

North-Carolina Free Press.

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Vol. VII—No 20.

The "North-Carolina Free Press,"
BY GEORGE HOWARD,

Is published weekly, at Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per year, if paid in advance—or, Three Dollars, at the expiration of the year. For any period less than a year, Twenty-five Cents per month. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time, on giving notice thereof and paying arrears—those residing at a distance must invariably pay in advance, or give a responsible reference in this vicinity.

Advertisements, not exceeding 16 lines, will be inserted at 50 cents the first insertion, and 25 cents each continuance. Longer ones at that rate for every 16 lines. Advertisements must be marked the number of insertions required, or they will be continued until otherwise ordered. Letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid, or they may not be attended to.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers inform the Public, that they have just returned from New-York, with a general and well selected assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS
Hardware, Crockery, &c

Which they are now opening at their Old Stand, and which they offer at their usual low prices.

The highest prices given for baled and seed Cotton, in payment of debts or in exchange for Goods.

D. RICHARDS.
WM. TANNEHILL.
Tarboro', Oct. 15, 1830.

Mrs. A. C. Howard,

IS now opening her fall supply of Goods, in her line of business, and respectfully solicits her customers and friends to call and examine them—amongst her assortment will be found: Pattern Silk, Velvet, and Dunstable bonnets, latest fashions, Diamond straw Dunstables, plain do. Leghorn and straw bonnets, Elegant turbans, caps, and capes, Changeable silks, for dresses, Plain and fig'd silks and satins, do. Feather'd, velvet, and straw flowers, A great variety of ribbons, &c. &c.

All of which she is disposed to sell at her usual low prices.

Ladies' pelisses, cloaks, dresses, &c. made to order, in the latest and most approved fashions.

Leghorn and straw bonnets bleached, dyed, or trimmed.
Tarborough, Oct. 25, 1830.

Cotton Gins,

Packing Screws, Horse Mills, Chain Bands, and Still Repairing.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public, that he is now building between 15 and 20 COTTON GINS, of good materials, part of which will be steel saws and the ribs or bars faced with steel.

PACKING SCREWS, of the usual size, and larger than any now in use in the State, and no doubt superior—they will be made in an engine erected for that purpose.

HORSE MILLS will be built at a short notice, on the improved perpendicular plan, or any other.

CHAIN BANDS & WHEELS, of a superior quality, which are extremely well calculated for the propelling of both Gins and Mills.

Persons desiring any of the above articles, will please apply to
JOHN WILSON.
Tarboro', Sept. 1830.

JOHN S. ROBBINS,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Edgecombe and the adjacent counties, that he is now prepared for Repairing Cotton Gins, making & repairing riding Chairs, Gigs, &c. at his shop, about 18 miles from Tarborough, on the waters of Town Creek, near the road leading from James Bridges's to the Widow Taylor's. He will also make Bedsteads, Tables, desks, &c. at the shortest notice. All of which will be done cheap for cash, or on a short credit to punctual customers.

He would refer those having Cotton Gins out of order, to Messrs. Redding Sagg, John R. Scarborough, James Barron, and others, for satisfactory assurances of his ability to repair them. 14 Nov. 1830.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from New-York with a splendid assortment of

Fancy Goods,

Well adapted to the Fall and Winter seasons, together with a large supply of

GROCERIES,
Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery
and Glassware, &c.

Which he is disposed to sell low for cash or barter. He will give the highest market prices for COTTON, baled or seeded...Corn, beeswax, tallow, &c. in exchange for goods at cash prices, or in payment of debts. Those wishing to purchase goods at low prices, would do well to call on the Subscriber at the Post-office, one door below the store of R. & S. D. Cotten, and next door to Mrs. Gregory's Hotel.

N. H. ROUNTREE
Tarboro', Oct. 4, 1830.

HULL'S FERRY.

THE Subscriber informs all those wishing to send Cotton to Hill's Ferry to be shipped to Norfolk, that his Warehouses will be open for the

Reception of Cotton,
By the 1st of October next.

Having been appointed Agent for Mr. JAMES GORDON, he promises to give his personal attention to the receiving and delivery of such articles as may be forwarded to him, and Cotton sent to him to be shipped to Norfolk shall meet with all possible dispatch.

Storage of Cotton, 12½ cents per bale—all other articles in proportion.
WHITMEL H. ANTHONY.
Palmyra, N. C. Sept. 28, 1830. 7

MALE & FEMALE Academy.

WM. A. WALKER respectfully informs the inhabitants of Edgecombe and adjacent counties, that his second session commenced on the 4th inst. at his residence seven miles from Tarborough, in the immediate neighborhood of Sparta.

Terms, per Session of 5 months.
Greek, Latin, and the subordinate branches, \$14 00
Geography, English Grammar, } 8 00
History, Composition, &c. &c. }
Spelling, Reading, and Writing, 6 00
Boarding, Washing, and Mending, 25 00
Boarding may be had in many private families in the neighborhood, if preferred.

Under an arrangement with his present patrons, the vacation will commence 1st day of August and terminate 30th of September.

Such as did not enter at the commencement of the session, will only be chargeable from the time of their entrance up to the completion of their respective sessions. June 23, 1830.

\$25 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, about the 8th inst. negro man HARRY—Harry is a bright mulatto, (half white,) with large freckles, between thirty and thirty-five years of age, near six feet high, and weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds; he is a good ditcher and well acquainted with all kinds of work usually done on a farm; he is a very intelligent ingenious fellow, well calculated to pass himself for a free man, which no doubt he will attempt to do; he is well known in this county, particularly in this and the neighborhood of the late Lemmon Ruffin, Esq. where he has a wife. The above reward will be paid on the delivery of the said Harry to me near Sparta, Edgecombe county, No. Ca. if taken within this State, or Fifty Dollars if taken without this State—and Fifty Dollars will be paid for evidence to convict any white person of harboring said negro on conviction.
RICHD. HINES.
16th Nov. 1829. 13

King & Catlin,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

WISH to inform their friends and customers, that they have just received from New-York, a new and handsome assortment of Goods in their line of business, suitable for the season...such as...

Superfine blue and black cloths, Brown, olive and steel mixtures, An assortment of Casimires, Bang-up cord suitable for riding pantaloons,

Plain black and fig'd velvets for vests, Plain black and fancy silks for do. Dark and light col'd valencias, Plain white and fig'd quiltings, Cotton flannel for draws and shirts, Patent suspenders, pocket handkerchiefs,

White and fancy cravats, black silk do. Buckskin gloves, cravat stiffeners. Together with a complete assortment of TRIMMINGS, all of which they are disposed to sell low.

Gentlemen's clothing made up at the shortest notice, and in the neatest and most fashionable style.
Tarboro', Oct. 13, 1830.

State of North-Carolina,
EDGECOMBE COUNTY.
COURT OF EQUITY,
September Term, 1830.

Jonathan Ellis,
vs.
Roderick Amason, } Bill in Equity for an
Blake Little and } injunction.
Elijah Price, }

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the said ELIJAH PRICE, one of the defendants in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the North-Carolina Free Press, giving notice to the said defendant to appear at our next Court to be held for the county of Edgecombe, at the Court-House in Tarborough, on the second Monday in March next, and answer, plead or demur, or judgment will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as it respects him.

Witness, ISAAC NORFLEET, Clerk and Master of said Court, at office, the second Monday in September, 1830. Test,

I. NORFLEET, C. M. C.
Price adv \$3: 50. 13-6

\$40 Reward for Guy.

GUY is a cooper by trade, he was formerly owned by Joseph Phillips, dec'd, of Edgecombe county; he has been hired by Edwin Whitehead formerly of Nash county, for the last two or three years, and has a wife at William Bellamy, Sen.'s in Nash county, and it is supposed he is lurking in that neighbourhood. I will give the above reward for the delivery of said negro in Tarborough Jail, or to me in Martin county. The said Guy is well known in Nash and Edgecombe counties as a cooper.
FIGURES LOWE.
Nov. 7, 1830. 13

CAUTION.

SOMETIME in the month of March last, a man calling himself ALEXANDER J. MAURICE, came to this place, professing to be a Universalist Preacher, and as such, was cordially received by the friends of Universalism. Some short time after his arrival, his friends becoming his sureties, he was enabled to purchase one half of the Printing Press, Types, and other materials used in the office of the Carolina Sentinel, together with some other articles, amounting in all to about \$1800. Scarcely have six months elapsed, when this same unprincipled scoundrel has shamefully absconded, and left his friends to pay his debts. Since his departure from this place, we have heard of his having carried away a gold watch entrusted to his care by a lady in the country, for the purpose of having it repaired in this place; of his endeavoring to pass a note forged by himself to the amount of \$300; of his purchasing several watches on the eve of his departure, for which he gave his notes; of his borrowing several sums of money, and finally leaving his tavern bill unpaid.

This notice is therefore to caution the public, (particularly in Philadelphia and New-York, where he has been seen,) to discountenance such a villain.

Said ALEXANDER J. MAURICE is about five feet five inches high, dark complexion, black hair and grey eyes, with a very prominent forehead.

C. R. GREENE,
EDWD. S. JONES.
Newbern, N. C. Dec. 21, 1830.

DOMESTIC.

Mr. Sawyer's Resolutions.—The Raleigh Star of the 23d ult. gives the following outlines of the debate in the House of Commons on this subject:

A great portion of the sitting of the House on Monday was occupied in committee of the whole, Mr. Gary in the Chair, in discussing the merits of the resolutions heretofore introduced by Mr. Sawyer, declaring "that all duties imposed by Congress on imports, not for revenue, but to control the industry of the country, are unconstitutional," and particularly on the unconstitutionality of the Tariff acts of 1824-'28. The resolutions having been read, Mr. J. A. Hill moved to strike out the whole, except the word "resolved," and supported his motion by a speech of some length, in which he expressed his regret that the resolutions had been introduced; because, whatever might be the ultimate vote given upon them, it would produce false impressions abroad of the state of public feeling here; and he thought it our duty to stand aloof from, and give no countenance whatever to the excitement which prevails on this subject, in some sections of the country. He thought the laws alluded to were unwise and impolitic, and on that opinion, he presumed there was no division amongst us. But he contended that the General Government, by the Constitution, has the power to impose a tax for the encouragement of manufactures; and that therefore these laws were not infractions of that instrument. Mr. H. proceeded in a very able and ingenious argument to defend this position.

He was replied to by Mr. Sawyer, the introducer of the resolutions, in an eloquent and forcible speech. Mr. S. admitted that the right to impose duties for the purposes of revenue, was given to Congress by the Constitution; but denied that the power to levy a tax for the protection of Manufactures was granted, and conceived that the spirit and meaning of the Constitution were more especially violated when that power was exercised to the manifest injury of other branches of industry. By the unequal and partial operations of the Tariff of 1824-'28, the interests of one-sixth of the citizens of the country were fostered and enhanced to the great prejudice of the remaining five-sixths. While those acts confer peculiar advantages on manufactures, they spread ruin and distress over commerce and agriculture. Any measure which thus sought to set up one class of our people and put down others—any system of favoritism and exclusive benefits, was contrary to the genius of our pure republican institutions. That Congress has no more power to encourage manufactures by laying an enormous impost duty and thus deluding the people, than it has to protect them by bounties or direct taxation. That the government cannot draw from the pockets of the people more money than was necessary for the

support of government, and that every cent beyond this was so much tyranny and oppression.

The doctrine he here advanced, was that which had been always taught by the republicans of the country, and he received it as the orthodox doctrine of our political creed. He described, in glowing colours, the painful issue that had been made up and was now pending between the good people of these United States, and declared that it was his most solemn conviction that, unless the Federal Government ceased their usurpations upon the rights, sovereignty and liberties of the States—unless a true reading of the Constitution was again resorted to, the oldest man then present might live to see, and the youngest would live to see, a dissolution—a final dissolution of these republics! He therefore thought it the solemn duty of the Legislature of North Carolina to protest against the usurpations of the General Government, which, if not checked, would lead to the severance of this Union.

After Mr. S. had concluded his remarks, the committee rose, reported progress and obtained leave to sit again.

Another fatal Accident at the Mines.—A young man, by the name of Charles Lauret, nephew of Mr. Charles Jugnot, who is concerned in the mines in this vicinity, unfortunately met his death in a distressing manner on Tuesday last, about seven miles from Charlotte. It appears that the young man was at the bottom of one of the pits, and a negro at the top, in charge of the windlass, when, in the act of letting down an empty tub, by some fatal carelessness it became detached from the rope, and descended a distance of about 80 feet, which struck the unfortunate deceased on the head, and broke and bruised it in a shocking manner. He lived about 14 hours after receiving the injury, during which time the operation of trepanning was performed, but it was of no avail. The deceased was about 18 years of age, and a native of France, but for the last six years has been a resident in this country. He was a much respected and promising young gentleman, and bid fair to become a useful member of society; but in an instant, without a moments warning, he is cut down in the flower of his youth, and consigned to an early grave.

Miners' Jour.

South Carolina.—The Convention Question has been happily settled in the South Carolina Legislature. In the Senate, the vote was, for Convention 23, against it 18. In the House, for Convention 60, against it 56. As the Constitution requires the concurrence of two thirds of both Houses to call a Convention, the bill was of course rejected.

Salem Trials.—George Crowninshield had his trial at Salem, Mass. week before last for misprison of felony, and was acquitted.