



TARBOROUGH!

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1842.

Democratic Republican Nomination.

FOR GOVERNOR,

LOUIS D. HENRY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Election on Thursday, 4th Aug.

We are requested to announce JAMES J. VAUGHN of the 14 Regiment as a candidate for Brigadier General in the 5 Brigade of N. C. M.

We learn that on Thursday evening, the 3d inst. an inquest was held on the body of Jonathan Calloway, near Hamilton, Martin county. The jury returned a verdict, that he came to his death by wounds inflicted on his head. The deceased was an intemperate, turbulent person, and at a public sale on the previous Wednesday week, had repeatedly attacked Arthur S. Cotten, Esq. who in self defence struck him two or three blows. He fell, and as is supposed, struck his head against the corner of the steps, receiving a blow over the eye which occasioned his death.

Mr. Carey, the Lecturer on Temperance, it appears is meeting with great success, in various parts of this State. At Raleigh and Newbern, large numbers have joined Temperance societies. At Washington, a society was formed, numbering 188 members—at Greenville, a society numbering 50 members, &c. The friends of Temperance societies elsewhere, also are making great exertions. The Petersburg Intelligencer states, that a society has been formed there consisting of upwards of 800 members. They go altogether on the total abstinence system.

Appointments.—The following appointments have been made by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Washington Irving, of New York, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Spain.

Waddy Thomson, of South Carolina, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Mexico.

William Blaford, of Virginia, to be Charge d' Affaires to the Republic of New Granada.

Congress.—The Madisonian of the 8th inst. says that the tenth week of the session of Congress commenced yesterday, and as yet scarcely an attempt has been made to act on any of the great measures in which the interests of the people are concerned. The bill authorizing the pay of the members themselves and of their officers, and the law authorizing the issue of Treasury notes, are, we believe, the only important acts that have passed. In nine weeks, only two measures have passed the ordeal of legislation, and both of them were accompanied by very little discussion. All the important bills in relation to the public service, all the great questions which are to influence the interests of the country, are slumbering on the Speaker's table, or have not yet emerged from the privacy of the committee rooms. Every one of these will produce, in all probability protracted debates.

Mr. Mangum has proposed to reduce the expenditures of the Government to the income of the revenue, thereby doing away with the necessity of increasing the public debt and Tariff. He is handled without gloves by the Madisonian, on this subject; and Mr. M. says himself that he has no hope of carrying the matter into effect.

Gen. James Hamilton, of S. C. who heretofore sustained a high character, was employed as agent to negotiate a loan in Europe on the bonds of the James River and Kanawha Company, has appropriated to his own private use \$80,000. The Company has petitioned the Legislature of Virginia for a loan of \$250,000. The editor of the Statesman asks, "What is the world coming to?"—Nothing more in particular we hope—it has pretty well "come" already.—Ral. Stand.

Revival.—A deeply interesting and animating revival of religion, which has awakened a concern upon the subject which seems to pervade the whole community, has been in successful progress in this city for the last week or two; and the excitement is every day increasing.—Ral. Star.

Executive Council.—Pursuant to a call from Gov. Morehead, his Council assembled in this City, on Tuesday last, the 8th instant—Present, Johnston Busbee, Willie Perry, Allen Goodwin, and Thomas McGhee.

The only business which came before the Council, was the appointment of Members of the Board of Internal Improvement, the Act of Assembly requiring that they shall be annually designated. The Governor nominated Col. Cadwallader Jones, of Hillsborough, and Col. Jesse Harper, of Randolph, and the nomination was unopposedly confirmed.—Ral. Reg.

Bank of the State of North Carolina.—In a paragraph in our last number in relation to this institution, we stated the amount of its circulation to be \$895,912, and the amount of specie on hand only \$46,852, which should have been \$468,520. The error was one of a typographical nature, but one which in these days of bank failures might lead our subscribers to believe that institution on the verge of an explosion, whereas there is not probably a bank in the Union in a more solvent condition.—N. Y. Com. Gaz.

Virginia Democratic Convention.—The Democratic Convention for the State of Virginia, met at Richmond on the 2d inst. and adjourned on the Thursday night following. There were 147 special delegates and 73 members of the Legislature present. The Enquirer says: "The Convention have not met in vain. They have left streams of light behind them. The Address is one of the most masterly productions which has emanated from the excitement of the times. It will furnish our friends every where as from an armory, with weapons of facts and arguments to combat our opponents. The resolutions of Mr. Wallace's committee are a summary of apothegms, to be remembered and applied. The organization of the Committees is calculated to give force and success to our movements. In a word, we congratulate the country on the assemblage of this Convention, on the labors which they have accomplished; the spirit which they have excited—and 'the bright & brightening' prospects which are opening before us. As the Address concludes, so we repeat, 'Courage and energy, fellow citizens, and a glorious victory again awaits us.'—Ral. Stand.

An old unoccupied house on the river opposite Wilmington, (N.C.) was burnt down on the night of the 1st inst. The supposed origin of the fire (says the Chronicle) was a little curious. Under and about where the building stood, to an extent of several acres and to a depth of from five to ten feet, is a bank of sawdust accumulated by the steam saw-mill formerly standing there. This bank has been on fire internally for many months, occasionally bursting out, and it is thought that on Friday morning it burst out immediately under the building.

Fraud in Turpentine Barrels.—A cheat of a most contemptible and pitiful character, was perpetrated by a Turpentine dealer upon one of our distillers of that article during the last week. Upon emptying the contents of a barrel of turpentine into the still, it was found that the staves of the barrel were from three to four and five inches thick, pared down at the heads to the usual thickness of staves, with angular interstices between the staves, and an incision entirely round the barrel, opposite the bung hole, so that the rod of the inspector might meet with no obstacle, and that the barrel upon inspection might shew the (apparent) gauge required by law. Newbern Spectator.

Rapid Depreciation.—It is stated by a Correspondent of the "National Intelligencer," that when the Bank of the United States was in full credit, the Capital invested in all the Philadelphia Banks stood thus:

Bank of the United States,	\$35,000,000
Girard Bank,	5,000,000
Bank of Pennsylvania,	2,500,000
Schuylkill Bank,	1,000,000
Aggregate Capital of all the other Banks,	10,200,000

Total Banking Capital, \$53,700,000. Fifty three millions, seven hundred thousand dollars, actually paid in, was the Banking Capital of that City only three or four years ago; or, rather, no losses having been then demonstrated, such was taken to be the sum in its original integrity. Now the exhibit stands thus:

Total original Capital,	\$53,700,000
Capital believed to be sunk in United States, Girard, Pennsylvania, and Schuylkill Banks	43,500,000
	\$10,200,000

Of these remaining Banks, numbering about a dozen, the stock of only three now brings within 50 per cent. of the par value; and, according to the latest quotations, the average selling price of all together may be set down at not more than 40 per cent., which is amply liberal. This reduces the above \$10,200,000 nominal Capital of the Banks which are still in operation to an actual sum of \$4,800,000—say five millions of dollars—showing a loss of more than ninety per cent. of the aggregate Capital stock of the Philadelphia Banks, which, with a single exception, were deemed solvent within twelve months past!

Thus the depreciation in this one species of Stock, no small portion of which was owned by citizens of that City and State, approaches very nearly to fifty millions of

dollars—a depreciation vast beyond all suspicion, and rapid beyond all precedent.

The Florida Assembly has passed a resolution, by a vote of 18 to 5, declaring that the Union Bank of Florida should be forthwith placed in a state of liquidation. The public debt of Florida, in consequence of bank liabilities, amounts to about four millions of dollars. The people want the General Government to assume the responsibility.

The N. Y. American states that a draft of our newly appointed Minister to England, for his outfit, and which was cashed by the Government Banker in London, has been protested for non payment.

A pipe laying applicant.—James Watson Webb, the notorious \$52,000 of the New York Courier and Enquirer, was the first applicant in that city for the benefit of the bankrupt law. For such men, mainly, was this infamous bill enacted. Broken down Pipe Layers, fraudulent bank cashiers, and dishonest politicians will reap all its advantages. The honest and industrious, though unfortunate poor, will never be benefited by its provisions, for whom it was never intended. State Capitol Gazette.

More Expunging.—The New York Legislature has followed the example of the U. S. Senate. The Governor signed a bill repealing an act passed at the last session; but accompanied its return with a message, expressing his regret at its repeal. This document was expunged from the Journal, which caused great excitement.

Short Speeches.—The lower House of the Legislature of Tennessee has passed a resolution restricting the speeches of members to twenty minutes each. This beats the one hour rule of Congress.

Wife and money recovered.—The Petersburg Intelligencer says, that a double breach of the Commandments was committed in Richmond on Tuesday night. A man (name unknown to us) not only coveted the wife and money of his neighbours, but did actually proceed to "steal, take and carry away" the same. The Lothario and his fair one reached Petersburg, and were about to proceed North per the City Point Rail Road and so on, when they were arrested by the injured husband on yesterday, and carried back to Richmond. Upwards of \$700 was found on the person of the seducer, who had taken it from the injured party doubtless for the purpose of "taking care" of the wife of said injured party.

Elopement.—Some of the Philadelphia papers speak of an elopement of a lady in fashionable life in Walnut street, with an attache of a foreign minister.

The New York Express states, that a girl in her 14th year, from the West, perhaps the richest heiress in the whole West, whose property too was in her own right, recently left that city for Liverpool with a man aged about sixty. The young lady was left by her father at a boarding school near the city, where the gentleman became acquainted with her, and it is believed, that a marriage ceremony was performed before they left.

Two Soldiers Frozen.—On Friday evening, a sergeant and two privates of the company of soldiers stationed at Fort Mifflin, about six miles below the city, left the Pennsylvania shore in a boat for the Fort. The tide and wind being strong, they were not able to make the regular landing, and were forced to run upon the shore. On the boat striking, they jumped out in the mud, which was of such a depth, that they sank almost immediately up to the middle. The sergeant being a very powerful man, made his way out, but the other two, unable to extricate themselves, perished before aid arrived. Alderman Brazier went down on Saturday to hold an inquest on the bodies, but after making several attempts, was not able to reach the island, and returned.—Phil. U. S. Gaz.

Disturbances at Kingston, Jamaica.—The Mobile Journal of the 10th inst., gives some news from Kingston, Jamaica, of date the 31st ult. There had been a riot among the negro population Christmas week, which made it necessary to call out the military in aid of the police—and to fire on the rioters, by which a number have been killed. As common in such cases, the origin of the disturbances was trifling, some negro children made an unseemly & noisy exhibition, which the police attempted to stop, when the negroes gathered in such numbers as to be bold enough to attack the police, and were driven off with difficulty. The crowds continued to increase nightly, and the ordinary police being found insufficient, the Governor sent a special message to the Assembly, requiring the aid of the military. Quiet had not been restored when the vessel bringing the information sailed. The negroes were still tumultuous, and the troops were gathering in strong force in the city to reduce them.

The Creole Negroes.—By the same arrival, the Journal learns that the report heretofore brought to the United States, that the inhabitants of Kingston had objected to receiving the Creole negroes, is, as we suspected, incorrect. They were all welcomed

as heroes, and sent into various parts of the island for better security. A novel notion is broached—that the British laws cover the Bahama waters; and that entry into them by American coasting vessels coming into the Gulf, ipso facto frees every slave that may be on board.

Washington Market, Feb 16.—Corn—wholesale, \$2 00 a \$2 10. Bacon—6 to 6 1/2 cents. Lard, 6 1/2 to 7 cents. Naval Stores New dip, \$2 45; Old, \$2 05. Serape, 70 cents. Tar, \$1 00. Fish, shad, 6 a \$6 1/2. Herrings, cut, \$2 50 a \$3 00; whole, \$2 25.—Rep.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

On a Lady with ornamental arrows in her hair. "Erepuil fulmena Jovis."

The fair were once content to wield Their arms which partial nature gave them, Whene'er on love's soft battle field, They'd wound poor hearts & then enslave them.

The artillery of the love-lit eye— So fatally mild in those of blue, Whose rays are soft as those which dye The rainbow with prismatic hue—

Those night-black batteries too, which play Their love-fires with electric might:— And love-born smiles which wanton stray To melt our hearts with sunset light:

These, with the soft and half-hush'd sigh Like whisper'd music;—These were arms, With which the fair, once, bade hearts die, Or bent them captive to their charms.

But far more cruel now than ever, Delighting stubborn hearts to harrow; They seize on Cupid's bow and quiver— And lo! they wield the fatal arrow.

O Lady! do give back the dart To Cupid's hands—He's blind, you know! His sightless aim might miss a heart— But who can shun your deadly bow? NO-ONE.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

Says Kelly to Billy, What makes you so silly? Says Billy to Kelly, I've been eating some jelly. GENTILLY.



MARRIED,

In this county, on Thursday evening last, by Wm. S. Baker, Esq. Mr. James Whitehurst to Miss Nancy Staton, daughter of Winfield D. Staton, Esq.

Prices Current,

At Tarborough and New York.

FEB. 19.	per	Tarboro',	New York.
Bacon,	lb	8	9 7 9
Brandy, apple,	gallon	50	60 40 50
Coffee,	lb	13	16 9 13
Corn,	bushel	45	50 47 52
Cotton,	lb	7	8 8 9
Cotton bagging,	yard	20	25 15 16
Flour,	barrel	\$6 1/2	7 \$6 6 1/2
Iron,	lb	5 1/2	6 3 4
Lard,	lb	7	8 7 10
Molasses,	gallon	40	45 22 30
Sugar, brown,	lb	10	12 1/2 6 9
Salt, T. I.,	bushel	50	55 32 33
Turpentine,	barrel	150	160 225 238
wheat,	bushel	65	75 120 130
whiskey,	gallon	35	40 32 34

Notice.

THE subscriber informs the merchants and farmers of Edgecombe county, that he has just finished a new and complete FLAT, and intends going master of her himself, and hopes by punctual and strict attention to the business to share a liberal patronage, from that quarter. All persons wishing to employ him, will be so good as to call on the subscriber in Greenville. JOHN H. BROOKS Greenville, N.C. Feb. 16, 1842 7 3

Notice.

LOST, a few days since, in going from the bridge to the spring, a large gold Breast Pin. The finder will be suitably rewarded, on leaving it at this office. February 14, 1842.

Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared to carry on the Bricklaying and Plastering business,

In all their varieties. He also will make flower pots, or any description of moulding, cornice, circles, &c. in plaster of paris that may be desired. He promises a faithful and expeditious performance of his work, and hopes to receive a share of public patronage. JESSE STALLINGS. February 10, 1842. 6

Cotton Yarn.

THE subscriber has just received a quantity of Cotton Yarn, different numbers, which he will sell

At Reduced Prices,

On reasonable and accommodating terms GEO. HOWARD Tarboro', Jan. 14th, 1842.

Tarboro', Jan. 28th, 1842.

This is to certify, in respect to the running off of the negroes belonging to the heirs of Josiah Freeman, dec. that Henry Hyman was ignorant of the same and perfectly innocent; and therefore ought not to be charged with their removal, as I believe.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal, the day and date above. J. A. STATON.

In the presence of us,

Ep. Dicken. R. Norfleet. D. Knight. Sol'n Pender. W. G. Hunter.

Robert Norfleet,

THROUGH this medium returns his sincere thanks, for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in business. Gentlemen, wishing to procure a suit of clothes, equal in every respect to the best that can be made in the United States, can do so by giving him a call.

Always on hand,

A good Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, of the newest styles,

And an assortment of stocks, cravats, bonnets, gloves, silk and wool shirts and drawers, hats, pumps, boots, umbrellas, &c. &c.

Tarboro', Feb. 1, 1842.

Notice.

THE undersigned having located in Wilmington, N. C. offers his services to the Public as

Commission Merchant,

To sell and buy all articles (except spiritous liquors) pertaining to his line of business. He hopes by promptitude and fidelity to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their business. His charges will be regulated by the established usage of the place. He may be found at all times, unless necessarily absent, at the office of C. G. C. Stow, on Packet wharf, at the foot of Dock Street.

A. J. BATTLE.

Wilmington, Feb. 1st, 1842.

REFERENCES.

Gov. E. B. Dudley, } Wilmington. Genl. A. McRae, } James S. Battle, } Rocky Mount. Bennett Bonn, } Battle & Brothers, }

To all whom it may concern.

THE subscribers having associated themselves together in business, the Firm will be henceforward known as

Macnair & Brother.

Gratified by the encouragement which T. A. Macnair has heretofore received, the undersigned respectfully invite a continuance of the same, with the hope that it will increase with their increased ability to supply their customers on the cheapest terms. T. A. MACNAIR. R. E. MACNAIR.

Tarboro', Jan. 1, 1842.

The New Cheap Cash Store of

Macnair & Brother,

Is constantly supplied with most of the articles of

Dry Goods and Groceries

Necessary for this market, which they will sell on the lowest terms for Cash or Produce. They have recently added to their stock a good supply of Salt, Molasses, Flour, &c. &c. which they will sell on most favorable terms. MACNAIR & BROTHER. January 1st, 1842

Time to close Accounts.

HAVING entered into copartnership with his brother, the subscriber respectfully invites all those indebted to him to settle their accounts immediately.

T. A. MACNAIR.

January 1, 1842.

State of North Carolina.

EDGEcombe COUNTY.

Superior Court of Equity.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1841.

Cealy Johnston

vs.

Theophilus Eason, Thomas

Eason & Thomas Love, } Original Bill.

IN this cause it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that one of the defendants, to wit, the said Thomas Love, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Tarboro' Press for six weeks, giving him notice to appear at the next term of said Court, to be held for said County at the Court House in Tarboro', on the second Monday in March next, then and there to plead or demur to the plaintiff's bill, or answer the same, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be taken and the cause heard ex parte as to him. Test.

I. NORFLEET, C.M.E.

January 6th, 1842. 2