

The Tarborough Press,

BY GEORGE HOWARD,

Is published weekly at Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per year...

Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted at One Dollar the first insertion...

Recommended by the Faculty

DR. HARRELL'S

Tomato and Slippery Elm

PILLS.

THERE are many family medicines now before the public, some of which, from their intrinsic virtues have justly gained the confidence and gratitude of thousands...

Druggists, Booksellers, and Merchants are requisite to become agents for the sale of the above medicines.

All orders (post paid) directed to Dr. A. Harrell, Elizabeth City, N. C. will receive strict attention.

TESTIMONIALS.

Charles Bright, Esq. Pasquotank Co., N. C. cured of sick head ache, sick stomach, costiveness, and fever. Josiah Prichett, Esq. Pasquotank Co., N. C., of bilious pleurisy, pain in the head, and soreness of the whole body.

AGENTS.

- JAMES M. REDMOND, Tarboro', B. Emerson, Norfolk, Va. H. Buff & Co, Portsmouth, Va. W. Badham, Edenton, N. C. W. Fessenden, Plymouth, N. C. M. S. Berry, Herford, N. C. D. Clayton, Tyrrel, N. C. H. D. Machen, Washington, N. C. F. S. Marshall, Halifax, N. C. N. B. Hassell, Williamston, N. C. Webb & Capehart, Windsor, N. C. W. M. Mason, Raleigh, N. C. S. Small, near Woodville, N. C. S. Hall, Newbern, N. C. W. & G. Howard, Ocracoke, N. C. Sept. 21, 1839.

LARGE SUPPLIES

OF THE Multicaulis Trees

And best of Buds,

For cash or approved credit, at Brinkleyville, By the introducer of the Plant into North Carolina.

THE subscriber, determined to sell his growing Multicaulis to planters only, has refused repeated good offers from speculators for his whole crop. And, as November approaches, when leaves fall & good time to plant, he thinks proper, respectfully to notify the enterprising public, especially those aware that Silk ought to be, and sooner or later will be, the staple of the State, instead of now profitless Cotton, that he is selling, and expects to continue selling lots of Trees and Buds, till April next, or time of planting is over. But he would suggest to those now being, or expecting to be fellow-cultivators of this most precious plant, (a plant seemingly designed by Providence to bless all the laboring poor of our country, and save it millions of dollars annually, after some millions of trees are yet propagated.) that early attention to buying and planting is generally cheaper, and surer to succeed. Yet, having different years planted successfully from October till May, he considers the exact period of planting not essential. He has several hundred thousand Buds on old Trees and last year's Roots of such as succeeded well the last Spring, which proved so fatal to those of a different description.—These large and well matured buds, sure to succeed well when properly managed, he is now selling at \$10 a thousand; and Trees, averaging four feet high with 50 matured buds, at half a dollar each; and proportionate, from a dollar down to 15 cents for a rooted layer. It is seen that this is under Northern prices. Trees of 3 feet there commanding 50 cents each, and Buds 2 cents each. But while resolved to keep selling at the lowest market price, yet he expects to rise with the market, after the present money pressure has abated, and Planters as well as speculators come forward to get their supplies. No greater abatement made on \$5,000 than on \$5—the object being to diffuse the blessings of the Silk culture, and to extend the facilities thereof to all the moral and industrious; and to such it is said:—"Make offers according to means, and a prompt answer of acceptance, or otherwise, will be given." And to accommodate those not having funds at command, a year's indulgence will be given without interest, on good bond and security. Ten per cent. will be deducted for all cash payments, made on delivery. Strangers at a distance, to confirm bargains must pay or advance one fifth, or give good reference as to responsibility. Also, the choicest of more than

100 kinds of Grape Vines,

For sale on above stated conditions of payment. Well rooted plants at a quarter of a dollar each, except for two kinds viz: Norton's Virginia Seedling and Weller's Halifax, which, on account of their peculiar excellencies are sold (as elsewhere) at \$1 each rooted plant, and \$10 a hundred for Cuttings of five buds each, or two cents a bud. Buds of other kinds at rates of half a cent each, but cuttings of the Isabella, Catawba, Scuppernon and some other choice kinds, given to those wishing them, and trading with the Subscriber.

SIDNEY WELLER.

Brinkleyville, Halifax county, N. C. September, 1839. The subscriber having been appointed Agent at Tarboro' for Mr. Weller, is prepared to receive and forward orders for Multicaulis trees & buds, or Grape vines.

George Howard.



Botanic Medicines.

LOBELIA, in half and qr pound papers, prepared by E. Larrabee, Baltimore, 2nd and 3rd Preparation of do. No. 3, compounded, Lobelia seed, Composition—Poplar Bark, Nerve Powder and Nerve Ointment, African Bird Pepper, Bayberry, Bitter Root, Golden Seal, Clivers, Pond Lilly, hemlock, witch hazel, Cough powders, raspberry leaves, Prickly ash, slippery elm, Sarsberry, Cholera and Dysentery Syrup, Rheumatic Tincture, Woman's Friend, Strengthening Plaster, No. 6, Thompson's Guide and Narrative, Syringes, &c. &c. For sale by GEO. HOWARD. Tarboro', April 17th.

VARIETY.



[SELECTED.]

THE POOR MAN'S SONG.

A poor man, poorer none, am I, And walk the world alone— Yet do I call a spirit free And cheerful heart my own. A gleesome child I played about My dear, dear parents hearth— But grief has fallen upon my path Since they are laid in earth. I see rich gardens round me bloom; I see the golden grain: My path is bare and barren all, And trod with toil and pain. And yet, though sick at heart, I'll stand, Where happy faces throng, And wish good morrow heartily To all that pass along. O bounteous God! thou leav'st me not To comfortless despair: There comes a gentle balm from heaven For every child of care. Still in each dell thy sacred house Points mutely to the sky— Thy organ and the choral song Arrest each passer by. Still shine the sun, the moon, the stars, With blessings even on me, And, when the evening bell rings out, Then, Lord, I speak with thee. One day shall to the good disclose Thy halls of joy and rest, Then in my wedding robes even I Shall seat me as thy guest!

From the Raleigh Standard.

THE PRESIDENT.

The President of the United States was welcomed to the seat of government on the 16th instant, by a procession consisting chiefly of the working men of Washington and Georgetown. The President was received at the capitol, where he arrived at 11 o'clock and escorted to the Capitol Square, where he was addressed by Dr. N. P. Causin who had been selected for that purpose by the Committee of Arrangements appointed by a meeting of the citizens. After the President had replied, he was escorted to his residence, where he was addressed by James Lawson, esq. on behalf of his Democratic Fellow-citizens of the District in the following words:—

I have the honor and the pleasure, sir, to address you for, and on behalf of, your Democratic Fellow-citizens, who have united together on the present occasion as a branch of that party, and that party only, which has elevated you to your present exalted station. Perhaps, sir, nine-tenths of the body which I have the honor to represent, are composed of the working classes of the community. Among them are to be found the ingenious artisan, the industrious and skillful mechanic. The remainder are gentlemen of various professions, who have deemed it far more honorable than degrading, to associate with a class of individuals who form the bone and sinew of our country, and who may be emphatically styled its safeguard in peace, its tower of strength in war!!

Our object, sir, is to tender you our mutual congratulations on the demonstrations of respect and esteem which you have received, and the marked approbation, which has been so clearly indicated of the whole course of your administration, and to extend to you a warm & heartfelt welcome to the metropolis of this our common country! We conclude, sir, by expressing our best wishes for your health and happiness, and that your future course may be as successful as the past.

At the conclusion of this address, the President responded as follows:

I thank you kindly, sir, and those in whose behalf you have addressed, me for the very cordial welcome with which you have been pleased to distinguish my return to the seat of Government, and for the favorable opinion which they have authorized you to express of my official acts.

My sentiments are, I hope, too well understood to render it necessary to say that there is no portion of my fellow-citizens, upon whose good opinion I place a higher value, or whose welfare it gives me more pleasure to promote, than those of the laboring classes, in whose behalf you have spoken, and to whose importance in the general scale of society you have done no more than justice.

Gen. Jackson's letter to the Franklin Committee.—The citizens of Franklin

having heard that General Jackson would attend the Huntsville dinner, held a meeting and appointed a committee of which the Hon. L. Turney was chairman to invite him to take Winchester in his route homeward and dine there. To the letter of invitation General Jackson replied as follows: [We copy from the Central Gazette]—Nashville Union.

Hermitage, Sept. 14, 1839.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 9th instant, communicating to me the proceedings of a portion of the citizens of Franklin county, in which I am invited to partake of a dinner with them, should I attend the one offered to Col. Polk on the 20th at Huntsville.

In consequence of the infirm state of my health it will not be in my power to visit my friends in Alabama as was expected, and the same reason prevents an acceptance of your kind invitation.

For the liberal and indulgent terms in which you are pleased to advert to my public conduct in connection with the recent elections in this State—I pray you to accept my heartfelt thanks.

Perceiving that an effort was making to detach Tennessee from the Republican connections, and obtain her sanction of the principles which have characterized the Federal party, I could not be an uninterested spectator of the contest which it produced. I rejoice with you that the results so honorable to the intelligence and firmness of our citizens, sustains so fully the character which the State has acquired by her steady co-operation heretofore with the other Republican sisters of the Union.

I beg you, gentlemen, to assure my old companions and associates in Franklin, of my sincere regret that it is not in my power to visit and shake them by the hand once more. They have my prayers for their health and prosperity.

I am, very respectfully, Your obedient servant, ANDREW JACKSON. Messrs. H. L. Turney, & others, Com.

The Richmond Enquirer brings the cheering news that the Democratic candidate, Mr. Thompson, has triumphed in the Kanawha district. Mr. Smith, a most ultra Whig, carried the district at the last election. Private considerations induced him to resign, and his late unsuccessful competitor is victorious over strong and active opposition. Such is the progress of public opinion. Federalism is seen through its new mask of Conservatism. Mr. Rives' chance for the Senate is now considered hopeless by the Enquirer. The Democratic majority is six in the Senate of Virginia.—Globe.

Treasury notes.—The New York money market.—The Commercial Advertiser of Monday says, \$2000 Treasury notes sold at the stock board that day at 2 per cent premium.—Baltimore Post.

In the same paper, Philadelphia bank notes, which, of course, included those of the United States Bank, are said to have sold at nine and a half to ten per cent. discount.

So that the much decried Treasury notes sell at one quarter per cent. premium above specie, and the United States Bank notes at nine and a half to ten per cent. below specie. Its post notes sell at a still lower rate, being from eighteen to twenty-four per cent. below specie. From this result, which appears to have pursued the wisest course with its affairs—the Government or the Bank?—ib.

The Liverpool has brought a very valuable cargo, including in it sixty cases of figured silks of very rich fabric, of the value of £10,000 each.—New York Express.

Six hundred thousand pounds for figured silks, or two millions eight hundred thousand dollars! Who is to pay? Who can wonder at the constantly occurring bankruptcies of individuals, and the suspension of payments by the banks in a nation that tolerates such unheard of extravagance? Boston Courier.

Extensive Sale of Morus Multicaulis.—The great Auction Sale by Wm. H. Franklin, at Prince's Nurseries, at Flushing, and lesser sale by Mr. Peck, of the same town took place yesterday. The two steamboats which left the city at 9 and 10 o'clock, were thronged with passengers, and an immense concourse from the adjacent country also attended the sale. The Multicaulis Trees being of a superior character, commanded what may, during the present pressure, be deemed fair prices.—The large ones, from layers, sold from 25 to 28 cents, and the smallest from 18 to 23 cents. Some very fine trees, from roots and finely branched, of which there were about 8000, sold as high as 52 to 55 cents. The total number sold exceeded 200,000 trees, and the aggregate amount somewhat exceeded \$52,000.

N. Y. Express.

A Morus Multicaulis Sale near Philadelphia.—The Philadelphia Ledger gives the following account of a sale of Morus Multicaulis trees at Mr. Hatch's farm near Philadelphia, on Thursday last:

The catalogue contained one hundred and three rows, amounting to about 80,000 trees. The first row was put up with the privilege of taking five, containing 3248 trees. They were struck off at 27 1/2 cts. per tree. The next five containing 3643, were struck off at 27 1/2. The next five, containing 3491, at 26 cents per tree. The sale then stopped.

Texas Prices.—We know not the actual value of Texas money, but the following Price Current taken from a Houston paper of October 8th, is enough to deter any body from emigrating:—

Flour \$75 a 80, Pork per bbl. \$80, Beef \$70 a 80, Corn Meal, \$6 a 8, Sweet Potatoes, \$6 a 8, Irish, none, Corn in the shuck, \$1 per 100 ears, by the sack, none, coffee, per lb. 50 a 60 cts., Sugar, 43 a 50 cts., Butter, in market, \$1 25 a 1 50, in firkin, none, Eggs, per doz. 1 50 a 2 00, Chickens per doz. \$10 a 18, Lard 62 a 75, Molasses, per gal. \$1 50 a 2 00.—ib.

Horrible... A man named William Kitcham, in a beastly state of intoxication, was brought to the police at noon Thursday and placed in a cell and there left till yesterday morning, when he was found dead and his face eaten off by rats.

N. Y. Star.

Railroads versus the Aborigines.—The following illustrates the progress of civilization, checked at last in its fury by barbarian impediments:

The Tallahassee and Iola Railroad is delayed by apprehensions from the savages. The officer charged with the survey of the route has required a guard for the protection of the Company in the execution of the works.—ib.

More Indian Murders.—The Tallahassee Star of the 2d instant says, that on the 27th ultimo a party of Indians attacked the house of Mr. Bunch on the Wakulla, murdered Mrs. Bunch and one child and burned the house; also fired on and wounded badly Mrs. Whitaker, living neighbor to Mr. Bunch. A detachment of the 'Minute Men' started on Monday morning in pursuit of the Indians; the sad news not having reached Tallahassee until Sunday night at 11 o'clock.

The Louisville Gazette notices an improvement in machinery that promises to be important. The invention is credited to a couple of young gentlemen, of Oldham co. Kentucky, who have been engaged for some time in the business of millers. The effect of the improvement is to concentrate the weight of machinery into power. The inventors confidently assert, that a steam engine of fifty horse power, can be run by the use of only one horse power acting upon the fly wheel. One of them was on a visit to Louisville, for the purpose of having the experiment fairly tested.—N. Orleans Bulletin.

The Rev. J. B. Eakan, and others, were recently convicted at Georgetown, Ohio, upon an indictment charging them with the forcible rescue of a negro from Kentucky, who had been taken up as a runaway. Mahan was sentenced to a fine of \$300, and thirty days' imprisonment.

The Florence Gazette says the great bridge, recently erected over the Tennessee, at Muscle Shoals, and which was nearly two miles in length, fell down on Sunday last with a tremendous crash. Mr. J. R. Henry, its projector, was on the bridge at the time. He was thrown off, but not seriously injured.

Misfortunes never come singly.—A woman in Gibson county, Indiana, recently sent three of her children for some eggs, to a hen's nest, a few yards from her house while she remained at a wash-tub, also to take care of a younger child. The children ran eagerly to the nest, and thrust their hands into it, when a large copper-head snake, that was lying in it, being thus disturbed, attacked and bit the whole three. The mother hearing their screams, rushed to their assistance, and during her absence the youngest found its way to the wash-tub and was drowned. To add to the mother's distress, in two hours after, the three who were bitten by the snake died.

A distressing accident occurred a few days since, on the Little Schuykill and Cotawissa Rail Road. A young man named Fisher, fell from the top of a high bridge, into the vale below, a distance of more than eighty feet, and was so much bruised, that he died in four hours. It is stated that on the morning of the same day, he told a companion, he had a presentiment on his mind, that if he went on the bridge that day, he would fall and be killed.—Philad. Sat. Cour.