss on our side.

RICHMOND, Sept. 16.—Baltimore Gazette of the 14th contains an article from the New York News of the 13th, indicating determined opposition to McClellan by that journal. The News says we covet sincerely and ardently the unity of the Democratic party, but cannot counsel and will have no part in its demonstrations and disgrace. The Courier Des Etats Unis also withdraws from the support of McClellan. Sherman has strictly prohibited persons not in military service from entering Atlanta. Neither manufacturing or trading is permitted. The city is used exclusively for military purposes.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

CLINTON, LA., Sept. 16.—Shelley's victory in Arkansas complete. Railroad torn up for several miles. One entire regiment of Yankees captured. The army worm had destroyed all the cotton crops on the river from Vicksburg to New Orleans. The yellow fever is very violent at Key West and Portugal.

GRENADE, Sept. 15, via Mobile, Sept. 16.—Memphis dates of the 13th received. Gov. Flanagan, of Arkansas, has called a special session of the Legislature. Communication between Memphis and Little Rock interrupted. The Memphis Argus says, official bulletin from Secty Stanton gives interesting facts relative to the call for 500,000 men. Credits to the States for previous excess, consume two-fifths of the number, leaving 300,000 men actually to be raised, one-third of the last amount meets all requirements of General Grant. The remaining two-thirds supply casualties of battle, loss by discharges and desertions, garrison of forts, to fight guerrillas and keep open communication.

MOBILE, Sept. 16th.—A gun boat yesterday came close to the shore near the mouth of Dog river. Our field batteries opened on it giving a few good shots. The enemy retired. Reported the enemy have repaired gun boat. Gaines put her in commission for Fish river expedition. Returned badly peppered by our cavalry.

MACON, Sept. 16th.—Exiles from Atlanta report, that Sherman's army is being rapidly depleted by one whose term of

service expired going home. Some statements place the number already at 10,000 yesterday. Yesterday was universally observed throughout the State as a day of fasting and prayer by the army and the people.

The Chattanooga Gazette of the 13th received, it says that Wheeler had been driven from Middle Tennessee by Steadman. Morgan's staff had arrived at Chattanooga. Sherman had issued a congratulatory address to his army, saying that they had completed a great campaign and that the fall of Atlanta must be attributed to mistake in Hood sending his cavalry to the river. We must concede, he says, to our enemy that he met us patiently and skilfully, but at last he made the mistake we had mentioned so long ago, and sent his cavalry to our rear far beyond the reach of recall. Instantly our cavalry was on his only remaining road, and we followed quickly with the main army, and Atlanta fell into our possession.

FROM HAMPTON'S COMMAND.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 17.—Hampton's cavalry made a most successful dash into the enemy's lines Thursday, near Sycamore Church, Prince George Co., 17 miles from the city, capturing twenty-five hundred head of fat beef cattle, 300 prisoners, a number of horses and ten wagons. The spoils are now safe in the Confederate lines. Gregg's division of Yankee cavalry made an effort to cut off Hampton, but was handsomely flogged for his pains. Hampton and men are in full feather and eager for another chance at Grant's choice beef.

ARRIVAL OF EXILES FROM ATLANTA—ANOTHER TALK ABOUT PEACE—BRIG. GEN. SHOUP REMOVED—EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

MACON, Sept. 15.—It is reported with considerable show of truth, that Sherman has sent an informal request for Governor Brown, Vice President Stephens and Senator H. V. Johnston, to meet him in Atlanta and have a talk about peace.

Brig. Gen. Shoup, has been relieved of duty as chief of staff to Gen. Hood.

Exiles from Atlanta continue to come into our lines. Several hundred families have arrived in the most destitute condition imaginable.

Gens Hood and Sherman have agreed upon a special exchange of 2000 prisoners. Several hundred of the number will be sent forward to-night for that purpose.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Sept. 17.—The New York News of the 13th states that preliminary steps have been taken by the friends of peace to call a national Convention. Democracy nominated a candidate for President and Vice-President.

SECOND DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, Sept. 17.—The following was received to-day at Headquarters 17th:

To Hon. Secretary Seddon:

At day-light yesterday the enemy's skirmish line west of Jerusalem plank road was driven back upon their entrenchments along their whole extent. At the same hour Hampton attacked his position north of Norfolk Railroad, near Sycamore church and captured about three hundred prisoners, some arms and a large number of horses and twenty-five hundred cattle. Gregg attacked Hampton on his return in the afternoon at Belcher's Mill, on the Jerusalem plank road, but was repulsed. Every thing was brought off safely. Our entire loss does not exceed fifty men.

(Signed) R. R. LEE.

It is rumored, says the *Mississippi*, that a company of ladies have tendered their services to Gov. Clark as a body guard for those members of the Legislature who voted to put their grandfathers in the service, but who did not feel constitutionally constituted to face the musket themselves.—*Char. Times.*

Ex President Buchanan (says the *Boston Herald*) has volunteered to do military duty for one hundred days, and is now at Camp Cadwalader, Pennsylvania. Vice President Hamlin is also doing service.

THE OBJECT OF THE WAR.

As the war began, so it has continued. The North has fought to subjugate the South if she could, to devastate it if she could not. The South has fought solely in self defence. There has never been a moment at which she would not gladly have accepted peace; there has never been a moment at which peace was in any sense within her reach. Three times the Confederate government has attempted to negotiate, and three times its envoys have been insolently repulsed. It has never done any act calculated, by retreating on Northern soil the crimes and cruelties perpetrated by Northern troops in the South, to make negotiation difficult or peace unpopular. The Southern people have shown the world that their subjugation is impossible. They have maintained their independence and protected their capital against enormously superior numbers; and without sustaining a single defeat approaching the character of a disaster they have, on half a dozen distinct occasions, inflicted a total and crushing overthrow upon the main armies of the North. With every year of the war their strength has increased and their courage has risen; their termination grows daily more stubborn and their devotion more perfect and unanimous; and, in the words of the manifesto the world must see that such a people cannot be conquered. The hopelessness of the Northern cause is recognized by all except its most devoted partisans. At the same time, all are aware that it rests with the North alone to terminate the struggle. Victory does not increase the demands of the South any more than defeat could reduce them. She asks only to be let alone; she wishes for nothing except the withdrawal of Northern troops from her soil and Northern cruisers from her waters. Peace, therefore, requires only that the aggressors should abandon the hope of reducing free States, inhabited by an English population, to a hateful servitude; and it will become the European Powers to encourage that hope, and prolong the war, by withholding a diplomatic acknowledgment of the universal conviction that the independence of the South is virtually an accomplished fact.—*London Standard.*

THE YANKEES IN ATLANTA.

From a gentleman who left Atlanta several days after the city fell, we learn some interesting particulars of the doings of the Yankees and the conduct of the people in the city. Two or three days after the enemy entered, the officers gave a grand ball at the Trout House, and invited many of the citizens to attend. To their shame be it said, the invitation was accepted in many instances, and women, we cannot call them ladies, who were loudest in their protestations of loyalty to the South, were "hand in glove" with the Yankees on the night of the ball. It is represented to have been quite a brilliant affair; plenty of champagne was drank in honor of the success of achieved by the Federal arms, and the party ended at a late hour in the morning, after great glorification.

One of the first orders issued by the Yankees informed the negroes that they were no longer slaves, but "free American citizens of African descent." There were many negroes in this city, and we should not be surprised if some of the "colored ladies" attended the Yankee celebration ball.

There is but little or no business carried on in the city, except by a few traitors who concealed tobacco for the express purpose of selling it to the enemy should they enter the town. These creatures, we learn, are doing a brisk business with the Yankee sutlers.

There is a Provost Marshal and a guard of one brigade on duty in the city; all the other troops are encamped outside of the city.

Macon Telegraph.

A prison capable of accommodating 30,000 prisoners is being constructed ten miles this side of Columbia, S. C., and the prisoners in Georgia, we suppose, are to be transferred to that place. Some of them have already arrived at Columbia.