



TARBOROUGE

SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1843.

FOR CONGRESS,

A. H. ARRINGTON.

Election on Thursday, 3rd Aug. next.

Nag's Head.—We see it stated in the papers, yet another survey has been ordered for Nag's Head, being the 99th, as well as we can recollect; and by way of securing the most favorable Report, they have this time procured Walter Gwynn, the Engineer of the Wilmington Rail Road, whose estimate of that was, that it would yield 35 per cent. per annum, and since its completion it has been and is a long way below par, and the longest living stockholder will probably never get 1 per cent. per annum. So much for Major Gwynn's report. If his imagination will do it, Nag's Head will ere long be equal to the straits of Gibraltar.

This Nag's Head question springs afresh just previous to an election to Congress, and affords a fine theme for a certain class of politicians to ride into office; and its influence has carried the elections of Governors, Senators, and Representatives, still nothing is ever done for Nag's Head, beyond a call for a survey or an estimate of its expenses. The politicians don't return the favor. Nag's Head elects them, but they do nothing in return but keep the old nag up for another ride into power. If it is constitutional or practicable for the General or State Government to make the improvement at Nag's Head, why has it not been done? They have succeeded in electing the professed friends of Nag's Head in every branch of the government, yet nothing more is accomplished than Fulton's survey, twenty years ago. They have had overflowing treasuries of the State and General Government, yet not the first dollar does Nag's Head get; her friends too disposing of all this, without even an effort for Nag's Head. What has Stanly or Pettigrew done on this subject, or Rayner or Shepard in the Edenton district? Yet they still have the assurance to mount Nag's Head for another ride, and the hard-riden animal becomes a voluntary humbug for her exclusive friends. We may recur to this again.

The Federal Whigs are industriously circulating Dr. Hall's vote for the Tariff of 1832, as an extenuation of Mr. Stanly's vote for the Tariff of 1842; notwithstanding the first was to materially reduce the revenue, or ease the burthens of the people, and the latter to increase them and is justly regarded, under existing circumstances, as more obnoxious and oppressive than the "bill of abominations" passed in 1828. In our paper of July 10, 1832, we find Dr. Hall's vote recorded in favor of the Tariff bill, with many of the Southern members; and it is there stated that, "the reduction of the revenue by this bill is variously estimated at from four and a half to ten millions"—also, the following remarks made by Dr. Hall on the 28th June preceding, on a motion to amend the title of the bill—which places the matter in its true light, and presents it in quite a different aspect from that given it by the Whigs, in contrasting it with Mr. Stanly's vote:—

"Mr. HALL, of N. Carolina, said, he was opposed to the amendment; but was glad that it afforded him an opportunity to place himself rectus in curia in regard to the vote he had given on the bill. He had never in his life given a Tariff vote; he never should. In the present case, he had voted solely upon the principle of a reduction of the taxes. This was consistent with the whole course he had pursued on the subject. Whenever the opportunity was presented of voting for a reduction of taxes, however great or small, if he thought the tax unnecessary, he had gone for the reduction. He had never in his life voted for laying on one cent; and, in the present case, when, what he conceived to be a direct reduction of some millions was presented, he voted for it. This he felt bound to do, in all cases where he could, without an infraction of principle, whatever the amount, great or small. This was the course he had always pursued, which he should continue to pursue, until the taxes were reduced to the necessary wants of the government. He repudiated all idea of compromise. No such idea entered into the composition of his vote. He had always, under all circumstances, voted against laying on: this was a direct vote to take off a portion of the burthen. He felt in no way

bound to alter his course from what it had always been; but felt himself at perfect liberty to use every fair expedient, here or elsewhere, still further to reduce the burthens of the people to the mere wants of the government. He regretted that the reduction was not greater. One great objection to the bill, was, that the reduction was not so great as, while it might somewhat reduce the taxes, it would probably not produce a correspondent reduction of the revenue—both of which he desired."

The above honest, straight-forward, and praiseworthy conduct of Dr. Hall, is strikingly contrasted in the shuffling, prevaricating, double-dealing, and final betrayal of the trust confided to him by Mr. Stanly, as exhibited in his course on the tariff bill last year, thus described by the Raleigh Standard after its passage:—

"Charge, Stanly, Charge!"—The redoubtable Edward Stanly, like his brother "whig" Kenneth Rayner, has tried to act a double game on the tariff, but he has finally brought himself to a betrayal of his constituents. The Report in the National Intelligencer shows that on ordering the Tariff Bill to be engrossed, the vote stood 101 yeas, 101 nays—Edward Stanly declining to vote. The Speaker gave the casting vote against the bill—when Mr. Thompson, a "whig," who had loudly denounced the bill and who had voted in the negative, moved to reconsider. On this motion Stanly voted in the affirmative—the motion prevailed, 108 to 98. The bill was again put on its engrossment, when Stanly again declined voting—the vote being 103 to 102. The Speaker being called on to vote, said he should vote in the negative, and thus defeat the bill. Whereupon Mr. Andrews of Kentucky and Stanly, in order to save the bill, both of whom had declined voting, then claimed the right to vote and both did vote for the bill—making the vote 105 to 102. So that Edward Stanly has been the means of passing this high protective Tariff. What will the honest farmers of the State say to this?—Do they not see every day and in every development, a violation of their trust—and that they have been betrayed by those who made so many promises in 1840, and who now violate every one of them?

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

Mr. Editor: According to previous arrangements of the Rotten Egg party, Master Stanly is expected to lecture at Stanlonsburg, on the 11th July next. The Corporal's Guard will meet at 10 o'clock, equipped as the law directs, to receive the necessary drill, under penalty of a resolution passed in '43, in such case made and provided.

On the 12th, at Rocky Mount. The fraternity are respectfully requested to attend at an early hour, as several new subjects will be discussed, not intended for the public eye.

On the 13th, at or near Hilliardston. (Nash county, near the Virginia line.) The discourse is intended to convince the Whigs in that section, of the propriety of placing a body, tail, feet and legs, to the "Nag's head," at Roanoke Inlet, to enable Master Stanly, the little "conqueror," to go forth conquering and to conquer. And as it is not important what kind of materials should be used in the construction of so noble (or ignoble) an animal, and as Mr. Arrington indignantly refused to accept the offer of the galled jale into the Democratic service: therefore, all persons favorable to the election of Master Stanly, are required to give their personal attention, as Master Stanly will discuss the propriety of expending money in that region. Not that he supposes that the object can be accomplished, but that (as he is pleased to tell those of the Nag's Head hobby party,) all the money expended in that region will be so much in their pockets. All absentees may expect to share the fate of the brotherhood of Edgecombe.

At Stanhope, on the 14th. As Master Stanley's list of important measures will be nearly exhausted, the discourse will be opened by abusing John Tyler, then Martin Van Buren, next the hero and saviour of New Orleans will follow in the wake of his maudlin brain, for his valor and prudence in defending the beauty and booty of the city from rapine and plunder; and for saving the public moneys from the iron grasp of Nick Biddle & Co. An apology will be offered to Henry A. Wise, lest he cross the line and teach Master Stanly a wise way to demean himself. John Q. Adams, Slade, Tappan and others, will be eulogized to the skies for their abolition principles. A failure to meet Master Stanly at Stanhope, forfeits the right of citizenship. All delinquents will be transferred to the Loco Foco party, there to remain without one drop of hard cider to quench their thirst, or a coon skin to defend them from the parching rays of Stanlyism, until they shall esteem it a pleasure and an honor to be harangued by such self-important gentry as Master Stanly.

By order of the Board.

From the Washington Republican.

OUR CANDIDATE, Mr. A. H. ARRINGTON, has just arrived in town, in fine health and spirits. In our next we will show the people of this District, from the journals of Congress, that Mr. Arrington did not vote against the establishment of a Marine Hospital at Ocracoke; and also his

vote on the Fort Macon appropriation bill, which the Whigs are making so much noise about.

The President has suddenly returned to Washington City, having recovered from his temporary illness at Boston. The Hon. Hugh Swinton Legare, Attorney General of the U. S. and Acting Secretary of State, expired at Boston, on the 20th ult. after a brief illness of bilious cholera. The Hon. Abel P. Upshur, Secretary of the Navy, has been appointed Secretary of State, ad interim.

The cost of the Bunker Hill Monument complete, including iron railing, &c. is stated at \$101,688.

Supreme Court.—We learn that the following gentlemen have obtained license from the Supreme Court now in session at Raleigh, to practice law in the County Courts of this State:—

- Joseph John Norcott, Greenville, William A. Burton, Catawba county, James A. Wilson, Burnsville, Thomas K. Thomas, Louisburg, Archibald H. Caldwell, Salisbury, William F. Dancy, Tarboro', John Y. Hicks, Franklin, Jas. W. Rice, Greene County, Alabama, M. Q. Waddell, Pittsboro', John D. Cameron, Fayetteville, Thomas B. Wetmore, John Eccles, S. Graham, Duplin County, George C. Clark, Guilford County, Matthew Whitaker, Halifax, Rufus Barringer, Cabarrus, George S. Stevenson, Newbern, Thomas Sparrow, Jr. Newbern, James W. Lancaster, Edgecombe.

And the following gentlemen have been admitted to Superior Court practice, viz: Willis F. Riddick, Gates County, H. Ferdinand Harris, Greenville, John W. Ellis, Salisbury, John F. Hoke, Lincolnton, Harvey A. Miller, Rutherfordton, David A. Barnes, Northampton County, Christopher C. Battle, Raleigh, V. A. McBea, Lincolnton, D. Starbuck, Guilford County, William J. Clark, Raleigh, J. G. Shepherd, Fayetteville, James A. Long, Lexington, Thomas H. Spruill, Oxford, Fred. C. Hill, Wilmington, W. A. Whitfield, Goldsboro', Kenelm H. Lewis, Tarboro', William Norfleet, L. Q. Sharpe, Statesville.

The Bank of the State, and the Cape Fear Bank, have each declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. The Cape Fear Bank is about to establish a Branch at Asheville, in Buncombe county.

Shocco Springs.—It will be seen by the advertisement of Mr. White, that still further inducements are held out to the public to attend this delightful Watering Place. On our first page will be also found an article touching the "Warren Springs," which is peculiarly applicable to Shocco.

Gen. Pasteur has left the Editorial chair of the "Newbern Spectator," and the Paper has passed into the hands of Messrs. H. D. Machen & William G. Hall.

A State Democratic Convention was held in Milledgeville, Ga., on the 5th ult., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor of Georgia. Hon. Mark A. Cooper received the nomination. The Convention also expressed a preference for Mr. Calhoun for the Presidency.

The trial of Mr. M. Cooke, jr., charged with killing Mr. Melzer Gardner, (whose death resulted from an affray between the parties on the 30th March last,) terminated yesterday in a verdict of not guilty. Norfolk Herald, June 22.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

Churches should be strictly honest. Dishonesty in a professor of religion is regarded by all as a great immorality, and that church which will tolerate or connive at a fraud in one of its members, is looked upon as verily guilty. Obtaining goods under false pretences is considered a fraudulent act, and is punishable by law. The man who owes a honest debt, that is, a debt of his own contracting for which he has received the value, and yet either refuses or neglects to pay the same, is called a dishonest man, and is regarded as being guilty of an immorality and a breach of faith not to be countenanced.

The evil above noticed has become so common and so extensive, that it is high time it was exposed. We condemn dishonesty in almost every other form, & why not condemn it in this? Is it too sacred an enclosure to be entered? Must they warp up sin like this, and not be told of it? No excuse can justify a neglect to liquidate the debts which have been contracted for months and years. It is high time they

wipe away this stain upon their moral and Christian character, and render to all their due. H. A.

Foreign.

The steamship Columbia has arrived at Boston, with Liverpool dates to the 4th of June. The commercial intelligence is unimportant, there having been but little variation in prices in the markets for our staple commodities.

Ireland absorbs, at the present moment, the exclusive attention of the British Ministry and the British people. The Repeal movement continues to make the most gigantic strides, the whole country is in a great state of excitement, & Mr O'Connell, after visiting Cork and various parts of Ireland, has returned to Dublin.

Scotland, too, has been the scene of a religious movement, the most important in its consequences, the most extended in its ramifications, which has taken place since the time of the Reformation. Nearly 500 Ministers—the heart's blood of the Church embracing all these most distinguished for learning, talent and energy—have seceded from the Kirk, and thrown themselves upon the voluntary principle, rather than submit to an interference in matters of discipline with the Civil Power.

Washington Market, June 29.—Corn—wholesale, \$3 50 per barrel. Bacon—6 cents. Lard, 7 to 8 cents. Naval stores New dip, \$2 00; Old, \$1 75. Scraped, 70 cents. Fish—shad, ocean, \$8; Herrings, cut, \$3 50; whole do \$5.—Rep.

Elder L. B. Bennett is expected to preach at Williams's m. h. on Friday, 21st of July; 22nd and 23rd at Lawrence's; 24th, at Cross Roads—at night, in Tarborough; 25th, at Little Creek; 26th, at Flat Swamp; 27th, at Spring Green; 28th, at Log Chapel; 29th and 30th, at Deep Creek; Friday, 4th of August, at Primitive Potocasi; 5th and 6th, at South Quay; 8th, at Primitive Potocasi.

Prices Current,

At Tarborough and New York.

Table with columns for JULY 1, per, Tarboro', and New York. Rows include Bacon, Brandy, apple, Coffee, Corn, Cotton, Cotton bagging, Flour, Iron, Lard, Molasses, Sugar, brown, Salt, Turpentine, wheat, whiskey.

Warrenton, N. C.

The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he is prepared to accommodate four or five families with Board during the sickly season. His rooms are large and comfortable, and families from the low country wishing to get good rooms can do so, by making early application to the Subscriber. Our Springs are in good order.

HIS TERMS—

- For Board per month, \$12 50
For Board per day, 1 00
Children & Servants half price
Horses per month, 12 00

GEO. M. ALLEN,

Warrenton, N. C.

June 23rd, 1843. 26 4

The Washington Republican will insert the above for four weeks and send account to G. W. A.

LOUISBURG

Female Academy.

The Spring Session of this Institution, under the care of Mr. and Mrs. RAY, closed on the 16th instant. The Fall Session will begin on the 5th of July.

TERMS—PER SESSION.

- For beginners, Spelling & Reading, \$6 50
Common English branches, including Arithmetic, English Grammar and Geography, 10 00
Higher English branches, 15 00
Greek, Latin, and French, each, 7 50
Music on Piano, 17 50
Use of Piano for practice, 3 00

The Trustees take great pleasure in expressing their decided approbation of the progress of the pupils during the last Session. Their thorough knowledge of their various studies, is the best evidence which can be given of the untiring and efficient efforts of their teachers, who, we believe, have faithfully discharged the trust confided to them, and given entire satisfaction. The Trustees visit the School, at intervals, during the Session, personally witnessing its operations, and attending to its general interests. In presenting its claims to the public, they invite attention to the proverbial health of the village and vicinity; the tone of religious and moral feeling pervading the community; and the competence of the Teachers for the successful discharge of their high and important duties.

By order of the Trustees.

ROR T. J. SHAW, Sec'y.
Louisburg, June 19. 26 2

Shocco Springs, Warren, N. C.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the public, that he has taken an interest in the above establishment with Mrs. Johnson for the present season, and will give it his personal attention. No pains shall be spared to render visitors comfortable. The Shocco water and the surrounding scenery require no comment. The prices having been arranged to suit the times, he hopes to share the patronage of a liberal public. Board for families by the month, \$15, single persons \$20; by the day, \$1.00; children and servants, half price. Horses per month, \$12 50. Visitors may rest assured that the above prices will be adhered to.

JOHN WHITE,

of Jackson, Northampton, N. C.

June 26, 1843. 26 4

A BALL and PARTY will be given at Shocco, the 13th and 14th July. Ball Tickets, 3 and 2 dollars.

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office at Tarborough, the 1st of July, 1843, which if not taken out before the 1st of Oct. next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

- Armstrong Wm J Land Daniel
Battle A J & B D Lewis Caswell
Benjamin S C Dr Moore Elijah
Briggs R R Manning Uriah
Brown Maria Miss Mercer Thos N Dr
Butt Wm Mayo Ruben
Brinkley Henry Porter Flish
Bennett P G Miss Pitt Joseph
Bishop Mary Mrs Pitt John R
Bridgers Eliz Miss Parker Mary Miss
Burton R O Rev 2 Parker Hardy
Copland Thomas Pender J S
Dickens R L Miss Pervis John
Elinor Jas Station Baker
Eason J T Station Arthur
Edmondson Asa Sharpe Moses B
Ellis John Savage Locky
Fernald S E Mrs Skinner John
Glasgow Wm Dr Taylor All n
Gater James Taylor Lucy Mrs 2
Howell Wm E Tenserson Hely
Hinton James Tyler Wm
Iverson Samuel Thigpen Dennis
Jones David Warren John 3
Jones Thomas Whitehead Augustin
Knight Daniel Wilkins Wm A
Knight D & J C Wilson L D Gen
King Henry
59 JAS. M. REDMOND, P. M.

Hyatt & Staples,

Tin Ware Manufacturers, WASHINGTON, N. C.

ALL KINDS of Tin Ware manufactured at the shortest notice, including house tinnings and conductor pipes. For further particulars enquire of Mr. J. M. Harsey, Tarboro'. May 29, 1843. 22

Female School.

The School kept at Woodley, my residence, (four miles South of Warrenton,) for the last few years, for the Education of my own daughters, and those of a few friends, I now propose to enlarge, for which purpose competent Teachers are engaged. Every attention will be paid to the morals and deportment of those entrusted to our care. The health of the situation is unquestioned.

The next session commences on the tenth of July. The Terms, per Session of five months, are for Board, and Tuition in all the various English branches \$75; Music \$20; French \$5. Lessons in Drawing and Painting will also be given to those who may desire it.

Persons wishing to communicate with the Subscriber, will direct to WARRENTON, N. C. DANIEL TURNER, Warrenton Co. N. C. June 5, 1843. 24 5

To Travellers and Boarders.

The subscriber having repaired and improved the

Long Tavern in Warrenton,

Supplied it with prompt and faithful servants, and procured every thing necessary for comfort and convenience, earnestly solicits a share of patronage. His rooms are large and agreeable, and here gentlemen with families may spend the summer months in health and pleasantness. The Traveller will here find a home for himself and weary horse, and every attention reason could require. There is an excellent mineral spring 3 miles from Warrenton, (road opened last fall) much resorted to by the inhabitants; and Shocco Springs and Jones' Sulphur Springs are but 9 miles distant. The Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road 3 miles distant. Male and Female schools in Warrenton, teachers of high character, &c. &c. His charges shall be as low as the times.

JNO. W. WHITE.

Warrenton, June 1st, 1843. 23-3

The Roanoke Republican will insert three times, and forward acct. to J. W. W. or Mr. Verell, at Warrenton, for collection.