VOL. 1. THIRD SERIES. SALISBURY, N. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 8, 1866. NO. 1 — WHOLE NO. 1691

TERMS:

Weekly, 1 year, ... $3 00
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Latest News.

From the Richmond Whig.

Loss of a Ship at Sea—Forty Lives Destroyed.

Washington, Dec. 30.—The steamer Constitution, Capt. Greeman, from Savannah for New York left Savannah on the 23d with 54 passengers and 700 bales cotton, struck on Southern point of Lookout Shoals, on Tuesday, 4 a. m., where she remained forty-eight hours, then broke up. The Captain with twelve of the crew and one passenger, W. P. Levy, of Brooklyn, N. Y., saved themselves on cotton bales, landing at Cape Lookout Lighthouse, at 4 p. m., Thursday; thence they proceeded to Morehead City. Forty persons perished. The survivors left Morehead City for New York this evening.

☞ New York, Dec. 30.—Private advices state but fourteen of the crew saved from the wreck of the steamer Constitution, leaving forty passengers lost. Among the passengers was J. Fitzgerald, lately attached to the Sacramento *Herald*.

[This is circumstantial enough to be true, but the New York *Times*, of Saturday, has the following:]

A despatch from Raleigh, N. C., very briefly announces the loss at sea of the steamship Constitution from Savannah for New York. It is said that all the passengers (about forty) were lost, and but fourteen of the crew saved. The report is said to have come from a responsible source, but if so, the "responsible" has rather overdone it. The Constitution sailed from Havannah on the 23d, in company with the Leo and the San Salvador. All of them put into Port Royal in consequence of bad weather, and all of them arrived here safely last Wednesday. The Constitution was withdrawn from the line, and the Nightingale takes her place, to sail at 3 o'clock to-day. Any hoax is foolish enough, but *one* so wickedly foolish as this, ought to be severely punished.

The Governor of Georgia to Secretary Seward.

Washington, Dec. 31.—The following despatch was received here yesterday.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Dec. 22, 1865.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Sec'y of State:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your telegram, of the 10th inst., together with a copy of your communication to His Excellency, James Johnson, Provisional Governor of Georgia. Be pleased to tender to His Excellency, the President, my grateful return for his recognition of the official position in which the people of Georgia have placed me, and assure him of my fixed purpose to observe and obey as well the Constitution of the United States as the Constitution of the State of Georgia. Express to him also my thanks for the offered co-operation of the Government of the United States in effecting the earliest restoration and permanent prosperity and welfare of the State. Upon its co-operation our people build earnest hopes of a speedy return to their suspended relation with the other States of the Union. I have, sir, the honor to be, very respectfully, your most obedient servant.

CHAS. J. JENKINS, Gov.

Speculations from Washington—Rumored forthcoming Message from the President in favor of Southern Representation.

Washington, Dec. 31.—It is rumored that President Johnson, at the meeting of Congress will send in a special message in regard to the admission of members of Congress from the Confederate States. The course of Henry J. Raymond, it appears, has somewhat alarmed the ultra radicals. It is understood that Mr. J. Raymond has publicly expressed himself as holding that, since the rebellion has ended and slavery is abolished, the North and South should have equal representative powers in Congress. He argues that the North, under the Constitution, has no right to legislate for the South, unless the South is represented in Congress. He believed that the majority of the Southern members have been legitimately elected, and should be admitted to seats. Mr. Raymond, despite the machinations of the ultra-Stevens party, when Congress gets to work, will be an earnest supporter of President Johnson, and the leader of the House.

Negro Robbers Punished.

Washington, Dec. 31.—A telegram from Augusta, Ga., says that on Thursday night a squad of U. States colored troops and discharged colored soldiers made an assault on the house of a widow lady, residing six miles from Augusta, supposing her to be unprotected. They, however, met an unexpected resistance—three of them mortally wounded and two seriously.

Looking after Cotton Burners.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Assistant Secretary Chandler and Hon. Harvey Watterson, of Tenn., have been sent on a special mission among the Treasury cotton agents in the Southern States to investigate many charges of fraud and corruption.

Prospect of Peace Beteween Spain and Chili—Mr. Seward on a Cruise—Naval Action.

Washington, December 31.—The Government has been advised that the representations made to Spain in favor of peace with Chili, have so far prevailed that the good offices of France and England have been accepted upon the terms proposed by them and the United States.

Under the advice of physicians, the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of State embarked last night on board the United States steamer De Soto for the warmer latitude of the South Atlantic. They expect to be absent two or three weeks. William Hunter, Esq., Chief Clerk in the Department of State, has been appointed acting Secretary of State during the interval, and H. N. Conger, Commissioner of Emigration, has been appointed acting Assistant Secretary.

An arrival at New York from the South Pacific states that a Chilian man-of-war had captured a Spanish gunboat. The engagement was brief. There was great rejoicing at the event among the Chilians.

Sandy Hook, Dec. 29.—The steamship Australian from Liverpool, on the 16th, via Queenstown, on the 17th, passed this point on her way to the city, which she will reach about one o'clock this afternoon.

The steamships China and Louisiana arrived out on the 15th instant.

Liverpool, Dec. 16.—The steamships Caledonia, St. Patrick and Glasgow, have arrived from New York.

The Paris Bourse closed firm at 68f. 40c. for the rentes.

The Latest News.

London, Sunday, Dec. 17.—It is stated that the health of the Queen of Spain is still improving.—The King of Belgium was buried yesterday. The new King takes the oath to-day.

The Message of President Johnson has been favorably received as it is regarded as friendly, and the U States bonds improved after its reception.

It is stated that the Queen of Spain has accepted the mediation of England in Chilian affairs.

Trial of Capt. McCafferty, the American Fenian, is progressing at Cork.

Manchester market was quiet, but closed firmer.

Latest Commercial.

Liverpool, Dec. 16th.—Cotton—Sales to-day 10,000 bales, including 3,000 to speculators and exporters, the market closing firmer, but quotations are unchanged. Breadstuffs dull. Provisions quiet and steady.

London, December 16.—Evening—Consols closed at 87 a 87⅛. United States five-twenties 64½ a 64 3-4.

New York, Dec. 29.—The bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £448,214 during the week.

It is stated that Admiral Goldsborough, commanding the United States squadron in European waters, will establish his winter quarters at Villafranca, near Nice.

The Fenian Special Commission adjourned its sittings at Dublin on the 14th, and commenced at Cork the following day. The trial of McCafferty, late a Captain in the Confederate army, is progressing. Strong precautions have been taken to maintain peace in Cork. The *Cork Herald* alludes to the recent departure of skillful pilots for America as an evidence of contemplated naval operations by the Fenians.

The *Times* says the passage in President Johnson's message which concerns England ought to be realized in friendly spirit.

The *Morning Post* says it evinces a desire to keep on good terms with those they acknowledge to be their friends.

The *Telegraph* is very eulogistic, and says the document reflects the highest credit on its author.

Later from Mexico.

Philadelphia, Dec. 29.—The New York *Herald's* Vera Cruz correspondent of the 13th, says:

Imperial papers announce that Don Manuel Ruiz Judge of the Supreme Court of the Republic, has abandoned Juarez, and protested against the latter continuing to act as President after his constitutional term has expired.

Events at and in the vicinity of Vera Cruz do not indicate any intention on the part of the French to withdraw from the country at an early day, but, on the contrary, are regarded as showing a disposition to contest their occupancy of Mexican territory with the United States. Arrivals of soldiers from France continue—twelve hundred being landed at Vera Cruz on the 6th instant, and about three hundred more on the 11th, all of whom were immediately present into the field. French cannon and other war munitions and supplies were still daily arriving, and the defences of the city are being greatly strengthened, and remounted with the heaviest and most improved guns. The work is being carried on secretly—principally at night.

The bearer of despatches from the Mexican capital, was at Vera Cruz on the 15th instant, on his way to Washington.

Mysterious Disappearance of a Virginian.

Baltimore, Dec. 29.—John P. Bledsoe, a merchant of Staunton, Virginia, stopped at the Malthy House, on Pratt street, on the 13th inst., with a large amount of money about him, intending to purchase goods. He suddenly and mysteriously disappeared on the same night, and has not since been heard of. It is generally believed that there has been some foul play, resulting in murder and robbery. His partner, C. B. Wood, is here, anxiously looking after him.

During the recent heavy fog on the Chesapeake Bay, several schooners went ashore and were lost, with rum for cargoes.

Hon. Thomas Swann, Governor elect, will be inaugurated on the 10th of January. A grand time is anticipated at Annapolis. His address is anxiously anticipated.

Arrival of Capt. Semmes.

Washington, December 29.—Captain Semmes arrived here last night by the train from New York, in charge of a guard of United States marines, and was at once taken to the Navy Yard, where he was placed temporarily, in a room hastily fitted up in the dispensary building, where a guard was placed over him.

Semmes was arrested at his residence, about four miles from Mobile, on the 15th instant, on an order from the Navy Department. He expressed great astonishment, and claimed that the arrest was in violation of the parole. He was given until twelve o'clock next day to arrange his family matters, after which he was brought away. On the passage from Mobile to New York he was quite cheerful, expressing his readiness to stand trial and his belief that the arrest was entirely illegal.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Providence, R. I., December 28th.—A fire broke out in the railroad depot at Groton about one o'clock this morning, which destroyed the building and thirty long empty cars and six loaded ones. The flames spread rapidly to the steamer Commonwealth just arrived from New York, which was heavily loaded with freight, and was so grounded at the wharf that she could not be shoved off. She was burnt to the water's edge and nothing was saved. The flames spread so rapidly and furiously that men on board the steamer barely escaped with their lives. The loss is about one and a half million.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, December 29.—It is rumored that the French and the United States Governments have arrived at an understanding. France is to withdraw its troops from Mexico, and the United States agrees not to permit any attempts to be made from here to drive Maximilian out. He is to be left to his Austrian body-guard and the Mexican people.

The President is so well satisfied with the condition of the South and our foreign relations, that he has determined on a still farther reduction of the army.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 28.—The overland mail with New York dates to the 30th November, has arrived.

A slight shock of an earthquake was felt at Santa Clara last night.

The firm of Jaksbonsky and Warmser failed to-day. Their liabilities amount to over two hundred thousand dollars. Greenbacks sell at 67¾.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE IN GETORGEOWN.

Washington, Dec. 29.—Georgetown following the example of Washington, opened the polls yesterday to test the sense of the citizens on the subject of negro suffrage. Of over seven hundred votes cast, only one was in favor of thus extending the franchise.

A PLEASURE TRIP.

Washington, Dec. 29.—It is stated that the United States steamer "Desoto" will leave here in a day or two for the West Indies, having on board Secretary Seward, F. W. Seward and others, who are about to take a trip.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER CONSTITUTION.

Raleigh, Dec. 29.—We have news here from Morehead City of the loss of the steamer Constitution, from Savannah for New York. Of fifty-four souls on board, all were lost but fourteen of the crew.

DEATH OF AN ARMY OFFICER.

Boston, Dec. 29.—James Duncan Graham, a brother in law of Major General Meade, and Colonel of United States Engineers, stationed in this city, died suddenly last evening of disease of the heart.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 29.—Flour quiet; Southern $15 25. Wheat firm. Corn quiet. Beef firm. Pork heavy—sales 7,500 bls. at $29.25@29 75 Lard firm. Whiskey dull. Cotton buoyant at 53 cents. Naval Stores dull. Gold 145¼.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.

Five Cent Currency.

The new five cent currency will be issued next week. About $80,000 worth of defaced and mutilated currency is destroyed by burning, per day, and $50,000 worth printed. Arrangements are nearly completed to make the amount of the latter to the former.

Capt. Semmes.

The arrival here of Semmes of the Alabama, who was arrested at Montgomery, Ala., on the 16th, is hourly looked for. Secretary Welles has ordered that Captain Semmes be tried by court-martial for violating the laws of war in a number of instances, and more especially when he hoisted the white flag on the Alabama, and then refused to surrender himself, and engaging in war again without being exchanged.

New Year at the White House.

Arrangements are being made for the New Year's reception of the President. A new carpet in the East room has been procured, and the master mechanic was at the Executive Mansion this morning for the purpose of commencing the erection of a platform from the north windows of the East room to the pavement, so as to enable the visitors to pass thro' the apartments without blocking up the passages.

The National Banks.

Up to the present date, sixteen hundred and twenty four national banks have organized, with an aggregate capital of four hundred and eight million four hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The whole amount of registered United States bonds is two hundred and ninety-six millions of dollars.

It is understood that the recommendations of Freeman Clark, Comptroller of Currency, for extending the capital of the national banks to four hundred millions, will be brought up for the approval of Congress, that the banks in the Southern States may have their quotas under the law.

Senator Cragin's Proposed Amendment.

The following is the full text of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, introduced into the Senate by Senator Cragin, of New Hampshire, on the day of the adjournment. Its aim is to kill forever the heresy of State sovereignty.

Paramount sovereignty shall reside within the United States; and every citizen therein, shall be bound and primarily owe faith, loyalty and allegiance to the United States, anything in the Constitution, laws, or the ordinances of any State, to the contrary notwithstanding; and every State heretofore in the Union, or which may hereafter be admitted as a member thereof, shall forever remain and constitute a part of the United States, and shall not, under any circumstances whatever, have any right to secede or withdraw therefrom.

Post Office Affairs.

The Post Office Department to-day awarded contracts for services on fifty routes in Virginia and West Virginia. These routes, for which offers have been made since the regular biddings two months ago, will cover nearly the whole of these States, not then awarded, with immediate postal facilities. Mail service in North Carolina is in greatly increased demand, and a number of offices are being made. To-day upwards of thirty routes were let. All these services will go into operation on New Year's day.

Contracts for service in South Carolina, Georgia and other States, are also being freely disposed of in the appointment office, with a corresponding reopening of post offices in every Southern and Southwestern State. The number of such distribution may be set down at two hundred per week. Yesterday Virginia, Louisiana, Texas, Kentucky and Tennessee shared largely.

Capt. Wirz's Body.

The statements to the effect that the remains of Capt. Wirz had been exhumed from their place of burial in the Arsenal grounds, and had been forwarded to the friends of the deceased in Richmond are wholly without foundation. The grave of Wirz is undisturbed.

GENERAL NEWS

The Norfolk and Petersburg railroad will be completed in about a fortnight.

Lawyer's gowns are lined with the wilfulness of their clients.

Voltaire's old dressing gown sold in Paris recently for 990 francs.

An ex-Empress died in Philadelphia a few days ago. It was Madame Huate de Iturbide, widow of the former Emperor of Mexico.

John Evans and Jerome B. Coffee, Republicans, have been elected United States Senators from Colorado.

During the past season five hundred marine disasters occurred on the lakes—a number nearly double the average for the last five years.

"Old Bets," an Indian squaw, aged one hundred and twenty years, is still alive, and hale and hearty, at St. Paul.

Nine hundred pounds in bank notes were found sewed up in the waistcoat of Tom Sayers after his death.

General John B. Hood, late of the Confederate army, was recently married to a daughter of General Preston, of South Carolina.

A woman near Paris murdered her daughter, and then ate her breakfast with the bloody knife she had used for that purpose.

What is the difference between a boy and a postage stamp? One you would lick with a stick, and the other you would stick with a lick.

A magistrate in Brooklyn, N. Y., has been convicted of keeping a "gin mill," which subjects him to be sent to the penitentiary.

Much small-pox among the negroes in Washington has created a great scarcity of philanthropists.

One brewery in Dublin turns out 15,000 hhds. of beer per day. Each workman is allowed a quart daily.

An elephant and bull fight recently took place in Ubida, in Spain. The elephant stamped one bull to death, and crushed another with his trunk.

An editor says that the only reason why his house was not blown away during the late gale, was because there was a heavy mortgage upon it.

A fat man in Paris sold his body to the surgeons for twelve hundred francs, went on a spree with the money, died, and was immediately cut up.

The Mississippi Legislature has passed a bill fining any white man two hundred dollars and any colored one fifty dollars, for an act of miscegenation.

A schoolboy being asked by his teacher, "Of what is the German Diet composed?" replied, "Sourkrout, scimapps, lager beer and mixcumrous."

A Birmingham, England, bricklayer's wife gave birth to a child with 2 heads, three arms and three legs. On one of the hands there are two thumbs.

The Seaboard and Roanoke railroad are now running their cars to the Roanoke river. The Weldon Bridge, however, is not yet rebuilt, and a ferry has been used in crossing.

Memphis is spreading her wings immensely. The *Appeal* states that upwards of 9 hundred houses are in process of erection in that city.

The latest fashion in Pariss for ladies to be accompanied in the drive or promenade, by immense dogs. One lady attracts great attention on account of a monster which follows her about. It is almost like a young pony, and imported from Wurtemburg, where the race is nearly extinct.

Lieutenant General A. P. Stewart, late of the Confederate army, is to take charge of the school of Cumberland Church, at Nashville. The school is the largest in that city, and is conducted by the General's brothers.

Capital punishment has been abolished in Austria.

A man in Fall River, Massachusetts last week devoured a nine-pound turkey with the usual fixings, at a single meal. He found that his companions at table had each one seized a pigeon, and, being disappointed at not getting one himself, he grabbed the turkey and ate it all, saying, "every man his own bird."

"Perley" says that "General Grant is to have as his *Christmas gift* the center mansion of the three known as 'Douglas Row,' built for Senator Rice, of Minesota—the other two having been built for Douglas and Breckinridge. It will contain many tokens of the admiration entertained for him by the American people.

Gov. Patton, of Alabama, is what is known as a Douglas Democrat, and though during the war he took the part of his State, it was in a quiet way, and always on the conservative side. He has been a member of the Legislature almost successively for a period of nearly thirty years.

Gen. Stephenson, commanding at Atlanta, has issued an order allowing citizens to carry arms for personal protection. This action was rendered necessary by the great prevalence of lawlessness at that place.

It is rumored that the daughter of a prominent Confederate envoy to Europe, (John Slidell) who not long since married to a wealthy Frenchman (Erlanger) has left her husband and come back to her father.

A man named John Jones, living at Atlanta, Georgia, sends to the Wyandotte Gazette the small sum of $5,000 Confederate money, and asks the editor to send the paper one month.

THE JEFF. DAVIS ELEPHANT.

What to do with Jeff. Davis, Clay and associates seems to be a troublesome question with the republicans. From all accounts the administration and Congress have, in the capture of these late Confederate leaders, got an elephant on their hands, which they do not appear to know how to get rid of. Chief Justice Chase refuses to take the responsibility of trying them. The President is sick and tired of military commissions, and holds the prisoners for Congress to manage in some way, and thus throw all responsibility upon the radicals.—This being the case, why should not Congress pass a resolution releasing the whole humbug, from Jeff. Davis down, at once? There could possibly be no harm to the country in giving them their liberty. A republican government like ours can afford to be magnanimous, especially just now, when we have shown to the world the power and stability of our institutions.

There would be no better way of furnishing a contrast with the monarchical governments of the world than by adopting that course. Congress is the body to do it to make that contrast striking and telling. Let Congress pass a resolution releasing Jeff. Davis and associates, and it would put to shame the English for the treatment of the Jamaica insurrectionists and Fenians by that government. It would present such a wide difference between republican and monarchical governments as to increase the moral power and influence of republics the world over. It would show that while the old dynasties of Europe are obliged to keep their own subjects loyal, we can laugh at all efforts to destroy our Union. Here is an opportunity to dispose of this elephant in a way that will redound to our credit and benefit the world. Will Congress attend to it at once?—*New York Herald.*

STONEWALL JACKSON'S WIDOW.

We find the following letter, prefaced by a strong editorial appeal, in the columns of the New York *News*. In placing this statement before the eyes of Virginia readers, we feel sure we need add no word of comment. The letter speaks for itself:

NEW YORK, December 26, 1865.

Hon. Benjamin Wood:

Will you not start a movement for the relief of the widow of the brave Jackson? Think of his widow and child living on an income of $150 per year! She has been compelled to sell everything but a small house in Lexington, and this brings in the above rental. Gladly would she return and occupy her little house herself, but she has not the means to live there, and there is a fear that even this will have to be sold to meet demands she cannot avert.

Surely there are friends enough of the illustrious "Stonewall" in the North to rally to the aid of his widow and child, once they are apprised of their extreme destitution.

What names will be honored by contributing to this most worthy object? Contributions may be sent to the care of the Rev. Dr. Hoge, at Richmond. I inclose my card and remain,

Truly yours.

PRICES CURRENT,

SALISBURY, JAN. 2, 1866.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SPRAGUE & BROS.

Apples, green, per bush.	$1.50	to	2.00
Beans, " "	1.00	to	1.50
Beeswax, per lb.	25	to	30
Bacon, hog round, " "	20	to	22
do hams & sides, " "	20	to	23
do shoulders, " "	18	to	20
Coffee, " "	35	to	40
Corn, per bush. of 56 "	75	to	85
do. Meal, " of 46 "	80	to	85
Copperas, "	10	to	10
Candles, Tallow, "	25	to	30
do Adamantine, "	40	to	50
Cotton, "	30	to	35
do Yarn, per bunch,	3.75	to	4.00
Eggs, per dozen,	20	to	25
Feathers, per lb.	40	to	50
Flour, " "	6½	to	7
Fish, Mackeral, No. 1,		to	...
" do " II,		to	...
" do " III,		to	...
Fruit, dried, Apples, pl'd	7	to	8
" " do unpl'd	2½	to	3½
" " Peaches, pl'd	16	to	18
" " do unpl'd	8	to	10
Leather, upper, per lb.	90	to	95
" sole, " "	45	to	50
Iron, bar, " "		to	...
" castings, " "		to	...
Nails, cut, " "		to	...
Molasses, sorgdun, per gal.	40	to	50
" West India, "	75	to	1.00
" Syrup, "	1.00	to	1.50
Onions, per bush.	1.00	to	1.50
Pork, per lb.	10	to	12
Potatoes, Irish, per bush.	75	to	1.00
" Sweet, "	75	to	1.00
Sugar, Brown,	18	to	25
" Clarified,	25	to	30
" Crushed Pulv'd.	33	to	35
Salt, Coast,		to	...
" Liverpool, per sack	7.00	to	8.00
" Table,		to	...
Tobacco, Leaf,		to	...
" Manufactured,	20	to	90
" Smoking,	50	to	1.50
Gold,		to	1.40
Silver,		to	1.27

SALT, To exchange for FLAXSEED COTTON or BEESWAX, enquire of BURBANK, GALLAGHER & MORRIS
tf 5w Wyatt's old stand.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office in Salisbury, on January 1st, 1866. Persons calling for these letters will please say they are advertised.

A. BENCINI, P. M.

Austin, W A
Allison, Theophilus
Albright, John or Peter
Anderson, H C
Ashley, Squire F
Allright, John
Atwell, Capt George A
Bennett, John, 2
Bryan, S W
Blair, C H & Co
Burke, J K
Brown, N
Brown, William
Blackwell, Joseph
Brown, Col Richard
Brown, Mrs A G H
Brunock, Christial
Benbow, E A
Bruner, Joseph
Burchead, Jas A
Bright, Henry 2
Brown, C
Barr, John W
Brown, Julius
Birchett, Asa
Barr, Miss H J
Cowan, Robert Locke
Chambers, Mrs Adelaid
Cowan, Jas N
Crawford, Mrs Jane
Culbertson, Richard
Carroll, John
Curl, Mgr Sophia
Cool, Mr
Campbell, Joseph L
Cowan, A A
Crowell, Mrs M
Cauble, Samuel
Davis, W W
Davis, J W
Dockery, Col O H
Durnell, Miss Sarah
Elliott, Samuel
Edmonson, A H
Edwards, Mrs Elizabeth
Edmiston, A H
Eudiston, Miss Laura
Eason, Hardy W
Fesperman, Mrs C
Fisher, Jacob
Frazier, Archibald D 2
Freeman, Miss Carrol
Ford, Edmund
Fearren, Wm
Foster, H G
Fleming, N N
Foard, O G 2
Fesperman, J H
Fealey, Wm F
Frock, David
Fox, J A
Gray, J A
Green, Miss Evelyne
Gowan, J P 2
Gwinn, E R
Goodlake, Mrs Martha
Groner, Mrs Ann
Glover, G A
George, Capt E P
Hall, T F
Hall, G W 2
Hall, S S
Healy, Elias
Hunter, John H 3
Henderson, J S
Harker, Moses
Huff, Wm H
Harp, Thos
Hoolhouser, D M
Hall, Mrs I R
Henson, Rev Thos
Heger Brothers
Hartman, Henry
Henly, Sanford
Irwin, Calvin
Jones, Rev T M
Jones, James H
Josey, Mrs Elizabeth
Johnson, J M
Koster, Mrs Ellen J
Krause, Charles
King, Hege & Co
King, James
Kennedy, Lewis
Kerr, W A
Locke, Miss Lila
Lewis, Mrs Mary Ann
Mackley, Ephraim
Lindsay, John 2
Lingle, Moses
Linn, Mrs. Catherine
Linster, Mc
Miller, Wesly F
McCann, H H 2
Miller, Mrs Sallie
Miller, H D
McLove & Co
Miller, William
Manner, Ephraim
McCoy, Mrs Hannah
May, U C
McFarland, Benjamin
Marlen, Joel
Morgan, Mrs Sallie
Moore, Col E E 2
Morehead, E A
McCoy, Allen
McCoy, Hiram
Moyer, Mathias
McCarless, Miss Callister
Owen, Miss Mary Jane
Owens, Miss Mattie E
Otes, J C
Owen, Maj E Cawan
Owen, Joseph
Owen, John J
Phillips, Mrs M A
Parks, A W
Pidgeton, Miss Maggie
Parker, Miss A L
Pool, Mrs Angeline
Pierce, Tillman
Pierce, W S
Peck, Margaret
Powell, A M
Powell, E F
Palin, Charles
Palmer, John
Rich, John W
Rodenhouse, Moses
Roy, Nrank B
Reaves, Abraham S
Rosignail, Dr Henry
Rowzer, Mc
Ritz, Chas F
Sifford, Miss Luvenia
Smith, Mrs Margaretto G
Smith, Fred Col
Smith, Miss Eliza C
Shelt, Elbridge
Stagg, F A
Solomon, Rev J B
Shim, Mrs W S
Steel, Livi
Shuford, J H
Thompson, Miss Cornelia F
Thompson, Miss Susan V
Thoroughman, John & Co
Trexler, Adam
Trembie, James & Co
Thompson, E 128th Ind, co G
Trexler, Alex
Townely, Miss Marion E
Van Eaton, W S S
Van Eaton, Miss R D
Wycher, Rev Jno T
Wood, Miss Mattie
Wyatt, W H
Walker, Hiram R
White, W S
Wright, Alney
Walker, Mrs S L
Whitford, Miss Mary J C
Williams, H J
Wade, Mrs Mary
Weaver, Jacob
Williams, J J
Yost, Martin

Blossom Brothers.

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Commission Merchants,

Cotton, Naval Stores, Grain, Tobacco, Yarns, Sheetings, &c.,

159 Front Street,

CHAS. W. BLOSSOM, JAMES B. BLOSSOM, JOSIAH B. BLOSSOM, } NEW YORK.

Liberal advances made on consignments, on receipt of Bill of Lading.

References—The Bank of N. C., and other Banks at Wilmington, Newbern, Washington, Tarboro, Fayetteville, Raleigh, Salisbury, Charlotte and Wadesboro.

A. M. McPHEETERS, Raleigh, N. C.,
Will forward to us, through that place, (*free of forwarding commission,*) paying railroad freight, to any shipping port.

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