

North-Carolina Free Press.

Whole No. 313.

Tarborough, (Edgecombe County, N. C.) Tuesday, March 22, 1831.

Vol. VII—No 31.

The "North-Carolina Free Press,"
BY GEORGE HOWARD,

Is published weekly, at Two Dollars and fifty Cents per year, if paid in advance—Three Dollars, at the expiration of the year. For any period less than a year, Twenty-five Cents per month. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time, on giving notice thereof and paying arrears—those residing at a distance must invariably pay in advance, or give a responsible reference in this vicinity.
Advertisements, not exceeding 16 lines, will be inserted at 50 cents the first insertion, and 25 cents each continuance. Longer ones at that rate for every 16 lines. Advertisements must be marked the number of insertions required, or they will be continued until otherwise ordered. Letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid, or they may not be attended to.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers inform the Public, that they have just returned from New York, with a general and well selected assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS
Hardware, Crockery, &c

Which they are now opening at their Old Stand, and which they offer at their usual low prices.

The highest prices given for bale and seed Cotton, in payment of debts or in exchange for Goods.

D. RICHARDS.
WM. TANNEHILL.
Tarboro', Oct. 15, 1830.

Mrs. A. C. Howard,

IS now opening her fall supply of Goods, in her line of business, and respectfully solicits her customers and friends to call and examine them—amongst her assortment will be found: Pattern Silk, Velvet, and Dunstable bonnets, latest fashions, Diamond straw Dunstables, plain do. Leghorn and straw bonnets, Elegant turbans, caps, and capes. Changeable silks, for dresses, Plain and fig'd silks and satins, do. Feather'd, velvet, and straw flowers, A great variety of ribbons, &c. &c.

All of which she is disposed to sell at her usual low prices.

Ladies' pelisses, cloaks, dresses, &c. made to order, in the latest and most approved fashions.

Leghorn and straw bonnets bleached, dyed, or trimmed.
Tarborough, Oct. 25, 1830.

Cotton Gins,

Packing Screws, Horse Mills, Chain Bands, and Still Repairing.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public, that he is now building between 15 and 20 COTTON GINS, of good materials, part of which will be steel saws and the ribs or bars faced with steel.

PACKING SCREWS, of the usual size, and larger than any now in use in the State, and no doubt superior—they will be made in an engine erected for that purpose.

HORSE MILLS will be built at a short notice, on the improved perpendicular plan, or any other.

CHAIN BANDS & WHEELS: of a superior quality, which are extremely well calculated for the propelling of both Gins and Mills.

Persons desiring any of the above articles, will please apply to

JOHN WILSON.
Tarboro', Sept. 1830.

JOHN S. ROBBINS,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Edgecombe and the adjacent counties, that he is now prepared for Repairing Cotton Gins, packing & repairing riding Chairs, Gigs, &c. at his shop, about 18 miles from Tarborough, on the waters of Town Creek, near the road leading from James Bridges's to the Widow Taylor's. He will also make Bedsteads, Tables, desks, &c. at the shortest notice. All of which will be done cheap for cash, or on a short credit to punctual customers.

He would refer those having Cotton Gins out of order, to Messrs. Redding Suggs, John R. Scarborough, James Barron, and others, for satisfactory assurances of his ability to repair them.
14 Nov. 1830.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from New-York with a splendid assortment of

Fancy Goods,

Well adapted to the Fall and Winter seasons, together with a large supply of

GROCERIES,
Hardware, Cullery, Crockery and Glassware, &c.

Which he is disposed to sell low for cash or barter. He will give the highest market prices for COTTON, baled or seeded...Corn, beeswax, tallow, &c. in exchange for goods at cash prices, or in payment of debts. Those wishing to purchase goods at low prices, would do well to call on the Subscriber at the Post-office, one door below the store of R. & S. D. Cotton, and next door to Mrs. Gregory's Hotel.
N. H. ROUNTREE.
Tarboro', Oct. 4, 1830.

HILL'S FERRY.

THE Subscriber informs all those wishing to send Cotton to Hill's Ferry to be shipped to Norfolk, that his Warehouses will be open for the

Reception of Cotton,

By the 1st of October next.

Having been appointed Agent for Mr. JAMES GORDON, he promises to give his personal attention to the receiving and delivery of such articles as may be forwarded to him, and Cotton sent to him to be shipped to Norfolk shall meet with all possible dispatch.

Storage of Cotton, 12½ cents per bale—all other articles in proportion.

WHITMEL H. ANTHONY.
Palmyra, N. C. Sept. 28, 1830. 7

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has procured a first-rate BLACKSMITH, and is prepared to execute that business in all its various branches. His shop is situated on the public road, leading from Tarborough to Halifax, and at his residence about ten miles from Tarborough. Those who favor him with their custom, may depend upon having their work faithfully executed, with despatch, and on reasonable terms.

NEWSOM BARNES.

January 8, 1831. 21

\$20 Reward.

ELOPED from me in November last, my negro man

ISHAM.

Formerly the property of Mr. Stuckney, in Scotland Neck, in whose neighborhood he is now supposed to be lurking. He is between 25 and 30 years of age, dark complexion, common size, and is inclined to limp in walking. The above reward will be paid in cash, on his delivery, without incurring further expense.

S. L. HART.

Edgecombe county, Jan. 1831. 23

\$25 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, about the 5th inst. negro man HARRY—Harry is a bright mulatto, (half white,) with large freckles, between thirty and thirty-five years of age, near six feet high, and weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds; he is a good ditcher and well acquainted with all kinds of work usually done on a farm; he is a very intelligent ingenious fellow, well calculated to pass himself for a free man, which no doubt he will attempt to do; he is well known in this county, particularly in this and the neighborhood of the late Lemmon Ruffin, Esq. where he has a wife. The above reward will be paid on the delivery of the said Harry to me near Sparta, Edgecombe county, No. Ca. if taken within this State, or Fifty Dollars if taken without this State—and Fifty Dollars will be paid for evidence to convict any white person of harboring said negro on conviction.

RICH'D. HINES.

16th Nov. 1829. 13

King & Catlin,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

WISH to inform their friends and customers, that they have just received from New-York, a new and handsome assortment of Goods in their line of business, suitable for the season...such as...

Superfine blue and black cloths, Brown, olive and steel mixtures, An assortment of Casimeres, Bang-up coat suitable for riding pantaloons,

Plain black and fig'd velvets for vests, Plain black and fancy silks for do. Dark and light col'd valencias,

Plain white and fig'd quiltings, Cotton flannel for draws and shirts, Patent suspenders, pocket handkerchiefs,

White and fancy cravats, black silk do. Buckskin gloves, cravat stiffeners.

Together with a complete assortment of TRIMMINGS, all of which they are disposed to sell low.

Gentlemen's clothing made up at the shortest notice, and in the neatest and most fashionable style.
Tarboro', Oct. 13, 1830.

No Tariff of Prices. FREE TRADE.

Earthenware, Looking-Glasses, &c.

THOMAS J. BARROW & CO.

Importers, 88 Water-st. New-York,

OFFER for sale, the largest and most complete assortment of Earthenware, Glass, China, plain and gilt Looking-Glasses, &c. which the New-York market will afford,

comprising every style and variety of the newest patterns. They return their most cordial thanks to their friends in the Southern States, for their support in the persecution now carrying on against them, for their refusal to join a combination in fixing one tariff of prices for Crockery, throughout the trade. It is mainly attributable to the influence of our Southern friends that we have been enabled to survive thus far, in this most trying situation; exposed to the combined influence and capital of the whole trade, endeavoring to effect our ruin and expulsion from business.

We pledge ourselves to our friends to give them every satisfaction in our power as regards the quality of our goods, the excellence of our packers, and the lowness of our prices for Cash or City Acceptances; and in return, solicit from them a continuance of their patronage, and particularly request those who have influence with their friends to exert it in our behalf, as we trust the cause is one they are all interested in, and much benefit will accrue to us from their friendly acts in this way. It has been said, the Combination was broken up. As it regards prices, this is true, and all we think, friends or foes will allow that we have effected this change: but we do assure our friends, that at no period since we commenced our system of unshackled prices were we in greater want of assistance than at the present moment. This combination of men are leaving no means untried for effecting our ruin, that they may revive the old system: our credit and character are assailed in every shape, our importations waylaid and stopped in every instance where threats are sufficient to intimidate the manufacturers from supplying us;—in fine, no vexation or trouble which the malice of men could devise has been neglected in this struggle to subdue us. We once more call upon every friend of a free trade to come up to our support, and pledge ourselves to give them no cause to repent of their liberality.

T. J. BARROW & CO.
88 Water-street, above Old slip.
Jan. 1831. 21

Just Published.

And for sale at this office,
The North-Carolina Whig's

APOLOGY,

For the Kehukee Association.

CONTAINING:

1. A Watchman, crying with the children of Zion.

2. A Reply to Nehemiah, of Georgia.

3. A few Thoughts, in answer to the Address of the Baptist Convention of North-Carolina.

Price...10 cents, single...\$1 per doz.

FOREIGN.

WEST INDIES.

The Insurrection in Marti-

nique.—A letter published in the New-York Mercantile, dated Martinique, Feb. 3, says:—

"Martinique is in a bad situation. It is feared there will be a general rise of the negroes, and that they will massacre the whites. Two or three nights ago they sawed down the gallows, and last night they set fire to several cane patches. There are four negroes to one white man."

The Commercial Advertiser contains the following additional items, translated from Marti-

nique papers to the 16th February:—On the 13th of February an insurrection broke out among the negroes. They had fired the town, a part of which was reduced to ashes. A large number had been apprehended, and many of the ring-leaders were shot. Their plea was that, as the French had obtained their freedom in France, they determined to follow their example.

Barbados...Barbados papers to the 10th February, have been received at New-York. The new session of the Colonial Legislature was opened on the 8th in the usual form. A meeting of the planters of Barbados, was held at Bridgetown on the 9th, at which delegates were appointed to meet commissioners from the West India Colonies, in order to make an united representation to the British Government concerning "the present alarming and depressed state of the Colonies," and of the "urgent necessity which exists for immediate and substantial relief to save them from impending ruin."

Algiers.—The United States' Telegraph publishes a very interesting letter, concerning the taking of Algiers by the French, from a highly respectable and intelligent gentleman, whose opportunities of obtaining the most accurate information on the subject to which it relates, says the Telegraph, have been many and uninterrupted. The writer states that there is no doubt that the city of Algiers was sold to the French by the Dey, (Hussein Pacha,) and that the price of it was two millions of dollars, and an immense quantity of jewels, and other articles, which he was allowed to take away with him. It is not known to any person, not even the Dey himself, how much he is worth; but it is believed he is the richest private individual in the world. This is certain, that the French could only remit to Toulon from Algiers the comparatively small amount of \$16,000,000, out of \$150,000,000 which sum was known to have been, not long before, in the Treasury. That there had been great plundering, chiefly by the Dey and the party faithful to him; and that it is equally certain he had long been preparing himself to remove with his wealth. He has formed a connexion with the Jews at Leghorn, where he intends to establish a banking house; and

notwithstanding all this, such is his cupidity, he intends to apply to the French Government for a pension! He attempts to keep up the pretensions of a prince; but were is not for his enormous wealth, he would be considered very little better than a pedlar.

The writer says the French are somewhat at a loss what to do with Algiers; they do not occupy one foot of territory beyond the reach of their shot; but they are making preparations to keep possession of what they have got, and talk of extending their conquest in the spring; but it is believed they will not be able to accomplish their object.

Turkey.—The Boston Daily Advertiser has received Smyrna papers to November 21. An entire change was about to be made by the Ottoman government. Commissioners were to be sent into the provinces to make an enumeration of the population. The Porte has issued an order addressed to the judges, governors, &c. of all the towns and villages of Natolia and Asia Minor, directing that all Christians held in slavery shall be set at liberty, and furnished with money to enable them to return to their respective homes.

South America.—The Editors of the New-York Equirer have Bogota dates to the 21st of January inclusive, and learn from their attentive correspondent, that all is at present quiet there, and that the probability is, that Paez, Flores, and Urdaneta, will form a confederation, and thus preserve Colombia from dissolution. Urdaneta has turned his back upon the English faction which have given so much trouble, and with which he was once connected. Their influence is forever destroyed.

Grain.—The private letters from Memel, East Prussia, state that an express had arrived from St. Petersburg with the important intelligence, that the Emperor had issued a proclamation prohibiting the export of all Corn from the Russian ports. Consequently the supply of wheat from the Russian possessions on the Baltic which heretofore passed into the English market ceases, and a still further enhancement in the price of bread stuffs in England must be the result of this order.

British Manufactures...Letters from the manufacturing districts of England, state that trade in that country is unprecedentedly brisk, and the consumption of all kinds of wool enormous, with a light stock on hand and the clip still distant. An advance took place on the 14th of January on all kinds of Carpeting, particularly Brussels and Wilton.

Beet Root Sugar...In France millions of pounds of Sugar are annually manufactured from the beetroot. In the Southern part of the United States a large quantity is also manufactured. The process is simple and the product abundant.