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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.—Six dollars for six months. No subscriptions received for a longer time, at present.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM PETERSBURG.

PETERSBURG, Oct. 10.—The enemy last evening relinquished the sixteenth line, which they took possession of on Saturday. Last night there were some indications of purpose on the part of the enemy to make an attack on our front but it amounted to nothing. The enemy have burned several fine dwellings on the outskirts of the lines on their left during the last few days. The supply of clothing and shoes have been issued the army.

OSYKA, Oct. 9.—Scott's cavalry met and repelled the enemy's advance from Bayou Sara on Wednesday, near Jackson, La., after a severe fight. No casualties known except one of Scott's Caissons was blown up, and several men killed. Finding the enemy retreating with overwhelming reinforcements our forces evacuated Clinton, saving every thing, and falling back towards Liberty.

On Thursday morning the Yankee cavalry entered Clinton. No particulars as to what they did at Clinton or Woodville, except the capture of a few officers, including Col. Plukney, commanding Post at Clinton, some twenty or thirty soldiers at William's bridge. Thursday, a raiding party, 200 strong, struck off from the main body and visited Greensboro', Tangipahoa and Oxyka, on the Railroad. They remained a few hours at each place, searching houses for Confederate soldiers and arms—at Greensboro', pillaging and destroying every kind of property. Leaving many families destitute. Capt. Anderson, of Greensboro', was captured and compelled to drive his carriage with his negro woman inside as passenger to Baton Rouge.

At Oxyka the raiders demolished the telegraph apparatus, carried off one of the operators, Mr. Austin; the other, Mr. Allyn, narrowly escaped. M. C. Halton, Adj. of the post; Moran, the Commissary, and several furloughed soldiers were also carried off.

Yesterday morning another Yankee force over two thousand cavalry, occupied Greensboro', and pillaged around indiscriminately, and in the evening encamped at a farm five miles below. They were reported as accompanied by infantry. No tidings of them to day.

AUGUSTA, Oct. 10.—The correspondent of the Montgomery Mail, with Hood's army, says the occupation of Rome effected without opposition. The dash into Marietta was bloodless.

When Sherman learned that Hood had moved northwards he crossed the river with two corps, and formed a line of observation to Vining's station. Hood's line crossed the Railroad at Big Shanty on the 4th. The two armies held this relation to each other without firing a gun.

On the 5th Sherman withdrew, retiring to Atlanta. Our army then set to work and effectually destroyed the R. R. from Big Shanty to Oostauka. All bridges from Marietta to Dalton were destroyed.

We have a strongly fortified Kennesaw Mountain. Jackson holds Rome. Wheeler has possession of Resaca.

RICHMOND, Oct. 10. Official dispatches received at the War Department to-day state that Vaughn's cavalry had driven the enemy from Rodgersville on the 8th, killing and wounding a good many. No enemy in force this side of Bull's Gap.

MOBILE, Oct. 10.—Saturday our eastern shore battery opened on a gunboat and whipped it off. Sunday the same battery opened on a side wheel steamer—hulled and disabled her—vessels not now visible. The fleet this morning all but two vessels disappeared, but came back this evening.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 10.—Col. D. B. Harris, this distinguished chief engineer of Beauregard's staff, who constructed the

batteries which defend Charleston died to day at Summerville, of yellow fever contracted here. His loss is deeply deplored. All quiet except the usual shelling.

LA GRANGE, Oct. 11.—The flank movement of Gen. Hood upon Atlanta has so far been completely successful. The railroad from Big Shanty to Kingston has been utterly destroyed, even the cuts are filled up and all the garrison along that distance captured. On last Wednesday French's division of Stewart's corps, made an attack upon Altoona which failed; and the whole corps subsequently went to his assistance, when the town was carried by assault and four thousand prisoners taken, together with an immense quantity of the material of war. Our army was at the Kingston and Rome railroad at last accounts. Gen. Beauregard is with Gen. Hood. Sherman's 20th army corps now hold Atlanta, the rest of Sherman's army has gone up the road. There is no cavalry at Atlanta, whatever. Gen. Iverson captured East Point the other day, taking fifty wagons, in good condition, and the wreck of a good many more. Iverson's pickets are within one mile of the city and will either kill or capture every Yankee who ventures outside the main works. Sherman is beyond the Chattahoochee, cut off from the main army. Thomas is in command. The evacuation of Atlanta is looked for every day. The enemy have no stock with which to haul artillery or commissaries, and no rail road. The Augusta dispatch says that Hood's movements had been anticipated and checked, is pure stuff. The telegraph office and everything appertaining to the army has been moved from Newnan.

MOBILE, 11.—A special dispatch to the Advertiser, via Senatobia of the 9th, says the Memphis Argus of the 8th contains Missouri dates to the 6th says Price advanced with three columns, including Martindale's force of 2500, Shelby's of 1500, and Price with the main column. Shelby's force took a more northerly route, principally on the railroad, which was greatly damaged, especially the South Western branch was torn up in many places. The cars, depots, bridges, trestles and tanks were burned. At last accounts, Price was between the south branch and main Pacific road with a train of 200 wagons. A. J. Smith was at Franklin. All quiet at Jefferson City, although telegraphic communication was cut off. The enemy is reported to have arrived at Rolla with 80 men of Pilot Knob garrison. Various rumors prevail. The Confederates are moving with great rapidity.

Nashville dates of the 4th says Forrest, after destroying the Alabama and Tennessee railroad, advanced to Duck river and Spring Hill, and went towards Florence. Guerrilla bands are numerous around Nashville, capturing commissary and foraging trains and disabling wagons and carrying off mules. Two upward freight trains captured near Nashville and Louisville. Telegraphic communication is open to Chattanooga. A large force is at work on the Atlanta and Tennessee road. The cars would be running to Pulaski in a week, and the telegraph working to Athens.

Passengers from Chattanooga report that a portion of Forrest's forces demanded the surrender of Dalton.

New York is preparing a grand ovation to Winston, of the Kenesaw.

Two hundred armed men arrived in Crawford county, Indiana, to resist the draft, and were being reinforced from adjoining counties and from Kentucky.

MOBILE, Oct. 11.—A flag of truce came up yesterday. The naval and Fort Gaines garrison will be exchanged. The enemy declined exchanging Fort Morgan garrison.

RICHMOND, Oct. 12.—The Whig has received the Washington Chronicle of the 8th which says Stanton sends a lengthy dispatch to Dix, dated the 7th, based upon a dispatch from Gen. Thomas, dated Nashville the 5th, whose information is derived from Chattanooga, whence Gen. Smith telegraphed Gen. Thomas that the Confederates retreated from Altoona the 4th, and are moving in the direction of Dallas, leaving their dead and wounded in the hands of the enemy—mean while, Sherman is silent.

Press dispatches of the same date, says in the fight at Altoona on the 5th, our forces completely vanquished the rebels, who retreated precipitately, leaving in our hands between four and five hundred killed and wounded.

Report says Forrest is en route for Florence, from Laurensburg.

Another account says that he is surrounded.

Important movements are still going on in Missouri. Late advices state that Price attempted to cross Osage river at Castle Rock, but was prevented by Yankee troops on the other side. As the river had swollen, it was supposed he would try to cross at another point.

It is also reported that several hundred Confederate cavalry had crossed the Missouri into Montgomery county.

The bridges over Gasconade river and Coles Creek are burned. At the latter point twenty locomotives and thirty cars were destroyed.

Dispatches from St. Louis, Oct. 7th, says the enemy appeared before Jefferson city to-day. It is not known whether a battle has been fought.

The amount of damage to the Pacific Railroad estimated at three hundred thousand dollars. Prospective loss in business about the same amount.

Rosenkrantz reports that the enemy arrived at Rolla.

Neither Stanton nor Price gives anything from the army of the Potomac.

Grant is in Washington.

Gold in New York, on the night of the 7th, 202½.

PETERSBURG, Oct. 12.—Northern dates to the 9th contain nothing from Sherman.

Butler represents that in the fight below Richmond on Friday, the rebels attacked with spirit Kautz's cavalry in their entrenchments and drove them back with small loss of men, but with loss of artillery.

Doat says Birney, subsequently advanced and regained Kautz's old position and holds the enemy in inner line of entrenchments around Richmond.

Butler says that we have much the best of this day's work. A thousand of the enemy killed and wounded, and a hundred prisoners taken, and a bloody repulse.

PETERSBURG, Oct. 12.—Last night there was heavy artillery and musketry firing for an hour or more growing out of an alarm on the part of pickets which amounted to nothing. The enemy reported a demonstration in front of Bernum's Hundred. To-day the enemy is busy moving across pontoons to the north side of James river. All last night hospital wagons, camps and other places being rigidly inspected, and all able bodied men required to report to the front, disabled men and negroes taking their places as far back as possible.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Oct. 12.—Our cavalry have had a severe fight near Edwing in the Valley. We drove the enemy's cavalry for several days, but on Sunday ventured too far and got in among their infantry. The result was, we were repulsed and lost 8 guns.

In other respects the affair does not seem to be serious.

RICHMOND, Sept. 13.—A dispatch to the Whig received here to the 10th, contains additional particulars of the Darbytown fight, says the rebels fought obstinately. Loss one thousand killed. Federal loss one hundred. Though the Herald brags high it is evident that the Yankees are badly whipped. According to its accounts on Sunday evening, Lincoln sent the following telegram to Cameron: "Absolutely no news to-day from the Potomac not published. Stanton's bulletins have no alarming bogus dispatches."

Washington dispatches of the 9th says, Sheridan whipped Longstreet, Early's successor, no particulars. Sheridan still at Harrisonburg. Communication to Martinsburg uncut.

Nothing from Sherman yet.

Burbridge passed through Covington on the 9th, and says Price's object in taking Jefferson City is to inaugurate a rebel governor in Missouri.

A financial crash is predicted in the West. There is a stringency in the money market already. Gold 197½.

OFFICIAL FROM GEN. LEE.

RICHMOND, Oct. 13.—The following dispatch has been received at the War Department, dated

HEAD QUARTERS, Oct. 13.—7 A. M. This morning the enemy endeavored to advance between the Darbytown and Charles City roads but were repulsed in every attempt. Most strenuous efforts

were made about 4 P. M., after which he withdrew, leaving many dead. Our loss very slight. Breckinridge reports that the force of the enemy which came to Greenville on the 12th was defeated by Brigadier General Vaughn. Some prisoners, two stands of colors, and many horses and arms captured. The enemy lost many killed and wounded. Ours no slight.

(Signed) R. E. LEE.

RICHMOND, Oct. 13.—The enemy's cavalry in force attempted to flank our position on Darbytown road, seven miles below the city this morning. Simultaneously the infantry advanced and took shelter in abatis, one hundred and fifty yards in front of our fortifications and were repulsed. Our loss slight. Major Willis F. Jones, of Ky., of Gen. Field's staff, killed by sharpshooters.

FROM MOBILE.

MOBILE, Oct. 13.—A special dispatch to the Register via Senatobia, 13th, says, Memphis Bulletin of the 11th, contains a lengthy dispatch claiming success at Altoona. Thomas is at Nashville. Rose and Washburn are after Forrest. A dispatch from Franklin, Mo., of the 7th, says Smith would move immediately in pursuit of Price with a force sufficient to whip Price before he could reach Jefferson city. It is reported in New York, that the steamer Roanoke was captured at sea by the rebels, who embarked at Havana as passengers.

AUGUSTA, Oct. 14.—The Board of Directors of the Press Association having adjourned from Columbus to Augusta, met here to-day, there being a quorum present. Telegrams were received from absent directors giving assurance of co-operation in action of the board. A resolution was adopted directing the President to correspond with the President of the Southern Telegraph Company, with a view to arrange fair and equitable commutation for payment of tolls for Press reports. Also a resolution, directing the President to read a circular to members of the association explaining matters considered at the present meeting, apprising them of the action of the Telegraph Company, and embarrassment to the Press, that may result therefrom, and at the same time assuring them of return of confidence in the board and permanency in the present organization.

RICHMOND, Oct. 14.—The Whig has received the Herald of the 11th. Sherman telegraphed Halleck from Atlanta, on the 9th, that he reached Kennesaw on the 6th, just in time to witness, at a distance, the attack on Altoona. Anticipated attack and ordered a corps from Rome, for reinforcements. Attacked and repulsed, the enemy losing 200 dead, a thousand and wounded and prisoners. Our loss over one hundred aggregate. Enemy captured a small garrison at Big Shanty. Ackworth burned seven miles Railroad, have an abundance of provisions at Altoona and Atlanta.

Hood moved back to Dallas. Van West is watching in case he tries to reach Kingston. Rome and Atlanta is perfectly secure.

Sheridan is at Woodstock—has destroyed everything in the way of provisions. Grant has returned to Washington. Gold 198½.

RICHMOND, Oct. 14.—To-night northern papers of the 12th received. Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio, gone Republican by large majority.

Sheridan is at Fishers Hill. The Governor General of Nova Scotia, is on a visit to Grant.

Nothing later from Sherman.

RICHMOND, Oct. 14.—Fight not resumed to-day on the North side of the James river as expected. Officers from below state all quiet.

Nothing at the War Department from any quarter.

FROM THE VALLEY.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Oct. 15.—Sheridan has marched with two corps of his army to this side of the mountain through Thornton's and Chester gaps. General Early followed and engaged the remaining corps and drove it through Strasburg and across Cedar creek.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Oct. 15.—Notwithstanding the positive Federal statement that the 6th and 9th Yankee corps crossed at Thornton's and Chester gaps, it is altogether probable that they did not pass through Thornton's but north of that gap.

ADJT & INSPR GEN. OFFICE }
RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 8, '64. }

[General Order, No. 77.]

The following will supersede General Order No. 76, present series, which are hereby revoked.

I. All details, heretofore granted, under authority of the War Department, to persons between the ages of 18 and 45 years, are hereby revoked; and all such detailed men, together with those within the said ages, who hold furloughs or temporary exemptions by reason of pending applications for details, will be promptly assembled at the Camp of Instruction and appropriately assigned among the armies for service; except that men detailed and now actually employed as artificers, mechanics, or persons of scientific skill, and those detailed and now engaged in the manufacture, collection and forwarding of indispensable supplies for the army and navy, will be continued in their present employments until their respective details be revised.

II. The Heads Departments and Chiefs of Bureaux will immediately forward to the Generals of Reserves in the several States, lists of all detailed men in their employment in the said States, certifying in each case of a person between 16 and 45 years, those who are experts and absolutely indispensable for the public service, specifying the employment of each individual; and all detailed employees, who are between the ages of 18 and 45 years, not so certified, will be forthwith assigned to the army. A duplicate of the above lists will, at the same time be furnished to the Adjutant and Inspector General for the action of the Secretary of War.

III. All persons called out by these orders who claim exemption on account of physical disability, will be examined by select Medical Boards at the Camps of Instruction.

IV. All men found fit for light duty and who are unassigned, will at once report to the camps of instruction, under the penalty of being forthwith assigned to the active forces.

By order: S. COOPER,
A. & I. General.

HORRIBLE VILLAINY.

The New York Herald of the 5th has been received in Richmond. In it, says the Dispatch of Monday, is a letter from Grant to Sheridan, in which he directs him to burn every house in the Valley; to kill every horse, cow, hog, sheep or other animal; to destroy every mill; to set fire to every barn, wheat or hay stack; cut down every ornamental tree and carry off every negro. He says that if this war continues twelve months longer, he desires to convert the whole Valley into a howling wilderness. There is nothing in modern history so atrocious as this order. It is the act of a man with small brains and great vanity, who has been beaten and baffled until his senses have fled completely. It is the outpouring of a beaten and wounded spirit. He cannot whip Lee, but he can starve the women and children. We turn him over to Gen. Lee.

This order was issued while Sheridan was, as he thought, carrying all before him. It had not time to be published before he was flying down the Valley with his freebooters, and Early in pursuit. Is there a man belonging to the Valley who can stay away from his colors under such circumstances? If there is, he must be dead to all the impulses that enoble man. Never was vengeance more loudly called for.

FINANCIAL TROUBLES THE NORTH.—The New York Herald, of the 5th inst., says:

We are on the eve of a crisis worse than that of 1857, and as dreadful as that of 1837. Those who suffer will receive little sympathy, for the whole country will be benefited by their losses, just as they have grown rich upon the sufferings of the country. From the price of a theatre ticket to the rent of a dwelling house, everything must come down. The storm is on the eve of bursting in Wall street, and will soon rage like a tempest over the length and breadth of the land.