

is known to diplomatic circles that Secretary of State has issued a proclamation forbidding the country to proceed by the treaty for their independence in Mexico.

Funeral of Henry Winter Davis.

Baltimore, January 2.—The funeral of Henry Winter Davis was largely attended this afternoon. Every mark of respect was shown to the distinguished deceased. Many of the most prominent men in the country were present. Messrs. Chase and Stanton were among the pall-bearers.

From Texas.

New York, Dec. 31.—Advice from Texas state that the Governor has issued a proclamation restoring, so far as in his power, to their civil rights, all persons recommended for special pardon.

New York Markets.

New York, January 2—Cotton 52c53. Flour and Wheat unchanged. Corn dull. Pork heavy. Lard steady. Whiskey dull. Sugar firm. Naval Stores dull. Turpentine \$14.00.

Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore, January 2—Flour in active demand—high grades firm. Wheat quiet. Corn steady. Provisions dull. Sugar heavy. New Bacon shoulders, 10c.; Sides, 8c.

Negro Robbers Punished.

Washington, December 31.—A telegram from Augusta, Georgia, says that on Thursday night a squad of United States colored troops and discharged colored soldiers made an assault on the house of a widow lady, residing six miles from Augusta, supposing her to be unprotected. They, however, met an unexpected resistance—three of them being mortally wounded, and two seriously.

From Cuba—Capture of a Spanish Gunboat!

New York, Dec. 31.—An arrival from South Pacific states that a Cuban man-of-war captured a Spanish gunboat. The engagement was brief. There is great rejoicing among the Cubans in consequence.

Rangers of Cholera at Guadalupe, West Indies.

Boston, Dec. 29.—A letter from Guadalupe dated November 20, states that the cholera has broken out there, and is committing great ravages at Pesse-Terre, a town of fifteen thousand inhabitants. One hundred and seven fatal cases occurred on the 22d.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Harrisburg, Dec. 29.—The city is crowded with members of the Legislature and others drawn hither on business connected therewith. There will be no change in the organization of the Senate; Jas. R. Kelly is accepted as the regular candidate for speaker of the House; and Mr. Benedict, the barmer clerk, will be re-elected.

Death of Hon. Henry Winter Davis.

Baltimore, Dec. 30.—Honorable Henry Winter Davis, of this city, died at half-past two o'clock to-day, of pneumonia.

The Confederate Fleet Gorges.

Toronto, Dec. 28.—In the case of the Confederate steamer Georgia, captured by the U. S. government, and laid up in the Toronto Astor's, Mr. McDonald, the Confederate agent, makes an affidavit that the vessel was the property of the Confederate government and was impounded for the raid on Johnson's Island, and that the said D. just, the present master, was a mere dummy, whom Captain Cooper hopes to replace here for the British Government.

At Columbus, Ohio, on the evening of the 22d, while Mr. Harly, Asst. of the National Exchange Bank, and Col. James A. Weller, Provost Marshal, General and chief master-servant, etc., etc., were gazing on the Scioto River they were attacked by four Indians, one of whom is believed to be a deserter from the army. Mr. Harly was severely beaten with a club, and the Indians at企图 to drown Col. Weller through a hole in the ice. He, however, managed to escape. The assailants were afterwards arrested. The only ground for the attack was the supposed anger of the deserter, who had been tried through Col. Weller's instrumentality.

Commodore Winslow, formerly commander of the Keessar, has been ordered to the command of the Gulf Squadron, in the place of Rear-Admiral Thatcher, who has been detached. This squadron now consists of twenty vessels, carrying one hundred and thirty-eight guns.

The Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad has begun a suit against the President for one million dollars' damage for permitting the Rebel Government to use the road and its machinery during the war.

It is said that General Butler is to deliver an address in Lowell in a few days, in which he will reply to General Grant's "dark-bottle" criticism.

The circulation of the National Banks was increased by an issue of over four million dollars during the past week.

The Cincinnati Presbytery has dismissed in discharge the Rev. Dr. M. L. Thompson of the Second Presbyterian Church in that city for heretical conduct.

Six thousand six hundred and sixteen patents have been issued during the year—exceeding by 1,000 the largest issue of previous years.

Previous to adjournment, the South Carolina Legislature created thirty-three new district courts for the trial of cases concerning negroes. The question of payment of the rebel war debt was referred to a committee to report at the next session.

The friends of Juarez in Washington are much dissatisfied with the appointment of Hon. Lewis D. Campbell as Minister to Mexico. They say he is "not positive enough."

Secretary McCulloch is opposed to the repeal of the income tax. He is also opposed to the assumption by the General Government of the State war debt.

Major Smith has finally carried out his threat and instituted proceedings for libel against the Chicago Tribune in the United States Circuit Court at Chicago, laying claim damages of \$50,000. The libel is alleged to consist in the statement made by the paper, that he forged his name in order to evade responsibility in the John Brown raid into Virginia.

General Sherman and staff called on Gen. Scott while he was in New Orleans. In discussing the late war, General Scott spoke in high terms of the rebel Generals Lee, Johnston and Longstreet.

SHERMAN AND JOE JOHNSON AT THE GAYOSO.—The Memphis Commercial of the 21st says:

For the first time since his deposition by Jefferson Davis, Joseph E. Johnson met General Sherman, evening before last, at the Gayoso House. It is needless to say that the greeting of these soldiers was kindly and cordial.

The principal part of the malice engendered by the war now remains among the cowardly stay-at-home politicians of the North.—*Washington Union*.

Since Sunday night last, we find that the water courses are, consequently, much swollen. The present rain could not effect the water courses very much, were it not that we have had previous rains that had already greatly raised them. It will require but a few more days of such weather as the last two to produce a great freshet. Our people should prepare for it and not be caught napping as they were in the spring of last year.—*Daily Banner*.

QUIET.

The quiet of our town is really remarkable in the absence of a civil force. Our people, however, are naturally quiet. Now and then we hear a whoop on the streets, which amounts to nothing more than an outburst of some devotee of Bacchus who has forgotten that Christmas is over. His cries are soon hushed, as he is reminded of the presence of our infatigable police who are ever on the *qui vive* for all such, and to this fact may be attributed the general quiet and good order that everywhere prevails.

Ib.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.

This day passed off quietly. Very few persons from the country were in town. The elephant that had attracted the crowd heretofore, on this day, had changed his occupation. Many negroes, however, were to be seen on the streets trudging through the mud and water with an air of indifference and unconcern, as to what was going on around them. They seemed to have no anxiety about homes as heretofore, and doubtless the majority have not where to lay their head, and, perhaps, not a day's rations for the morrow. Upon the whole, the day presented quite a contrast to those formerly witnessed in these quarters.—Ib.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

We understand that a number of persons in this city, are engaged in the illegal practice of retailing spirituous liquors without the proper license. This is a violation of the law that should not be tolerated, and it is the duty and interest alike of every good citizen to see to it that it be stopped. Many persons suppose that the Internal Revenue Office, or the town lieutenants, have the right to seal liquor with impunity and in defiance of the law of the State, but this is a mistake; neither is worth the paper upon which it is written, as a justification for these unlawful acts, and those who go to the expense to procure either, under the impression that it will authorize them to retail, and at the same time, exempt them from the penalty of violating the law, will find that they are in error, and that it is simply throwing away their money. No person can lawfully retail liquor, in a less quantity than a quart unless he has a license from the County Court: nor even by the quart without proper authority from the County Court, as there is a law which prohibits such sales within two miles of a church, except by the permission of this Court.

We have called attention to this illegal traffic before, and we feel it our duty, as a public journalist to renew our protest, in the name of the law and the interests of the community which demand that these acts shall not go unpunished. Every good law-abiding citizen should exert himself to have these irresponsible liquor dealers brought to justice: Nor is it less the duty than the interest of those who have license to sell, to see that these illegal traffickers are exposed; otherwise the military may deem it necessary to close all, regardless of license. We doubt not any information sufficient to convict any or all the parties concerned, given to the county solicitor will be promptly attended to. Let it be done. Let these irresponsible law-breakers, who are cheating the treasury, ruining the morals of the community, and bringing reproach upon our citizens, be made to feel that we still have laws for the punishment of crime.—Ib.

SALISBURY BRASS BAND.

We are glad to know that this excellent band has been again organized, and is mighty under the tutorage of that incomparable music teacher Professor Neave. It promised to be very soon everything it was before the war—the best band in the State.—Ib.

GOV. WORTH'S ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

This important document will be found in another column. It is short but to the point. It throws some light upon the dark path over which our people are traveling for the first time, and points out the proper course to be pursued in the transition from our present anomalous condition to civil government.

His position is, in the beginning, very embarrassing, and he calls upon the people to co-operate with him in his efforts to restore to them, as far as he may, the glorious boon of civil government. We commend his address to the careful consideration of our readers.—Ib.

Boise—The storm about Texas. In Texas, they are building a theatre of iron.

Camp Douglas, Chicago, has been sold. The statement of a new loan is pronounced a sheer fabrication.

The Prince of Wales and his mamma do not take tea together.

In Lyndon, Vt., an audience mobbed a spiritual medium for inability to raise the spirit.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad gives employment to 7,000 persons.

The South Carolina Railroads are nearly in running order again.

The crop of wheat in the Northern States for 1865, amounts to 148,522,829 bushels.

A man has been convicted in New York of keeping a gambling house for children.

Congress hesitates to pay for Ford's theatre, and it is feared that the drama may flourish there again.

The wealth of Georgia is said to be \$410,000,000.

Wigfall of Texas, has not been heard from since the war, and is believed to be dead.

The religious people of Philadelphia are about to start a daily paper.

Gen. McDonald has been sued for \$100,000 for arbitrary arrests in California.

Secretary Stanton had a protracted interview with the President on Thursday.

M. Louis Heriot, chief editor of the *Paris Charivari*, died on the 6th ultimo.

On Friday last snow was four or five feet deep in some of the roads near Quebec.

A large cargo of assorted goods has arrived in Savannah, direct from England.

The business and prosperity of Charleston, S. C., are said to be rapidly increasing.

Why talk about not sleeping a wink, when people in their sleep never wink!

Character does not depend on diet. The ass tethles and nettles, the sharpest of food, and is the daintiest of soups.

Thirty ploughing street-car conductors were detected in New York by female spies.

James S. Littlegrow has been elected Mayor of Louisville.

Drafting has been commenced in Mexico. Employment \$24.00.

Rothschild lends Italy one hundred million of francs.

Marines are taking the place of soires in New York fashion.

Smith & Co.'s bank of Dubuque, was robbed Thursday night of \$30,000.

At the hotels in Madrid the price is \$12 per day.

Half a ton of gold has been received from Idaho by a New York firm.

Gen. Fitz-John Porter sailed from New York on Wednesday for Liverpool.

Who is a drowsy? I say the happiest the happiest of course! Because she always has her own way.

David Low, the well known New York flutist, has got \$250,000 for religious purposes.

The Beach sold \$30,000 last year by horse racing.

Major-General Weitzel has resigned his position in the United States Army, and is soon expected to rejoin his family in Cincinnati.

The headquarters of the Department of Tennessee have been removed from Knoxville to Memphis.

There was a disgraceful riot in Springfield, Ill., on Christmas day, between the citizens and soldiers.

Mrs. Riley has recovered \$10,000 damages from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for causing the death of her husband by sheer carelessness.

The physician who accompanies Astor's grandson to Europe is paid \$10,000 in gold for six months, at \$1,000 for every month over.

A late number of the London Orchestra opened with a poem called "Spirit Vision," by Adal Isaacs Meekin.

A Washington Associated Press dispatch says that Gen. Scoville has no mission in Paris from the Executive.

The Barings have taken two millions of the five per cent gold bearing bonds of Massachusetts, at about ninety-seven per cent.

William L. Sanford, of Auburn, Ala., is engaged in writing a memoir of the late Hon. Wm. L. Yancey.

Col. James Duncan Graham, boisterous law of General Meade, died suddenly in Boston on Thursday.

The Bishop of Lincoln has come out against the pews renting system. He thinks that the possession of pews, "leaves devotion with selfishness."

We receive deplorable accounts of the condition of Texas. The people are suffering from starvation.

The Postmaster General is rapidly opening post-offices at the South. He re-establishes two hundred a week.

—O! come back, come back—my beautiful youth; and the mocking echoes shall reverberate, "Come back—Come back"—and it returns not. W.

PETERSBURG, Jan. 1, 1866.

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A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of

North Carolina.

Whereas, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of

North Carolina, with the concurrence and

advice of the Council of State, do deem it absolutely

necessary that the General Assembly of this State

be convened before the time appointed for its meet

ing.

Now, therefore, I do hereby issue this my pro

clamation, notifying and requesting the members

of the General Assembly of North Carolina to

meet in special session, at the Capitol, in the city of

Raleigh, on Thursday the 18th day of this month.

Given under my hand, and attested by the great

seal of the State, at office, in Raleigh, this 18th day of January, A. D. 1866, and in the year of our independence the nineteenth.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH.

W. H. BROWN, Priv. Sec.

Jan. 1866. —

Drs. Whithead & Henderson.

WE have associated ourselves in the practice of

MEDICINE, and offer their professional services to

the citizens of Salisbury and vicinity.

Office next door to Owen & Sofield's store.

M. WHITEHEAD, M. D.

C. A. HENDERSON, M. D.

Jan. 1.

Philadelphia Ledger.

Days of the week in India.